SIEMENS



Single-Motor and Multi-Motor Drives

0.55 kW to 250 kW (0.75 HP to 335 HP)

## **Configuring with PATH Plus**

With the PATH Plus program, three-phase drives fed by frequency converters for SIMOVERT® MASTER-DRIVES Vector Control and Motion Control units can be configured easily and quickly.

The program is a powerful engineering tool which supports the user in all stages of configuration - from power supply to the motor.

Menu-guided selection and layout of the frequency converters enable the system components and the motors necessary for a specific drive task to be determined. Automatically displayed information makes fault-free planning possible.

A comprehensive help system also supports the firsttime user of the program. PATH Plus provides a logical and easy-to-use dialog procedure to guide the planning engineer towards a reproducible and economically efficient drive configuration, starting with the mechanical requirements of the machine and the drive task involved. The technical data of the frequency converters and motors, the selected system components and the necessary accessories are listed in

PATH Plus enables drives to be configured on the basis of a load characteristic or a load

- traversing and hoisting gear,
- slewing gear,
- spindle drives,
- center winders and
- thrust crank.

PATH Plus also includes a comfortable graphic display for showing

- torque, speed, output, current, velocity and acceleration versus time and
- torque versus the rotational speed.

Supply harmonic disturbances can also be calculated and graphically displayed.

The planning and configuring results can be stored, printed out or copied to other user programs via the clipboard.

PATH Plus is available with either a German or English user interface.

You can download the demo version of PATH Plus from the following Internet ad-

#### http://www.siemens.com/ automation/mc

(products&systems/drive systems/software) or use the fax form attached to the catalog.

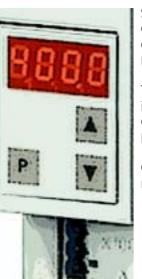
If you need the full version of PATH Plus, contact your local Siemens office and quote the following order number: 6SW1710-0JA00-2FC0

You will find the address in the appendix to this catalog.



0.55 kW to 250 kW (0.75 HP to 335 HP)

Catalog DA 65.11 2003/2004



Supersedes: Catalog DA 65.11 · 2001 General Motion Control Catalog Part 1 · 1999<sup>1</sup>)

The products in this catalog are also included in the CD-ROM catalog CA 01 Order No.:

E86060-D4001-A100-B9-7600

Contact your local Siemens representative for further information



tems described in this catalog are manufactured under application of a quality management system certified by DQS in accordance with DIN EN ISO 9001 and DIN EN ISO 14001. The DQS Certificate is recognized in all EQ Net countries



## **SIEMENS**

Overview	1
Technical data	2
Selection and ordering data	3
Motor selection	4
Documentation and training	5
Engineering information	6
Dimension drawings	7
Appendix · Index	A

### Note

These technical data are intended for general information purposes.

Please observe the operating instructions and the references indicated on the products for installation, operation and maintenance.

® BERO, COMBIMASTER, MICROMASTER, ProTooL, SICOMP, SIMADYN, SIMATIC, SIMATIC HMI, SIMODRIVE, SIMOLINK, SIMOREG, SIMOTION, SIMOVERT, SITOR, STEP, STRUC and USS are Siemens registered trademarks. All other products and system names in this catalog may be (registered) trademarks. Use of these names by third parties for their own purposes may therefore infringe upon the trademark owners' rights.

- The technical data, selection and ordering data (Order Nos.), accessories and availability are subject to alteration.
- All dimensions in this catalog are stated in mm (inches).

## Motion Control Overview

1/2

**Application** 

1/4

Guidelines

1/6

Selection guidelines



## Overview



The MASTERDRIVES Motion Control (MC) frequency converters are specially designed for industrial servo drive applications.

In addition to the wellproven modular hardware concept, MASTERDRIVES Motion Control offers a modular software featuring

- freely interconnectable function blocks and
- integrated technology functions.

The MASTERDRIVES Motion Control series is compatible regarding

- communication,
- technology,
- operator control and visualization

and is available for line voltages of 3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC, 50/60 Hz, and in the following designs, depending on the power rating:

Compact PLUS
 0.55 kW to 18.5 kW
 (0.75 HP to 25 HP)

Compact units2.2 kW to 37 kW(3 HP to 50 HP)

Chassis units
 45 kW to 250 kW
 (60 HP to 335 HP).

The MASTERDRIVES Motion Control concept is characterized by:

- a very high-level dynamic response
- positioning
- angular synchronism between drives
- · cam plates.

It thus satisfies the most stringent demands placed on servo technology.

The MASTERDRIVES Motion Control converters are excellently matched to Siemens compact and highly dynamic servomotors.

These synchronous servomotors and asynchronous servomotors are primarily suited for highly dynamic applications.

Corresponding to highly dynamic MC control on the motor side, MASTER-DRIVES AFE (Active Front End) using active line-angle-

## Compact PLUS units

oriented vector control is now available on the line side for optimum energy supply.

MASTERDRIVES AFE is characterized by:

- absence of system perturbations, i.e. very good overall power factor
- stall-protected operation even in the event of supply dips and supply failure
- highly dynamic rectifier and regenerative units
- reactive-power compensation possible
- four-quadrant operation.

The program is rounded off by a complete spectrum of system components and accessories.

Customer-specific, integrated solutions (automation –



converter – motor) are available for many applications in all industrial sectors.

For MASTERDRIVES, easy-to-use project-planning tools (PATH) and start-up tools (DriveMonitor) are available.

Siemens' world-wide service and sales network enable all our customers and MASTERDRIVES users to obtain direct access to expert advice and project planning as well as training and service.



## Customized solutions

The compact and chassis units can be used in air-cooled or water-cooled control cabinets and plant configurations.

Rectifier and regenerative units can also be provided as Active Front End units.

Our sales departments, working with our applications workshops, will help you to find the best solution for your requirements.

## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Overview

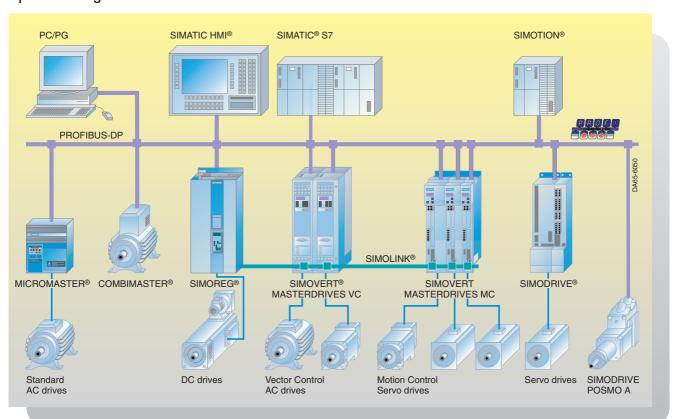


Compact PLUS units

**Application** 



## Optimal integration of drives into the world of automation



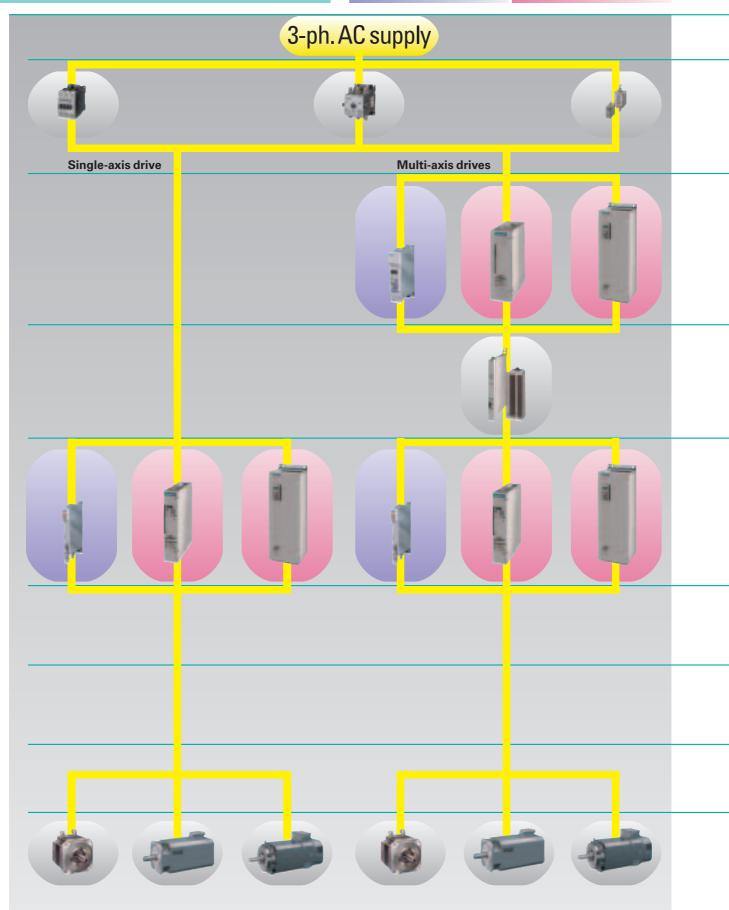
**Overview** 

uidelines

Compact PLUS units







## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Overview





chassis units	PLUS units			Guidelines
	Technical data Page	Selection and ordering data Page	Engineering information Page	Dimension drawings Page
Line-side components  Main circuit-breakers Fuses Reactors Radio-interference suppression filters Clean-Power-Filter	- 2/5 2/5 2/5 2/5	3/20 3/21 3/22 3/22 3/26	- 6/23, 6/50 6/50 6/50 6/53, 6/54	- - 7/8–7/10 7/13–7/14
Rectifier units	2/2, 2/4	3/10, 3/16	6/6, 6/22, 6/23, 6/33, 6/34 6/45, 6/46, 6/51	7/2–7/4
AFE rectifier/regenerative units	2/4	3/10, 3/16	6/52–6/55	7/3, 7/4
Rectifier/regenerative units	2/2, 2/4	3/14, 3/16	6/45, 6/46	7/3,7/4
System components Braking units	2/5	3/18	6/20, 6/48, 6/56, 6/57	7/6
Braking resistors  Capacitor module	2/5 _	3/18 3/19	6/2, 6/6, 6/20–6/22, 6/26, 6/28, 6/33, 6/48 6/7, 6/20–6/23,	7/6, 7/7 7/2
DC link module DC link rail	- -	3/19 3/19	6/26–6/28, 6/33, 6/35 6/35 –	7/2 -
Power Sections				
Converters Inverters	2/2, 2/3 2/2, 2/3	3/2–3/9, 4/8–4/15 3/2–3/9 4/4–4/15	6/6–6/11, 6/26–6/30, 6/37, 6/38, 6/41, 6/42 6/59–6/65 6/5, 6/6, 6/19, 6/21–6/23, 6/32, 6/39, 6/40, 6/43, 6/44, 6/50, 6/51, 6/57, 6/59–6/61	7/2–7/5 7/2–7/5
Electronic options Encoder boards Communication boards SIMOLINK drive coupling Technology boards	- - - -	3/6 3/6 3/6 3/6	6/60, 6/61 6/60, 6/61, 6/78–6/85 6/2, 6/79–6/81, 6/93, 6/96	- - - -
Software packages Freely-programmable function blocks Technology functions • Positioning • Angular synchronism Engineering package Drive ES	- -	3/36 3/9 3/9 3/42	6/87, 6/88, 6/91 6/87, 6/88, 6/93, 6/94 3/42	_ 
Interconnecting Systems Encoder cables Power cables	2/6, 3/31 2/6, 3/31	3/32 3/32	6/62–6/67, 6/102 6/102	- -
Motors 1FK. and 1FT6 synchronous motors 1PH7 compact asynchronous motors		4/4–4/11 4/8, 4/9	6/2–6/7 6/2–6/7	7/16–7/27 7/28–7/32

## Overview

Selection guidelines

**Compact PLUS units** 

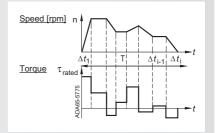






#### Note:

These selection guidelines are also supported by the PATH Plus planning tool.



In order to select the correct drive, the speed and the load torque curves must be known.

Step

## Determining the degree of protection of the motor:

IP23; IP55; IP64; IP65; IP67

For details, see Catalog DA 65.3 Section 1

Step 2

## Determining the supply voltage/motor voltage:

380 V to 400 V; 460 V to 480 V

Step 3

Determining the type of construction of the motor: For details, see Catalog DA 65.3 Section 7 IM B 3 (foot mounting); IM B 5 (flange mounting); IM B 35 (foot and flange mounting)

Step

Determining the maximum torque  $\tau_{\text{max}}$  from the load torque curve

Step 5

## Determining the average (rms) torque $\tau_{rms}$

For details, see Section 6

Step

### Determining the type of motor needed:

For allocation, see pages 4/2, 4/3

1FK., 1FT6 synchronous servomotor or 1PH7, 1PL6, 1PH4 asynchronous servomotor

Step 7

#### Selection of the motor which satisfies the following criteria:

Synchronous motor:

 $n_{\text{max}} \le n_{\text{rated}}$   $\tau_{\text{rms}} \le \tau_{\text{rated}}$ 

The load points  $(n_i, \tau_i)$  must be below  $\tau_{\text{max, perm}}$  or below the voltage limit curve.

Asynchronous motor:

 $n_{\text{max}}$  must not be exceeded  $\tau_{\text{rms}} \leq \tau_{\text{rated}}$ 

The load points  $(n_i, \tau_i)$  must be at least 30 % lower than the stalling torque curve.

Step 8

### Determining the type of encoder system needed:

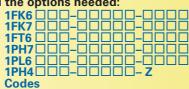
Incremental encoder TTL (only asynchronous servomotors); resolver; incremental encoder; absolute-value encoder

For details, see Catalog DA 65.3, Section 4

Step 9

### Complete order number for the motor with all the options needed:

Order number for motor: 1FK6 \( \subseteq \subseteq \subseteq \)



Step 10

Selection of the power cable required: see Section 3; Engineering information Section 6

Order number for power cable: Order number for coupling: (for non-preassembled cables)

Step 11

## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Overview

Compact PLUS units

**Selection guidelines** 



Selection of the encoder cable required: see Section 3; Engineering information Section 6

Order number for encoder cable: Order number for couplings:

(for non-preassembled cables)

Step 12

Specifying the type of unit:

Converter preferred for single-axis systems

Specifying the design and the relevant type [standard or Performance 2 (P2)]: Compact PLUS

0.55 kW (0.75 HP) to 18.5 kW (25 HP)

**Inverter** preferred for

multi-axis systems

Compact and chassis units

2.2 kW (3 HP) to 250 kW (335 HP)

In the case of standard overload<sup>1</sup>) Step 13

Selection of the appropriate converter/inverter:

Converter/inverter for motors 1FK., 1FT6 Converter/inverter for motors 1PH7, 1PL6, 1PH4

see pages 4/4 to 4/12 see pages 4/12 and 4/15 and Catalog DA 65.3, Section 3

In the case of high overload conditions

Order number for converter/inverter:

Step 14

Selection of the converter/inverter which meets the overload requirements:

 $I_{\text{max}} < 1.6 \times I_{\text{n conv}}$  [up to 160 kW (215 HP)];

 $I_{\text{max}} < 1.36 \times I_{\text{n conv}}$  [200 kW (270 HP) to 250 kW (335 HP)]

 $I_{\text{max}} < 3.0 \text{ x } I_{\text{n conv}}$ , 250 ms, cycle time 1 s (Compact PLUS units)

Order number for converter/inverter:

Step 15

Selection of the rectifier unit or rectifier/regenerative unit: (if rectifier unit or rectifier/regenerative unit is necessary)

see Section 3

see page 6/61

Step 16

Determining the encoder boards:

SBP; SBR 1/2; SBM2

Integration of the option boards

Slot:

Order number/code(s):

see Sections 3 and 6

Step 17

Is a communication board necessary?

For USS and for analog RS485/232 as standard, no option.

For PROFIBUS DP, a CBP2 is necessary. For SIMOLINK, an SLB is necessary.

Further communication options Integration of the option boards see Sections 3 and 6

see page 6/61

Slot: Order number/code(s):

Step 18

EB1 or EB2 expansion board for additional inputs/outputs:

Description

Integration of the option boards Slot:

see pages 6/68 to 6/71

see page 6/61

Step 19

Are optional technology functions needed?

Description of technology software

Description of technology board (only compact and chassis units)

Order number/code(s):

see page 6/87 see page 6/96

Order number for technology software: or Order number for technology board and LBA:

Step 20

For additional options such as commutating reactors, radio-interference suppression filters, capacitor module, OP1S see Section 3

 $_{\rm ax}$  < 1.6 x  $I_{\rm nconv}$  30 s, cycle time 300 s [up to 160 kW (215 HP)];  $I_{\rm max}$  < 1.36 x  $I_{\rm nconv}$  [200 kW (270 HP) to 250 kW (335 HP)];  $I_{\text{max}} < 3.0 \times I_{\text{n conv}}$ , 250 ms, cycle time 1 s (Compact PLUS units).

1

## **SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control**

Overview

Notes

Compact PLUS units





## Motion Control Technical data



2/2 General technical data

2/3 Converters/inverters

2/4 Rectifier units

2/4 AFE rectifier/regenerative units

2/4 Rectifier/regenerative units

2/5 Braking units and braking resistors

Line-side components

Line fuses

2/5

2/6

• Line commutating reactors

• Line filters

Interconnecting systems

• 6FX5 and 6FX8 cables

## Technical data

General technical data

Compact PLUS units





### Converters, inverters, AFE inverters, rectifier units, rectifier/regenerative units and braking units

Cooling types	Forced ventilation with integral fan		
<u>Air cooling</u> Permissible ambient and cooling-medium temperature during operation	0 °C to +40 °C or 0 °C to +45 °C <sup>3</sup> ) (32 °F to 104 °F or 32 °F to 113 °F <sup>3</sup> ))		
Water cooling <sup>4</sup> ) Operating pressure Cooling water inlet temperature Cooling-water requirement Particle size Permissible ambient temperature during operation	0.8 to 1 bar +5 °C to 30 °C (41 °F to 86 °F) dependent on enclosure size (see selection table) ≤ 0.5 mm (0.02 in) 0 °C to +40 °C (32 °F to +104 °F)²)		
Permissible ambient temperature <ul><li>During storage and transport</li></ul>	−25 °C to +70 °C (−13 °F to +158 °F)		
Installation altitude	≤ 1,000 m (3,281 ft) above sea level (100 % load capability) > 1,000 m (3,281 ft) to 4,000 m (13,123 ft) above sea level (for reduction curves, see Section 6)		
Humidity rating	Relative humidity ≤ 95 %. Moisture condensation not permissible		
Climatic category	Class 3K3 to EN 60 721-3-3		
Environmental class	Class 3C2 to EN 60 721-3-3		
Insulation	Pollution degree 2 to DIN VDE 0110-1 (HD 625.1 S1: 1996) Moisture condensation not permissible		
Overvoltage category	Category III to DIN VDE 0110-1 (HD 625.1 S1: 1996)		
Overvoltage strength	Class 1 to DIN VDE 0160		
Degree of protection	To DIN VDE 0470, Part 1 (EN 60 529) IP00 and IP20		
Protection class	Class I to EN 61 140		
Shock protection	To DIN VDE 0106 Part 100 and BGV A2 (previously VBG 4)		
Radio-interference level  Standard  Options	To EMC product standard EN 61 800-3 for variable-speed drives No radio-interference suppression Class B1 or Class A1 to EN 61 800-3		
Additional information	The units are motor-side ground-fault-protected, short-circuit-proof and may be operated under no-load conditions		
Paint finish	For indoor installation		
Mechanical specifications For stationary applications: Constant amplitude • of deflection • of acceleration During transport: • of deflection • of acceleration	To EN 60 068-2-6  0.075 mm (0.003 in) in the frequency range 10 Hz to 58 Hz 9.8 ms <sup>-2</sup> (32 ft/s <sup>2</sup> ) (1 x g) in the frequency range > 58 Hz to 500 Hz  3.5 mm (0.14 in) in the frequency range 5 Hz to 9 Hz 9.8 ms <sup>-2</sup> (32 ft/s <sup>2</sup> ) (1 x g) in the frequency range > 9 Hz to 500 Hz		
Approvals according to UL/CSA Converters and inverters Rectifier units and rectifier/regenerative units <sup>1</sup> ) Braking units and load resistors Radio interference suppression filter <sup>5</sup> ) Free-wheeling diode on the DC bus <sup>1</sup> ) Line commutating and outputreactors (iron) 3NE3 and 3NE8 series fuses are	UL File No.       CSA File No.         E 145 153       LR 21927, LR 219278-67³)         E 145 153       LR 21927         E 145 153       LR 21927         E 145 153       LR 21927-67R         E 145 153       LR 21927         E 103 902       LR 21927         E 167357/JFHR2       LR 21927		

<sup>1)</sup> UL and CSA only apply in combination with SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES converters or inverters.

<sup>2)</sup> With derating to 50 °C (122 °F).

<sup>3)</sup> For Compact PLUS units.

<sup>4)</sup> For compact and chassis units.

<sup>5)</sup> In preparation for radio-interference suppression filter 6SE70...-. EP87-... for Compact PLUS units.

# Compact and chassis units

## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

Technical data

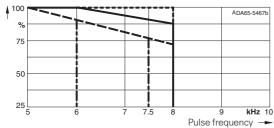
Converters/inverters

Rated voltage	Compact PLUS units	Compact and chassis units		
Line voltage	3-ph. 380 V AC (-15 %) to 480 V AC (+10 %)	3-ph. 380 V AC (-15 %) to 480 V AC (+10 %)		
DC link voltage	510 V DC (-15 %) to 650 V DC (+10 %)	510 V DC (-15 %) to 650 V DC (+10 %)		
Output voltage	3-ph. 0 V AC to 0.86 x line voltage	3-ph. 0 V AC to 0.86 x line voltage		
Output voltage, inverter	3-ph. 0 V AC to 0.64 x DC link voltage	3-ph. 0 V AC to 0.64 x DC link voltage		
Rated frequency Line frequency	50/60 Hz (±6 %)	50/60 Hz (±6 %)		
Output frequency/max. digital resolution	0 Hz to 400 Hz/0.001 Hz	0 Hz to 400 Hz/0.001 Hz		
Pulse frequency	5 kHz to 8 kHz <sup>2</sup> ) P2: 2.5 to 10 kHz <sup>1</sup> )	5 kHz to 8 kHz <sup>1</sup> ) <sup>2</sup> ) P2: 2.5 to 10 kHz <sup>1</sup> )		
Rated motor output	0.55 kW (0.75 HP) to 18.5 kW (25 HP)	2.2 kW (3 HP) to 250 kW (335 HP)		
Load class II to EN 60 146-1-1 Base load current	0.91 x rated output current	0.91 x rated output current		
Short-time current	3 x rated output current	-		
Short-time duration	250 ms	-		
Short-time cycle	1s	-		
Overload current	1.6 x rated output current	1.6 x rated output current <sup>3</sup> )		
Overload duration	30 s (10 % of the cycle time)	30 s (10 % of the cycle time) <sup>3</sup> )		
Overload cycle time	300 s	300 s		
Power factor <sup>4</sup> ) • fundamental • overall	≥ 0.98 0.93 to 0.96	≥ 0.98 0.93 to 0.96		
Efficiency	0.90 to 0.98	0.96 to 0.98		

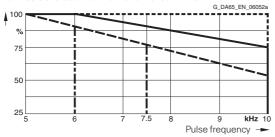
PLUS units

#### Reduction curves

Permissible rated current

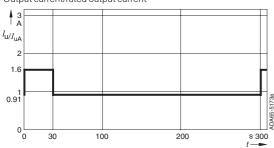


Permissible rated current for Performance 2 units



#### Overload characteristic

Output current/rated output current



## Max. pulse frequency, depending on output and enclosure size

for Compact PLUS units 8 kHz (up to 10 kHz with Performance 2)

for type A, B, C and D units, 8 kHz chassis ratings 45 kW (60 HP) and 55 kW (75 HP) (up to 10 kHz with Performance 2)

chassis ratings with 75 kW (100 HP) and 90 kW (120 HP)  $_{\rm 8~kHz}$  (up to 10 kHz with Performance 2)

7.5 kHz chassis ratings with 110 kW (150 HP) and 132 kW (175 HP) chassis ratings with 160 kW (215 HP) and 200 kW (270 HP)

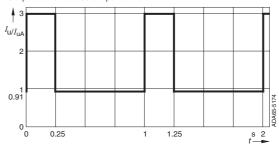
For the 250 kW (335 HP) unit, only 5 kHz is possible.

From firmware version 2.1 and upwards with Performance 2, a pulse frequency of 2.5 kHz for higher outputs is also possible.

These units can be delivered on request with up to 710 kW (952 HP).

#### Short-time characteristic for Compact PLUS units

Output current/rated output current



The short-time overload capacity of the Compact PLUS units is additionally limited by the  $\it I^2t$ -calculation (overload characteristic).

- 1) See reduction curves.
- 2) For standard units, the pulse frequency is limited to 8 kHz due to processor utilization, with Performance 2 to 10 kHz.
- 3) 1.36 x rated output current for 200 kW (270 HP) and 250 kW (335 HP) units with 60 s overload duration.
- 4) With a  $V_{\rm D}$  = 2 % commutating reactor.

## Technical data

#### Rectifier units

Compact PLUS units





5.1.	Compact PLUS units	Compact and chassis units
Rated voltage Line voltage	3-ph. 380 V AC (-15 %) to 480 V AC (+10 %)	3-ph. 380 V AC (-15 %) to 480 V AC (+10 %)
Output voltage	510 V DC (-15 %) to 650 V DC (+10 %)	510 V DC (-15 %) to 650 V DC (+10 %)
Rated frequency Line frequency	50/60 Hz (±6 %)	50/60 Hz (±6 %)
Rated motor output	15 kW, 50 kW, 100 kW	15 kW to 250 kW
Load class II to EN 60 146-1-1 Base load current	0.91 x rated output current	0.91 x rated output current
Short-time current	3 x rated output current	_
Short-time duration	250 ms	-
Short-time cycle	1 s at 15 kW, 12 s at 50 kW and 100 kW	_
Overload current	1.6 x rated output current for max. 30 s	1.36 x rated output current
Overload duration	30 s	60 s (20 % of the cycle time)
Overload cycle time	300 s	300 s
Power factor¹) • fundamental • overall	≥ 0.98 0.93 to 0.96	≥ 0.98 0.93 to 0.96
Efficiency	0.995	0.99 to 0.995

## AFE rectifier/regenerative units

Pate divisitions	Compact and chassis units
Rated voltage Line voltage	3-ph. 380 V AC (-20 %) to 460 V AC (+5 %)
Output voltage Operating range of the DC link voltage control	Factory setting: 600 V DC for compact units 632 V DC for chassis units
	Minimum: 1.5-fold of the rms value of the applied voltage
	Maximum: 740 V
Rated frequency Line frequency	50/60 Hz (±10 %)
Rectifier/regenerative output	6.8 to 250 kW
Load class II to EN 60 146-1-1 Base load current	0.91 x rated input current (from/to the line supply)
Short-time current	$1.36\mathrm{x}$ rated input current for $60\mathrm{s}$ $1.6\mathrm{x}$ rated input current for $30\mathrm{s}$ for units up to enclosure size G
Cycle time	300 s
Supply power factor • fundamental • overall	1 (factory setting) > 0.99
Efficiency	> 0.98

## Rectifier/regenerative units<sup>2</sup>)

Rated voltage Line voltage motoring	Compact and chassis units 3-ph. 380 V AC (–15 %) to 480 V AC (+10 %)
Line voltage regenerating	3-ph. 455 V AC (–15 %) to 576 V AC (+10 %)
Output voltage	510 V DC (-15 %) to 650 V DC (+10 %)
Rated frequency Line frequency	50/60 Hz (±6 %)
Rated motor output	7.5 kW to 250 kW
Load class II to EN 60 146-1-1 Base load current	0.91 x rated output current
Short-time current	1.36 x rated output current
Cycle time	300 s
Overload duration	60 s (20 % of the cycle time)
Power factor, motoring • fundamental • overall	≥ 0.98 0.93 to 0.96
Efficiency	0.99 to 0.995

<sup>1)</sup> With a  $V_D = 2$  % commutating reactor.

<sup>2)</sup> Where there is a fast changeover from motoring mode to generating mode, a deadtime of 15 ms is to be taken into account.



Technical data

**Braking units and braking resistors** 

Rated voltage DC link voltage	510 V DC (–15 %) to 650 V DC (+10 %)
<b>Switch-on thresholds</b> Upper threshold	774 V¹)
Lower threshold	673 V
<b>Load class II to EN 60 146-1-1</b> Rated power $P_{20}$	5 kW to 170 kW; $P_{20}$ power at the upper switch-on threshold: the duration depends on the internal or external resistor
Continuous power P <sub>D</sub>	Continuous power: value is dependent on the internal or external resistor
Short-time power rating $P_3$	$1.5 \times P_{20}$ power at the upper resistor threshold: the duration depends on the internal or external resistor
Cycle time	90 s
Overload duration	20 s (22 % of the cycle time)

Compact PLUS units

## Line-side components

### Line fuses

For technical data of the line fuses, see Catalog "SITOR Semiconductor Protection Fuses for Converters" DA 94.1

(Order No.: E20002-K4094-A111-A2-7600)

## Line commutating reactors

Permissible ambient temperature during operation	−25 °C to +70 °C (−13 °F to +158 °F) (4EP) −25 °C to +80 °C (−13 °F to +176 °F) (4EU)
Storage temperature	-25 °C to +80 °C (-13 °F to +176 °F)
Permissible moisture conditions	Relative humidity at +40 °C (+104 °F) Occasionally up to 100 % Yearly average up to 80 % Occasional moisture condensation permissible
Degree of protection	IP00
Rating of the creepage distance and air distance	Pollution degree 2 to DIN VDE 0110
Rated voltage for the insulation (for installation altitudes up to 2000 m above sea level)	Type 4EP, 4EU24 to 4EU43 (DIN VDE 0550) 500 V AC at $V_L$ (line voltage) $\leq$ 500 V
Recommended ratio of the system fault power to the drive power	>33:1
Use with converters and rectifier units	2 % line commutating reactor
Use with converters and rectifier/regenerative feedback units	4 % line commutating reactor

For further technical data regarding the mechanical design, see Catalog PD 30 (Order No.: E86060–K2803–A101–A1, only available in German).

### Line filters<sup>2</sup>)

Line filters to DIN VDE 0875, Part 11 (EN 55 011) Class B1	Reduction of radio-interference voltages of the converters, rectifier units, rectifier/regenerative feedback units with a power output of up to 37 kW to the limit values for public power systems (filters also comply with limit values according to Class A1).
Line filters to DIN VDE 0875, Part 11 (EN 55 011) Class A1	Reduction of radio-interference voltages of the converters, rectifier units, rectifier/regenerative feedback units with a power output of up to 200 kW to the limit values for industrial power systems.

<sup>1)</sup> Compact PLUS 750 V. A brake chopper is built into the standard version of the Compact PLUS converter and rectifier units.

<sup>2)</sup> Line filters for the Compact PLUS series up to 7.5 kW contain a commutating reactor  $V_{\rm D}$  = 2 %.

## Technical data

### Interconnecting systems

Compact PLUS units



Compact and chassis units



#### 6FX5 and 6FX8 cables

## Technical characteristics and applications

The 6FX5 and 6FX8 cables are suitable for use with an extremely wide range of production and processing machinery.

The cables can be used universally and are:

- resistant to mechanical and chemical stress,
- CFC and silicone free,
- EMC-tested,
- UL-certified.

They satisfy very high requirements and are characterized by

- long bending cycles with small bending radii
- resistance to aggressive agents
- environmental friendliness (CFC, silicone and halogen free)
- high contribution to electromagnetic compatibility.

The cables are sold by the meter but can also be supplied as prefabricated cables (with plugs).

The prefabricated cables offer the following advantages:

- The exact length can be ordered to the meter.
- They are subject to extensive tests, thus ensuring outstanding quality.
- They are safe and reliable, as they are optimally matched to the components to be connected.

 The savings in logistics, construction and purchasing reduce overall costs.

The 6FX cables, prefabricated and sold by the meter, are described in detail in Catalog NC Z.

#### Technical data

rechnical data		
	MOTION CONNECT 500 6FX500type	MOTION CONNECT 800 6FX800type
Certifications Power/signal cables • VDE1) • c/UL or UL/CSA • UL/CSA File No.2)	yes 758/C22.2N.210.2-M9C yes	yes 758/C22.2N.210.2–M9C yes
Electrical data acc. to DIN VDE 0472  Rated voltage  • power cable V <sub>0</sub> /V  - supply cores  - signal cores  • signal cable	600/1000 V 24 V (VDE) 1000 V (UL) 30 V	600/1000 V 24 V (VDE) 1000 V (UL/CSA) 30 V
Test voltage  • power cable  - supply cores  - signal cores  • signal cable	4 kV <sub>rms</sub> 2 kV <sub>rms</sub> 500 V <sub>rms</sub>	4 kV <sub>rms</sub> 2 kV <sub>rms</sub> 500 V <sub>rms</sub>
Operating temperature on the surface rated voltage • fixed cable • moving cable	-20 °C to +80 °C (-4 °F to +176 °F) 0 °C to +60 °C (32 °F to +140 °F)	-50 °C to +80 °C (-58 °F to +176 °F) -20 °C to +60 °C (-4 °F to +140 °F)
Mechanical data Max. tensile stress per conductor cross-section • fixed cable • moving cable	50 N/mm² -	50 N/mm² 20 N/mm²
Smallest permissible bending radius • fixed cable (power cable) fixed cable (signal cable) • moving cable (power cable) moving cable (signal cable)	5 x D <sub>max</sub> see Catalog NC Z see Catalog NC Z see Catalog NC Z	6 x D <sub>max</sub> see Catalog NC Z see Catalog NC Z see Catalog NC Z
Torsional stress	30 °/m absolute	30 °/m absolute
Power cable bends  • 1.5 to 6 mm² + signal  • 10 to 50 mm²  Signal cable bends	100 x 10 <sup>3</sup> 100 x 10 <sup>3</sup> 2 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	10 x 10 <sup>6</sup> 3 x 10 <sup>6</sup> 10 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
Traverse rate (power cables)  1.5 to 6 mm² + signal  10 to 50 mm²  Traverse rate (signal cables)	30 m/min. 30 m/min. 180 m/min. (5 m); 100 m/min. (15 m)	180 m/min. 100 m/min. 180 m/min.
Acceleration (power cables)	2 m/s <sup>2</sup>	5 m/s² (5 m); 10 m/s² (2.5 m)
Acceleration (signal cables)	5 m/s <sup>2</sup>	5 m/s <sup>2</sup> (5 m); 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> (2.5 m)
Chemical data Insulation material	CFC free	halogen, silicone and CFC free, DIN 47 2815/IEC 60 754-1
Oil resistance	DIN VDE 0472, part 803, type of test B hydraulic oil only	VDE 0472, part 803, type of test B
Outer sheath  power cable signal cable	PVC, color DESINA: orange RAL 2003 PVC, color DESINA: green RAL 6018	PUR DIN VDE 0282, part 10, color DESINA: orange RAL 2003 PUR DIN VDE 0282, part 10, color DESINA: green RAL 6018
Flame resistant <sup>3</sup> )	IEC 60 332.3	IEC 60 332.3

The cables are not suitable for outdoor use.

The technical data of these cables only apply to simple bends with horizontal travel of up to five meters.

Degree of protection for the customized power and signal cables and their extension cables when plugged and closed: IP67

- 2) The File No. of the respective manufacturers are printed on the cable sheath.
- 3) VW1 is printed on the cable sheath for UL/CSA, but not for c/UL.

<sup>1)</sup> The corresponding registration numbers are printed on the cable sheath.

## **Motion Control Selection** and ordering data



Converters	and	inverter
Converters	allu	IIIverter:

- Order number examples
- Basic units

3/9

- Electronics options
- Control board for compact and chassis units
  - Technology software
- 3/10 **Rectifier units**
- 3/12 AFE rectifier/regenerative units
- 3/14 Rectifier/regenerative units

## **Options**

- 3/16 • Supplementary Order codes
  - Isolation amplifier boards
  - SCI1 and SCI2 interface boards
    - Rectifier units and 24 V DC power supply unit
    - Coupling relay

### DC link system components

- Braking units and braking resistors
- Capacitor module
- DC link module
- DC link bus bars

#### Line-side power options

- Converters 3/23
  - Rectifier units
  - AFE rectifier/regenerative units
- 3/27 • Rectifier/regenerative units, 25 % power-on duration

## DC link power options

System components for braking units and braking resistors

## Interconnecting systems

- 3/31 Connection overview 3/31
  - Current carrying capacity of PVC-insulated copper conductors
  - Correction factors
    - Power cables for 1FK., 1FT6, 1PH, 1PL6
- 3/34 • Encoder cables

3/41

3/42

## Mechanical system components

#### Operator control, visualization and communication with SIMATIC

- OP1S comfort operator control panel
  - APMU adapter for cabinet-door mounting
  - Communication package for SIMATIC S5
  - Start-up, parameterization and diagnostics with Drive Monitor

**Engineering system Drive ES** 

Selection and ordering data

Compact PLUS units





Converters and inverters

Order number examples

Compact PLUS, compact and chassis units

e.g. 6 S E 7 0 3 1 - 0 E E 5 0 - Z

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES 6SE7 series

Compact PLUS units, compact units, chassis units

Multiplier for output current

e.g.:  $2 \stackrel{<}{=} \times 1$   $3 \stackrel{<}{=} \times 10$   $4 \stackrel{<}{=} \times 100$ Example: Multiplier = 10

First two positions for output current

First two positions of output current: 10

Output current rounded off = 100 A

**Supply voltage code** e.g. **E ≘** 3-ph. 400 – 480 V AC

Size e.g. chassis size E (P for Compact PLUS units, A to D for compact units, E to K for chassis units)

**Function release** 

Supplementary order codes for options

## Compact PLUS units

## **SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control**

Selection and ordering data

### Basic units

Nominal	Selection	n data			Converter units	Inverter units	Total		Dimensions			
power rating <sup>1</sup> )	Rated output current	Short- time current/ Overload current <sup>3</sup> ) $I_{\text{max.}}$	Rated DC link current	Line current (only for conver- ters)			power loss at 5 kHz/ 10 kHz <sup>2</sup>	,	WxHxD	dimen- sion draw- ing, see Sec- tion 7		ing- air re- quire- ment
kW (HP)	A	A	A	А	Order No.	Order No.	kW	kW	mm x mm x mm (in x in x in)	No.	kg (lb)	m <sup>3</sup> /s (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)

, ,									,		,	, ,
	U	•	to 480	V AC a	nd DC voltage 510 V t	o 650 V DC						
Compac	t PLUS u	nits										
0.55 (0.75)	1.5	4.5/2.4	-	1.7	▲ 6SE7011–5EP□0 <sup>4</sup> ) <sup>6</sup> )		0.070		45 x 360 x 260 (1.8 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	3.4 (7.5)	0.002 (0.071)
1.1 (1.5)	3.0	9.0/4.8	-	3.3	▲ 6SE7013–0EP□0 <sup>4</sup> ) <sup>6</sup> )		0.104		67.5 x 360 x 260 (2.7 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	3.9 (8.6)	0.009 (0.318)
1.5 (2)	5.0	15/8	-	5.5	▲ 6SE7015–0EP□0 <sup>4</sup> ) <sup>6</sup> )		0.150		67.5 x 360 x 260 (2.7 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	4.1 (9)	0.009 (0.318)
3 (4)	8.0	24/12.8	-	8.8	^ 6SE7018-0EP□0 <sup>4</sup> ) <sup>6</sup> )		0.216		90 x 360 x 260 (3.5 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	4.5 (9.9)	0.018 (0.636)
4 (5)	10	30/16	-	9.7	^ 6SE7021-0EP□0 <sup>4</sup> ) <sup>6</sup> )		0.240		90 x 360 x 260 (3.5 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	4.5 (9.9)	0.018 (0.636)
5.5 (7.5)	14	42/22.4	-	12.6	^ 6SE7021-4EP□0 <sup>4</sup> )		0.270		135 x 360 x 260 (5.3 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	10.8 (23.8)	0.042 (1.483)
7.5 (10)	20.5	61.5/32.8	-	16.7	▲ 6SE7022–1EP□0 <sup>4</sup> )		0.340		135 x 360 x 260 (5.3 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	10.9 (24)	0.042 (1.483)
11 (15)	27	81/43.2	-	23.2	▲ 6SE7022-7EP□0 <sup>4</sup> )		0.470		180 x 360 x 260 (7.1 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	14.7 (32.4)	0.061 (2.154)
15 (20)	34	102/54.4	-	31.7	▲ 6SE7023–4EP□0 <sup>4</sup> )		0.630		180 x 360 x 260 (7.1 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	14.9 (32.9)	0.061 (2.154)
0.75 (1)	2.0	6.0/3.2	2.5	-		▲6SE7012-0TP□0		0.066	45 x 360 x 260 (1.8 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	3.0 (6.6)	0.002 (0.071)
1.5 (2)	4.0	12/6.4	5.0	-		▲6SE7014-0TP□0		0.086	67.5 x 360 x 260 (2.7 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	3.4 (7.5)	0.009 (0.318)
2.2 (3)	6.1	18.3/9.6	7.3	_		▲6SE7016-0TP□0		0.116	67.5 x 360 x 260 (2.7 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	3.4 (7.5)	0.009 (0.318)
4 (5)	10.2	30.6/16.3	12.1	-		▲6SE7021-0TP□0		0.156	90 x 360 x 260 (3.5 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	3.8 (8.4)	0.018 (0.636)
5.5 (7.5)	13.2	39.6/21.1	15.7	-		▲6SE7021-3TP□0		0.240	135 x 360 x 260 (5.3 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	8.8 (19.4)	0.042 (1.483)
7.5 (10)	17.5	52.5/28	20.8	-		▲6SE7021-8TP□0		0.300	135 x 360 x 260 (5.3 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	8.9 (19.6)	0.042 (1.483)
11 (15)	25.5	76.5/40.8	30.4	-		▲6SE7022-6TP□0		0.410	135 x 360 x 260 (5.3 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	9.0 (19.8)	0.042 (1.483)
15 (20)	34	102/54.4	40.5	-		▲6SE7023-4TP□0		0.560	180 x 360 x 260 (7.1 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	12.7 (28)	0.061 (2.154)
18.5 (25)	37.5	112.5/60	44.6	-		▲6SE7023-8TP□0		0.660	180 x 360 x 260 (7.1 x 14.2 x 10.2)	2	12.9 (28.4)	0.061 (2.154)
						A .						

"Safe Stop" option possible with code K80 SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Performance 2<sup>5</sup>)

Power ratings over 250 kW (335 HP) to 710 kW (951 HP) possible on request for Performance 2

Conv. = Converters (AC – AC) Inv. = Inverters (DC – AC)

- The quoted nominal power ratings for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES serve only as a guide for the selection of other components. The exact drive output depends on the motors connected, and this should be taken into account when planning.
- 2) 10 kHz with Compact PLUS units, 5 kHz with compact and chassis units. 2.5 kHz for power ratings over 250 kW (335 HP) only possible on request with Performance 2 units.
- 3) Short time current:  $3 \times I_{n \text{ conv}}$  for 250 ms (only for Compact PLUS units)/Overload current:  $1.6 \times I_{n \text{ conv}}$  for 30 s. For the 200 kW (268 HP) and 250 kW (335 HP) units, this is  $1.36 \times I_{n \text{ conv}}$ output current for 60 s.
- 4) In the Compact PLUS converters, the brake chopper is integrated. The braking resistor should be selected accordingly and must be mounted externally (see Page 3/18).
- 5) Performance 2 stands for a performance increase by a factor of 2. Doubling of computing power and consequently halving of computing times for all functions.
- 6) A firmware version ≥ 1.63 is an absolute pre-requisite for standard units ("5" in digit 11 of the order no.) with option K80.

## New 2

### Basic units (continued)

Nominal	Selection	n data			Converter units	Inverter units	Total		Dimensions	For	Weight	
power rating <sup>1</sup> )	Rated output current	Short- time current/ Overload current <sup>3</sup> )	Rated DC link current	Line current (only for conver- ters)			power loss at 5 kHz/ 10 kHz		WxHxD	dimension drawing, see Section 7	÷	ing- air re- quire- ment
	I <sub>n conv</sub>	I <sub>max.</sub>	I <sub>DCrated</sub>				Conv.	lnv.				
kW (HP)	Α	А	А	А	Order No.	Order No.	kW	kW	$mm \times mm \times mm$ (in x in x in)	No.	kg (lb)	m <sup>3</sup> /s (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)

Supply	voltage	3-ph. 380	V to 480	V AC ar	nd DC voltage 510 V	to 650 V DC						
Compac		•										
2.2 (3)	6.1	9.8	7.3	6.7	■6SE7016-1EA□1	● 6SE7016-1TA□1	0.15	0.13	90 x 425 x 350 (3.5 x 16.7 x 13.8)	5	8.5 (18.7)	0.009 (0.318)
3 (4)	8.0	12.8	9.5	8.8	■6SE7018-0EA□1	● 6SE7018-0TA□1	0.17	0.15	90 x 425 x 350 (3.5 x 16.7 x 13.8)	5	8.5 (18.7)	0.009 (0.318)
4 (5)	10.2	16.3	12.1	11.2	■6SE7021-0EA□1	● 6SE7021-0TA□1	0.21	0.17	90 x 425 x 350 (3.5 x 16.7 x 13.8)	5	8.5 (18.7)	0.009 (0.318)
5.5 (7.5)	13.2	21.1	15.7	14.5	■6SE7021-3EB□1	● 6SE7021-3TB□1	0.23	0.20	135 x 425 x 350 (5.3 x 16.7 x 13.8)	5	12.5 (27.6)	0.022 (0.777)
7.5 (10)	17.5	28	20.8	19.3	■6SE7021-8EB□1	● 6SE7021-8TB□1	0.30	0.25	135 x 425 x 350 (5.3 x 16.7 x 13.8)	5	12.5 (27.6)	0.022 (0.777)
11 (15)	25.5	40.8	30.4	28.1	■6SE7022-6EC□1	● 6SE7022-6TC□1	0.43	0.36	180 x 600 x 350 (7.1 x 23.6 x 13.8)	5	21 (46.3)	0.028 (0.989)
15 (20)	34	54.4	40.5	37.4	■6SE7023-4EC□1	● 6SE7023-4TC□1	0.59	0.49	180 x 600 x 350 (7.1 x 23.6 x 13.8)	5	21 (46.3)	0.028 (0.989)
18.5 (25)	37.5	60	44.6	41.3	▲ 6SE7023-8ED□1	● 6SE7023-8TD□1	0.70	0.60	270 x 600 x 350 (10.6 x 23.6 x 13.8)	5	32 (70.5)	0.054 (1.907)
22 (30)	47	75.2	55.9	51.7	▲ 6SE7024-7ED□1	● 6SE7024-7TD□1	0.87	0.74	270 x 600 x 350 (10.6 x 23.6 x 13.8)	5	32 (70.5)	0.054 (1.907)
30 (40)	59	94.4	70.2	64.9	▲ 6SE7026-0ED□1	● 6SE7026-0TD□1	1.02	0.86	270 x 600 x 350 (10.6 x 23.6 x 13.8)	5	32 (70.5)	0.054 (1.907)
37 (50)	72	115.2	85.7	79.2	▲ 6SE7027–2ED□1	● 6SE7027-2TD□1	1.27	1.06	270 x 600 x 350 (10.6 x 23.6 x 13.8)	5	32 (70.5)	0.054 (1.907)

"Safe Stop" option provided as standard
 "Safe Stop" option possible with code K80
 "Safe Stop" option not possible

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Performance 24)

Power ratings over 250 kW (335 HP) to 710 kW (951 HP) possible on request for Performance 2 units.

Conv. = Converters (AC – AC) Inv. = Inverters (DC – AC)

- The quoted nominal power ratings for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES serve only as a guide for the selection of other components. The exact drive output depends on the motors connected, and this should be taken into account when planning.
- 2) 10 kHz with Compact PLUS units, 5 kHz with compact and chassis units. 2.5 kHz for power ratings over 250 kW (335 HP) only possible on request with Performance 2 units.
- 3) Short time current:  $3 \times I_{n \, conv}$  for 250 ms (only for Compact PLUS units)/Overload current:  $1.6 \times I_{n \, conv}$  for 30 s. For the 200 kW (268 HP) and 250 kW (335 HP) units, this is  $1.36 \times$  the rated output current for 60 s.
- 4) Performance 2 stands for a performance increase by a factor of 2. Doubling of computing power and consequently halving of computing times for all functions.



Selection and ordering data

### Basic units (continued)

Nominal	Selection	n data			Converter units	Inverter units	Total		Dimensions	For	Weight	Cool-
power rating <sup>1</sup> )	Rated output current	Short- time current/ Overload current 3)	Rated DC link current	Line current (only for conver- ters)			power loss at 5 kHz/ 10 kHz	2)	WxHxD	dimen- sion draw- ing, see Sec-		ing- air re- quire- ment
	$I_{ m nconv}$	$I_{max.}$	$I_{DCrated}$	,			Conv.	lnv.		tion 7		
kW (HP)	A	А	А	А	Order No.	Order No.	kW	kW	$mm \times mm \times mm$ (in x in x in)	No.	kg (lb)	m <sup>3</sup> /s (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)

Supply	v voltag	e 3-ph. 38	0 V to 48	0 V AC a	nd DC voltage 510 V	to 650 V DC						
Chassis						-						
45 (60)	92	147	110	101	▲ 6SE7031-0EE□0	▲6SE7031-0TE□0	1.38	1.25	270 x 1050 x 365 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.3)	7	65 (143.3)	0.10 (3.531)
55 (75)	124	198	148	136	▲ 6SE7031-2EF□0	▲6SE7031–2TF□0	1.83	1.51	360 x 1050 x 365 (14.1 x 41.3 x 14.3)	7	75 (165.4)	0.14 (4.943)
75 (100)	155	248	184	171	▲ 6SE7031-8EF□0	▲6SE7031-8TF□0	2.43	2.04	360 x 1050 x 365 (14.1 x 41.3 x 14.3)	7	75 (165.4)	0.14 (4.943)
90 (120)	175	280	208	192	▲ 6SE7032-1EG□0	▲6SE7032-1TG□0	2.77	2.30	508 x 1450 x 465 (20 x 57.1 x 18.3)	7	160 (352.8)	0.31 (0.946)
110 (150)	218	345	254	238	▲ 6SE7032-6EG□0	▲6SE7032-6TG□0	3.45	3.00	508 x 1450 x 465 (20 x 57.1 x 18.3)	7	160 (352.8)	0.31 (10.946)
132 (175)	262	419	312	288	▲ 6SE7033-2EG□0	▲6SE7033-2TG□0	4.25	3.60	508 x 1450 x 465 (20 x 57.1 x 18.3)	7	180 (396.8)	0.41 (14.477)
160 (215)	308	493	367	339	▲ 6SE7033-7EG□0	▲6SE7033-7TG□0	5.30	4.50	508 x 1450 x 465 (20 x 57.1 x 18.3)	7	180 (396.8)	0.41 (14.477)
200 (270)	423	575	-	465	▲ 6SE7035-1EK□0	-	6.30	-	800 x 1750 x 565 (31.5 x 68.9 x 22.2)	9	400 (881.8)	0.46 (16.243)
200 (270)	423	575	504	-	-	▲6SE7035-1TJ□0	-	5.20	800 x 1400 x 565 (31.5 x 55.1 x 22.2)	8	350 (771.8)	0.46 (16.243)
250 (335)	491	667	-	539	▲ 6SE7036-0EK□0	-	8.9	-	800 x 1750 x 565 (31.5 x 68.9 x 22.2)	9	400 (881.8)	0.46 (16.243)
250 (335)	491	667	584	-	-	▲6SE7036-0TJ□0	-	7.6	800 x 1400 x 565 (31.5 x 55.1 x 22.2)	8	350 (771.8)	0.46 (16.243)



Power ratings over 250 kW (335 HP) to 710 kW (951 HP) possible on request for Performance 2

Conv. = Converters (AC – AC) Inv. = Inverters (DC – AC)

- The quoted nominal power ratings for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES serve only as a guide for the selection of other components. The exact drive output depends on the motors connected, and this should be taken into account when planning.
- 2) 10 kHz with Compact PLUS units, 5 kHz with compact and chassis units. 2.5 kHz for power ratings over 250 kW (335 HP) only possible on request with Performance 2 units.
- 3) Short time current:  $3 \times I_{n \text{ conv}}$  for 250 ms (only for Compact PLUS units)/Overload current:  $1.6 \times I_{n \text{ conv}}$  for 30 s. For the 200 kW (268 HP) and 250 kW (335 HP) units, this is  $1.36 \times I_{n \text{ conv}}$ output current for 60 s.
- 4) Performance 2 stands for a performance increase by a factor of 2. Doubling of computing power and consequently halving of computing times for all functions.

## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data







### Electronics options · Board/slot preconfiguration 1)

Desig	nation		Order No.	Supplementary order code <sup>6</sup> )	Weight, approx. kg (lb)	Dimensions W x H x D mm x mm x mm (in x in x in)
					(12)	(1177117711)
	-		ays be ordered. Except	ion: <i>V/f</i> control)		
SBP	Incremental-encoder eval	luation	0057000 00000 0540		0.0.(0.7)	00 00 05/00 05 07
	Spare part <sup>2</sup> )		6SE7090-0XX84-0FA0		0.3 (0.7)	20 x 90 x 95 (0.8 x 3.5 x 3.7
	Retrofit kit <sup>3</sup> )		6SX7010-0FA00			
	Plugged into slot A <sup>4</sup> )	1.6.0 (8)116	N * 13	C11		
		nly for Compact PLUS	S units!)	C12		
	, ,	notor encoder)		C13		
		nly for compact nd chassis units)		C14 C15		
		·		C16		
	Plugged into slot F <sup>4</sup> ) Plugged into slot G <sup>4</sup> )			C16		
CDD4	Resolver evaluation without	uit ingramantal angoda	rainulation	CI7		
SDRI		out incremental-encode	6SE7090-0XX84-0FB0		0.2 (0.7)	20 4 00 4 05 /0 0 4 2 5 4 2 7
	Spare part <sup>2</sup> ) Retrofit kit <sup>3</sup> )				0.3 (0.7)	20 x 90 x 95 (0.8 x 3.5 x 3.7)
	Plugged into slot C <sup>4</sup> )		6SX7010-0FB00	022		
CDD2	,			C23		
SDNZ	Resolver evaluation with	incremental-encoder si			0.2 (0.7)	20 400 405 /0 0 42 5 42 7
	Spare part <sup>2</sup> )		6SE7090-0XX84-0FC0 6SX7010-0FC00		0.3 (0.7)	20 x 90 x 95 (0.8 x 3.5 x 3.7)
	Retrofit kit <sup>3</sup> ) Plugged into slot C <sup>4</sup> )		03X/010-0FC00	022		
CDM	,	valuation/inaranaantal	encoder evaluation (only as s	C33		
SDIVI	Spare part <sup>2</sup> )	valuation/incremental-	6SE7090–0XX84–0FD0	spare part for existing syst		20 4 00 4 05 10 0 4 2 5 4 2 7
CDMA	1 1 2	valuation/ingramantal	encoder evaluation (MC firm	word varaiona > 1 2	0.3 (0.7)	20 x 90 x 95 (0.8 x 3.5 x 3.7)
SBIVIZ		valuation/incremental-	6SE7090–0XX84–0FE0	ware versions ≥ 1.3)	0.2 (0.7)	20 4 00 4 05 /0 0 4 2 5 4 2 7
	Spare part <sup>2</sup> )		6SX7010-0FE00		0.3 (0.7)	20 x 90 x 95 (0.8 x 3.5 x 3.7)
	Retrofit kit <sup>3</sup> )	ar anaadau)	03X/010-0FE00	040		
	Plugged into slot C4) (mot		a da ul	C43 C41/C42/C44 to C47	•	
	Plugged into slots A, B, D	, E, F, G ') (machine end	oder)	C4 I/C42/C44 to C47	<u>'</u>	
Expa	nsion boards					
EB1	Expansion board					
	Spare part <sup>2</sup> )		6SE7090-0XX84-0KB0		0.3 (0.7)	20 x 90 x 95 (0.8 x 3.5 x 3.7)
	Retrofit kit3)		6SX7010-0KB00			
	Plugged into slots A to G4	)		G61 to G67		
EB2	Expansion board					
	Spare part <sup>2</sup> )		6SE7090-0XX84-0KC0		0.3 (0.7)	20 x 90 x 95 (0.8 x 3.5 x 3.7)
	Retrofit kit3)		6SX7010-0KC00			
	Plugged into slots A to G			G71 to G77		
Drive	e coupling (rapid data	evchange via fiber	ontic cable)			
SLB	for SIMOLINK	excitatige via liber	-optic cable)			
OLD	Spare part <sup>2</sup> )		6SE7090-0XX84-0FJ0		0.3 (0.7)	20 x 90 x 95 (0.8 x 3.5 x 3.7)
	Retrofit kit <sup>3</sup> ) <sup>5</sup> )		6SX7010-0FJ00		0.5 (0.7)	20 × 30 × 33 (0.0 × 3.3 × 3.7)
	Plugged into slots A to G <sup>4</sup>	151	00//010-01000	G41 to G47		
	r lugged into slots A to G	1-1		G4110 G47		
Com	munication boards (fo	or slot location, see	page 6/60)			
CBP2	for PROFIBUS DP					
	Spare part <sup>2</sup> )		6SE7090-0XX84-0FF5		0.3 (0.7)	20 × 90 × 95 (0.8 × 3.5 × 3.7)
	Retrofit kit <sup>3</sup> )		6SX7010-0FF05			
	Plugged into slots A, B, C	, E, G		G91/G92/G93/G95/	G97	
CBC	for CAN					
	Spare part <sup>2</sup> )		6SE7090-0XX84-0FG0		0.3 (0.7)	20 x 90 x 95 (0.8 x 3.5 x 3.7)
	Retrofit kit <sup>3</sup> )		6SX7010-0FG00			
	Retrofit kit <sup>3</sup> ) Plugged into slots A, B, C	, E, G	6SX7010-0FG00	G21/G22/G23/G25/0	G27	
CBD	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		6SX7010-0FG00 6SX7010-0FK00	G21/G22/G23/G25/0	<b>G27</b> 0.3 (0.7)	20 x 90 x 95 (0.8 x 3.5 x 3.7

The Compact PLUS units have three slots
 A, B and C. Compact and chassis units can be expanded to have up to 6 slots, A, C, D, E, F and G. For the various possible configurations,

<sup>2)</sup> Excluding connector, excluding documentation.

<sup>3)</sup> For retrospective mounting. The retrofit kit usually contains a board, plug-in connector and documentation but not adapter boards or LBA (see Page 3/8).

<sup>4)</sup> With appropriate connector.

<sup>5)</sup> With 2 FOC connectors, 1 connector for X470 and 5 m all-plastic FOC (fiber-optic cable).

<sup>6)</sup> When ordering the board, "-Z" and the corresponding code for direct mounting in the corresponding slot must be appended to the converter/inverter order no.



## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Compact PLUS units

Converters and inverters

## Electronics options · Boards for direct mounting in the electronics box 1)

Desig	nation	Order No.	Weight, approx. kg (lb)	Dimensions WxHxD mmxmmxmm (inxinxin)
Inter	face boards (only for compact and chassis units) <sup>2</sup> )			
SCB1	Interface board with FOC (fiber-optic cable) connection. For a more detailed description of the SCB1 interface board and how it is integrated, see Engineering Information, Section 6. Supplied loose, including 10 m (33 ft) fiber-optic cable.	6SE7090-0XX84-0BC0	0.5 (1.1)	25 x 235 x 125 (1.0 x 9.3 x 4.9)
SCB2	Interface board with floating RS485 interface. For a more detailed description of the SCB2 interface board and how it is integrated, see Engineering Information, Section 6. Supplied loose.	6SE7090-0XX84-0BD1	0.5 (1.1)	25 x 235 x 125 (1.0 x 9.3 x 4.9)
Tech	nology boards (only for compact and chassis units)3)			
T100	T100 technology board for drive-related technology functions. For a more detailed description of the T100 board accessories and how they are integrated see Catalog DA 65, 10. SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Vector Control or the North American version.  Supplied loose without software module.	6SE7090-0XX87-0BB0	0.5 (1.1)	25 x 235 x 125 (1.0 x 9.3 x 4.9)
T300	T300 technology board hardware package for standard planning, (T300 with two connecting cables SC58 and SC60. SE300 terminal block and hardware instruction manual in German/English)  For a more detailed description of the T300 board and accessories and how they are integrated, see Catalog DA 65,10. SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Vector Control or the North American version. Supplied loose without manual.	6SE7090-0XX87-4AH0	2 (4.4)	300 x 400 x 300 (11.8 x 15.7 x 11.8))
	T300 technology board as spare part	6SE7090-0XX84-0AH2		
T400	T400 technology board. For a more detailed description of the T400 board and accessories and how they are integrated, see Catalog DA 65,10. SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Vector Control or contact your local Siemens office. Supplied loose without configuration.	6DD1606-0AD0	0.5 (1.1)	25 x 235 x 125 (1.0 x 9.3 x 4.9)

<sup>1)</sup> See "Integration of the electronics options", page 6/60.

<sup>2)</sup> In mounting position 2 or 3.

<sup>3)</sup> In mounting position 2.

## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Compact PLUS units





## Electronics options · Additional boards and options

Designa	ation	Order No.	Code <sup>1</sup> )	Weight, approx. kg (lb)	Dimensions W x H x D mm x mm x mm (in x in x in)
Acces	sories for compact and chassis units for expanding the electronic	slots			
ADB	Adapter board	6SE7090-0XX84-0KA0			
	Adapter board, plugged into mounting position 2 (slots D and E)		K01		
	Adapter board, plugged into mounting position 3 (slots F and G)		K02		
LBA	Bus adapter for electronics box	6SE7090-0XX84-4HA0			
	Bus adapter for electronics box, integrated		K11		
Acces	sories for SIMOLINK				
SLP	SIMOLINK pulse generator An incremental-encoder signal proportional to the speed is generated from a setpoint in the SIMOLINK telegram; RS422, track A, B	6SX7005-0AD00		0.3 (0.7)	35 x 118 x 88 (1.4 x 4.6 x 3.5)
SLE-DP	SIMOLINK incremental encoder With PROFIBUS DP station at SIMOLINK, generates pulse series and zero pulse from position setpoint telegram acc. to an RS422 incremental encoder with either 1024, 2048, 4096 or 8192 S/R	6SX7005-0AG01		0.4 (0.9)	52 x 118 x 88 (2.0 x 4.6 x 3.5)
SLS	SIMOLINK switch Changeover switch for SIMOLINK fiber-optic cables, 4 inputs/outputs to 4 outputs/inputs, 12 different switching positions	6SX7005-0AE00		0.3 (0.7)	35 x 118 x 88 (1.4 x 4.6 x 3.5)
SLM	SIMOLINK monitor Diagnostics box for monitoring the SIMOLINK telegrams, connection to a measuring PC, evaluation of the data with diagnostic/analysis software (PC software items are to be ordered separately)	6SX7005-0AF00		0.8 (1.8)	54 x 194 x 155 (2.1 x 7.6 x 6.1)
	Extra package for SLB board 5 m/16.4 ft plastic FOC cable, 2 FOC plug-in connectors, 1 plug-in connector for the terminal strip, supplied with rough and fine glass paper (comes together with the SLB board).	6SY7000-0AD15			
	System package for SLB board  100 m/328 ft all-plastic FOC cable, 40 x FOC plug-in connectors,  20 x plug-in connectors for the terminal strip	6SX7010-0FJ50			
	Glass fiber-optic cable (PCF = Polymer Cladding Fiber), up to a max. of 300 m/984.25 ft between two SLB boards. The following fiber-optic cable modules from Hewlett Packard are on the SLB board Transmitter: HFBR 1528 Receiver: HFBR 2528	on request			
	PROFIBUS plastic fiber optic, duplex-core Plastic FOC with 2 cores, PVC sheath, without connector for use in environments with low mechanical stress 50 m (164 ft) ring	6XV1 821-2AN50			
	PROFIBUS plastic fiber optic, simplex connector/polishing set 100 simplex connectors and 5 polishing sets for assembling PROFIBUS plastic fiber-optic cables for the optical PROFIBUS DP	6GK1 901-0FB00-0AA0			
Additi	onal options				
OP1S	Comfort operator control panel	6SE7090-0XX84-2FK0			
	OP1S cable (3 m/10 ft)	6SX7010-0AB03			
	OP1S cable (5 m/16.4 ft)	6SX7010-0AB05			
	PC cable (3 m/10 ft) for DriveMonitor and software/firmware	9AK1012-1AA00			
	downloading				

<sup>1)</sup> When ordering the board, "-Z" and the corresponding code for direct mounting in the relevant slot must be appended to the inverters/ converters order no.



## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Compact PLUS units

Converters and inverters

## Control board for compact and chassis units

Designation	Order No.	Weight, approx. kg (lb)	Dimensions W x H x D mm x mm x mm (in x in x in)
CUMC control board			
CUMC (60 MHz) (standard board of the basic unit) Board, single	6SE7090-0XX84-0AD1	0.5 (1.1)	25 x 235 x 125 (1.0 x 9.3 x 4.9)
CUPM control board			
CUPM – Performance 2 (standard board of the basic unit) Board, single	6SE7090-0XX84-0AD5	0.5 (1.1)	25 x 235 x 125 (1.0 x 9.3 x 4.9)

## Plugs/Terminal blocks

Designation	Order No.
Plugs/Terminal blocks	
•	
MC plug set/terminal block set	
for Compact PLUS units	6SY7000-0AE51
for compact units	6SY7000-0AD38
for chassis units (E to G type of construction)	6SY7000-0AD26

## Technology software

Designation	Order No.	Code
Technology software		
Positioning, angular synchronism with cam disc, electronic coupling and more Supplied factory enabled		F01
Enabled later using a 2 x 4 digit PIN Number	6SW1700-5AD00-1XX0	
The board-FID (Product Identification, 2 x 4-digit number) must be stated. The FID can be read out from the parameters U976.1 and U976.2.		

### Documentation · Compendium for MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

Description, function diagrams and parameter list. Compendium in English (for other languages, see Section 5). Supplied as a manual

6SE7087-6QX50

Selection and ordering data

## Compact ifier units PLUS units



## Compact and chassis units



Nominal	Selection	data				Rectifier unit	Total	Dimensions	For	Weight,	Cooling
power rating <sup>1</sup> )	Rated DC link current	DC link base load current	Short- time current of DC link	Max. DC link inverter current <sup>2</sup> )	Input current <sup>3</sup> )		power loss	WxHxD	dimension drawing, see Section 7	approx.	air require- ment
	$I_{DCrated}$	$I_{DCG}$	$I_{DCmax.}$								
kW	А	А	А	А	А	Order No.	kW	mm x mm x mm (in x in x in)	No.	kg (lb)	m³/s (ft³/s)
Supply	voltage 3	-ph. 380 \	/ to 480 V	AC							
Compact	PLUS uni	ts with inte	egrated bra	ke choppe	er						
15	41	37	123/65 <sup>4</sup> )	80	36	6SE7024-1EP85-0AA0 <sup>6</sup> )	0.13	90 x 360 x 260 (3.5 x 14.2 x 10.2)	1	3.9 (8.6)	0.018 (0.636)
50	120	109	360/1924)	5)	108	6SE7031-2EP85-0AA0 <sup>6</sup> )	0.27	135 x 360 x 260 (5.3 x 14.2 x 10.2)	1	8.3 (18.3)	0.041 (1.448)
100	230	209	690/3684)	5)	207	6SE7032-3EP85-0AA0 <sup>6</sup> )	0.60	180 x 360 x 260 (7.1 x 14.2 x 10.2)	1	13.3 (29.3)	0.053 (1.871)
Compact	units										
15	41	37	56	45	36	6SE7024-1EB85-0AA0	0.12	135 x 425 x 350 (5.3 x 16.7 x 13.8)	4	12 (26.5)	0.022 (0.777)
37	86	78	117	95	75	6SE7028-6EC85-0AA0	0.26	180 x 600 x 350 (7.1 x 23.6 x 13.8)	4	18 (39.7)	0.028 (0.989)
Chassis u	ınits										
75	173	157	235	5)	149	6SE7031-7EE85-0AA0	0.62	270 x 1050 x 365 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.4)	6	45 (99.2)	0.2 (7.1)
110	270	246	367	5)	233	6SE7032-7EE85-0AA0	0.86	270 x 1050 x 365 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.4)	6	45 (99.2)	0.2 (7.1)
160	375	341	510	5)	326	6SE7033-8EE85-0AA0	1.07	270 x 1050 x 365 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.4)	6	45 (99.2)	0.2 (7.1)
200	463	421	630	5)	403	6SE7034-6EE85-0AA0	1.32	270 x 1050 x 365 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.4)	6	45 (99.2)	0.2 (7.1)
250	605	551	823	5)	526	6SE7036-1EE85-0AA0	1.67	270 x 1050 x 365 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.4)	6	45 (99.2)	0.2 (7.1)

reactor is used as well.

Equipment impedance:  $Z = \frac{V_{\text{Line}}}{\sqrt{3} \cdot I_{\text{VLine}}}$ 

The quoted nominal power ratings serve only as a guide for the selection of other components. The exact drive output depends on the connected inverters and this should be taken into account when planning.

<sup>2)</sup> The connected inverter units must not exceed the specified total DC link current.

<sup>3)</sup> The currents are based on a line inductance of **3** % in relation to the equipment impedance **Z**, i.e. the ratio of the line short-circuit power to the converter power **S** is **33:1** or 100:1 if a 2 % line reactor is used as well.

<sup>4)</sup>  $3 \times I_{\rm DC}$  for 250 ms (only for Compact PLUS rectifier units)/1.6  $\times I_{\rm DC}$  for 30 s.

<sup>5)</sup> No limitation due to precharging via controlled thyristor bridge. For maximum dimensioning, see Section 6, "Dimensioning of the system components for multi-axis drives".

<sup>6)</sup> The brake chopper is built into the Compact PLUS rectifier unit. The brake resistor (see Page 3/18) is to be selected accordingly and mounted externally. The 24 V current requirement is approx. 0.5 A per rectifier unit at 15 kW, 0.7 A at 50 kW and 100 kW.



## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Compact PLUS units

protection degree	Power connections  - Terminals for size:  - Lugs for size E	s B, C and P		Auxiliary current re	quirement		
İP20/IP00	<ul> <li>Location: at top fo</li> </ul>	r DC, at bottom for A	C				
50 Hz	Finely stranded	Single- and multi-stranded	Retaining bolt	DC 24 V Standard version max. at 20 V	DC 24 V Max. version max. at 20 V	1-ph. or 2-ph. 230 V A fan 50 Hz	C 60 Hz
dB (A)	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)		A	A	A	A
60	max. 10 (8)	max. 10 (8)	_	0.5	-	none	none
68	max. 50 (1/0)	max. 50 (1/0)	-	0.7	-	none	none
65	max. 95 (4/0)	max. 95 (4/0)	-	0.7	-	none	none
60	2.5 to 10 (12 – 8)	2.5 to 16 (12 – 4)		0.5	_	none	none
60	2.5 to 35 (12 – 2)	10 to 50 (6 – 1/0)		0.5	-	none	none
75		2 x 300 (2 x 600)	M 12	0.3	-	0.6	0.75
75		2 x 300 (2 x 600)	M 12	0.3	-	0.6	0.75
75		2 x 300 (2 x 600)	M 12	0.3	-	0.6	0.75
75		2 x 300 (2 x 600)	M 12	0.3	-	0.6	0.75
75		2 x 300 (2 x 600)	M 16	0.3	-	0.6	0.75

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data Self-commutating, pulsed rectifier/regenerative units Active Front End AFE



Rated	Selection data	а			AFE inverters	Power	Spare part	Framework	For	Weight,	
rectifier/ regenerative output at $\cos \varphi = 1$ and 400 V supply voltage	Short-time rectifier/ regenerative output at $\cos \varphi = 1$ and $400 \text{ V}$ supply voltage	3 AC from/to	Base load input current 3 AC from/to line	Short-time input current 3 AC from/to line	with CUSA control board 6SE7090-0XX84-0BJ0	loss	from VC inverter of nominal power rating	dimensions WxHxD	dimension drawing, see Section 7	approx.	air require- ment
P <sub>rated</sub>	P <sub>max.</sub>	$I_{ m nconv}$	$I_{G}$	$I_{max.}$		$P_{\rm v}$	$P_{\rm type}$				
kW	kW	А	А	А	Order No.	kW	kW	mm x mm x mm (in x in x in)	No.	kg (lb)	m <sup>3</sup> /s (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)
Supply vol	tage 3-ph. 3	80 V AC-	-20 % to 4	60 V +5 %							
6.8	11	10.2	9.2	16.3	6SE7021-0EA81	0.14	4	90 x 425 x 350 (3.5 x 16.7 x 13.8)	5	8 (17.4)	0.009 (0.318)
9	14	13.2	11.9	21.1	6SE7021-3EB81	0.18	5.5	135 x 425 x 350 (5.3 x 16.7 x 13.8)	5	12 (26.5)	0.022 (0.777)
12	19	17.5	15.8	28.0	6SE7021-8EB81	0.24	7.5	135 x 425 x 350 (5.3 x 16.7 x 13.8)	5	12 (26.5)	0.022 (0.777)
17	27	25.5	23.0	40.8	6SE7022-6EC81	0.34	11	180 x 600 x 350 (7.1 x 23.6 x 13.8)	5	24 (52.9)	0.028 (0.989)
23	37	34	31	54	6SE7023-4EC81	0.46	15	180 x 600 x 350 (7.1 x 23.6 x 13.8)	5	24 (52.9)	0.028 (0.989)
32	51	47	42	75	6SE7024-7ED81	0.63	22	270 x 600 x 350 (10.6 x 23.6 x 13.8)	5	35 (77.2)	0.054 (1.907)
40	63	59	53	94	6SE7026-0ED81	0.79	30	270 x 600 x 350 (10.6 x 23.6 x 13.8)	5	35 (77.2)	0.054 (1.907)
49	78	72	65	115	6SE7027-2ED81	0.98	37	270 x 600 x 350 (10.6 x 23.6 x 13.8)	5	35 (77.2)	0.054 (1.907)
Chassis unit	s										
63	100	92	83	147	6SE7031-0EE80	1.06	45	270 x 1050 x 365 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.4)	7	55 (121.3)	0.11 (3.885)
85	135	124	112	198	6SE7031-2EF80	1.44	55	360 x 1050 x 365 (14.3 x 41.3 x 14.4)	7	65 (143.3)	0.15 (5.297)
100	159	146	131	234	6SE7031-5EF80	1.69	75	360 x 1050 x 365 (14.3 x 41.3 x 14.4)	7	65 (143.3)	0.15 (5.297)
125	200	186	167	298	6SE7031-8EF80	2.00	90	360 x 1050 x 365 (14.3 x 41.3 x 14.4)	7	65 (143.3)	0.15 (5.297)
143	228	210	189	336	6SE7032-1EG80	2.42	110	508 x 1450 x 465 (20 x 57.1 x 18.3)	7	155 (341.8)	0.33 (11.654)
177	282	260	234	416	6SE7032-6EG80	3.00	132	508 x 1450 x 465 (20 x 57.1 x 18.3)	7	155 (341.8)	0.33 (11.654)
214	342	315	284	504	6SE7033-2EG80	3.64	160	508 x 1450 x 465 (20 x 57.1 x 18.3)	7	165 (363.8)	0.44 (15.539)
250	400	370	333	592	6SE7033-7EG80	4.25	200	508 x 1450 x 465 (20 x 57.1 x 18.3)	7	180 (396.9)	0.44 (15.539)

The quoted nominal power ratings serve only as a guide for the selection of other components. The exact drive output depends on the motor connected and this should be taken into account when planning.



83

83

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data Self-commutating, pulsed rectifier/regenerative units Active Front End AFE

Sound pressure level with standard protection degree IP20/IP00	Power connections  - Terminals for sizes  - Lugs for sizes E to  - Location: at botto at top fo	s A to D G		Auxiliary current re	quirement	
50 Hz	Finely stranded	Single- and multi-stranded	Retaining bolt	DC 24 V Standard version max. at 20 V	DC 24 V Max. version max. at 20 V	2-ph. 230 V AC fan at AFE inverters 50 Hz/60 Hz <sup>1</sup> )
dB (A)	mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)		A	А	W
60	2.5 to 10 (12 – 8)	2.5 to 16 (12 – 6)		2	3	none
60	2.5 to 10 (12 – 8)	2.5 to 16 (12 – 6)		2	3	none
60	2.5 to 10 (12 – 8)	2.5 to 16 (12 – 6)		2	3	none
60	2.5 to 16 (12 – 6)	10 to 25 (6 – 4)		2	3	none
60	2.5 to 16 (12 – 6)	10 to 25 (6 – 4)		2	3	none
65	2.5 to 35 (12 – 2)	10 to 50 (6 – 1/0)		2	3	0.43/0.49
65	2.5 to 35 (12 – 2)	10 to 50 (6 – 1/0)		2	3	0.43/0.49
65	2.5 to 35 (12 – 2)	10 to 50 (6 – 1/0)		2	3	0.43/0.49
69		max. 2 x 70 (2 x 2/0)	M 10	module (cf. system	i components) as stai	with the line connection ndard. The 24 V DC and 230 V AC
70		max. 2 x 70 (2 x 2/0)	M 10	auxiliary power sup connection module		ntegrated in the related line
70		max. 2 x 70 (2 x 2/0)	M 10			
70		max. 2 x 70 (2 x 2/0)	M 10			
81		max. 2 x 150 (2 x 300)	M 12			
81		max. 2 x 150 (2 x 300)	M 12			

max. 2 x 150 (2 x 300)

max. 2 x 150 (2 x 300)

M 12

M 12

Selection and ordering data

## Compact and chassis units



## Rectifier/regenerative units1)

Nominal	Selection	n data			Rectifier/	Total	Dimensions	For	Weight,	Cooling
power rating <sup>2</sup> )	Rated DC link current	DC link base load current	DC link short- time current	Input current <sup>3</sup> )	regenerative unit	power loss	WxHxD	dimension drawing, see Section 7	approx.	air require- ment
	$I_{DCrated}$	$I_{DCG}$	$I_{DCmax.}$							21
kW	А	А	А	А	Order No.	kW	$mm \times mm \times mm$ (in x in x in)	No.	kg (lb)	m <sup>3</sup> /s (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)
Supply v	oltogo 2 i	ah 200 \/	to 100 V/	10						
Compact (	•	JII. 300 V	10 400 V A	10						
7.5	21	19	29	18	6SE7022-1EC85-1AA0	0.15	180 x 600 x 350 (7.1 x 23.6 x 13.8)	4	23 (50.7)	0.028 (0.989)
15	41	37	56	35	6SE7024-1EC85-1AA0	0.20	180 x 600 x 350 (7.1 x 23.6 x 13.8)	4	23 (50.7)	0.028 (0.989)
37	86	78	117	74	6SE7028-6EC85-1AA0	0.31	180 x 600 x 350 (7.1 x 23.6 x 13.8)	4	23 (50.7)	0.028 (0.989)
Chassis ur	nits									
75	173	157	235	149	6SE7031-7EE85-1AA0	0.69	270 x 1050 x 365 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.4)	6	45 (99.2)	0.2 (7.1)
90	222	202	302	192	6SE7032-2EE85-1AA0	0.97	270 x 1050 x 365 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.4)	6	45 (99.2)	0.2 (7.1)
132	310	282	422	269	6SE7033-1EE85-1AA0	1.07	270 x 1050 x 365 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.4)	6	45 (99.2)	0.2 (7.1)
160	375	341	510	326	6SE7033-8EE85-1AA0	1.16	270 x 1050 x 365 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.4)	6	52 (114.6)	0.2 (7.1)
200	463	421	630	403	6SE7034-6EE85-1AA0	1.43	270 x 1050 x 365 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.4)	6	52 (114.6)	0.2 (7.1)
250	605	551	823	526	6SE7036-1EE85-1AA0	1.77	270 x 1050 x 365 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.4)	6	65 (114.6)	0.2 (7.1)

reactor is used as well. Equipment impedance: 
$$Z = \frac{V_{\rm Line}}{\sqrt{3} \cdot I_{\rm V_{\rm Line}}}$$

In the case of rapid changeover from supply to regenerative feedback, a dead time of 15 ms must be taken into account. For high dynamic response, AFE rectifier/regenerative units are to be used.

<sup>2)</sup> The quoted nominal power ratings serve only as a guide for the selection of other components. The exact drive output depends on the connected inverters and this should be taken into account when planning.

<sup>3)</sup> The currents are based on a line inductance of **3%** in relation to the equipment impedance **Z**, i.e. the ratio of the line short-circuit power to the converter power **S** is **33:1** or 100:1 if a 2% line reactor is used as well.



## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Rectifier/regenerative units

Sound pressure level with stand- ard protection degree IP20/IP00	DC top		ame size E d E	Auxiliary current re	equirement		
	Finely stranded	Single- and multi-stranded	Retaining bolt	DC 24 V Standard version max, at 20 V	DC 24 V Max. version max. at 20 V	1-ph. or 2-ph. 230 V fan	AC
50 Hz				111ax. at 20 v	IIIdx. at 20 v	50 Hz	60 Hz
dB (A)	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)		А	А	А	А
60	2.5 to 35 (12 – 2)	10 to 50 (6-1/0)		0.9	2.0	none	none
60	2.5 to 35 (12 – 2)	10 to 50 (6-1/0)		0.9	2.0	none	none
60	2.5 to 35 (12 – 2)	10 to 50 (6 –1/0)		0.9	2.0	none	none
75		2 x 300	M 12	0.7	2.0	0.60	0.75
		(2 × 600)					
75		2 x 300 (2 x 600)	M 12	0.7	2.0	0.60	0.75
75		2 x 300 (2 x 600)	M 12	0.7	2.0	0.60	0.75
75		2 x 300 (2 x 600)	M 12	0.7	2.0	0.60	0.75
75		2 x 300 (2 x 600)	M 12	0.7	2.0	0.60	0.75
75		2 x 300 (2 x 600)	M 16	0.7	2.0	0.60	0.75

## Selection and ordering data

## **Compact PLUS units**





### Codes

Code	Description		= Motio	on Cont	rol Com	pact PLU	S. S	tandard	. Opt	ion availa	ıble. –	Not ava	ailable.			
		Conv	erter			Inver	ter			Rectifier unit			AFE		Rectifier/rege- nerative unit	
Size		MC+	A–D	E–G	K	MC+	A–D	E-G	J	MC+	В-С	Е		С	Е	
Line-s	ide radio-interference suppressio	n and	protec	tive d	evices	;										
L03	Basic interference suppression when radio-interference suppression filters are used	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	
L20	Operation of the converters with an IT supply system	•	•	•					•				-	•		
L30	Inverter fuses integrated, fuse type for DIN/IEC approval and 💫	-	-	-	-		•	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	
L33	Compact inverters without fuses	-	-	-	-	_	•		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Electri	ical options															
K80	Safe Stop	•	_	•	•	•		•	•	_	_	-	_	-	_	
K91	DC link current measuring unit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	-			
Mecha	anical options															
M20	Enclosure <sup>1</sup> ) for increasing the degree of protection to IP20		•	•	-	•	•	•	-		•	•	-	•	•	
Docun	nentation															
D72	Documentation in Italian/English	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	
D77	Documentation in French/English	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	
D78	Documentation in Spanish/English	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	
<b>D99</b> <sup>2</sup> )	Supplied without documentation	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	_	•	•	

#### Brief description of the options

#### LO3 Basic interference suppression when radio-interference suppression filters are used with TT and TN systems

With the L03 option, unit sizes J to X are fitted with discharge capacitors in the DC link.

#### L20 Operation with an IT system

See description in Section 4. With the L20 option, operation with non-earthed systems (IT systems), the basic interference capacitors built in as standard are removed.

## L30 Integrated inverter fuses, fuse type for DIN/IEC approval and %

Option L30 can only be used for inverter sizes E to G. Inverter fuses are for protecting inverters connected to a DC bus. Inverter fuses must always be provided when at least 2 inverters are operated on this bus. The inverters do not have to be protected when a single inverter of a rectifier

unit or a rectifier/regenerative unit is supplied with <u>matched</u> power. The same conditions apply to a converter. For option L30, the inverter fuses indicated are integrated in the inverter.

## L33 Compact inverters without fuses

For a description, see L30. With the L33 option, which can be used for compact inverters sizes A to D, the inverter fuses are not built into the inverter and are not supplied with the drive unit. The inverter fuses must be ordered separately and mounted externally (for types, see page 3/23).

#### K80 Safe Stop

The function "Safe Stop" is a "device for the prevention of an unexpected start-up" to EN 60 204-1, section 5.4. It is realized in connection with an external circuit.

external circuit.
The "Safe Stop" function can be retrofitted by Siemens personnel only with converters and inverters of frame sizes E to K.

#### K91 DC link current measurement

In the rectifier unit sizes B, C and E, the DC link current is measured indirectly via the line-side current transformers.

#### M20 IP20 panels

With the M20 option, unit sizes E to G are provided with an IP20 enclosure (wall mounting possible). Control is via a PMU built into the front panel.

#### D72 Documentation in Italian/ English

Operating instructions are supplied in Italian/English.

#### D77 Documentation in French/ English

Operating instructions are supplied in French/English.

#### D78 Documentation in Spanish/ English

Operating instructions are supplied in Spanish/English.

## D992) Supplied without operating instructions and without DriveMonitor

If this option is chosen, no operating instructions or tools in the form of paper or software (no CD-ROM) are enclosed

The enclosures can also be supplied separately. See "Selection and ordering data – Mechanical components".

In accordance with EU guidelines, the orderer of this option must ensure that the documentation is made available to the end user in the context of the machine and equipment documentation.



Selection and ordering data

Compact PLUS units

**Options** 

## Isolation amplifier boards for the mounting of DIN rails

The isolation amplifier boards can be used for isolating the analog input and output signals from the supply

Isolation amplifiers in modular housings from Knick are recommended.

For further information, please visit the Internet at:

### SCI1 and SCI2 interface boards (for compact and chassis units only)

A serial I/O system using fiber-optic cables can be established with the SCI1 and SCI2 interface boards and the SCB1 interface board. This allows the binary and analog inputs and outputs to be considerably expanded. For a more detailed description of the SCI1 and SCI2, see Engineering Information, Section 6.

Designa	tion	Order No.
Interfa	ce boards for establishing an I/O system via fiber-optic cables	
SCI1	Interface board for binary and analog inputs/outputs. Supplied loose with 10 m/32.8 ft of fiber-optic cable	6SE7090-0XX84-3EA0
SCI2	Interface board for binary inputs/outputs. Supplied loose with 10 m/32.8 ft of fiber-optic cable.	6SE7090-0XX84-3EF0

### Rectifier units for supplying 24 V DC

A Order No.  24 V DC rectifier units, single-phase 230 V AC and 400 V AC, can be used with +6 % and 1 (230 V) 4AV21 02-2EB00-0A 1 (400 V) 4AV21 06-2EB00-0A	WxHxD mm nd –10 % line-voltage tolerand 45x135x111	
1 (230 V) 4AV21 02-2EB00-0A 1 (400 V) 4AV21 06-2EB00-0A	•	
1 (400 V) <b>4AV21 06-2EB00-0A</b>	45 x 135 x 111	
. (100.1)		$(1.8 \times 5.3 \times 4.4)$
0.5 (000.) ()	45 x 135 x 111	(1.8 x 5.3 x 4.4)
3.5 (230 V) <b>4AV23 02–2EB00–0A</b>	72 x 135 x 111	(2.8 x 5.3 x 4.4)
2.5 (230/400 V) <b>4AV20 00-2EB00-0A</b>	85 x 137 x 98	(3.3 x 5.4 x 3.9)
5 (230/400 V) <b>4AV22 00-2EB00-0A</b>	106 x 160 x 113	(4.2 x 6.3 x 4.5)
10 (230/400 V) <b>4AV24 00-2EB00-0A</b>	121 x 170 x 128	$(4.8 \times 6.7 \times 5.0)$
15 (230/400 V) <b>4AV26 00–2EB00–0A</b>	151 x 200 x 145	(5.9 x 7.9 x 5.7)
24 V DC rectifier units, for 3-ph. 400 V DC, can be used with +6 % and -10 % line-voltage	e tolerance¹)	
10 <b>4AV30 00-2EB00-0A</b>	164 x 190 x 115	$(6.4 \times 7.5 \times 4.5)$
15 <b>4AV31 00–2EB00–0A</b>	164 x 190 x 115	$(6.4 \times 7.5 \times 4.5)$
20 <b>4AV32 00-2EB00-0A</b>	216 x 220 x 115	(8.5 x 8.7 x 4.5)
30 <b>4AV33 00-2EB00-0A</b>	216 x 220 x 158	(8.5 x 8.7 x 6.2)
40 <b>4AV34 00-2FB00-0A</b>	266 x 260 x 165	(10.4 x 10.2 x 6.5)
50 <b>4AV35 00–2FB00–0A</b>	266 x 260 x 190	$(10.4 \times 10.2 \times 7.5)$
<b>24 V DC power supply units,</b> can be used with ±15 % line-voltage tolerance <sup>2</sup> )		
2.5 (230 V) 6EP1 332–1SH41	126 x 90 x 55	(5.0 x 3.5 x 2.2)
5 (230 V) <b>6EP1 333–3BA00</b>	75 x 125 x 125	(3.0 x 4.9 x 4.9)
10 (230 V) <b>6EP1 334–3BA00</b>	100 x 125 x 135	(3.9 x 4.9 x 5.3)
20 (400 V) <b>6EP1 336–3BA00</b>	280 x 125 x 92	(11.0 x 4.9 x 3.6)

A Compact PLUS unit with 3 electronic components has a maximum current requirement of approximately 1.5 A (up to 4 kW) or of approximately 2 A (4 to 18.5 kW) from a 24 V DC power supply.

#### Coupling relay

The coupling relay enables isolated energizing of a load. Additionally, it is possible to switch loads requiring increased power which cannot be supplied directly by the digital output.

Туре	typ. power requiremen mA	t for 24 V DC Switching capacity, output	Supplier	
Coupling relay for conn	ection to digital outputs of c	ontrol board		
3TX70 02-3AB01	< 7	60 V DC/1.5 A	Siemens	
3TX70 02-3AB00	< 20	48 V AC to 264 V AC/1.8 A	Siemens	
PLC-RSC-24DC/21	9	250 V AC/6 A	Phoenix Contact	
PLC-RSP-24DC/21	9	250 V AC/6 A	Phoenix Contact	

<sup>1)</sup> For technical data, see Catalog "Switchgear and Systems"

Selection and ordering data

Compact PLUS units



Compact and chassis units



## Braking units and braking resistors

Braking	power			Braking unit				Braking resistor, externa	I			
braking	braking	power with exter- nal	nuous braking power with internal braking resistor		Dimensions WxHxD		Weight, approx.		Resistance <sup>7</sup> )	Dimensions WxHxD	For di- men- sion draw ing, see Sec- tion 7	-
$P_{20}$	$P_3$	$P_{\rm DZ}$	$P_{\mathrm{DB}}$		mm x mm x mm		ka			mm x mm x mm		ka
kW	kW	kW	kW	Order No.	$(in \times in \times in)$	No.	kg (lb)	Order No.	Ω	(in x in x in)	No.	kg (lb)

DC link voltage 510 V to 650 V DC         For Compact PLUS converter       2       3       -       0.15       6SE7013-2ES87-2DC0       2         4       6       -       0.38)       6SE7016-3ES87-2DC0       1         5       7.5       1.25       -       -1)       6SE7018-0ES87-2DC0 <sup>2</sup> )       8         10       15       2.5       -       -1)       6SE7021-6ES87-2DC0 <sup>2</sup> )       4         12       18       -       0.99)       6SE7022-0ES87-2DC0       3         20       30       5       -       -1)       6SE7023-2ES87-2DC0 <sup>3</sup> )       2         For Compact PLUS rectifier units         2       3       -       0.15       6SE7013-2ES87-2DC0       2	100 80 40 33.3 20	mm x mm x mm (in x in x in)  44 x 250 x 120 (1.73 x 9.84 x 4.72)  44 x 250 x 120 (1.73 x 9.84 x 4.72)  44 x 250 x 120 (5.7 x 7.1 x 21.3)  145 x 360 x 540 (5.7 x 14.2 x 21.3)  134 x 350 x 203 (5.28 x 13.78 x 7.95)  430 x 302 x 485 (16.9 x 11.9 x 19.1)	10a 11 11 11a	(3.1) 1.9 (4.2) 6 (13.2) 11.5 (25.4)
For Compact PLUS converter  2	100 80 40 33.3 20	(1.73 x 9.84 x 4.72) 44 x 250 x 120 (1.73 x 9.84 x 4.72) 145 x 180 x 540 (5.7 x 7.1 x 21.3) 145 x 360 x 540 (5.7 x 14.2 x 21.3) 134 x 350 x 203 (5.28 x 13.78 x 7.98 430 x 302 x 485	10a 11 11 11a	(3.1) 1.9 (4.2) 6 (13.2) 11.5 (25.4)
2 3 - 0.15 6SE7013-2ES87-2DC0 2 4 6 - 0.38) 6SE7016-3ES87-2DC0 1 5 7.5 1.251) 6SE7018-0ES87-2DC0 <sup>2</sup> ) 8 10 15 2.51) 6SE7021-6ES87-2DC0 <sup>2</sup> ) 4 12 18 - 0.99) 6SE7022-0ES87-2DC0 3 20 30 51) 6SE7023-2ES87-2DC0 <sup>3</sup> ) 2  For Compact PLUS rectifier units 2 3 - 0.15 6SE7013-2ES87-2DC0 2	100 80 40 33.3 20	(1.73 x 9.84 x 4.72) 44 x 250 x 120 (1.73 x 9.84 x 4.72) 145 x 180 x 540 (5.7 x 7.1 x 21.3) 145 x 360 x 540 (5.7 x 14.2 x 21.3) 134 x 350 x 203 (5.28 x 13.78 x 7.98 430 x 302 x 485	10a 11 11 11a	(3.1) 1.9 (4.2) 6 (13.2) 11.5 (25.4)
4 6 - 0.3 <sup>8</sup> ) 6SE7016-3ES87-2DC0 1  5 7.5 1.251) 6SE7018-0ES87-2DC0 <sup>2</sup> ) 8  10 15 2.51) 6SE7021-6ES87-2DC0 <sup>2</sup> ) 4  12 18 - 0.9 <sup>9</sup> ) 6SE7022-0ES87-2DC0 3  20 30 51) 6SE7023-2ES87-2DC0 <sup>3</sup> ) 2  For Compact PLUS rectifier units  2 3 - 0.15 6SE7013-2ES87-2DC0 2	100 80 40 33.3 20	(1.73 x 9.84 x 4.72) 44 x 250 x 120 (1.73 x 9.84 x 4.72) 145 x 180 x 540 (5.7 x 7.1 x 21.3) 145 x 360 x 540 (5.7 x 14.2 x 21.3) 134 x 350 x 203 (5.28 x 13.78 x 7.98 430 x 302 x 485	10a 11 11 11a	(3.1) 1.9 (4.2) 6 (13.2) 11.5 (25.4)
5 7.5 1.251) 6SE7018-0ES87-2DC0 <sup>2</sup> ) 8 10 15 2.51) 6SE7021-6ES87-2DC0 <sup>2</sup> ) 4 12 18 - 0.9 <sup>9</sup> ) 6SE7022-0ES87-2DC0 3 20 30 51) 6SE7023-2ES87-2DC0 <sup>3</sup> ) 2  For Compact PLUS rectifier units 2 3 - 0.15 6SE7013-2ES87-2DC0 2	80 40 33.3 20	(1.73 x 9.84 x 4.72) 145 x 180 x 540 (5.7 x 7.1 x 21.3) 145 x 360 x 540 (5.7 x 14.2 x 21.3) 134 x 350 x 203 (5.28 x 13.78 x 7.98 430 x 302 x 485	11 11 11a	(4.2) 6 (13.2) 11.5 (25.4)
10 15 2.51) 6SE7021-6ES87-2DC0 <sup>2</sup> ) 4  12 18 - 0.9 <sup>9</sup> ) 6SE7022-0ES87-2DC0 3  20 30 51) 6SE7023-2ES87-2DC0 <sup>3</sup> ) 2  For Compact PLUS rectifier units  2 3 - 0.15 6SE7013-2ES87-2DC0 2	40 33.3 20	(5.7 x 7.1 x 21.3) 145 x 360 x 540 (5.7 x 14.2 x 21.3) 134 x 350 x 203 (5.28 x 13.78 x 7.99 430 x 302 x 485	11 11a	(13.2) 11.5 (25.4)
12 18 - 0.9 <sup>9</sup> ) 6SE7022-0ES87-2DC0 3 20 30 5 <sup>1</sup> ) 6SE7023-2ES87-2DC0 <sup>3</sup> ) 2  For Compact PLUS rectifier units 2 3 - 0.15 6SE7013-2ES87-2DC0 2	33.3	(5.7 x 14.2 x 21.3) 134 x 350 x 203 (5.28 x 13.78 x 7.99 430 x 302 x 485	11a	(25.4)
20 30 51) 6SE7023-2ES87-2DC0 <sup>3</sup> ) 2  For Compact PLUS rectifier units  2 3 - 0.15 6SE7013-2ES87-2DC0 2	20	(5.28 x 13.78 x 7.99 430 x 302 x 485		6.8
For Compact PLUS rectifier units  2				(15)
2 3 - 0.15 <b>6SE7013-2ES87-2DC0</b> 2	200	110.9 X 11.9 X 19.11	12	17 (37.5)
	200			
4 6 - 0.38) 6SF7016-3FS87-2DC0 1	_00	44 x 250 x 120 (1.73 x 9.84 x 4.72)	10a	1.4 (3.1)
	100	44 x 250 x 120 (1.73 x 9.84 x 4.72)	10a	1.9 (4.2)
5 7.5 1.251) <b>6SE7018-0ES87-2DC0</b> <sup>4</sup> ) 8	80	145 x 180 x 540 (5.7 x 7.1 x 21.3)	11	6 (13.2)
10 15 2.5 <sup>1</sup> ) <b>6SE7021-6ES87-2DC0</b> <sup>4</sup> ) 4	40	145 x 360 x 540 (5.7 x 14.2 x 21.3)	11	11.5 (25.4)
12 18 – 0.9 <sup>9</sup> ) <b>6SE7022-0ES87-2DC0</b> 3	33.3	134 x 350 x 203 (5.28 x 13.78 x 7.99	11a 9)	6.8 (15)
20 30 5 <sup>1</sup> ) <b>6SE7023-2ES87-2DC0</b> <sup>4</sup> ) 2	20	435 x 305 x 485 (17.1 x 11.9 x 19.1)	12	17 (37.5)
50 75 12.51) <b>6SE7028-0ES87-2DC0</b> <sup>5</sup> )	8	745 x 305 x 485 (29.3 x 11.9 x 19.1)	12	27 (59.5)
100 150 251) <b>6SE7031-6ES87-2DC0</b> <sup>6</sup> )	4	745 x 605 x 485 (29.3 x 23.8 x 19.1)	13	47 (103.6)
For compact and chassis units				
2 3 - 0.15 <b>6SE7013-2ES87-2DC0</b> 2	200	44 x 250 x 120 (1.73 x 9.84 x 4.72)	10a	1.4 (3.1)
4 6 - 0.3 <sup>8</sup> ) <b>6SE7016-3ES87-2DC0</b> 1	100	44 x 250 x 120 (1.73 x 9.84 x 4.72)	10a	1.9 (4.2)
5 7.5 1.25 0.16 <b>6SE7018–0ES87–2DA0</b> 45 x 425 x 350 10 6 <b>6SE7018–0ES87–2DC0</b> 8 (1.8 x 16.7 x 13.8) (13.2)	80	145 x 180 x 540 (5.7 x 7.1 x 21.3)	11	6 (13.2)
10 15 2.5 0.32 <b>6SE7021–6ES87–2DA0</b> 45 x 425 x 350 10 6 <b>6SE7021–6ES87–2DC0</b> 4 (1.8 x 16.7 x 13.8) (13.2)	40	145 x 360 x 540 (5.7 x 14.2 x 21.3)	11	11.5 (25.4)
	33.3	134 x 350 x 203 (5.28 x 13.78 x 7.99	11a 9)	6.8 (15)
20 30 5 0.63 <b>6SE7023–2EA87–2DA0</b> 90 x 425 x 350 10 11 <b>6SE7023–2ES87–2DC0</b> 2 (3.5 x 16.7 x 13.8) (24.3)	20	430 x 302 x 485 (16.9 x 11.9 x 19.1)	12	17 (37.5)
	8	740 x 302 x 485 (29.1 x 11.9 x 19.1)	12	27 (59.5)
	4	740 x 605 x 485 (29.1 x 23.8 x 19.1)	13	47 (103.6)
Visit in the state of the state	2.35	740 x 1325 x 485 (29.1 x 52.0 x 19.1)	14	103 (227.1)

With Compact PLUS rectifier units and Compact PLUS converters, the brake choppers are included as standard features. The external braking resistor should be dimensioned accordingly.

<sup>2)</sup> Can be used for all Compact PLUS converters.

<sup>3)</sup> For Compact PLUS converters from  $5.5\,\mathrm{kW}$  to  $15\,\mathrm{kW}$ .

<sup>4)</sup> Can be used for all Compact PLUS rectifier units.

<sup>5)</sup> Can be used for Compact PLUS 50 kW and 100 kW rectifier units.

Can be used for Compact PLUS 100 kW rectifier units.

<sup>7)</sup> Allows the braking power at  $V_d = 774 \text{ V}$ .

<sup>8)</sup> CSA rating: 240 W.

<sup>9)</sup> CSA rating: 720 W.



## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Compact PLUS units

**Recommended DC link system components** 

#### Capacitor module<sup>1</sup>)

Voltage range	Storage capacity at $V_{\rm DC}$ constants	onstant/stable 650 V	Order No.	Dimensions WxHxD	Weight, approx.
	$W_{\rm s}$	$W_{\rm s}$		$mm \times mm \times mm$ (in x in x in)	kg (lb)
510 V DC (-15 %) to 650 V DC (+10 %)	720	500	6SE7025-0TP87-2DD0	90 x 360 x 260 (3.54 x 14.1 x 10.2)	6 (13.2)

#### DC link module

Voltage range	Continuous current <sup>2</sup> )	Auxiliary current requirement	Order No.	Dimensions WxHxD	Weight, approx.
	А	A		$mm \times mm \times mm$ (in x in x in)	kg (lb)
510 V DC (-15 %) to 650 V DC (+10 %)	120	-	6SE7090-0XP87-3CR0	90 x 360 x 260 (3.54 x 14.1 x 10.2)	2.7 (5.95)

#### DC link rail with Compact PLUS

If DC rails are required, tinned standard copper rails E-Cu 3 x 10 tinned and rounded acc. to DIN 46 433 must be used.

Designation	Rated continous current	Order No.	Dimensions WxHxD
	A		$mm \times mm \times mm$ (in x in x in)
Standard busbar, tinned	135	8WA2842	3 x 10 x 1000 (0.1 x 0.4 x 39.4)

This rail can also be ordered by the meter from Phoenix Contact under the designation NSL-CU 3/10.

Phoenix Contact GmbH & Co, Flachsmarktstr. 8 – 28,

Tel.: 0 52 35 – 31 04 40, Fax: 0 52 35 – 31 04 99,

32825 Blomberg Internet: www.phoenixcontact.com

<sup>1)</sup> Up to four capacitor modules can be connected to the Compact PLUS 15 kW rectifier unit and up to eight capacitor modules to the 50 kW and 100 kW units. Only one capacitor module can be connected to Compact PLUS converters.

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

**Recommended line-side power options** 

Compact PLUS units





#### Converters

Nominal power rating		Converter	Main circu and EMERGEN switch		Switch disconnec	tor <sup>2</sup> )	Switch disconnective fuse holder <sup>2</sup> )	tor with		Fuse switch-disco	nnector <sup>1</sup> )	2)
				Rated current		Rated current		Rated current	Max. fuse size		Rated current	Size
kW	(HP)	Order No.	Order No.	А	Order No.	Α	Order No.	Α		Order No.	Α	
Suppl	v voltag	e 3-ph. 380 V to 4	BO V AC									
	ect PLUS	•										
0.55	(0.75)	6SE7011-5EP□0	3LD11	25	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
1.1	(1.5)	6SE7013-0EP□0	3LD11	25	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
1.5	(2)	6SE7015-0EP□0	3LD11	25	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
3	(4)	6SE7018-0EP□0	3LD11	25	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
4	(5)	6SE7021-0EP□0	3LD11	25	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
5.5	(7.5)	6SE7021-4EP□0	3LD11	25	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
7.5	(10)	6SE7022-1EP□0	3LD11	25	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
11	(15)	6SE7022-7EP□0	3LD12	32	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
15	(20)	6SE7023-4EP□0	3LD15	63	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
Compa	ct units											
2.2	(3)	6SE7016-1EA□1	3LD11	25	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
3	(4)	6SE7018-0EA□1	3LD11	25	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
4	(5)	6SE7021-0EA□1	3LD11	25	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
5.5	(7.4)	6SE7021-3EB□1	3LD11	25	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
7.5	(10)	6SE7021-8EB□1	3LD11	25	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
11	(15)	6SE7022-6EC□1	3LD12	32	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
15	(20)	6SE7023-4EC□1	3LD15	63	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
18.5	(25)	6SE7023-8ED□1	3LD15	63	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL50 30-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
22	(30)	6SE7024-7ED□1	3LD15	63	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	160	000
30	(40)	6SE7026-0ED□1	3LD17	100	3KA5130-1EE01	80	3KL5230-1EB01	125	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	160	000
37	(50)	6SE7027-2ED□1	3LD17	100	3KA5130-1EE01	80	3KL52 30-1EB01	125	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	160	000
Chassi	s units											
45	(60)	6SE7031-0EE□0	_	-	3KA5330-1EE01	160	3KL52 30-1EB01	125	00	3NP4070-0CA01	160	000
55	(75)	6SE7031-2EF□0	-	-	3KA5330-1EE01	160	3KL55 30-1EB01	250	0; 1; 2	3NP4270-0CA01	250	0; 1
75	(100)	6SE7031-8EF□0	-	-	3KA5330-1EE01	160	3KL55 30-1EB01	250	0; 1; 2	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1
90	(120)	6SE7032-1EG□0	-	-	3KA5530-1EE01	250	3KL55 30-1EB01	250	0; 1; 2	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1
110	(150)	6SE7032-6EG□0	-	-	3KA5530-1EE01	250	3KL55 30-1EB01	250	0; 1; 2	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1
132	(175)	6SE7033-2EG□0	_	_	3KA5730-1EE01	400	3KL57 30-1EB01	400	1; 2	3NP43 70-0CA01	400	1; 2
160	(215)	6SE7033-7EG□0	_	_	3KA5730-1EE01	400	3KL57 30-1EB01	400	1; 2	3NP43 70-0CA01	400	1; 2
200	(270)	6SE7035-1EK□0	_	_	3KA5730-1EE01	400	3KL57 30-1EB01	400	1; 2	3NP43 70-0CA01	400	1; 2
250	(335)	6SE7036-0EK□0	_	_	3KA5830-1EE01	630	3KL61 30-1AB0	630	3	3NP44 70-0CA01	630	2; 3

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

<sup>1)</sup> Fuse switch-disconnectors: Please take into account the size of the cable-protection fuses and semiconductor protection fuses.

<sup>2)</sup> Can be optionally used, depending on your requirements. For further information, refer to Catalog NS K.

<sup>3)</sup> For single-axis applications. For multi-axis applications, see Section 6.



# Compact PLUS units

**SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control** Selection and ordering data

**Recommended line-side power options** 



Nomin al power rating		Converter	Circuit-breaker for system protection to IEC 60 947-4		Cable-protect Duty class gl				Semiconductor-protection fuses Duty class gR <sup>3</sup> ) (incl. cable protection)		
ating				Rated current		Rated current	Size		Rated current	Size	
:W	(HP)	Order No.	Order No.	А	Order No.	А		Order No.	А		
Suppl	y voltag	e 3-ph. 380 V to 48	0 V AC								
Compa	ct PLUS	units <sup>5</sup> )									
0.55	(0.75)	6SE7011-5EP□0 <sup>4</sup> )	3RV10 21-1CA10	1.8 - 2.5	3NA3 803	10	00	3NE1 813-0	16	000	
1.1	(1.5)	6SE7013-0EP□0 <sup>4</sup> )	3RV10 21-1FA10	3.5 - 5.0	3NA3 803	10	00	3NE1 813-0	16	000	
1.5	(2)	6SE7015-0EP□0 <sup>4</sup> )	3RV10 21-1HA10	5.5 – 8.0	3NA3 803	10	00	3NE1 813-0	16	000	
3	(4)	6SE7018-0EP□0 <sup>4</sup> )	3RV10 21-1KA10	9.0 - 12.5	3NA3 805	16	00	3NE1 813-0	16	000	
4	(5)	6SE7021-0EP□0	3RV10 21-1KA10	9.0 - 12.5	3NA3 805	16	00	3NE1 813-0	16	000	
5.5	(7.5)	6SE7021-4EP□0	3RV10 21-4AA10	11 – 16	3NA3 810	25	00	3NE1 814-0	20	000	
7.5	(10)	6SE7022-1EP□0	3RV10 21-4BA10	14 – 20	3NA3 810	25	00	3NE1 815-0	25	000	
11	(15)	6SE7022-7EP□0	3RV1031-4EA10	22 – 32	3NA3 814	35	00	3NE1 803-0	35	000	
15	(20)	6SE7023-4EP□0	3RV1031-4FA10	28 - 40	3NA3 817	40	00	3NE1 802-0	40	000	
ompa	ct units										
2.2	(3)	6SE7016-1EA□1	3RV10 21-1HA10	5.5 - 8.0	3NA3 803	10	00	3NE1 813-0	16	000	
3	(4)	6SE7018-0EA□1	3RV10 21-1KA10	9.0 - 12.5	3NA3 805	16	00	3NE1 813-0	16	000	
4	(5)	6SE7021-0EA□1	3RV10 21-1KA10	9.0 - 12.5	3NA3 805	16	00	3NE1 813-0	16	000	
5.5	(7.4)	6SE7021-3EB□1	3RV10 21-4AA10	11 – 16	3NA3 810	25	00	3NE1 814-0	20	000	
7.5	(10)	6SE7021-8EB□1	3RV10 21-4BA10	14 – 20	3NA3 810	25	00	3NE1 815-0	25	000	
11	(15)	6SE7022-6EC□1	3RV1031-4EA10	22 - 32	3NA3 814	35	00	3NE1 803-0	35	000	
15	(20)	6SE7023-4EC□1	3RV1031-4FA10	28 – 40	3NA3 817	50	00	3NE1 802-0	40	000	
18.5	(25)	6SE7023-8ED□1	3RV1031-4HA10	40 - 50	3NA3 820	63	00	3NE1 817-0	50	000	
22	(30)	6SE7024-7ED□1	3RV1041-4JA10	45 – 63	3NA3 822	63	00	3NE1 818-0	63	000	
30	(40)	6SE7026-0ED□1	3RV10 41-4KA10	57 – 75	3NA3 824	100	00	3NE1 820-0	80	000	
37	(50)	6SE7027-2ED□1	3RV1041-4LA10	70 – 90	3NA3 830	100	00	3NE1 021-0	100	00	
hassi	s units										
45	(60)	6SE7031-0EE□0	3VF32 11-1BU41-0AA0	100 – 125	3NA3 032	125	0	3NE1 021-0	100	00	
55	(75)	6SE7031-2EF□0	3VF33 11-1BX41-0AA0	160 -200	3NA3 036	160	0	3NE1 224-0	160	1	
75	(100)	6SE7031-8EF□0	3VF33 11-1BX41-0AA0	160 -200	3NA3 140	200	1	3NE1 225-0	200	1	
90	(120)	6SE7032-1EG□0	3VF42 11-1BM41-0AA0	200 -250	3NA3 144	250	1	3NE1 227-0	250	1	
10	(150)	6SE7032-6EG□0	3VF52 11-1BK41-0AA0	250 -315	3NA3 144	315	2	3NE1 227-0	250	1	
32	(175)	6SE7033-2EG□0	3VF52 11-1BK41-0AA0	250 -315	3NA3 252	315	2	3NE1 230-0	315	1	
60	(215)	6SE7033-7EG□0	3VF52 11-1BM41-0AA0	315 -400	3NA3 260	400	2	3NE1 332-0	400	2	
200	(270)	6SE7035-1EK□0	3VF62 11-1BK44-0AA0	400 -500	3NA3 365	500	3	3NE1 333-0	450	2	
250	(335)	6SE7036-0EK□0	3VF62 11-1BM44-0AA0	500 -600	3NA3 372	630	3	3NE1 435-0	560	3	
		5			SIMON	/ERT MASTE	RDRIVES	Motion Control			
		7						Motion Control P			

 Refer to catalog NS K.
 Use together for drive converters with a line inductance of ≥ 3 % referred to the drive converter impedance **Z**, i.e. when the ratio of the line short-circuit power to the converter output is **33:1** or 100:1 and an additional 2 % line reactor is used. For the 100 kA short-circuit rating, it may be necessary to use a fuse as listed in the NS K Catalog.

Unit impedance:  $Z = \frac{v_{\text{Line}}}{\sqrt{3} \cdot I_{\text{V_{Line}}}}$ 

- 2) Does not ensure total protection for the input rectifier of the unit.
- 3) The cable cross-sections must be dimensioned according to DIN VDE 0100, VDE 0298, Part 4, and as a function of the rated fuse currents.
- 4) Maximum possible protection permissible up to 25 A, i.e. gL 3NA3810 and gR 3NE 1815-0 with corresponding cable cross-section.
- 5) For single-axis applications. For multi-axis applications, see Section 6.

## Selection and ordering data

**Recommended line-side power options** 

## Compact PLUS units





#### Converters (continued)

Nominal power rating		Converter	Main conta AC contact		Commutating reactor <sup>2</sup> ) $V_D = 2 \%$			Radio-interference suppres	sion filter <sup>2</sup> )		
rating			AC1 duty min. 40 °C (min. 104 °f	Rated current		P <sub>v</sub> 50/60 Hz	Rated current		Class	Rated current	
kW	(HP)	Order No.	Order No.	А	Order No.	W	А	Order No.		А	
Suppl	y voltage	e 3-ph. 380 V to 4	80 V AC								
Compa	act PLUS (	units <sup>4</sup> )									
0.55	(0.75)	6SE7011-5EP□0	3RT10 15	16	4EP32 00-4US00	8/10	1.5	6SE7012-0EP87-0FB13)	B1	2	
1.1	(1.5)	6SE7013-0EP□0	3RT10 15	16	4EP32 00-5US00	12/18	3.0	6SE7016-0EP87-0FB13)	B1	6	
1.5	(2)	6SE7015-0EP□0	3RT10 15	16	4EP32 00-2US00	23/35	5.0	6SE7016-0EP87-0FB13)	B1	6	
3	(4)	6SE7018-0EP□0	3RT10 15	16	4EP34 00-2US00	35/38	9.1	6SE7021-2EP87-0FB13)	B1	12	
4	(5)	6SE7021-0EP□0	3RT10 15	16	4EP34 00-1US00	35/38	11.2	6SE7021-2EP87-0FB13)	B1	12	
5.5	(7.5)	6SE7021-4EP□0	3RT10 16	20	4EP35 00-0US00	45/48	16	6SE7021-8EP87-0FB13)	B1	18	
7.5	(10)	6SE7022-1EP□0	3RT10 16	20	4EP36 00-4US00	52/57	18	6SE7021-8EP87-0FB13)	В1	18	
11	(15)	6SE7022-7EP□0	3RT10 25	35	4EP36 00-5US00	52/57	28	6SE7023-4ES87-0FB1	B1	36	
15	(20)	6SE7023-4EP□0	3RT1034	45	4EP37 00-2US00	57/60	35.5	6SE7023-4ES87-0FB1	B1	36	
Compa	act units										
2.2	(3)	6SE7016-1EA□1	3RT10 15	16	4EP32 00-1US00	23/35	6.3	6SE7021-0ES87-0FB1	В1	12	
3	(4)	6SE7018-0EA□1	3RT10 15	16	4EP34 00-2US00	35/38	9.1	6SE7021-0ES87-0FB1	B1	12	
4	(5)	6SE7021-0EA□1	3RT10 15	16	4EP34 00-1US00	35/38	11.2	6SE7021-0ES87-0FB1	B1	12	
5.5	(7.4)	6SE7021-3EB□1	3RT10 16	20	4EP35 00-0US00	45/48	16	6SE7021-8ES87-0FB1	B1	18	
7.5	(10)	6SE7021-8EB□1	3RT10 16	20	4EP36 00-4US00	52/57	18	6SE7021-8ES87-0FB1	В1	18	
11	(15)	6SE7022-6EC□1	3RT10 25	35	4EP36 00-5US00	52/57	28	6SE7023-4ES87-0FB1	B1	36	
15	(20)	6SE7023-4EC□1	3RT1034	45	4EP37 00-2US00	57/60	35.5	6SE7023-4ES87-0FB1	B1	36	
18.5	(25)	6SE7023-8ED□1	3RT1034	45	4EP37 00-5US00	57/60	40	6SE7027-2ES87-0FB1	B1	80	
22	(30)	6SE7024-7ED□1	3RT1035	55	4EP38 00-2US00	67/71	50	6SE7027-2ES87-0FB1	B1	80	
30	(40)	6SE7026-0ED□1	3RT10 44	90	4EP38 00-7US00	67/71	63	6SE7027-2ES87-0FB1	B1	80	
37	(50)	6SE7027-2ED□1	3RT10 44	90	4EP39 00-2US00	82/87	80	6SE7027-2ES87-0FB1	B1	80	
Chassi	s units										
45	(60)	6SE7031-0EE□0	3RT10 45	100	4EP40 00-2US00	96/103	100	6SE7031-2ES87-0FA1	A1	120	
55	(75)	6SE7031-2EF□0	3RT1446	135	4EP40 00-6US00	96/103	125	6SE7031-8ES87-0FA1	A1	190	
75	(100)	6SE7031-8EF□0	3RT10 55	185	4EU25 52-4UA00-0AA0	187/201	200	6SE7031-8ES87-0FA1	A1	190	
90	(120)	6SE7032-1EG□0	3RT10 56	215	4EU25 52-4UA00-0AA0	187/201	200	6SE7031-8ES87-0FA1	A1	190	
110	(150)	6SE7032-6EG□0	3RT1456	275	4EU25 52-8UA00-0AA0	187/201	224	6SE7033-6ES87-0FA1	A1	320	
132	(175)	6SE7033-2EG□0	3RT10 65	330	4EU27 52-0UB00-0AA0	253/275	280	6SE7033-2ES87-0FA1	A1	320	
160	(215)	6SE7033-7EG□0	3RT10 65	330	4EU27 52-7UA00-0AA0	253/275	315	6SE7033-2ES87-0FA1	A1	320	
200	(270)	6SE7035-1EK□0	3RT1075	430	4EU30 52-5UA00-0AA0	334/367	560	6SE7036-0ES87-0FA1	A1	600	
250	(335)	6SE7036-0EK□0	3RT10 76	610	4EU30 52-5UA00-0AA0	334/367	560	6SE7036-0ES87-0FA1	A1	600	

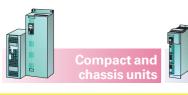
SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

<sup>1)</sup> Refer to catalog NS K.

<sup>2)</sup> Compliance of radio-interference suppression with EN 55 011 is only ensured in combination with the line commutating reactor  $V_D = 2$  %. With Compact PLUS filters, the line commutating reactor  $V_D = 2\%$  is integrated in the line filter.

<sup>3)</sup> Radio-interference suppression filters of type of construction Compact PLUS with commutating reactor  $V_D = 2$  % are integrated into the filter. No additional inverters for the converter have been taken into account.

<sup>4)</sup> For single-axis applications. For multi-axis applications, see Section 6.



## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Compact PLUS units

**Recommended line-side power options** 

#### Rectifier units

power	Rectifier unit	Switch disconnector <sup>2</sup> )		Switch disconnector fuse holders <sup>1</sup> ) <sup>2</sup> )	with		Fuse switch disconn	ectors <sup>1</sup> ) <sup>2</sup> )	
rating			Rated current		Rated current	Max. fuse size		Rated current	Max. fuse size
kW	Order No.	Order No.	А	Order No.	А		Order No.	А	
Supply	voltage 3-ph. 380 V to	480 V AC							
Compa	ct PLUS units								
15	6SE7024-1EP85-0AA0	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
50	6SE7031-2EP85-0AA0	3KA5330-1EE01	160	3KL53 30-1EB01	160	0; 1; 2	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1
100	6SE7032-3EP85-0AA0	3KA55 30-1EE01	250 <sup>8</sup> )	3KL55 30-1EB01	250	0; 1; 2	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1
Compa	ct and chassis units								
15	6SE7024-1EB85-0AA0	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL50 30-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
37	6SE7028-6EC85-0AA0	3KA51 30-1EE01	80	3KL5230-1EB01	125	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000
75	6SE7031-7EE85-0AA0	3KA5330-1EE01	160	3KL55 30-1EB01	250	0; 1; 2	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1
110	6SE7032-7EE85-0AA0	3KA55 30-1EE01	250	3KL55 30-1EB01	250	0; 1; 2	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1
160	6SE7033-8EE85-0AA0	3KA57 30-1EE01	400	3KL57 30-1EB01	400	1; 2	3NP53 60-0CA00	400	1; 2
200	6SE7034-6EE85-0AA0	3KA57 30-1EE01	400	3KL57 30-1EB01	400	1; 2	3NP53 60-0CA00	400	1; 2
250	6SE7036-1EE85-0AA0	3KA5830-1EE00	630	3KL61 30-1AB0	630	3	3NP54 60-0CA00	630	2; 3

Nominal power rating	Rectifier unit	Cable-protection fuses Duty class gL <sup>3</sup> ) <sup>4</sup> )			Semiconductor-protect Duty class gR <sup>3</sup> ) (incl. cable protection)	tion fuses		Main contactor/ AC contactor <sup>5</sup> )	
			Rated current	Size		Rated current	Size	AC1 duty 55 °C	Rated current
kW	Order No.	Order No.	А		Order No.	Α		Order No.	А
Supply	voltage 3-ph. 380 V to	480 V AC							
Compac	et PLUS units								
15	6SE7024-1EP85-0AA0	3NA3 817	40	00	3NE1 802-0	40	000	3RT1034	45
50	6SE7031-2EP85-0AA0	3NA3 032	125	1	3NE1 022-0	125	1	3RT10 54	160
100	6SE7032-3EP85-0AA0	3NA3 142	224	2	3NE1 227-0	250	1	3RT10 64	275
Compa	ct and chassis units								
15	6SE7024-1EB85-0AA0	3NA3 820	50	00	3NE1 802-0	40	000	3RT1034	45
37	6SE7028-6EC85-0AA0	3NA3 830	100	00	3NE1 820-0	80	000	3RT10 44	90
75	6SE7031-7EE85-0AA0	3NA3 140	200	1	3NE1 224-0	160	1	3TK50	190
110	6SE7032-7EE85-0AA0	3NA3 252	315	2	3NE1 227-0	250	1	3TK52	315
160	6SE7033-8EE85-0AA0	3NA3 260	400	2	3NE1 331-0	350	2	3TK54	380
200	6SE7034-6EE85-0AA0	3NA3 365	500	3	3NE1 332-0	400	2	3TK56	500
250	6SE7036-1EE85-0AA0	3NA3 372	630	3	3NE1 435-0	560	3	2 x 3TK52	567

power	Rectifier unit	Commutating reactor $V_D = 2 \%$			Commutating reactor $V_D = 4 \%$			Radio-interference suppression filter <sup>6</sup> ) <sup>7</sup> )	
rating		400/460 V 50/60 Hz	P <sub>v</sub> 50/60 Hz	Rated current	400/460 V 50/60 Hz	P <sub>v</sub> 50/60 Hz	Rated current		Class
kW	Order No.	Order No.	W	Α	Order No.	W	А	Order No.	
Supply	voltage 3-ph. 380 V to	480 V AC							
Compac	t PLUS units								
15	6SE7024-1EP85-0AA0	4EP37 00-2US00	57/60	35.5	4EP39 00-5US00	82/87	35.5	6SE7023-4ES87-0FB1	B1
50	6SE7031-2EP85-0AA0	4EU2452-2UA00-0AA0	154/163	160	4EU27 52-1UB00-0AA0	253/275	160	6SE7031-8ES87-0FA1	A1
100	6SE7032-3EP85-0AA0	4EU25 52-5UA00-0AA0	187/201	250	4EU30 52-7UA00-0AA0	334/367	280	6SE7033-2ES87-0FA1	A1
Compac	t and chassis units								
15	6SE7024-1EB85-0AA0	4EP37 00-2US00	57/60	35.5	4EP39 00-5US00	82/87	35.5	6SE7023-4ES87-0FB1	B1
37	6SE7028-6EC85-0AA0	4EP39 00-2US00	82/87	80	4EU2452-4UA00-0AA0	154/163	80	6SE7027-2ES87-0FB1	В1
75	6SE7031-7EE85-0AA0	4EU2452-2UA00-0AA0	154/163	160	4EU27 52-1UB00-0AA0	253/275	160	6SE7031-8ES87-0FA1	A1
110	6SE7032-7EE85-0AA0	4EU25 52-5UA00-0AA0	187/201	250	4EU30 52-7UA00-0AA0	334/367	280	6SE7033-2ES87-0FA1	A1
160	6SE7033-8EE85-0AA0	4EU27 52-7UA00-0AA0	253/275	315	4EU30 52-8UA00-0AA0	334/367	355	6SE7033-2ES87-0FA1	A1
200	6SE7034-6EE85-0AA0	4EU27 52-8UA00-0AA0	253/275	400	4EU3652-3UB00-0AA0	450/495	400	6SE7036-0ES87-0FA1	A1
250	6SE7036-1EE85-0AA0	4EU30 52-5UA00-0AA0	334/367	560	4EU3652-4UB00-0AA0	450/495	560	6SE7036-0ES87-0FA1	A1

- Switch disconnectors: Please take into account the size of the cable-protection and semiconductor-protection fuses!
- Can be optionally used, depending on requirements. For further information refer to Catalog NS K.
- 3) The cable cross-sections must be dimensioned according to DIN VDE 0100, VDE 0298, Part 4 and as a function of the rated fuse currents.
- 4) Does not ensure total protection for the input rectifier of the unit.
- 5) Refer to Catalog NS K.

- 6) Line supply suppression according to EN 61 800-3 can only be ensured with the line commutating reactor  $V_{\rm D}$  = 2 %.
- 7) Can only be used with TT and TN systems (earthed systems).
- 8) Output current via a two-busbar connection with 120 A per outgoing circuit.

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Compact and chassis units



Necessary/recommended line-side power options

#### AFE rectifier/regenerative units

Rated rectifier/	AFE inverter	AFE reactor	Supply connection module					
regenerative output at $\cos \varphi = 1$ and 400 V supply voltage	with CUSA closed- loop control board 6SE7090-0XX84-0BJ0			Rated current	Power loss	Weight, approx.	Dimensions supply connection module	Dimensions AFE reactor
P <sub>rated</sub>					$P_{\rm v}$		$W \times H \times D$	WxHxD
kW	Order No.	Order No.	Order No.	А	W	kg (lb)	$mm \times mm \times mm$ (in x in x in)	mm x mm x mm (in x in x in)
Supply vo	oltage 3-ph. 380 V AC	–20 % to 460 V +5 %						
Compact u	• •	_0 /0 10 100 0 10 /0						
6.8	6SE7021-0EA81	6SE7021-3ES87-1FG0 <sup>1</sup> )	-	13	17	8 (17.6)		270 x 250 x 196 (10.6 x 9.8 x 7.7)
9	6SE7021-3EB81	6SE7021-3ES87-1FG01)	-	13	23	8 (17.6)	_	270 x 250 x 196 (10.6 x 9.8 x 7.7)
12	6SE7021-8EB81	6SE7022-6ES87-1FG0 <sup>1</sup> )	-	26	30	12 (26.5)	_	300 x 250 x 185 (11.8 x 9.8 x 7.3)
17	6SE7022-6EC81	6SE7022-6ES87-1FG0 <sup>1</sup> )	-	26	43	12 (26.5)	_	300 x 250 x 185 (11.8 x 9.8 x 7.3)
23	6SE7023-4EC81	6SE7024-7ES87-1FG01)	-	47	58	20 (44.1)	_	360 x 300 x 185 (14.2 x 11.8 x 7.3)
32	6SE7024-7ED81	6SE7024-7ES87-1FG0 <sup>1</sup> )	-	47	80	20 (44.1)	_	360 x 300 x 185 (14.2 x 11.8 x 7.3)
40	6SE7026-0ED81	6SE7027-2ES87-1FG0 <sup>1</sup> )	-	72	100	32 (70.6)	_	380 x 300 x 196 (15.0 x 11.8 x 7.7)
49	6SE7027-2ED81	6SE7027-2ES87-1FG01)	-	72	123	32 (70.6)		380 x 300 x 196 (15.0 x 11.8 x 7.7)
Chassis uni	its							
63	6SE7031-0EE80	_	6SE7131-0EE83-2NA0	92	500	110 (242.6)	274 x 1310 x 408 (10.8 x 51.6 x 16.1)	300 x 267 x 212 ) (11.8 x 10.5 x 8.3)
85	6SE7031-2EF80	_	6SE7131-2EF83-2NA0	124	630	160 (352.8)	440 x 1310 x 470 (17.3 x 51.6 x 18.5)	355 x 340 x 212 ) (14.0 x 13.4 x 8.3)
100	6SE7031-5EF80	-	6SE7131-5EF83-2NA0	146	710	165 (363.8)	440 x 1310 x 470 (17.3 x 51.6 x 18.5)	355 x 340 x 272 ) (14.0 x 13.4 x 10.7)
125	6SE7031-8EF80	_	6SE7131-8EF83-2NA0	186	860	170 (374.6)	440 x 1310 x 470 (17.3 x 51.6 x 18.5)	355 x 340 x 278 ) (14.0 x 13.4 x 10.9)
143	6SE7032-1EG80	_	6SE7132-1EG83-2NA0	210	1100	235 (518.2)	580 x 1339 x 459 (22.8 x 52.7 x 18.1)	420 x 389 x 312 ) (16.5 x 15.3 x 12.3)
177	6SE7032-6EG80	_	6SE7132-6EG83-2NA0	260	1300	240 (529.2)	580 x 1339 x 459 (22.8 x 52.7 x 18.1)	420 x 389 x 312 ) (16.5 x 15.3 x 12.3)
214	6SE7033-2EG80	-	6SE7133-2EG83-2NA0	315	1500	295 (650.5)	580 x 1339 x 459 (22.8 x 52.7 x 18.1)	480 x 380 x 376 ) (18.9 x 15.0 x 14.8)
250	6SE7033-7EG80	_	6SE7133-7EG83-2NA0	370	1820	305 (672.5)	580 x 1339 x 459 (22.8 x 52.7 x 18.1)	480 x 380 x 376 ) (18.9 x 15.0 x 14.8)

Required components for compact units, description see Section 6.



## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Necessary/recommended line-side power options

Rated rectifier/ regenerative	AFE inverter with CUSA closed- loop control board 6SE7090-0XX84-0BJ0	Main contactor/ AC contactor <sup>1</sup> ) 230 V control		Precharging		Precharging		Supply voltage detection VSB
output at $\cos \varphi = 1$ and 400 V supply voltage $P_{\text{rated}}$			Rated current	Precharging contactor <sup>1</sup> ) with Compact AFE 24 V	Rated current	Resistor 3 required	Rated value	For DIN rail mounting with enclosure
kW	Order No.	Order No.	А	Order No.	А	Order No.	Ω	Order No.
Supply vo	ltage 3-ph. 380 V AC	-20 % to 460 V +5	%					
Compact u	nits							
6.8	6SE7021-0EA81	3RT10 15	16	3RT10 16BB4.	20	6SX7010-0AC81	22	6SX7010-0EJ00
9	6SE7021-3EB81	3RT10 16	20	3RT10 16BB4.	20	6SX7010-0AC81	22	6SX7010-0EJ00
12	6SE7021-8EB81	3RT10 16	20	3RT10 16BB4.	20	6SX7010-0AC81	22	6SX7010-0EJ00
17	6SE7022-6EC81	3RT10 25	35	3RT10 16BB4.	20	6SX7010-0AC80	10	6SX7010-0EJ00
23	6SE7023-4EC81	3RT1034	45	3RT10 16BB4.	20	6SX7010-0AC80	10	6SX7010-0EJ00
32	6SE7024-7ED81	3RT1035	55	3RT10 16BB4.	20	6SX7010-0AC80	10	6SX7010-0EJ00
40	6SE7026-0ED81	3RT10 44	90	3RT10 16BB4.	20	6SX7010-0AC80	10	6SX7010-0EJ00
49	6SE7027-2ED81	3RT10 44	90	3RT10 16BB4.	20	6SX7010-0AC80	10	6SX7010-0EJ00
Chassis uni								
63	6SE7031-0EE80			Integrated into th	117			
85	6SE7031-2EF80			Integrated into th				
100	6SE7031-5EF80			Integrated into th				
125	6SE7031-8EF80			Integrated into th	1117			
143	6SE7032-1EG80			Integrated into th	11.7			
177	6SE7032-6EG80			Integrated into th	117			
214	6SE7033-2EG80			Integrated into th				
250	6SE7033-7EG80			Integrated into th	e supply con	nection module		

Required components for compact units, description see Section 6.

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

## Compact and chassis units



#### **Recommended line-side power options**

AFE rectifier/regenerative units (cor	ntinued)
---------------------------------------	----------

Rated rectifier/ regenerative	AFE inverter with CUSA closed- loop control board 6SE7090-0XX84-0B.	h CUSA closed- with p control board E7090-0XX84-0BJ0 Rated			onnector ?)	ſ	Fuse load switch d	isconne	ctor <sup>1</sup> ) <sup>2</sup> )	Semiconductor protection fuses opteration class gR <sup>3</sup> ) incl. cable protection		
output at $\cos \varphi = 1$ and 400 V supply voltage $P_{\text{rated}}$			Rated cur- rent		Rated cur- rent	Max. fuse size		Rated cur- rent	Max. fuse size		Rated cur- rent	Max. fuse size
kW	Order No.	Order No.	Α	Order No.	А	Size	Order No.	А	Size	Order No.	Α	Size
Supply vo	ltage 3-ph. 380 V A	C-20 % to 460 V	+5 %									
Compact u	• .											
6.8	6SE7021-0EA81	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL50 30-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	3NE1813-0	16	000
9	6SE7021-3EB81	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL50 30-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	3NE1 814-0	20	000
12	6SE7021-8EB81	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	3NE1 815-0	25	000
17	6SE7022-6EC81	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	3NE1 803-0	35	000
23	6SE7023-4EC81	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	3NE1 802-0	40	000
32	6SE7024-7ED81	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL5030-1EB01	63	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	3NE1 818-0	63	000
40	6SE7026-0ED81	3KA5130-1EE01	80	3KL52 30-1EB01	125	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	3NE1 820-0	80	000
49	6SE7027-2ED81	3KA5130-1EE01	80	3KL52 30-1EB01	125	00	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	3NE1 820-0	80	000
Chassis uni	its											
63	6SE7031-0EE80			Integrat	ed into t	he supp	ly connection modu	le				
85	6SE7031-2EF80			Integrat	ed into t	he supp	ly connection modu	le				
100	6SE7031-5EF80			Integrat	ed into t	he supp	ly connection modu	le				
125	6SE7031-8EF80			Integrat	ed into t	he supp	ly connection modu	le				
143	6SE7032-1EG80			Integrat	ed into t	he supp	ly connection modu	le				
177	6SE7032-6EG80			Integrat	ed into t	he supp	ly connection modu	le				
214	6SE7033-2EG80			Integrat	ed into t	he supp	ly connection modu	le				
250	6SE7033-7EG80			Integrat	ed into t	he supp	ly connection modu	le				

Rated rectifier/ regenerative	AFE inverter with CUSA closed- loop control board 6SE7090-0XX84-0BJ	Radio-interference suppression filter		Clean Power Filter		
output at $\cos \varphi = 1$ and 400 V supply voltage $P_{\text{rated}}$			Class		Power loss	Base radio-interference suppression
kW	Order No.	Order No.		Order No.	W	Order No.
Supply vo	Itage 3-ph. 380 V A	.C –20 % to 460 V +5 %				
Compact u	• .					
6.8	6SE7021-0EA81	6SE7021-0ES87-0FB1	A1	6SE7021-0EB87-1	FC0 200	6SX7010-0FB10
9	6SE7021-3EB81	6SE7021-8ES87-0FB1	A1	6SE7021-8EB87-1	FC0 250	6SX7010-0FB10
12	6SE7021-8EB81	6SE7021-8ES87-0FB1	A1	6SE7021-8EB87-1	FC0 250	6SX7010-0FB10
17	6SE7022-6EC81	6SE7023-4ES87-0FB1	A1	6SE7022-6EC87-1	FC0 300	6SX7010-0FB10
23	6SE7023-4EC81	6SE7023-4ES87-0FB1	A1	6SE7023-4EC87-1	FC0 400	6SX7010-0FB10
32	6SE7024-7ED81	6SE7027-2ES87-0FB1	A1	6SE7024-7ED87-1	FC0 500	6SX7010-0FB10
40	6SE7026-0ED81	6SE7027-2ES87-0FB1	A1	6SE7027-2ED87-1	FC0 600	6SX7010-0FB10
49	6SE7027-2ED81	6SE7027-2ES87-0FB1	A1	6SE7027-2ED87-1	FC0 600	6SX7010-0FB10
Chassis un	ts					
63	6SE7031-0EE80	Option L00 for supply connection module	A1	Integrated in	nto the supply connect	tion module
85	6SE7031-2EF80	Option L00 for supply connection module	A1	Integrated in	nto the supply connect	tion module
100	6SE7031-5EF80	Option L00 for supply connection module	A1	Integrated in	nto the supply connect	tion module
125	6SE7031-8EF80	Option L00 for supply connection module	A1	Integrated in	nto the supply connect	tion module
143	6SE7032-1EG80	Option L00 for supply connection module	A1	Integrated in	nto the supply connect	tion module
177	6SE7032-6EG80	Option L00 for supply connection module	A1	Integrated in	nto the supply connect	tion module
214	6SE7033-2EG80	Option L00 for supply connection module	A1	Integrated in	nto the supply connect	tion module
250	6SE7033-7EG80	Option L00 for supply connection module	A1	Integrated in	nto the supply connect	tion module

Fuse switch-disconnectors: Please take into account the size of the cable-protection fuses and semiconductor protection fuses.

<sup>2)</sup> Can be optionally used, depending on your requirements. For further information, refer to Catalog NS K.

<sup>3)</sup> The cable cross-sections must be dimensioned acc. to DIN VDE 0100, VDE 0298, Part 4, and as a function of the rated fuse currents.



## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Compact PLUS units

**Recommended line-side power options** 

#### Rectifier/regenerative units, 25 % power-on duration in generating mode

power	Rectifier/ Switch disconnector <sup>2</sup> ) regenerative unit			Switch disconnectors with fuse holders <sup>1</sup> ) <sup>2</sup> )			Fuse switch-disconnectors <sup>1</sup> ) <sup>2</sup> )		
rating			Rated current		Rated current	Max. fuse size		Rated current	Max. fuse size
kW	Order No.	Order No.	А	Order No.	А		Order No.	А	
Supply	voltage 3-ph. 380 V to	480 V AC							
7.5	6SE7022-1EC85-1AA0	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL55 30-1EB01	250	0; 1; 2	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1
15	6SE7024-1EC85-1AA0	3KA5030-1EE01	63	3KL55 30-1EB01	250	0; 1; 2	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1
37	6SE7028-6EC85-1AA0	3KA51 30-1EE01	80	3KL55 30-1EB01	250	0; 1; 2	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1
75	6SE7031-7EE85-1AA0	3KA5330-1EE01	160	3KL55 30-1EB01	250	0; 1; 2	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1
90	6SE7032-2EE85-1AA0	3KA5530-1EE01	250	3KL55 30-1EB01	250	0; 1; 2	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1
132	6SE7033-1EE85-1AA0	3KA5730-1EE01	400	3KL57 30-1EB01	400	1; 2	3NP53 60-0CA00	400	1; 2
160	6SE7033-8EE85-1AA0	3KA57 30-1EE01	400	3KL57 30-1EB01	400	1; 2	3NP53 60-0CA00	400	1; 2
200	6SE7034-6EE85-1AA0	3KA57 30-1EE01	400	3KL61 30-1AB0	630	2;3	3NP54 60-0CA00	630	2; 3
250	6SE7036-1EE85-1AA0	3KA5830-1EE01	630	3KL61 30-1AB0	630	2;3	3NP54 60-0CA00	630	2; 3

Nominal power rating	Rectifier/ regenerative unit	Cable-protection f Duty class gL <sup>3</sup> ) <sup>4</sup> )	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			rotection fuse	Main contactor/ AC contactor <sup>5</sup> )		
			Rated current	Size		Rated current	Size	AC1 duty 55°C	Rated current
kW	Order No.	Order No.	А		Order No.	А		Order No.	А
Supply	voltage 3-ph. 380 V to	480 V AC							
7.5	6SE7022-1EC85-1AA0	3NA3 810	25	00	3NE4 101	32	0	3RT10 25	35
15	6SE7024-1EC85-1AA0	3NA3 820	50	00	3NE4 118	63	0	3RT1034	45
37	6SE7028-6EC85-1AA0	3NA3 830	100	00	3NE4 122	125	0	3RT10 44	90
75	6SE7031-7EE85-1AA0	3NA3 140	200	1	3NE3 227	250	1	3TK50	190
90	6SE7032-2EE85-1AA0	3NA3 144	250	1	3NE3 230-0B	315	1	3TK52	315
132	6SE7033-1EE85-1AA0	3NA3 252	315	2	3NE3 233	450	1	3TK52	315
160	6SE7033-8EE85-1AA0	3NA3 260	400	2	3NE3 333	450	2	3TK54	380
200	6SE7034-6EE85-1AA0	3NA3 365	500	3	3NE3 335	560	2	3TK56	500
250	6SE7036-1EE85-1AA0	3NA3 372	630	3	3NE3 338-8	800	2	2 x 3TK52	567

Switch disconnectors: Please take into account the size of the cable-protection and semiconductor-protection fuses!

<sup>2)</sup> Can be optionally used, depending on requirements. For further information refer to Catalog NS K.

<sup>3)</sup> Does not ensure total protection for the input rectifier of the unit.

<sup>4)</sup> The cable cross-sections must be dimensioned according to DIN VDE 0100, VDE 0298, Part 4 and as a function of the rated fuse currents.

<sup>5)</sup> Refer to Catalog NS K.

## Selection and ordering data

**Recommended line-side power options** 

Compact PLUS units







#### Rectifier/regenerative units, 25 % power-on duration in generating mode

power	Rectifier/ regenerative unit	Commutating reactor $V_D = 2 \%$			Commutating reactor $V_D = 4 \%$			Radio-interference suppression filter <sup>1</sup> ) <sup>2</sup> )	
rating		400/480 V 50/60 Hz	<i>P</i> <sub>v</sub> 50/60 Hz	Rated current	400/480 V 50/60 Hz	P <sub>v</sub> 50/60 Hz	Rated current		Class
kW	Order No.	Order No.	W	А	Order No.	W	А	Order No.	
Supply	voltage 3-ph. 380 V to	480 V AC							
7.5	6SE7022-1EC85-1AA0	4EP36 00-4US00	52/ 57	18	4EP37 00-7US00	57/ 60	18	6SE7023-4ES87-0FB1	B1
15	6SE7024-1EC85-1AA0	4EP37 00-2US00	57/ 60	35.5	4EP39 00-5US00	82/ 87	35.5	6SE7023-4ES87-0FB1	B1
37	6SE7028-6EC85-1AA0	4EP39 00-2US00	82/ 87	80	4EU2452-4UA00-0AA0	154/163	80	6SE7027-2ES87-0FB1	В1
75	6SE7031-7EE85-1AA0	4EU2452-2UA00-0AA0	154/163	160	4EU27 52-1UB00-0AA0	253/275	160	6SE7031-8ES87-0FA1	A1
90	6SE7032-2EE85-1AA0	4EU25 52-4UA00-0AA0	187/201	200	4EU27 52-2UB00-0AA0	253/275	200	6SE7031-8ES87-0FA1	A1
132	6SE7033-1EE85-1AA0	4EU27 52-0UB00-0AA0	253/275	280	4EU30 52-7UA00-0AA0	334/367	280	6SE7033-2ES87-0FA1	A1
160	6SE7033-8EE85-1AA0	4EU27 52-7UA00-0AA0	253/275	315	4EU30 52-8UA00-0AA0	334/367	355	6SE7033-2ES87-0FA1	A1
200	6SE7034-6EE85-1AA0	4EU27 52-8UA00-0AA0	253/275	400	4EU36 52-3UB00-0AA0	450/495	400	6SE7036-0ES87-0FA1	A1
250	6SE7036-1EE85-1AA0	4EU30 52-5UA00-0AA0	334/367	560	4EU36 52-4UB00-0AA0	450/495	560	6SE7036-0ES87-0FA1	A1

power	Rectifier/ regenerative unit	Regenerative autotransfor	rmer <sup>3</sup> )			Free-wheeling diode on the DC bus <sup>4</sup> )	Clamping cap
rating		25 % power-on duration 380 V to 415 V 50/60 Hz	P <sub>v</sub> 50/60 Hz	25 % power-on duration 440 V to 480 V 60 Hz	P <sub>v</sub> 50/60 Hz	Diode	
kW	Order No.	Order No.	kW	Order No.	kW	Order No.	Order No.
Supply	voltage 3-ph. 380 V to	480 V AC					
7.5	6SE7022-1EC85-1AA0	4AP25 95-0UA11-8AN2	0.35	4AP25 95-0UA21-8AN2	0.35	SKR 3 F 20/12	
15	6SE7024-1EC85-1AA0	4AP27 95-0UA01-8AN2	0.45	4AP27 95-0UA51-8AN2	0.45	SKR 3 F 20/12	
37	6SE7028-6EC85-1AA0	4AP30 95-0UA01-8AN2	0.65	4AP3095-0UA71-8AN2	0.65	SKR 60 F 12	
75	6SE7031-7EE85-1AA0	4AU39 95-0UA51-8AN2	2.20	4AU3695-0UA21-8AN2	1.70	SKR 60 F 12	
90	6SE7032-2EE85-1AA0	4AU39 95-0UA61-8AN2	2.20	4AU39 95-0UB01-8AN2	2.20	SKR 60 F 12	
132	6SE7033-1EE85-1AA0	4BU43 95-0UA41-8A	2.70	4BU43 95-0UA51-8A	2.70	2 x SKR 141 F 15	
160	6SE7033-8EE85-1AA0	4BU45 95-0UA61-8A	2.80	4BU45 95-0UA71-8A	2.80	2 x SKR 141 F 15	
200	6SE7034-6EE85-1AA0	4BU47 95-0UA61-8A	3.00	4BU47 95-0UA71-8A	3.00	2 x SKR 141 F 15	
250	6SE7036-1EE85-1AA0	4BU51 95-0UA31-8A	6.00	4BU51 95-0UA41-8A	6.00	D 689S 20 <sup>5</sup> ) <sup>6</sup> )	V 72-26.120M <sup>5</sup> ) <sup>6</sup> )

<sup>1)</sup> Compliance with radio-interference suppression to EN 61 800-3 can only be ensured in conjunction with a line commutating reactor of  $V_D=2~\%$ .

<sup>2)</sup> Can only be used with TT and TN systems (earthed systems).

<sup>3)</sup> Transformer: Cycle duration of 22 min, i.e. with 25 % power-on duration, maximum 5.5 min in regenerating mode, 16.5 min in rectifying mode.

<sup>4)</sup> See Engineering Information, Section 6. The diodes referred to are from the range of products supplied by SEMIKRON GmbH u. Co. KG, Sigmundstr. 200, D-90431 Nuremberg, Germany. Internet: www.semikron.com

<sup>5)</sup> Diode supplied as a disc diode with a clamping cap for mounting on a copper plate or copper rail.

<sup>6)</sup> See Engineering Information, Section 6. The diodes referred to are from the product range supplied by EUPEC GmbH u. Co. KG, Max-Planck-Str. 5, D-59581 Warstein, Germany. Internet: www.eupec.com



## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Recommended DC link power options5)

#### Inverter

Nomin power		Inverter	Fuse switch-disconnect for DC coupling <sup>1</sup> ) <sup>2</sup> )	tor		Inverter protection Duty class gR <sup>2</sup> )	fuse		Inverter protection f Duty class aR <sup>2</sup> )	use	
rating				$I_{\rm rated}$	Max. fuse size		$I_{rated}$	Size		$I_{\rm rated}$	Size
kW	(HP)	Order No.	Order No.	Α		Order No.	А		Order No.	Α	
Comp	act units										
2.2	(3)	6SE7016-1TA513)	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	2 x 3NE1 814-0 <sup>4</sup> )	20	000	2 x 3NE8 015 <sup>4</sup> )	25	00
3	(4)	6SE7018-0TA513)	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	2 x 3NE1 815-04)	25	000	2 x 3NE8 015 <sup>4</sup> )	25	00
4	(5)	6SE7021-0TA513)	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	2 x 3NE1 815-04)	25	000	2 x 3NE8 0154)	25	00
5.5	(7.5)	6SE7021-3TB513)	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	2 x 3NE1 803-04)	35	000	2 x 3NE8 017 <sup>4</sup> )	50	00
7.5	(10)	6SE7021-8TB513)	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	2 x 3NE1 817-04)	50	000	2 x 3NE8 0174)	50	00
11	(15)	6SE7022-6TC513)	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	2 x 3NE1 818-04)	63	000	2 x 3NE8 0204)	80	00
15	(20)	6SE7023-4TC513)	3NP40 10-0CH01	100	000	2 x 3NE1 820-04)	80	000	2 x 3NE8 020 <sup>4</sup> )	80	00
18.5	(25)	6SE7023-8TD513)	3NP40 70-0CA01	160	00	2 x 3NE1 021-04)	100	00	2 x 3NE8 0224)	125	00
22	(30)	6SE7024-7TD513)	3NP40 70-0CA01	160	00	2 x 3NE1 022-04)	125	00	2 x 3NE8 0224)	125	00
30	(40)	6SE7026-0TD513)	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1	2 x 3NE1 224-04)	160	0	2 x 3NE8 024 <sup>4</sup> )	160	00
37	(50)	6SE7027-2TD513)	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1	2 x 3NE1 224-04)	160	0	2 x 3NE8 024 <sup>4</sup> )	160	00
Chass	is units										
45	(60)	6SE7031-0TE50	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1	_			2 x 3NE3 224	160	1
55	(75)	6SE7031-2TF50	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1	_			2 x 3NE3 227	250	1
75	(100)	6SE7031-8TF50	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1	-			2 x 3NE3 227	250	1
90	(120)	6SE7032-1TG50	3NP43 70-0CA01	400	1; 2	_			2 x 3NE3 230-0B	315	1
110	(150)	6SE7032-6TG50	3NP44 70-0CA01	630	2; 3	_			2 x 3NE3 233	450	1
132	(175)	6SE7033-2TG50	3NP44 70-0CA01	630	2;3	_			2 x 3NE3 233	450	1
160	(215)	6SE7033-7TG50	3NP44 70-0CA01	630	2;3	_			2 x 3NE3 334-0B	500	2
200	(270)	6SE7035-1TJ50	3NP44 70-0CA01	630	2; 3	_			2 x 3NE3 336	630	2
250	(335)	6SE7036-0TJ50	2 x 3NP53 60-0CA00	400	1; 2	_			2 x 2 x 3NE3 233 <sup>3</sup> )	450	1

<sup>1)</sup> See Catalog "Low-Voltage Switchgear". The rated insulation voltage is valid for pollution degree 3 according to DIN VDE 0110, Part 1. The conditions of use, however, are according to pollution degree 2. The rated insulation voltage is therefore ≥ 1000 V.

<sup>2)</sup> Bear in mind the size of the fuses when selecting the fuse disconnector.

<sup>3)</sup> DC fuses contained in the inverter unit as standard features.

<sup>4)</sup> The fuses are necessary only if separate protection of the inverters is required. In that case, the inverters should be ordered with option L33.

<sup>5)</sup> The Compact PLUS inverters can be connected to the DC link via a coupling module. The power options for the DC link are to be dimensioned according to the total inverter output.

## Selection and ordering data

Recommended DC link power options1)

## Compact PLUS units





#### Inverter

Nomina power	al	Inverter	Contactor for inverter from	disconnecting the the DC bus <sup>1</sup> )	Precharging resistors			Free-wheeling diode on the DC bus	Clamping cap
rating				$I_{rated}$		Quantity per inv.	R <sub>rated</sub>	Diode	
kW	(HP)	Order No.	Order No.	А	Order No.		W	Order No.	Order No.
Compa	act units								
2.2	(3)	6SE7016-1TA51	3RT13 25	1 x 30	6SX7010-0AC06	2	27	SKR 3 F 20/12 <sup>2</sup> )	
3	(4)	6SE7018-0TA51	3RT13 25	1 x 30	6SX7010-0AC06	2	27	SKR 3 F 20/122)	
4	(5)	6SE7021-0TA51	3RT13 25	1 x 30	6SX7010-0AC06	2	27	SKR 3 F 20/12 <sup>2</sup> )	
5.5	(7.5)	6SE7021-3TB51	3RT13 25	1 x 30	6SX7010-0AC06	2	27	SKR 3 F 20/122)	
7.5	(10)	6SE7021-8TB51	3RT13 25	2 x 27	6SX7010-0AC06	2	27	SKR 3 F 20/122)	
11	(15)	6SE7022-6TC51	3RT13 25	2 x 27	6SX7010-0AC06	2	27	SKR 60 F 12 <sup>2</sup> )	
15	(20)	6SE7023-4TC51	3RT13 25	2 x 27	6SX7010-0AC06	2	27	SKR 60 F 12 <sup>2</sup> )	
18.5	(25)	6SE7023-8TD51	3RT13 25	2 x 27	6SX7010-0AC06	2	27	SKR 60 F 12 <sup>2</sup> )	
22	(30)	6SE7024-7TD51	3RT1336	2 x 50	6SX7010-0AC06	2	27	SKR 60 F 12 <sup>2</sup> )	
30	(40)	6SE7026-0TD51	3RT13 44	2 x 81	6SX7010-0AC07	2	27	SKR 141 F 15 <sup>2</sup> )	
37	(50)	6SE7027-2TD51	3RT13 44	2 x 81	6SX7010-0AC07	2	27	SKR 141 F 15 <sup>2</sup> )	
Chassi	s units								
45	(60)	6SE7031-0TE50	3RT13 44	2 x 81	6SX7010-0AC08	2	15	SKR 141 F 15 <sup>2</sup> )	
55	(75)	6SE7031-2TF50	3RT13 46	2 x 108	6SX7010-0AC08	2	15	SKR 141 F 15 <sup>2</sup> )	
75	(100)	6SE7031-8TF50	3TK10	2 x 162	6SX7010-0AC08	2	15	SKR 141 F 15 <sup>2</sup> )	
90	(120)	6SE7032-1TG50	3TK10	2 x 162	6SX7010-0AC10	2	10	SKR 141 F 15 <sup>2</sup> )	
110	(150)	6SE7032-6TG50	3TK10	2 x 162	6SX7010-0AC10	2	10	2 x SKR 141 F 15 <sup>2</sup> )	
132	(175)	6SE7033-2TG50	3TK11	2 x 207	6SX7010-0AC10	2	10	2 x SKR 141 F 15 <sup>2</sup> )	
160	(215)	6SE7033-7TG50	3TK12	2 x 243	6SX7010-0AC10	2	10	2 x SKR 141 F 15 <sup>2</sup> )	
200	(270)	6SE7035-1TJ50	3TK13	2 x 279	6SX7010-0AC10	2	10	2 x SKR 141 F 15 <sup>2</sup> )	
250	(335)	6SE7036-0TJ50	3TK14	2 x 423	6SX7010-0AC10	2	10	D 689S 20 <sup>3</sup> ) <sup>4</sup> )	V 72-26.120M <sup>3</sup> )

## Recommended power options for braking units and braking resistors

#### Components for braking units

Nominal power	Components for braking units <sup>5</sup> )	Fuse switch-disconne	ector for DC cou	pling	Fuses for braking units	Fuses for braking units				
rating P <sub>20</sub>			Rated current	Max. fuse size		Rated current	Size			
kW	Order No.	Order No.	А		Order No.	А				
DC link volt	age 510 V DC to 650 V DC									
5	6SE7018-0ES87-2DA0	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1	2 x 3NE4 101	32	0			
10	6SE7021-6ES87-2DA0	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1	2 x 3NE4 101	32	0			
20	6SE7023-2EA87-2DA0	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1	2 x 3NE4 102	40	0			
50	6SE7028-0EA87-2DA0	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1	2 x 3NE4 121	100	0			
100	6SE7031-6EB87-2DA0	3NP42 70-0CA01	250	0; 1	2 x 3NE3 225	200	1			
170	6SE7032-7EB87-2DA0	3NP53 60-0CA00	400	0; 1	2 x 3NE3 230-0B	315	1			

Refer to Catalog "Switchgear and Systems".
 Rated insulation voltage with pollution degree 2 according to DIN VDE 0110, Part 1, 1000 V.

See Engineering Information, Section 6. The diodes referred to are from the range of products supplied by SEMIKRON GmbH u. Co. KG, Sigmundstr. 200, D-90431 Nuremberg, Germany. Internet: www.semikron.com

<sup>3)</sup> Diode supplied as a disc diode with a clamping cap for mounting on a copper plate or copper rail.

<sup>4)</sup> See Engineering Information, Section 6.
The diodes referred to are from the product range supplied by EUPEC GmbH u. Co. KG, Max-Planck-Str. 5, D-59581 Warstein, Germany. Internet: www.eupec.com

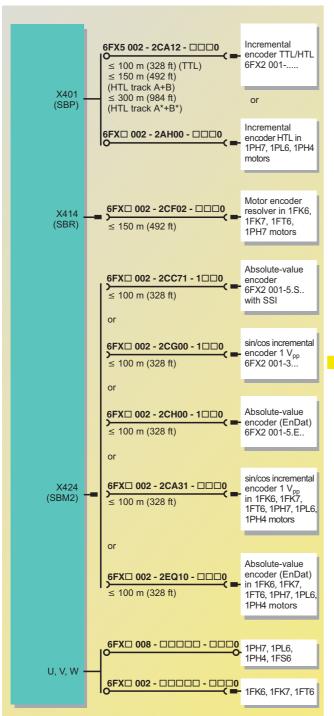
<sup>5)</sup> The braking units connected in parallel to a DC voltage busbar or several converters are to be protected with the fuses indicated.

Compact PLUS units

Selection and ordering data

**Connecting systems** 

#### Connection overview



#### Current carrying capacity $(I_z)$ of PVC-insulated copper conductors acc. to IEC 60 204-1: 1997 ++ Corrigendum 1998

mm <sup>2</sup>	B1	B2	С	E
0.75	7.6	_	_	_
1.0	10.4	9.6	11.7	11.5
1.5	13.5	12.2	15.2	16.1
2.5	18.3	16.5	21	22
4	25	23	28	30
6	32	29	36	37
10	44	40	50	52
16	60	53	66	70
25	77	67	84	88
35	97	83	104	114
50	_	_	123	123
70	_	_	155	155
95	_	_	192	192
120	_	_	221	221
Electronics (pairs)				
0.2	_	_	4.0	4.0
0.3	_	_	5.0	5.0
0.5	_	_	7.1	7.1
0.75	-	_	9.1	9.1

#### Correction factors

Ambi	ent air temperature	Correction factor
°C	(°F)	
30	(86)	1.15
35	(95)	1.08
40	(104)	1.00
45	(113)	0.91
50	(122)	0.82
55	(131)	0.71
60	(140)	0.58

Note: The correction factors are taken from IEC 60 364-5-523, table 52-D1.

The current carrying capacity Iz of PVC-insulated conductors is specified in the table above for an ambient air temperature of +40 °C (104°F). For other ambient temperatures, the values

must be corrected with the correction factors from the table above.

This standard applies also to PUR cables.

## Selection and ordering data

**Connecting systems** 

Compact **PLUS** units



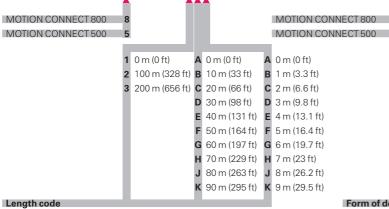


#### Power cables for 1FK., 1FT6, 1PH.

#### 6FX□ 002-5CA... without braking cable, with shield

#### 6FX□ 008-1BB... without braking cable, with shield

	Con- nector size	Prefabricated cables	$D_{max}$		Cable by the meter	Weight	')	Smalles missible ing radio	e bend-
mm²		Order No.	6FX8 mm (in)	6FX5 mm (in)	Order No.	6FX8 kg/m (lb/ft)	6FX5 kg/m (lb/ft)	6FX8 mm (in)	6FX5 mm (in)
4 x 1.5	1 1.5	6FX□ 002-5CA01-□□□0 6FX□ 002-5CA21-□□□0	10.4 (0.41)	10.1 (0.4)	6FX□ 008–1BB11–□□A0	0.16 (0.11)	0.18 (0.12)	100 (3.94)	185 (7.28)
4 x 2.5	1 1.5	6FX□ 002-5CA11-□□□0 6FX□ 002-5CA31-□□□0	12.1 0.48)	11.5 (0.45)	6FX□ 008–1BB21–□□A0	0.24 (0.16)	0.24 (0.16)	120 (4.72)	210 (8.27)
4 x 4	1.5	6FX□ 002–5CA41–□□□0	13.2 (0.52)	13.3 (0.52)	6FX□ 008–1BB31–□□A0	0.31 (0.21)	0.32 (0.22)	130 (5.12)	240 (9.45)
4 x 6	1.5	6FX□ 002–5CA51–□□□0	16 (0.63)	15.6 (0.61)	6FX□ 008–1BB41–□□A0	0.43 (0.29)	0.46 (0.31)	170 (6.69)	285 (11.22)
4 x 10	3 1.5	6FX□ 002-5CA13-□□□0 6FX□ 002-5CA61-□□□0	19.4 (0.76)	20.0 (0.79)	6FX□ 008–1BB51–□□A0	0.63 (0.42)	0.73 (0.49)	210 (8.27)	360 (14.17)
4 x 16	3	6FX□ 002–5CA23–□□□0	23.6 (0.93)	24.2 (0.96)	6FX□ 008–1BB61–□□A0	0.95 (0.64)	1.1 (0.74)	260 (10.24)	440 (17.32)
4 x 25	-	-	-	28.0 (1.1)	6FX 5 008–1BB25–□□A0	-	1.42 (0.95)	_	505 (19.88)
4 x 35	-	-	-	31.5 (1.24)	6FX 5 008–1BB35–□□A0	-	1.87 (1.26)	_	570 (22.44)
4 x 50	-	_	-	38.0 (1.5)	<b>6FX 5 008–1BB50–</b> □□ <b>A0</b> <sup>2</sup> )	-	3.42 (2.3)	_	685 (26.97)
4 x 70	-	-	-	42.6 (1.68)	<b>6FX 5 008–1BB70–</b> □□ <b>A0</b> <sup>2</sup> )	-	4.12 (2.77)	-	770 (30.31)
4 x 95	-	-	-	51.7 (2.04)	<b>6FX 5 008–1BB05–</b> □□ <b>A0</b> <sup>2</sup> )	-	4.78 (3.21)	_	935 (36.81)
4 x 120	-	-	-	56.0 (2.2)	6FX 5 008–1BB12–□□A0 <sup>2</sup> )	-	6.11 (4.11)	_	1010 (39.76)
4 x 150	-	-	-	63.0 (2.48)	6FX 5 008–1BB15–□□A0 <sup>2</sup> )	-	7.75 (5.21)	-	1135 (44.69)
4 x 185	-	-	-	66.2 (2.61)	6FX 5 008–1BB18–□□A0²)	-	9.45 (6.35)	-	1195 (47.05)



1 m (3.3 ft): . . . - 1 A B 0 Example:

8 m (26.2 ft): . . . - 1 A J 0 17 m (55.8 ft): . . . - 1 B H 0  $59\,m$  (193.5 ft): . . . - 1 F K 0 111 m (364.2 ft): . . . - 2 B B 0 262 m (859.8 ft): ... - 3 G C 0

#### 1) Weight of cables sold by the meter excluding connector.

1 ft) 4 ft)	2 A	100 m (328 ft)	Rings (for deviations, see table)
7 ft)	3 A	200 m (656 ft)	Disposable drum (not for cables > 10 mm²)
2 ft) 5 ft)	6 A	500 m (1640 ft)	Disposable drum (not for cables > 10 mm²)
Form of delivery			

**1 B** 10 m (33 ft)

**1 F** 50 m (164 ft)

Rings (25, 35, 50 mm<sup>2</sup>)

(for deviations, see table)

#### **Deviations from form of delivery**

6FX . 008-	50 m (164 ft) (-1FA0)	100 m (328 ft) (-2AA0)
-1BA25	Disposable drum	Disposable drum
-1BA35	Disposable drum	Disposable drum
-1BA50	Disposable drum	Disposable drum
-1BA51/-1BB51		Disposable drum
-1BA61/-1BB61		Disposable drum

The cross-sections 25, 35 and 50 mm<sup>2</sup> can also be ordered and delivered by the meter from 10 m (33 ft) to 49 m (161 ft) (according to the length code of the prefabricated cables) and in 10 m (33 ft) rings.

<sup>2)</sup> For a cable cross-section ≥ 50 mm² and a cable length of 50 m (164 ft), 100 m (328 ft) and 200 m (656 ft), the cables are supplied on drums.



Selection and ordering data

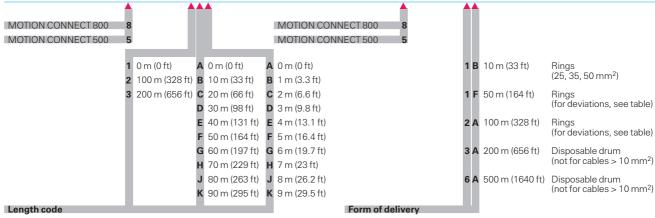
**Connecting systems** 

#### 6FX□ 002-5DA... with braking cable, with shield

#### 6FX□ 008-1BA... with braking cable, with shield

	Con- nector size	Prefabricated cables	$D_{max}$		Cable by the meter	Weight <sup>1</sup>	1)	Smalles missible ing radiu	bend-
mm²		Order No.	6FX8 mm (in)	6FX5 mm (in)	Order No.	6FX8 kg/m (lb/ft)	6FX5 kg/m (lb/ft)	6FX8 mm (in)	6FX5 mm (in)
4 x 1.5 + 2 x 1.5	1 1.5	6FX□ 002–5DA01–□□□0 6FX□ 002–5DA21–□□□0	12.9 (0.51)	13.1 (0.52)	6FX□ 008-1BA11-□□A0	0.25 (0.17)	0.22 (0.15)	125 (4.92)	240 (9.45)
4 x 2.5 + 2 x 1.5	1 1.5	6FX□ 002–5DA11–□□□0 6FX□ 002–5DA31–□□□0	14.2 (0.56)	14.2 (0.56)	6FX□ 008–1BA21–□□A0	0.31 (0.21)	0.28 (0.19)	140 (5.51)	260 (10.24)
4 x 4 + 2 x 1.5	1.5	6FX□ 002–5DA41–□□□0	15.3 (0.6)	15.9 (0.63)	6FX□ 008-1BA31-□□A0	0.4 (0.27)	0.36 (0.24)	150 (5.91)	290 (11.42)
$4 \times 6 + 2 \times 1.5$	1.5	6FX□ 002–5DA51–□□□0	17.8 (0.7)	16.9 (0.67)	6FX□ 008-1BA41-□□A0	0.53 (0.36)	0.54 (0.36)	195 (7.68)	305 (12.01)
4 x 10 + 2 x 1.5	3 1.5	6FX□ 002–5DA13–□□□0 6FX□ 002–5DA61–□□□0	20.8 (0.82)	21.7 (0.85)	6FX□ 008-1BA51-□□A0	0.74 (0.5)	0.75 (0.5)	230 (9.06)	395 15.55
4 x 16 + 2 x 1.5	3	6FX□ 002–5DA23–□□□0	24.7 (0.97)	24.2 (0.95)	6FX□ 008–1BA61–□□A0	1.10 (0.74)	1.10 (0.74)	275 (10.83)	440 (17.32)
$4 \times 25 + 2 \times 1.5$	3	6FX□ 002–5DA33–□□□0	27.9 (1.1)	29.4 (1.16)	6FX□ 008-1BA25-□□A0	1.46 (0.98)	1.56 (1.05)	325 (12.8)	530 (20.87)
	3	6FX□ 002-5DA43-□□□0	32 (1.26)	32.6 (1.28)	6FX□ 008-1BA35-□□A0	2.10 (1.41)	2.01 (1.35)	380 (14.96)	590 (23.23)
$4 \times 50 + 2 \times 1.5$	3	6FX□ 002–5DA53–□□□0	35.8 (1.41)	38.0 (1.5)	6FX□ 008-1BA50-□□A0	2.75 (1.85)	3.30 (2.22)	420 (16.54)	685 (26.97)

Compact PLUS units



1 m (3.3 ft): . . . - 1 A B 0 Example:

 $8\,m$  (26.2 ft): . . . - 1 A J 0 17 m (55.8 ft): . . . - 1 B H 0  $59 \, m \, (193.5 \, ft)$ : . . . - 1 F K 0 111 m (364.2 ft): . . . - 2 B B 0 262 m (859.8 ft): ... - 3 G C 0

#### **Deviations from form of delivery**

6FX . 008-	50 m (164 ft)(-1FA0)	100 m (328 ft) (-2AA0)
-1BA25	Disposable drum	Disposable drum
-1BA35	Disposable drum	Disposable drum
-1BA50	Disposable drum	Disposable drum
-1BA51/-1BB51		Disposable drum
-1BA61/-1BB61		Disposable drum

The cross-sections 25, 35 and 50 mm<sup>2</sup> can also be ordered and delivered by the meter from 10 m (33 ft) to 49 m (161 ft) (according to the length code of the prefabricated cables) and in 10 m (33 ft) rings.

<sup>1)</sup> Weight of cables sold by the meter excluding connector.

## Selection and ordering data

Compact PLUS units





#### **Connecting systems**

#### Encoder cables for connecting to motors with HTL incremental encoder (1024 p/r and 2048 p/r)<sup>1</sup>)

#### Cable design and pin assignment

Converter side	Motion Control			Cable by the meter 6FX . 008–1BD21		Measurement system side
	PIN	PIN	Signal name	Signal name	PIN	
Cable end cut off	71		* B	* B	1	Plug type: 6FX2 003-0CE12
	63	30	KTY84 +	KTY84 +	2	
	72	26	ZERO TRACK	ZERO TRACK	3	
	73		* ZERO TRACK	* ZERO TRACK	4	
	68	24	А	А	5	
	69		* A	* A	6	DA65-5157a
	74	27	CTRL TACHO	CTRL TACHO	7	
	70	25	В	В	8	
	61	23	0 V	0 V	10	
	62	29	KTY84 –	KTY84 –	11	- FO O
	60	28	15 V	15 V	12	
			Outer s	hield on plug housing	yes	
Cable extension type 6FX			the cable automaion con			Pl.,,, 6, ,,,, 6, CV0, 002, 00540
Plug type: 6FX2 003–1CF12	PIN assig	nment of	the cable extension cor	responding to the base cable		Plug type: 6FX2 003-0CE12
S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S						SN S
10000000000000000000000000000000000000						DAGS-5161

#### Selection and ordering data



<sup>1)</sup> Cable length ≤ 150 m (492 ft) without transmission of the inverted signals and cable length



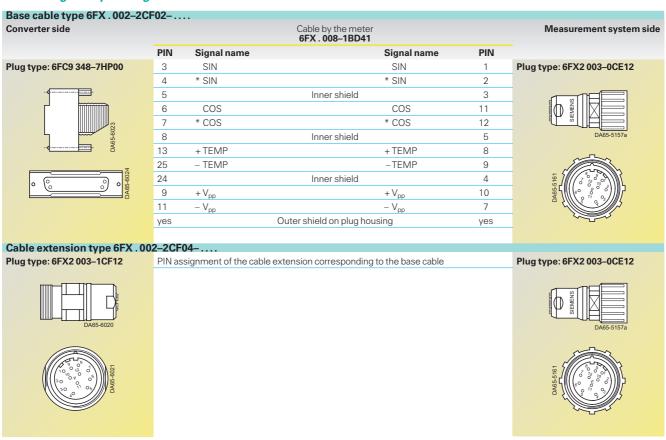
## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Compact PLUS units

**Connecting systems** 

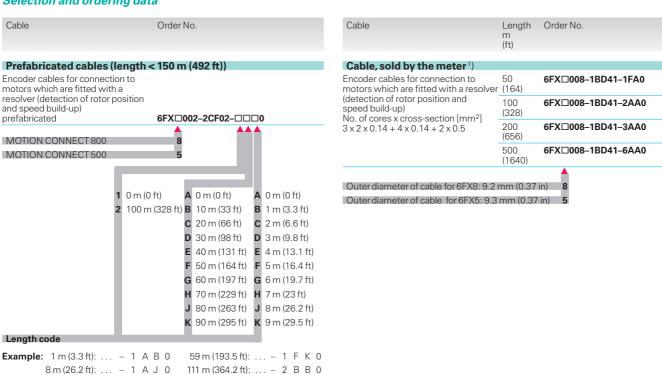
#### Encoder cables for connection to motors with a 2-pole/multi-pole resolver

#### Cable design and pin assignment



#### Selection and ordering data

17 m (55.8 ft): ... - 1 B H 0



<sup>1)</sup> Maximum permissible length of the prefabricated cables for the resolvers: 150 m (492 ft).

Selection and ordering data

Compact **PLUS** units

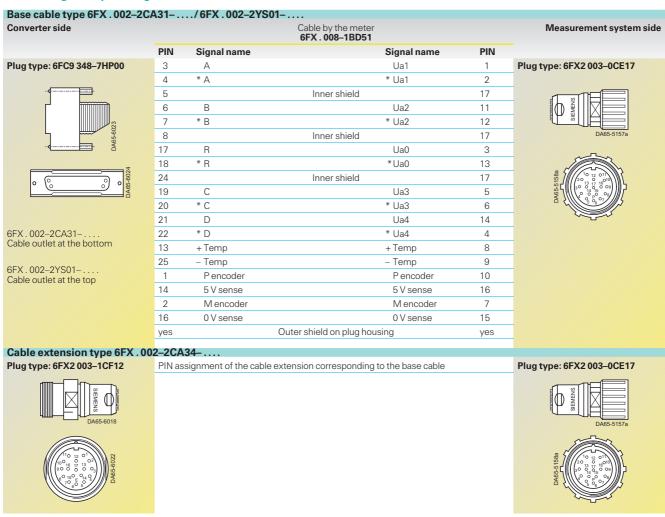




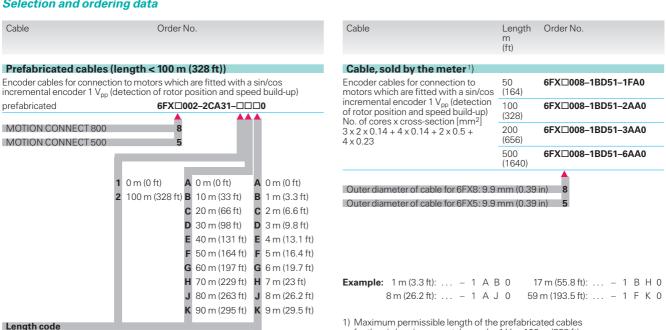
#### **Connecting systems**

#### Encoder cables for connection to motors with a sin/cos incremental encoder 1 V<sub>DD</sub>

#### Cable design and pin assignment



#### Selection and ordering data



<sup>1)</sup> Maximum permissible length of the prefabricated cables for the sin/cos incremental encoder 1  $V_{pp}$ : 100 m (328 ft).



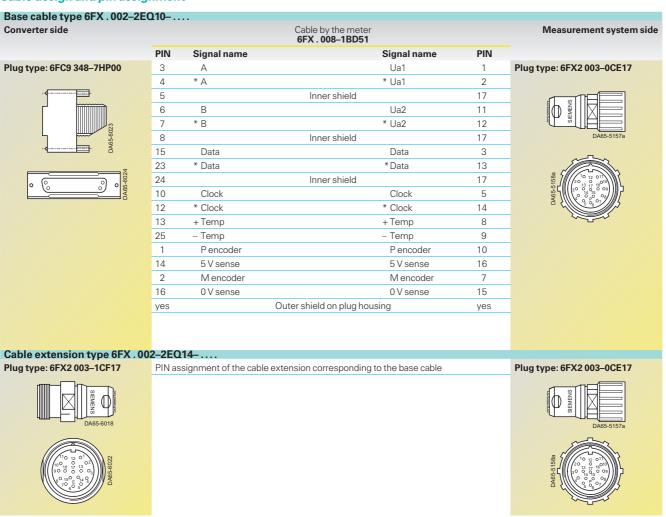
Selection and ordering data

**Connecting systems** 

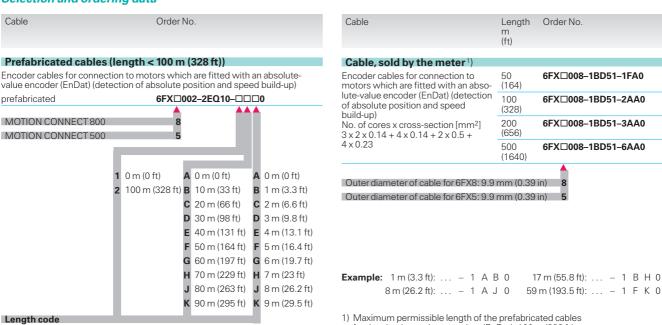
#### Encoder cables for connection to motors with an absolute-value encoder (EnDat)

PLUS units

#### Cable design and pin assignment



#### Selection and ordering data



Selection and ordering data

#### **Mechanical system components**

## **Compact PLUS units**



Compact and chassis units



## Enclosures for increasing the degree of protection of chassis units

The units can also be supplied with fitted enclosures.

See Section "Other options."

Description	Size	Order No.	Dimensions W x H x D	Weight
			mm (in)	kg (lb)
IP20 enclosures (retrofit ki	it)			
For converters and inverters without PMU <sup>1</sup> )	E F G	6SE7090-0XE87-3AC0 6SE7090-0XF87-3AC0 6SE7090-0XG87-3AC0	270 x 1050 x 370 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.6) 360 x 1050 x 370 (14.2 x 41.3 x 14.6) 508 x 1450 x 480 (20 x 57.1 x 18.9)	15 (33.1) 17 (37.5) 25 (55.1)
For rectifier units	Е	6SE7090-0XE85-0TC0	270 x 1050 x 370 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.6)	15 (33.1)
For rectifier/regenerative units without PMU¹)	E	6SE7090-0XE85-1TC0	270 x 1050 x 370 (10.6 x 41.3 x 14.6)	15 (33.1)

## G-rail for mounting the compact units

Supplier <sup>2</sup> )	Length	Order No.
G-rail to EN 50 035, steel		
Phönix Contact, Blomberg	2 m (6.6 ft)	12 01 002
Wieland, Bamberg	2 m (6.6 ft)	98.190.0000.0
Weidmüller GmbH u. Co., Paderborn	5 x 2 m (16.4 x 6.6 ft)	05 1440
Weidmüller GmbH u. Co., Paderborn	10 x 1 m (32.8 x 3.3 ft)	05 1441

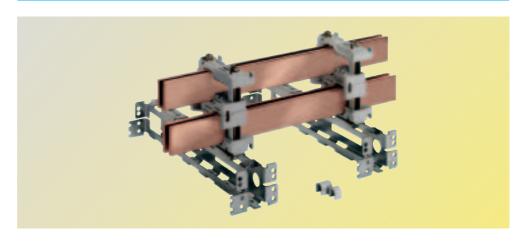
DIN rail 35 mm for mounting the interface modules e.g.: ATI, DTI, SCI

Supplier <sup>2</sup> )	Length	Order No.
DIN rail acc. to EN 50 022		
Siemens AG	0.5 m (1.6 ft)	8GR4 926
Siemens AG	1 m (3.3 ft)	8GR4 928

#### Bus retaining system

The following standard components are designed to provide a DC bus system up to 1800 A. The DC bus can either be mounted in or on top of the cabinet.

The bus bar retaining elements are designed to hold copper bus bars with dimensions from 10 mm x 30 mm (0.4 in x 1.2 in) up to 10 mm x 60 mm (0.4 in x 2.4 in).



Cabinet width	Number of retaining elements
600 mm (23.6 in)	2
900 mm (35.4 in)	3
1200 mm (47.2 in)	4

## Connecting adapter for cable shields – for compact units

Size

The shield of the load-side cable and the shields of an additional 8 control cables can be connected here. Radio-interference suppression to EN 61 800-3 can thus be maintained with noise-suppression filter and line commutating reactor.

Bus retaining elements for 50 and 60 mm (2.0 and 2.4 in) buses	6SE7090-0XX87-3CD0
Bus retaining elements for 30 and 40 mm (1.2 and 1.6 in) buses	6SE7090-0XX87-3CB0
Bus retaining system	
Designation	Order No.

Order No.

Connecting adapter for cable shields incl. shield clamp for power lines				
6SE70A	6SE7090-0XA87-3CA1			
6SE70B	6SE7090-0XB87-3CA1			
6SE70C	6SE7090-0XC87-3CA1			
6SE70D	6SE7090-0XD87-3CA1			

#### Shield clamps to connect control-cable shields

Designation	Order No.	
Shield clamps		
Shield clamps, quantity = 15	6SY7000-0AD60	

The retrofit kit contains all the mechanical components and cables. The PMU of the basic unit is to be built into the front door.

<sup>2)</sup> Located in Germany.



## Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Operator control, visualization and communication with SIMATIC

#### The OP1S comfort operator control panel

The OP1S operator control panel is an optional input/output unit which can be used for parameterizing the drive units. Plain text displays greatly facilitate parameterization.

For a more detailed description of the OP1S operator control panel, see Section 6 "Operator control and visualization".

Designation		Order No.
OP1S control panel		6SE7090-0XX84-2FK0
AOP1S adapter for cabinet-door mounting incl. 5 m (16.4 ft) connecting cable		6SX7010-0AA00
Connecting cable PMU-OP1S	3 m (9.8 ft)	6SX7010-0AB03
Connecting cable PMU-OP1S	5 m (16.4 ft)	6SX7010-0AB05

#### APMU adapter for cabinet-door mounting

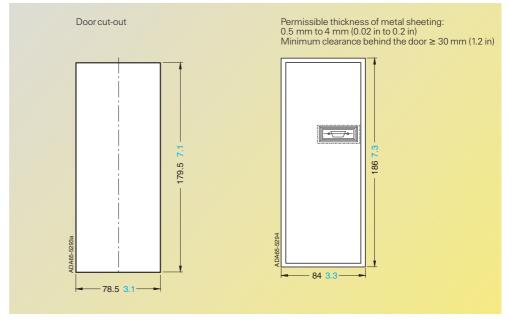
The PMU parameterizing unit included in the standard version of all drive units can also be built into a cabinet door using an APMU adapter.

For dimensions and door cut-out, see below.

#### Note:

The OP1S operator control panel can also be plugged onto the APMU.

Designation	Order No.
APMU adapter for cabinet-door mounting incl. 2 m (6.6 ft) cable	6SX7010-0AA10



AOP1S/APMU adapter and door cut-out

### Selection and ordering data

Operator control, visualization and communication with SIMATIC

**Compact PLUS units** 





#### Communication package for SIMATIC S5

The SIMATIC optional software package "DVA\_S5" is available for integrating variable-speed drives such as SIMOREG and SIMOVERT into the higher-level control system STEP 5 (version ≥ 6.0) of SIMATIC S5.

This software supports communication between SIMATIC and Siemens drive units (SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES) via PROFIBUS DP and the USS protocol. It enables the SIMATIC programmer to integrate communication with the drives into his control program without the need for detailed knowledge of the indicated communication systems, SIMATIC communication and the mechanisms of drive-related user data transfer. The user thus reduces programming time and costs.

Example programs are available for demonstrating the required configuration steps and can also be directly adopted by the user in his application.

For a detailed description, see Section 6 "SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES in the world of automation."

Detailed documentation on every software component is included in the scope of supply.

Scope of supply												
	Order No.	Supplied as	Documentation									
"DVA S5" option software for SIMATIC S5 (STEP 5 > V 6.0)												
"PROFIBUS DP" communication software for S5-95U/DP-Master S5-115 155U with IM308-B/C	6DD1800-0SW0	3.5" floppy disk	German/English									
"USS Protocol" communication software for S5-95/S5-100 with CP 521Si S5-115 to S5-155 Liwith CP 524												

## Example of the user interface for a drive using PPO type 1 (SIMATIC S5, PROFIBUS DP communication)

DBW n	Communication control word	(KSTW)	Communication of	Communication control				
DBW n + 2	Internal							
DBW n + 4	Communication indicator wor	<sup>-</sup> d	Communication tracking					
DBW n + 6	Internal		PKW attempt cou	PKW attempt counter				
DBW n + 8	Pafe 1-byte, Pafe 2-byte		Parameter error					
DBW n + 10	Parameter ID	PKE						
DBW n + 12	Index	IND	Intermediate mer	Intermediate memory for current PKW task				
DBW n + 14	Parameter value 1	PWE1						
DBW n + 16	Parameter value 2	PWE2						
DBW n + 18	Parameter ID	PKE						
DBW n + 20	Index	IND	PKW area					
DBW n + 22	Parameter value 1	PWE1						
DBW n + 24	Parameter value 2	PWE2		transmit mailbox				
DBW n + 26	Control word (STW)	PZD1	PZD area					
DBW n + 28	Main setpoint (HSW)	PZD2						
DBW n + 30	Parameter ID	PKE						
DBW n + 32	Index	IND	PKW area					
DBW n + 34	Parameter value 1	PWE1						
DBW n + 36	Parameter value 2	PWE2		receive mailbox				
DBW n + 38	Status word (ZSW)	PZD1	PZD area					
DBW n + 40	Main actual value (HIW)	PZD2	<del></del>					
(n = 2, 4, 6)								

#### Software requirements

 STEP 5 – from version 6.x (DVA\_S5).

#### Software functions

One or more data blocks form the user interface (see overview above) for the transfer of user data between the SIMATIC program and the drives.

Two function blocks are available for transmitting and receiving these user data.

A further function block supports generation and presetting of the data blocks necessary for communication. The performance characteristics are as follows:

- Generation of data blocks for communication depending on the configured bus configuration
- Presetting of these data blocks
- Cyclic user data transfer
- Execution and monitoring of parameter tasks.



Compact and chassis units

## Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Operator control, visualization and communication with SIMATIC

#### Start-up, parameterization and diagnostics with DriveMonitor

The DriveMonitor computer program can be used for control and visualization of SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES by means of a graphic user interface.

For a more detailed description of DriveMonitor, see Section 6 "Operator control and visualization."

Designation	Order No.	Supplied as
DriveMonitor Version ≥ 5.1 for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES with documentation (operating instructions, Compendium, 5 languages)		
Supplied separately	6SX7010-0FA10	CD-ROM
Interface converter SU1 RS 232 C – RS 485, incl. mounting accessories; Power supply: 115/230 V AC	6SX7005-0AA00	-
Combination cable for the firmware boot function and DriveMonitor (RS 232 C). Pre-assembled signal cables with a boot switch integrated in the cable connector housing for boating firmware. In addition, the cable can be used for DriveMonitor (RS 232 C). Length 3 m (9.8 ft).	9AK1012-1AA00	-

### Selection and ordering data

**Engineering system Drive ES** 

Compact PLUS units



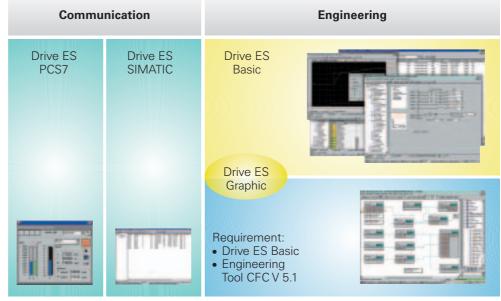


#### Engineering package Drive ES

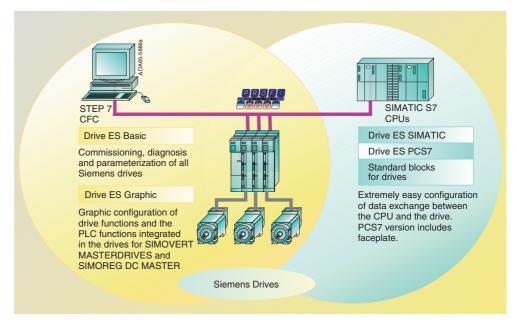
With Drive ES (*Dr*ive Engineering System) the SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES series can be fully integrated into the SIMATIC automation world with regard to communication, configuring and data management.

Drive ES consists of four individually available software packages: Drive ES Basic, Drive ES Graphic, Drive ES SIMATIC and Drive ES PCS7.

- Drive ES Basic is the basic software for assigning parameters to all drives online and offline, and the basis for the Drive ES Graphic software.
- Drive ES Graphic is the software for the graphic online and offline configuring of BICO function blocks. Requirements are an installed Drive ES Basic and an installed SIMATIC CFC
   ≥ V 5.1 (graphic programming tool, see Catalog ST 70, Industrial software).
- Drive ES SIMATIC requires an installed STEP 7. It provides its own SIMATIC library, allowing simple and reliable programming of the PROFIBUS DP interface in the SIMATIC CPU for the drives.
- Drive ES PCS7 requires an installed SIMATIC PCS7, version 5.0 or greater. Drive ES PCS7 provides a library with function blocks for the drives and the associated faceplates for the operator station. It is therefore possible for an operator to control the drives from the PCS7 process control system.



Product structure Drive ES



Distribution of tasks for the Drive ES packages

Compact and



Compact PLUS units

### SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

**Engineering system Drive ES** 

#### Drive ES Basic

- Drive ES is based on the user interface of the STEP 7 manager.
- Parameters and charts of drives are available in the STEP 7 manager (system-wide data management).
- Drive ES ensures the unique assignment of parameters and charts to a drive.
- Archiving of a SIMATIC project including drive data

- Facility for using SIMATIC Teleservice (V5)
- Communication via PROFIBUS DP or USS with the drive

#### **Functions**

- Trace evaluation for SIMOVERT MASTER-**DRIVES**
- Reading out of the fault memory for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES

- Upread and download of parameter sets (as a complete file or as difference file from factory setting)
- Free assembly and editing of parameter sets
- Utilization of script files
- Controlled commissioning for SIMOVERT MASTER-**DRIVES**

#### Installation with STEP 7

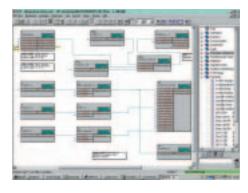
Drive ES Basic can be installed as an option for STEP 7 (≥ V 5.0), becoming homogeneously integrated in the SIMATIC environment.

#### Installation without STEP 7

Drive ES Basic can also be installed without STEP 7, by providing its own drive manager (based on the SIMATIC manager).

#### Drive ES Graphic

- Function charts are saved drive-specific in SIMATIC CFC format
- Configuring of drive functions in BICO technology with SIMATIC CFC
- Offline functionality
- Test mode (online functionality) with Change connection, Change value, Activate block
- Readback and reverse documentation
- For SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES Vector Control software version ≥ 3.2 and Motion Control software version ≥ 1.3.



Graphic programming with Drive ES Graphic and CFC

#### Drive ES SIMATIC

- Provides function blocks and examples of projects for the SIMATIC CPU which handle communication via PROFIBUS DP or USS with Siemens drives.
- Communication set-up via parameters as opposed to programming.

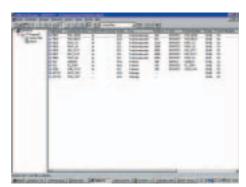
#### **Features**

- Blocks in STEP 7 design; symbolic addressing; function blocks with entity data, online help
- Can be used in all SIMATIC programming and configuring environments such as LAD, FBD, STL, SCL, CFC.

• New block structure: modular individual functions for runtimeoptimized programming

#### **Block functions**

- Writing and reading of process data of freely configurable length and consistency
- Cyclic and acyclic exchange of parameters, monitoring of communication, reading out of fault memory from SIMOVERT MASTÉR-**DRIVES**
- Parameter download via the CPU to the drive.



Integration of the drives into the STEP 7 manager

• Complete reparameterization after converter exchange at the push of a button from the CPU.

#### Drive ES PCS7

- Incorporates the drives with PROFIBUS DP-interface in PCS 7.
- For use with STEP 7 or PCS 7,  $\geq$  V 5.

#### **Block functions**

• Image and control blocks for incorporating drives in PCS 7 (SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES with speed interface).

### Selection and ordering data

#### **Engineering system Drive ES**

Compact **PLUS** units





#### Integration of drives in SIMATIC S7 with Drive ES

Drive ES Basic is used for convenient start-up, servicing and diagnostics of Siemens drives. It can be integrated in STEP 7 or installed on a PC/PG as a stand-alone version. For the stand-alone version. Drive ES Basic installs a drive manager instead of the SIMATIC manager but the drive manager has the same look and feel. For integrated installation as an option for STEP 7, the basic STEP 7 version as indicated in the ordering data must be used.

In conjunction with the SIMATIC tool CFC (Continuous Function Chart), Drive ES Graphic is an option for Drive ES Basic and used for the graphic configuring of functions provided in SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES (base unit, free block and technology functions). Prerequisite: A Drive ES Basic V 5 and a CFC > V 5.1 must already have been installed on the computer.

Drive ES SIMATIC makes SIMATIC block libraries available, so that configuring the communication between SIMATIC S7 and Siemens drives (e.g. SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES) only involves simple parameter assignment. Drive ES SIMATIC replaces the DVA\_S7 software package for all STEP 7 versions ≥ V 5.0 and can also be installed and used independently, i.e. without Drive ES Basic

Drive ES PCS7 provides a block library with image and control blocks with which Siemens drives (e.g. SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES) can be integrated in the SIMATIC PCS7 process control system on the basics of a speed interface. The drives can then be controlled and visualized from the operator station (OS) via the drive

faceplates. The PCS7 library can also be used independently, i.e. without Drive ES Basic, under PCS7 versions V 5.0 and V 5.1.

Scope of supply			
	Order No.	Supplied as	Documentation
Software packages Drive ES · Ins	tallation as integrated on	tion for STFP 7 from	version > V 5 0
Drive ES Basic V 5.01) Single license	6SW1700-0JA00-0AA0	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
Drive ES Graphic V 5.0 Single license	6SW1700-0JB00-0AA0	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
Drive ES SIMATIC V 5.0 Single license	6SW1700-0JC00-0AA0	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
Software packages Drive ES · Ins	tallation as integrated op	tion for STEP 7 from	version ≥ V 5.1
Drive ES Basic V 5.11) Single license	6SW1700-5JA00-1AA0	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
Drive ES Basic V 5.1 <sup>1</sup> ) copy license (60 installations)	6SW1700-5JA00-1AA1	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
Drive ES Graphic V 5.1 Single license	6SW1700-5JB00-1AA0	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
Drive ES SIMATIC V 5.1 Single license	6SW1700-5JC00-1AA0	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
Drive ES PCS7 V 5.1 Single license	6SW1700-5JD00-1AA0	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
Software packages Drive ES · Ins	tallation as integrated op	tion for STEP 7 from	version ≥ V 5.2
Drive ES Basic V 5.21) Single license	6SW1700-5JA00-2AA0	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
Drive ES Basic Upgrade¹) V 5.x → V 5.2 Single license	6SW1700-5JA00-2AA4	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
<b>Drive ES Basic V 5.2</b> <sup>1</sup> ) copy license (60 installations)	6SW1700-5JA00-2AA1	1 CD-ROM + Copy license contract	five standard languages
Drive ES Graphic V 5.2 Single license	6SW1700-5JB00-2AA0	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
Drive ES Graphic Upgrade V 5.x → V 5.2 Single license	6SW1700-5JB00-2AA4	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
Drive ES SIMATIC V 5.3 Single license	6SW1700-5JC00-3AA0	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
Drive ES SIMATIC Upgrade V 5.x → V 5.3 Single license	6SW1700-5JC00-3AA4	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
<b>Drive ES SIMATIC V 5.x</b> Copy/runtime license	6SW1700-5JC00-1AC0	Product document only (w/o software and documentation)	five standard languages
Drive ES PCS7 V 5.2 Single license	6SW1700-5JD00-2AA0	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
Drive ES PCS7 Upgrade V 5.x → V 5.2 Single license	6SW1700-5JD00-2AA4	1 CD-ROM	five standard languages
<b>Drive ES PCS7 V 5.x</b> Copy/runtime license	6SW1700-5JD00-1AC0	Product document only (w/o software and documentation)	five standard languages

#### Contents of the Drive ES SIMATIC package

- Communication software "PROFIBUS DP" for
- 67-300 with CPUs with integrated DP interface (block libraries DRVDPS7, POSMO) S7-400 with CPUs with integrated DP interface or with CP443-5 (block libraries DRVDPS7, POSMO) S7-300 with CP342-5 (block library DRVDPS7C)

Communication software "USS-Protocoll" for S7-200 with CPU 214/CPU 215/CPU 216 (driver program DRVUSS2 for programming tool STEP 7-micro) S7-300 with CP 340/341 and S7-400 with CP 411 (block library DRVUSSS7)

STEP 7 Slave object manager

for convenient configuration of drives as well as for acyclic PROFIBUS DP communication with the drives, support for conversion of DVA\_S7 for Drive ES projects (only from V 5.1)

• SET-UP program for installation of the software in the STEP 7 environment

#### Contents of the Drive ES PCS7 package (the PCS7 package can be used with the PCS7 versions V 5.0 and V 5.1)

• Block library for SIMATIC PCS7

Image and control blocks for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES VC and MC as well as MICRO-/MIDIMASTER 3rd and 4th generation

- STEP 7 Slave object manager
  - for convenient configuration of drives as well as for acyclic PROFIBUS DP communication with the drives
- SETUP program for software installation in the PCS7 environment

<sup>1)</sup> Drive ES Basic can also be installed stand-alone without STEP 7 (for details see accompanying

Compact and chassis units



Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

**Engineering system Drive ES** 

#### Software update service Drive ES

A software update service can also be purchased for the Drive ES software. The user automatically receives the current software, service packs and complete versions for one year after the date of ordering.

Duration of the update service: 1 year.

6 weeks before expiry, the customer and his Siemens contact will be informed in writing that this period is about to expire. If the customer does not cancel the update service, it is automatically extended by another year.

The update service can only be ordered if the customer already has a complete version of the software.

Scope of supply	
	Order No.
Software update service	
Drive ES Basic	6SW1700-0JA00-0AB2
Dilivo EO Baolo	03W1700-03A00-0ADZ
Drive ES Graphic	6SW1700-0JB00-0AB2

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Selection and ordering data

Compact PLUS units





## **Motion Control Motor selection**



**Motors with** SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

#### Selection

Motors - Compact PLUS units Compact and chassis units

Synchronous servomotors

- 1FK6
- 1FK7

4/4

4/12

- 1FT6 air-cooled
- 1FT6 water-cooled

Asynchronous servomotors

• 1PH7

#### Motor selection

## Motors with SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control
converters are specially
designed for driving various
types of three-phasemotors

They are to the Si
motors,
they can
high-per
systems

They are optimally matched to the Siemens servomotors, together with which they can be used to create high-performance drive systems.

## Compact PLUS units



Compact and chassis units



#### Siemens servomotors

A drive system consisting of a SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES Motion Control converter and a 1FT6/1FK. synchronous motor or 1PH7/1PL6 compact asynchronous motor is the optimal drive for servo applications.

1PH4 water-cooled asynchronous motors with the high IP65 degree of protection can also be used for these applications.

A selection of 1FT6/1FK. and 1PH7 servomotors with appropriate converters can be found from page 4/4 onwards.



Fig. 4/1 1FK6 synchronous servomotor



Fig. 4/2 1FK7 synchronous servomotor



Fig. 4/3 Explosion-proof servomotor 1FS6



Fig. 4/4 1FT6 synchronous servomotor



Fig. 4/5 1PH7 asynchronous servomotor



Fig. 4/6 1PL6 asynchronous servomotor

#### Siemens standard asynchronous motors

The SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES Motion Control converters can also be used with 1LA5/1LA6/1LA7 asynchronous motors. The drives can be operated in VIf control mode as well as in n = speed control and  $\tau$  = torque control modes. It should be remem-

bered that the 1LA motors will go into the fieldweakening mode at about 15 % below the rated speed.

For a detailed selection of motors, refer to Catalog M11.



Fig. 4/7 1LA . standard asynchronous motor

#### Synchronous motors for V/f operation

The "Vf control" mode is also possible with SIEMOSYN type 1FU motors, which are designed as internal rotors or external rotor designs. These motors are especially suitable for applications in the synthetic

and natural-fiber industry as well as in the printing industry.

For a detailed selection of motors, refer to Catalog DA 48.



Fig. 4/8 SIEMOSYN motor



Compact PLUS units **Motor selection** 

**Motors with SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Contro** 

#### Motors from other manufacturers

SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES Motion Control converters can be operated with motors from other manufac-

If motors from other manufacturers are used, the following applies:

- The insulation system must be designed for pulsewidth modulation with 510 V to 650 V DC.
- The encoder system (e.g. incremental encoder, resolver) must be suitable for use with the SIMOVERT
- **MASTERDRIVES Motion** Control converters.

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

- Temperature evaluation is possible with KTY 84 and PTC.
- It is recommended that a trial with SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control converters is carried out with a demonstration case, or in our test laboratories.

#### Overload capacity of the drives with 1FT6/1FK, motors

The overload capacity relates to the motor torque which is possible at  $1.6 \times \text{ or } 3 \times 1$ the rated current of the converter. Depending on the combination of converter

and motor, this motor torque may be limited due to the maximum permissible motor current.

When higher speeds are approached, the overload ca-

pacity is limited by the voltage limit curve. The following relationship applies for the assignment of converter to 1FT6/1FK6/1FK7 motor:

 $I_0 \leq I_{n \text{ conv}}$ with  $I_0$  = stall current of the motor and  $I_{n conv}$  = rated current of the converter.

#### Overload capacity of the drives with 1PH7 motors

The overload capacity relates to the motor torque which is possible at 1.6 x the rated converter current.

This only applies to the constant-flux range. The following relationship applies for the assignment of converter to 1PH7 motor:

 $I_{\text{rated}} \leq I_{\text{n conv}}$ with  $I_{\text{rated}}$  = rated current of the motor and  $I_{n conv}$  = rated current of the converter.

#### Important supplementary information

The maximum output voltage of the SIMOVERT **MASTERDRIVES Motion Control converters is** 0.86 x the line voltage.

The maximum fieldweakening mode with asynchronous motors is 1:2.

In this catalog, SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control converters are assigned to Siemens servomotors.

For the 1FT6 synchronous servomotors, so-called core types with appropriately short delivery times, have been suggested with the following features:

- IM B5 type of design (or IM V1, IM V3)
- Degree of protection IP65
- Sin/cos incremental encoder 1 V<sub>pp</sub> or absolute-value encoder (EnDat)
- Without/with holding brake
- Smooth shaft extension
- Radial eccentricity tolerance N
- Level of vibration N
- Power socket connector. transverse, to the right.

## **Motor selection**

Motor selection Compact PLUS units



#### Inverters with 1FK6 synchronous servomotors

Motor d	ata for	a 100 K temperature incre	ase								Converte	r data
Rated speed	Size	Motor	Rated torque	Rated current	Stall torque	Stall current	Rated power	Moment of inertia without brake	Weight without brake	Plug size for power cable	Rated current	Inverter
n <sub>rated</sub>			τ <sub>rated</sub> Nm	$I_{rated}$	τ <sub>0</sub> Nm	$I_0$	P <sub>rated</sub> kW	<i>J</i> x 10 <sup>-3</sup> kam²	kg		$I_{ m nconv}$	
rpm		Order No.	$(lb_f in)$	А	$(lb_f in)$	А	(HP)	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in-s <sup>2</sup> )	(lb)		А	Order No.
Supply	v volta	age 3-ph. 400 V to 480	V AC fo	r SIMOVE	RT MAS	TERDRIV	/ES Moti	ion Control				
3000	48	1FK6 042–6AF71–1	2.6 (23)	2.4	3 (26.6)	2.6	0.82 (1.1)	0.33 (0.0029)	5 (11)	1	4	6SE7 014-0TP□0
	63	1FK6 060-6AF71-1	4 (35)	3.1	6 (53)	4.3	1.26 (1.69)	0.86 (0.0076)	9 (19.8)	1	6.1	6SE7 016-0TP□0
	63	1FK6 063-6AF71-1	6 (53)	4.7	11 (97)	7.9	1.88 (2.52)	1.61 (0.0142)	13.2 (29.1)	1	10.2	6SE7 021-0TP□0
	80	1FK6 080-6AF71-1	6.8 (60)	5.2	8 (71)	5.8	2.14 (2.87)	1.5 (0.0133)	12.5 (27.6)	1	6.1	6SE7 016-0TP□0
	80	1FK6 083-6AF71-1	10.5 (93)	7.7	16 (142)	10.4	3.3 (4.42)	2.73 (0.0242)	17 (37.5)	1	13.2	6SE7 021–3TP□0
	100	1FK6 100-8AF71-1	12 (106)	8.4	18 (159)	12.2	3.77 (5.05)	5.53 (0.0489)	21 (46.3)	1	13.2	6SE7 021–3TP□0
	100	1FK6 101-8AF71-1	15.5 (137)	10.8	27 (239)	17.5	4.87 (6.53)	7.99 (0.0707)	26 (57.3)	1.5	17.5	6SE7 021-8TP□0
	100	1FK6 103-8AF71-1	16.5 (146)	11.8	36 (319)	23.5	5.18 (6.94)	10.5 (0.0929)	30 (66.1)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6TP□0
6000	36	1FK6 032-6AK71-1	0.8 (7)	1.5	1.1 (10)	1.7	0.5 (0.67)	0.07 (0.0006)	2.9 (6.4)	1	2	6SE7 012-0TP□0
	48	1FK6 040-6AK71-1	0.8 (7)	1.75	1.6 (14)	2.8	0.5 (0.67)	0.18 (0.0016)	3.7 (8.2)	1	4	6SE7 014–0TP□0

For detailed motor information, please refer to Catalog DA 65.3.

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

# Compact PLUS units

## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Motor selection

Motor selection

#### Inverters with 1FK7 synchronous servomotors

Motor d	ata for	a 100 K temperature incre	ease								Converte	r data
Rated speed	Size	Motor	Rated torque	Rated current	Stall torque	Stall current	Rated power	Moment of inertia without brake	Weight without brake	Plug size for power cable	Rated current	Inverter
$n_{\rm rated}$			τ <sub>rated</sub> Nm	$I_{rated}$	$ au_0$ Nm	$I_0$	P <sub>rated</sub> kW	<i>J</i> x 10 <sup>-3</sup> kam²	kg		$I_{ m nconv}$	
rpm		Order No.	$(lb_f in)$	А	$(lb_f in)$	А	(HP)	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in-s <sup>2</sup> )	(lb)		Α	Order No.
1FK7 C	T (Co	mpact) - Supply volt	age 3-ph	. 400 V to	480 V A	C for SIM	<b>OVERT</b> I	MASTERDRI	VES Mot	ion Contr	rol	
3000	48	1FK7 042–5AF71–1	2.6 (23)	1.95	3 (26.5)	2.2	0.82 (1.1)	0.301 (0.0027)	4.8 (10.6)	1	4	6SE7 014-0TP□0
	63	1FK7 060-5AF71-1	4.7 (41.6)	3.7	6 (53)	4.5	1.48 (2)	0.795 (0.007)	8 (17.6)	1	6.1	6SE7 016-0TP□0
	63	1FK7 063-5AF71-1	7.3 (64.6)	5.6	11 (97)	8	2.29 (3.1)	1.51 (0.0134)	14 (30.9)	1	10.2	6SE7 021-0TP□0
	80	1FK7 080-5AF71-1	6.8 (60.2)	4.4	8 (71)	4.8	2.14 (2.9)	1.5 (0.0132)	11.3 (24.9)	1	6.1	6SE7 016-0TP□0
	80	1FK7 083-5AF71-1	10.5 (93)	7.4	16 (142)	10.4	3.3 (4.4)	2.73 (0.0242)	14 (30.9)	1	13.2	6SE7 021–3TP□0
	100	1FK7 100-5AF71-1	12 (106)	8	18 (159)	11.2	3.77 (5.1)	5.53 (0.0489)	18.9 (41.7)	1	13.2	6SE7 021–3TP□0
	100	1FK7 101–5AF71–1	15.5 (137)	11.8	27 (239)	19	4.87 (6.5)	7.99 (0.0707)	25 (55.1)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6TP□0
	100	1FK7 103-5AF71-1	20.5 <sup>1</sup> ) (181)	16.5 <sup>1</sup> )	36 (319)	27.5	5.37 <sup>1</sup> ) (7.2)	10.5 (0.0929)	29 (63.9)	1.5	34	6SE7 023-4TP□0
4500	63	1FK7 060-5AH71-1	3.7 (32.8)	4.1	6 (53)	6.2	1.74 (2.3)	0.795 (0.0007)	8 (17.6)	1	6.1	6SE7 016-0TP□0
	63	1FK7 063-5AH71-1	5 <sup>2</sup> ) (44.2)	6.1 <sup>2</sup> )	11 (97)	12	2.09 <sup>2</sup> ) (2.8)	1.51 (0.0134)	12 (26.5)	1	13.2	6SE7 021–3TP□0
	80	1FK7 080-5AH71-1	4.5 (39.8)	5.6	8 (71)	7.4	2.38 (3.2)	1.5 (0.0132)	11,3 (24.9)	1	10.2	6SE7 021-0TP□0
	80	1FK7 083-5AH71-1	8.3 <sup>3</sup> ) (73.5)	9 <sup>3</sup> )	16 (142)	15	3.04 <sup>3</sup> ) (4.1)	2.73 (0.0242)	14 (30.9)	1	17.5	6SE7 021-8TP□0
6000	28	1FK7 022-5AK71-1	0.6 (5.3)	1.26	0.85 (7.5)	1.8	0.4 (0.54)	0.028 (0.0003)	1.8 (3.97)	1	2	6SE7 012-0TP□0
	36	1FK7 032-5AK71-1	0.8 (7.1)	1.2	1.1 (9.7)	1.7	0.47 (0.63)	0.061 (0.0005)	2.7 (6)	1	2	6SE7 012-0TP□0
	48	1FK7 040-5AK71-1	1.1 (9.7)	1.7	1.6 (14.2)	2.25	0.69 (0.92)	0.169 (0.0015)	3.4 (7.5)	1	4	6SE7 014-0TP□0
	48	1FK7 042-5AK71-1	2 <sup>4</sup> ) (17.7)	3.14)	3 (26.6)	4.4	1.02 <sup>4</sup> ) (1.37)	0.301 (0.0027)	4.8 (10.6)	1	6.1	6SE7 016-0TP□0

For detailed motor information, please refer to Catalog DA 65.3.

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

<sup>1)</sup> Rated data refer to n = 2,500 rpm.

<sup>2)</sup> Rated data refer to n = 4,000 rpm.

<sup>3)</sup> Rated data refer to n = 3,500 rpm.

<sup>4)</sup> Rated data refer to n = 5,000 rpm.

## **Motor selection**

Motor selection Compact PLUS units



#### Inverters with 1FK7 synchronous servomotors (continued)

Motor da	ata for	a 100 K temperature incre	ease								Converte	r data
Rated speed	Size	Motor	Rated torque	Rated current	Stall torque	Stall current	Rated power	Moment of inertia without brake	Weight without brake	Plug size for power cable	Rated current	Inverter
n <sub>rated</sub>			τ <sub>rated</sub> Nm	$I_{\rm rated}$	τ <sub>0</sub> Nm	$I_0$	P <sub>rated</sub> kW	<i>J</i> x 10 <sup>-3</sup> kam²	kg		$I_{ m nconv}$	
rpm		Order No.	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in)	Α	$(lb_f in)$	А	(HP)	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in-s <sup>2</sup> )	(lb)		А	Order No.
1FK7 H	ID (Hi	gh Dynamic) – Suppl	y voltage	3-ph. 40	0 V to 48	0 V AC fo	r SIMOV	ERT MASTE	RDRIVES	Motion	Control	
8000	48	1FK7 044–7AF71–1	3.5 (31)	4	4 (35.4)	4.5	1.1 (1.47)	0.128 (0.00113)	7.7 (17)	1	6.1	6SE7 016–0TP□0
	63	1FK7 061-7AF71-1	5.4 (47.8)	5.3	6.4 (56.6)	6.1	1.7 (2.27)	0.34 (0.00301)	10 (22.1)	1	6.1	6SE7 016–0TP□0
	63	1FK7 064-7AF71-1	8 (70.8)	7.5	12 (106.2)	11	2.51 (3.36)	0.65 (0.00575)	17.2 (37.9)	1	13.2	6SE7 021–3TP□
	80	1FK7 082-7AF71-1	8 (70.8)	6.7	14 (124)	10.6	2.51 (3.36)	1.4 (0.0124)	17.2 (38)	1	13.2	6SE7 021–3TP□0
	80	1FK7 085-7AF71-1	12 <sup>1</sup> ) (106)	12.5 <sup>1</sup> )	22 (194.7)	22.5	3.14 <sup>1</sup> ) (4.21)	2.3 (0.0204)	23.5 (51.8)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022–6TP□
500	48	1FK7 043-7AH71-1	2.6 (23)	4	3.1 (27.4)	4.5	1.23 (1.64)	0.101 (0.00089)	6.3 (13.9)	1	6.1	6SE7 016–0TP□
	48	1FK7 044-7AH71-1	3 (26.6)	4.9	4 (35.4)	6.3	1.41 (1.89)	0.128 (0.00113)	7.7 (17)	1	10.2	6SE7 021-0TP□
	63	1FK7 061-7AH71-1	4.3 (38.1)	5.9	6.4 (56.6)	8	2.03 (2.72)	0.34 (0.00301)	10 (22.1)	1	10.2	6SE7 021-0TP□
	63	1FK7 064-7AH71-1	5 (44.3)	7	12 (106.2)	15	2.36 (3.16)	0.65 (0.00575)	17.2 (37.9)	1	17.5	6SE7 021-8TP□
000	36	1FK7 033-7AK71-1	0.9 (8)	1.5	1.3 (11.5)	2.2	0.57 (0.76)	0.027 (0.00024)	3.15 (6.9)	1	4	6SE7 014-0TP□
	48	1FK7 043-7AK71-1	2 (17.7)	4.4	3.1 (27.4)	6.4	1.26 (1.68)	0.101 (0.00089)	6.3 (13.9)	1	10.2	6SE7 021-0TP□

For detailed motor information, please refer to Catalog DA 65.3.

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Motor selection



Motor selection Compact PLUS units

#### Inverters with air-cooled 1FT6 synchronous servomotors, core types

Motor d	ata for	a 100 K temperature incre	ease								Converte	er data
Rated speed	Size	Motor	Rated torque	Rated current	Stall torque	Stall current	Rated power	Moment of inertia without brake	Weight without brake	Plug size for power cable	Rated current	Inverter
n <sub>rated</sub>			τ <sub>rated</sub> Nm	$I_{rated}$	$ au_0$ Nm	$I_0$	P <sub>rated</sub> kW	<i>J</i> x 10 <sup>-3</sup> kgm²	kg		$I_{ m nconv}$	
pm		Order No.	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in)	А	$(lb_f in)$	А	(HP)	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in-s <sup>2</sup> )	(lb)		А	Order No.
Supply	/ volta	age 3-ph. 400 V to 480	V AC fo	r SIMOVE	RT MAS	TERDRIN	/ES Moti	ion Control				
000	100	1FT6 102-1AC711	23 (204)	11	27 (239)	12.4	4.8 (6.43)	9.9 (0.09)	27.5 (23.2)	1.5	13.2	6SE7 021–3TP□
	100	1FT6 105-1AC711	38 (336)	17.6	50 (443)	22.9	8 (10.72)	16.8 (0.15)	39.5 (87.1)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6TP□
000	48	1FT6 044-1AF711	4.3 (38.1)	2.9	5 (44.3)	3	1.4 (1.87)	0.51 (0.005)	8.3 (18.3)	1	4	6SE7 014-0TP□
	63	1FT6 062-1AF711	4.7 (41.6)	3.4	6 (53.1)	4	1.5 (2)	0.85 (0.008)	9.5 (21)	1	4	6SE7 014-0TP□
	63	1FT6 064-1AF711	7 (62)	4.9	9.5 (84.1)	6.1	2.2 (2.95)	1.3 (0.01)	12.5 (27.6)	1	6.1	6SE7 016-0TP□
	80	1FT6 082-1AF711	10.3 (91.2)	8.7	13 (115.1)	10.2	3.2 (4.3)	3.0 (0.03)	15 (33.1)	1.5	10.2	6SE7 021-0TP□
	80	1FT6 084-1AF711	14.7 (130)	11	20 (177)	14	4.6 (6.17)	4.8 (0.04)	20.5 (45.2)	1.5	17.5	6SE7 021-8TP□
	80	1FT6 086-1AF711	18.5 (164)	13	27 (239)	17.5	5.8 (7.77)	6.6 (0.06)	25.5 (56)	1.5	17.5	6SE7 021-8TP□
500	63	1FT6 062-1AH711	3.6 (31.9)	3.9	6 (53.1)	5.6	1.7 (2.28)	0.85 (0.008)	9.5 (21)	1	6.1	6SE7 016–0TP□
	63	1FT6 064-1AH711	4.8 (42.5)	5.5	9.5 (84.1)	9.1	2.3 (3.08)	1.3 (0.01)	12.5 (27.6)	1	10.2	6SE7 021-0TP□
	80	1FT6 084-1AH711	10.5 (92.9)	12.5	20 (177)	21.6	4.9 (6.63)	4.8 (0.04)	20.5 (45.2)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6TP□
	80	1FT6 086-1AH711	12 (106)	12.6	27 (239)	25.3	5.7 (7.58)	6.65 (0.06)	25.5 (56.2)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6TP
000	36	1FT6 034-1AK711	1.4 (12.4)	2.1	2 (17.7)	2.6	0.88 (1.18)	0.11 (0.001)	4.4 (9.7)	1	4	6SE7 014–0TP□
	80	1FT6 084-1AK711	6.5 (57.5)	9.2	20 (177)	25	4.1 (5.47)	4.8 (0.04)	20.5 (45.2)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6TP

For detailed motor information, please refer to Catalog DA 65.3.

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

## **Motor selection**

Motor selection Compact PLUS/Compact units Compact PLUS units



Compact and chassis units



#### Inverters with air-cooled 1FT6 synchronous motors

Motor da	ata for	a 100 K temperature incr	ease								Converte	r data
Rated speed	Size	Motor	Rated torque	Rated current	Stall torque	Stall current	Rated power	Moment of inertia without brake	Weight without brake	Plug size for power cable	Rated current	Converter E Inverter T
n <sub>rated</sub>			$ au_{\mathrm{rated}}$	$I_{rated}$	τ <sub>0</sub> Nm	$I_{0}$	P <sub>rated</sub> kW	<i>J</i> x 10 <sup>-3</sup> kgm²	lum.		$I_{ m nconv}$	
rpm		Order No.	Nm (lb <sub>f</sub> -in)	А	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in)	А	(HP)	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in-s <sup>2</sup> )	kg (lb)		А	Order No.
Supply	/ volta	age 3-ph. 400 V to 48	0 V AC fo	r SIMOVE	RT MAS	TERDRIN	/ES Moti	on Control				
<b>1500</b> Non-	100	1FT6 102–8AB7	24.5 (217)	8.4	27 (239)	8.4	3.8 (5.09)	9.9 (0.0876)	27.5 (60.6)	1.5	10.2	6SE7 021-0TP□0
ventilated	100	1FT6 105-8AB7	41 (363)	14.5	50 (442)	17.2	6.4 (8.85)	16.8 (0.1487)	39.5 (87.1)	1.5	17.5	6SE7 021-8TP□0
	100	1FT6 108-8AB7	61 (540)	20.5	70 (619)	22.1	9.6 (12.87)	26 (0.2301)	55.5 (122.4)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6TP□0
	132	1FT6 132-6AB7	62 (549)	19	75 (664)	23	9.7 (13)	43 (0.3805)	85 (187.4)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6TP□0
	132	1FT6 134–6AB7	75 (664)	24	95 (841)	29	11.8 (15.82)	54.7 (0.4841)	100 (220.5)	1.5	34	6SE7 023–4TP□0
	132	1FT6 136-6AB7	88 (779)	27	1018 (115)	34	13.8 (18.5)	66.4 (0.5876)	117 (257.9)	1.5	34	6SE7 023–4TP□0
<b>1500</b> Blower–	100	1FT6 105-8SB7	59 (552)	21.7	65 (575)	23.5	9.3 (12.47)	16.8 (0.1487)	45.5 (100.3)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6TP□0
ventilated	100	1FT6 108-8SB7	83 (735)	31	90 (796)	31	13 (17.43)	26 (0.2301)	61.5 (135.6)	1.5	34	6SE7 023-4TP□0
	132	1FT6 132-6SB7	102 (885)	36	110 (973)	39	16 (21.05)	43 (0.3805)	91 (200.6)	3	47	6SE7 024–7□D□1
	132	1FT6 134–6SB7	130 (1150)	45	140 (1239)	48	20.4 (27.35)	54.7 (0.4841)	106 (233.7)	3	47	6SE7 024–7□D□2
	132	1FT6 136-6SB7	160 (1416)	55	175 (1549)	55	25.1 (33.65)	66.4 (0.5876)	123 (271.2)	3	59	6SE7 026-0□D□1
<b>2000</b> Non-	63	1FT6 061-6AC7	3.7 (33)	1.9	4 (35)	2	0.8 (1.07)	0.6 (0.0053)	8 (17.6)	1	2	6SE7 012-0TP□0
ventilated	63	1FT6 062-6AC7	5.2 (46)	2.6	6 (53)	2.7	1.1 (1.47)	0.85 (0.0075)	9.5 (20.9)	1	4	6SE7 014-0TP□0
	80	1FT6 081-8AC7	7.5 (66)	4.1	8 (71)	4.1	1.6 (2.14)	2.1 (0.0186)	12.5 (27.6)	1.5	6.1	6SE7 016-0TP□0
	63	1FT6 064-6AC7	8 (71)	3.8	9.5 (84)	4.2	1.7 (2.28)	1.3 (0.0115)	12.5 (27.6)	1	6.1	6SE7 016–0TP□0
	80	1FT6 082-8AC7	11.4 (101)	6.6	13 (115)	6.9	2.4 (3.22)	3 (0.0265)	15 (33.1)	1.5	10.2	6SE7 021-0TP□0
	80	1FT6 084-8AC7	16.9 (150)	8.3	20 (177)	9.5	3.5 (4.69)	4.8 (0.0425)	20.5 (45.2)	1.5	10.2	6SE7 021-0TP□0
	80	1FT6 086-8AC7	22.5 (204)	10.9	27 (239)	12	4.7 (6.43)	6.65 (0.0588)	25.5 (56.2)	1.5	13.2	6SE7 021–3TP□0
	100	1FT6 102-8AC7	23 (204)	11	27 (239)	12.4	4.8 (6.43)	9.9 (0.0876)	27.5 (60.6)	1.5	13.2	6SE7 021–3TP□0
	100	1FT6 105-8AC7	38 (336)	17.6	50 (442)	22.9	8 (10.72)	16.8 (0.1487)	39.5 (87.1)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6TP□0
	100	1FT6 108-8AC7	55 (487)	24.5	70 (619)	29	11.5 (15.42)	26 (0.2558)	55.5 (122.4)	1.5	34	6SE7 023-4TP□0
	132	1FT6 132–6AC7	55 (487)	23	75 (664)	31	11.5 (15.42)	43 (0.3805)	85 (187.4)	1.5	34	6SE7 023-4TP□0
	132	1FT6 134-6AC7	65 (575)	27	95 (841)	39	13.6 (18.23)	54.7 (0.4841)	100 (220.5)	1.5	47	6SE7 024–7□D□1
	132	1FT6 136-6AC7	665 (74)	30	115 (1018)	43	15.5 (20.78)	66.4 (0.5876)	117 (257.9)	3	47	6SE7 024–7□D□1

For detailed motor information, please refer to Catalog DA 65.3.

P for Compact PLUS units, D for compact units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control



**Motor selection** 

**Compact PLUS/Compact and chassis units** 

Compact PLUS units

Motor da	ata for	a 100 K temperature inc	rease								Converte	r data
Rated peed	Size	Motor	Rated torque	Rated current	Stall torque	Stall current	Rated power	Moment of inertia without brake	Weight without brake	Plug size for power cable	Rated current	Converter Inverter
rated			$ au_{ m rated}$	$I_{rated}$	$ au_0$ Nm	$I_0$	P <sub>rated</sub> kW	J	L		$I_{ m nconv}$	
pm		Order No.	Nm (lb <sub>f</sub> -in)	А	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in)	А	(HP)	x 10 <sup>-3</sup> kgm <sup>2</sup> (lb <sub>f</sub> in-s <sup>2</sup> )	kg (lb)		А	Order No.
vlaau	/ volta	age 3-ph. 400 V to 48	30 V AC fo	r SIMOVI	ERT MAS	TERDRIN	/ES Moti	ion Control				
00 ower-	100	1FT6 105-8SC7	56 (496)	28	575 (65)	32	11.7 (15.68)	16.8 (0.1487)	100.3 (45.5)	1.5	34	6SE7 023-4T P
ntilated	100	1FT6 108-8SC7	80 (708)	40	90 (796)	41	16.8 (22.52)	26 (0.2301)	61.5 (135.6)	3	47	6SE7 024–7□E
	132	1FT6 132-6SC7	98 (867)	46	110 (973)	51	20.5 (27.48)	43 (0.3805)	91 (200.6)	3	59	6SE7 026–0□[
	132	1FT6 134-6SC7	125 (1106)	57	140 (1239)	62	26.2 (35.12)	54.7 (0.4841)	106 (233.7)	3	72	6SE7 027–2□[
	132	1FT6 136-6SC7	155 (1372)	72	175 (1549)	78	32.5 (43.57)	66.4 (0.5876)	123 (271.2)	3	92	6SE7 031-0□E
<b>00</b> n–	48	1FT6 041-4AF7	2.15 (19)	1.7	2.6 (22)	1.8	0.7 (0.94)	0.29 (0.0026)	6.6 (14.6)	1	2	6SE7 012-0T F
ntilated	63	1FT6 061-6AF7	3.5 (31)	2.6	4 (35)	2.75	1.1 (1.47)	0.6 (0.0053)	8 (17.6)	1	4	6SE7 014-0T F
	48	1FT6 044-4AF7	4.3 (38)	2.9	5 (44)	3	1.4 (1.88)	0.51 (0.0045)	8.3 (18.3)	1	4	6SE7 014-0T F
	63	1FT6 062-6AF7	4.7 (42)	3.4	6 (53)	4	1.5 (2)	0.85 (0.0075)	9.5 (20.9)	1	4	6SE7 014-0T I
	80	1FT6 081-8AF7	6.9 (61)	5.6	8 (71)	6	2.2 (2.95)	2.1 (0.0186)	12.5 (27.6)	1.5	6.1	6SE7 016-0T F
	63	1FT6 064-6AF7	7 (62)	4.9	9.5 (84)	6.1	2.2 (2.95)	1.3 (0.0115)	12.5 (27.6)	1	6.1	6SE7 016-0T F
	80	1FT6 082-8AF7	10.3 (91)	8.7	13 (115)	10.2	3.2 (4.29)	3 (0.0265)	15 (33.1)	1.5	10.2	6SE7 021-0T F
	80	1FT6 084-8AF7	14.7 (130)	11	20 (177)	14	4.6 (6.17)	4.8 (0.0425)	20.5 (45.2)	1.5	17.5	6SE7 021-8T F
	80	1FT6 086-8AF7	18.5 (164)	13	27 (239)	17.5	5.8 (7.77)	6.65 (0.0588)	25.5 (56.2)	1.5	17.5	6SE7 021–8T F
	100	1FT6 102-8AF7	19.5 (173)	13.2	27 (239)	17.2	6.1 (8.18)	9.9 (0.0878)	27.5 (60.6)	1.5	17.5	6SE7 021–8T I
	100	1FT6 105-8AF7	31 (274)	22.5	50 (442)	34	9.7 (13)	16.8 (0.1478)	39.5 (87.1)	1.5	34	6SE7 023-4T F
	132	1FT6 132-6AF7	36 (319)	23	75 (664)	46	11.3 (15.15)	43 (0.3805)	85 (187.4)	3	47	6SE7 024–7□[
00 ower-	80	1FT6 084–8SF7	22 (195)	17	26 (230)	19.3	6.9 (9.25)	4.8 (0.0425)	25 (55.1)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6T F
ntilated	80	1FT6 086-8SF7	31 (274)	24.5	35 (310)	26	9.7 (13)	6.65 (0.0588)	30 (66.1)	1.5	34	6SE7 023-4T F
	100	1FT6 105-8SF7	50 (443)	35	65 (575)	45	15.7 (21.05)	16.8 (0.1487)	45.5 (100.3)	3	47	6SE7 024–7□[
	132	1FT6 132-6SF7	90 (796)	62	110 (973)	74	28.3 (37.94)	43 (0.3805)	91 (200.6)	3	72	6SE7 027–2□[
	132	1FT6 134-6SF7	110 (973)	72	140 (1239)	90	34.6 (46.38)	54.7 (0.4841)	106 (233.7)	3	92	6SE7 031–0□E
	132	1FT6 136-6SF7	145 (1283)	104	175 (1549)	111	45.5 (60.32)	66.4 (0.5876)	123 (271.2)	3	124	6SE7 031–2□I

For detailed motor information, please refer to Catalog DA 65.3.

**P** for Compact PLUS units, **D** for compact units, **E** and **F** for chassis units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control



## **Motor selection**

Motor selection Compact PLUS/Compact units Compact PLUS units



Compact and chassis units



#### Inverters with air-cooled 1FT6 synchronous motors (continued)

Motor da	ata for	a 100 K temperature inci	rease								Converte	r data
Rated speed	Size	Motor	Rated torque	Rated current	Stall torque	Stall current	Rated power	Moment of inertia without brake	Weight without brake	Plug size for power cable	Rated current	Converter E Inverter T
n <sub>rated</sub>			$ au_{rated}$ Nm	$I_{rated}$	$ au_0$ Nm	$I_0$	P <sub>rated</sub> kW	<i>J</i> x 10 <sup>-3</sup> kgm²	ka		$I_{ m nconv}$	
rpm		Order No.	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in)	А	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in)	Α	(HP)	(lb <sub>f</sub> in-s <sup>2</sup> )	kg (lb)		А	Order No. ▼
Supply	volt	age 3-ph. 400 V to 48	0 V AC fo	r SIMOVE	ERT MAS	TERDRI	/ES Mot	ion Control				
<b>4500</b> Non- ventilated	63	1FT6 061-6AH7	2.9 (26)	3.4	4 (35)	4.1	1.4 (1.88)	0.6 (0.0053)	8 (17.6)	1	6.1	6SE7 016–0T P□0
rentilateu	63	1FT6 062-6AH7	3.6 (32)	3.9	6 (53)	5.6	1.7 (2.28)	0.85 (0.0075)	9.5 (20.9)	1	6.1	6SE7 016–0T P□0
	63	1FT6 064-6AH7	4.8 (42)	5.5	9.5 (84)	9.1	2.3 (3.08)	1.3 (0.0115)	12.5 (27.6)	1	10.2	6SE7 021-0T P□0
	80	1FT6 081-8AH7	5.8 (51)	7.3	8 (71)	9	2.7 (3.62)	2.1 (0.0186)	12.5 (27.6)	1.5	10.2	6SE7 021-0T P□0
	80	1FT6 082-8AH7	8.5 (75)	11	13 (115)	15	4 (5.36)	3 (0.0265)	15 (33.1)	1.5	17.5	6SE7 021–8T P□0
	80	1FT6 084-8AH7	10.5 (173)	12.5	20 (177)	21.6	4.9 (6.57)	4.8 (0.0425)	20.5 (45.2)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6T P□0
	80	1FT6 086-8AH7	12 (106)	12.6	27 (239)	25.3	5.7 (7.64)	6.65 (0.0588)	25.5 (56.2)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022–6T P□0
	100	1FT6 102-8AH7	12 (106)	12	27 (239)	24.8	5.7 (7.64)	9.9 (0.0876)	27.5 (60.6)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6T P□0
<b>4500</b> Blower-	80	1FT6 084-8SH7	20 (177)	24.5	26 (230)	28	9.4 (12.6)	4.8 (0.0425)	25 (55.1)	1.5	34	6SE7 023–4T P□0
ventilated	80	1FT6 086-8SH7	27 (239)	31.5	35 (310)	39	12.7 (17)	6.65 (0.0588)	30 (66.1)	3	47	6SE7 024-7□D□1
	100	1FT6 105-8SH7	40 (354)	41	65 (575)	64	18.8 (25.2)	16.8 (0.1486)	45.5 (100)	3	72	6SE7 027–2□D□1
<b>6000</b> Non-	28	1FT6 021-6AK71	0.3 (2.7)	1.1	0.4 (3.5)	1.25	0.19 (0.25)	0.021 (0.00019)	1.2 (2.6)	1	2	6SE7 012-0T P□0
ventilated	28	1FT6 024-6AK71	0.5 (4.4)	0.9	0.8 (7.1)	1.25	0.31 (0.42)	0.034 (0.0003)	2.1 (4.6)	1	2	6SE7 012-0T P□0
	36	1FT6 031-4AK7	0.75 (6.63)	1.2	1 (9)	1.45	0.47 (0.63)	0.065 (0.0006)	3.1 (6.8)	1	2	6SE7 012-0T P□0
	36	1FT6 034-4AK7	1.4 (12)	2.1	2 (18)	2.6	0.88 (1.18)	0.11 (0.001)	4.4 (9.7)	1	4	6SE7 014–0T P□0
	48	1FT6 041-4AK7	1.7 (15)	2.4	2.6 (22)	3	1.1 (1.47)	0.29 (0.0026)	6.6 (14.6)	1	4	6SE7 014-0T P□0
	63	1FT6 061-6AK7	2.1 (19)	3.1	4 (35)	5	1.3 (1.74)	0.6 (0.0053)	8 (17.6)	1	6.1	6SE7 016-0T P□0
	63	1FT6 062-6AK7	2.1 (19)	3.2	6 (53)	7.5	1.3 (1.74)	0.85 (0.0075)	9.5 (20.9)	1	10.2	6SE7 021-0T P□0
	63	1FT6 064-6AK7	2.1 (19)	3.5	9.5 (84)	12.1	1.3 (1.74)	1.3 (0.0115)	12.5 (27.6)	1	13.2	6SE7 021–3T P□0
	48	1FT6 044-4AK7	3 (27)	4.1	5 (44)	5.9	1.9 (2.55)	0.51 (0.0045)	8.3 (18.3)	1	6.1	6SE7 016–0T P□0
	80	1FT6 081-8AK7	4.6 (41)	7.7	8 (71)	11.1	2.9 (3.89)	2.1 (0.0186)	12.5 (27.6)	1.5	13.2	6SE7 021–3T P□0
	80	1FT6 082-8AK7	5.5 (49)	9.1	13 (115)	18.2	3.5 (4.69)	3 (0.0265)	15 (33.1)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6T P□0
	80	1FT6 084-8AK7	6.5 (57.5)	9.2	20 (177)	25	4.1 (5.5)	4.8 (0.0425)	20.5 (45.2)	1.5	25.5	6SE7 022-6T P□0
<b>6000</b> Blower-	80	1FT6 084-8SK7	17 (150)	25.5	26 (230)	36	10.7 (14.34)	4.8 (0.0425)	25 (55.1)	1.5	37.5	6SE7 023–8T P□0
/entilated	80	1FT6 086-8SK7	22 (195)	29	35 (310)	45	13.8 (18.5)	6.65 (0.0588)	30 (66.1)	3	47	6SE7 024-7□D□1

For detailed motor information, please refer to Catalog DA 65.3.

P for Compact PLUS units, D for compact units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

**Motor selection** 



Compact PLUS units

**Compact PLUS/Compact and chassis units** 

#### Converters/inverters with water-cooled 1FT6 synchronous servomotors

Motor d	ata for	a 100 K temperature incre	ease								Converte	er data
Rated speed	Size	Motor	Rated torque	Rated current	Stall torque	Stall current	Rated power	Moment of inertia without brake	Weight without brake	Plug size for power cable	Rated current	Converter <b>E</b> Inverter <b>T</b>
n <sub>rated</sub> rpm		Order No.	$ au_{ m rated} \ { m Nm} \ ({ m lb}_f{ m in})$	I <sub>rated</sub>	$ au_0$ Nm (lb <sub>f</sub> -in)	<i>I</i> <sub>0</sub> A	P <sub>rated</sub> kW (HP)	J x 10 <sup>-3</sup> kgm <sup>2</sup> (lb <sub>f</sub> in-s <sup>2</sup> )	kg (lb)		$I_{ m nconv}$ A	Order No. ▼
Supply	v volta	age 3-ph. 400 V to 48	0 V AC fo	r SIMOVI	ERT MAS	TERDRIN	/ES Mot	ion Control				
1500		1FT6 108–8WB7	116 (1027)	43	119 (1053)	41	18.2 (24.4)	26 (0.2301)	61.5 (136)	3	47	6SE7 024–7□D□1
2000	100	1FT6 105-8WC7	82 (726)	60	85 (752)	58	17.2 (23.06)	16.8 (0.1487)	45.5 (100)	3	59	6SE7 026-0□D□1
	100	1FT6 108–8WC7	115 (1018)	57	119 (1053)	54	24.1 (32.3)	26 (0.2301)	61.5 (136)	3	59	6SE7 026–0□D□1
3000	63	1FT6 062-6WF7	10.1 (89)	6.7	10.2 (90)	6.8	3.2 (4.3)	0.85 (0.0075)	9.5 (21)	1	10.2	6SE7 021-0T P□0
	63	1FT6 064–6WF7	16.1 (143)	10.2	16.2 (143)	10.4	5.1 (6.8)	1.3 (0.0115)	12.5 (27.6)	1	13.2	6SE7 021–3T P□0
	80	1FT6 084–8WF7	35 (310)	27	35 (310)	26	11 (14.7)	4.8 (0.4248)	21 (46)	1.5	34	6SE7 023–4T P□0
	80	1FT6 086–8WF7	46 (407)	37	47 (416)	35	14.5 (19.4)	6.65 (0.0589)	26 (57)	1.5	37.5	6SE7 023–8T P□0
	100	1FT6 105–8WF7	78 (690)	82	85 (752)	83	24.5 (32.8)	16.8 (0.1487)	45.5 (100)	3	92	6SE7 031-0□E□0
	100	1FT6 108–8WF7 <sup>1</sup> )	109 (965)	81	119 (1053)	81	34.2 (45.8)	26 (0.2301)	61.5 (136)	3	92	6SE7 031-0□E□0
4500	63	1FT6 062-6WH7	10 (89)	9.3	10.2 (90)	9.5	4.7 (6.3)	0.85 (0.0075)	9.5 (21)	1	13.2	6SE7 021–3T P□0
	63	1FT6 064-6WH7	16 (142)	15.2	16.2 (143)	15.5	7.5 (10)	1.3 (0.0115)	12.5 (27.6)	1	25.5	6SE7 022-6T P□0
	80	1FT6 084-8WH7	35 (310)	39	35 (310)	38	16.5 (22.1)	4.8 (0.4248)	21 (46)	1.5	47	6SE7 024–7□D□1
	80	1FT6 086–8WH7	45 (398)	53	47 (416)	53	21.2 (28.4)	6.65 (0.0589)	26 (57)	3	59	6SE7 026–0□D□1
6000	63	1FT6 062–6WK7	9.8 (87)	12.2	10.2 (90)	12.8	6.2 (8.3)	0.85 (0.0075)	9.5 (21)	1	17.5	6SE7 021–8T P□0
	63	1FT6 064–6WK7	15.8 (140)	20	16.2 (143)	20.6	9.9 (13.3)	1.3 (0.0115)	12.5 (27.6)	1	34	6SE7 023-4T P□0
	80	1FT6 084–8WK7	34 (301)	51	35 (310)	49	21.4 (28.7)	4.8 (0.4248)	21 (46)	3	59	6SE7 026-0□D□1
	80	1FT6 086–8WK7	44 (390)	58	47 (416)	61	27.7 (37.1)	6.65 (0.0589)	26 (57)	3	59	6SE7 026-0□D□1
												A A

For detailed motor information, please refer to Catalog DA 65.3.

P for Compact PLUS units, D for compact units, E for chassis units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

#### **Motor selection**

Motor selection Compact and chassis units



#### Converters/inverters with 1PH71) asynchronous servomotors

		utilization to temperat														rter data
Rated	Size	Motor	Rated power	Rated torque		Rated volt- age	Speed during field- weak- ening <sup>2</sup> )	Max. oper- ating speed 3)	Power factor		Effi- ciency	Rated fre- quen- cy	ment	Weight	Rated cur- rent	Converter Inverter
n <sub>rated</sub>			P <sub>rated</sub> kW	τ <sub>rated</sub> Nm	$I_{\rm rated}$	$V_{\rm rated}$	$n_1$	$n_{\rm max}$		$I_{\mu}$	$\eta_{ m rated}$	$f_{\rm rated}$	J kg/m²	m kg	$I_{\rm nconv}$	
pm		Order No.	(HP)	$(lb_f in)$	Α	V	rpm	rpm	$\cos \varphi$	Α		Hz	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in-s <sup>2</sup> )		Α	Order No. ▼
Suppl	y vo	ltage 3-ph. 400 V A	C for SI	MOVE	RT MA	STERE	DRIVES	Motion	n Conti	rol cor	nverte	'S				
00		1PH7 163B	9.5 (12.7)	227 (167)	30	274	800	6500	0.88	11.5	0.809		0.185 (1.637)	175 (386)	34	6SE7 023–4□C
	160	1PH7 167B	13 (17.4)	310 (228)	37	294	800	6500	0.88	14	0.814	14.3	0.228 (2.018)	210 (463)	37.5	6SE7 023-8□D□
	180	1PH7 184B	16.3 (21.8)	390 (287)	51	271	800	5000	0.84	26	0.83	14.2	0.503 (4.451)	370 (816)	59	6SE7 026-0□D
	180	1PH7 186B	21.2 (28.4)	505 (372)	67	268	800	5000	0.81	38.5	0.845	14	0.666 (5.363)	440 (970)	72	6SE7 027–2□D
	225	1PH7 224B	30.4 (40.8)	725 (533)	88	268	800	4500	0.87	36.5	0.864	14	1.479 (13.088)	630 (1389)	92	6SE7 031-0□E
	225	1PH7 226B	39.2 (52.5)	935 (688)	114	264	800	4500	0.86	49	0.88	14	1.93 (17.08)	750 (1653)	124	6SE7 031–2□F□
	225	1PH7 228B	48 (64.3)	1145 (842)	136	272	800	4500	0.85	60.5	0.888	13.9	2.326 (20.584)	860 (1896)	155	6SE7 031–8□F□
000	100	1PH7 103D	3.7 (5)	35 (26)	10	343	1800	9000	0.82	4.8	0.794	35.6	0.017 (0.150)	40 (88)	10.2	6SE7 021-0□A
	100	1PH7 107D	6.25 (8.4)	60 (44)	17.5	319	2000	9000	0.81	8.9	0.822	35.3	0.029 (0.257)	65 (143)	17.5	6SE7 021-8□B
	132	1PH7 133D	12 (16.1)	115 (85)	30	336	1800	8000	0.86	13	0.865	34.8	0.076 (0.673)	90 (198)	34	6SE7 023–4□C
	132	1PH7 137D	17 (22.8)	162 (119)	43	322	2000	8000	0.86	19	0.878	34.6	0.109 (0.965)	150 (331)	47	6SE7 024–7□D
	160	1PH7 163D	22 (29.5)	210 (154)	55	315	2000	6500	0.85	24	0.899	34.2	0.185 (1.637)	175 (386)	59	6SE7 026-0□D
	160	1PH7 167D	28 (37.5)	267 (196)	71	312	2000	6500	0.84	33	0.903	34.2	0.228 (2.018)	210 (463)	72	6SE7 027–2□DI
	180	1PH7 184D	39 (52.3)	372 (274)	90	335	2000	5000	0.83	44	0.913	34.2	0.503 (4.451)	370 (816)	92	6SE7 031-0□E
	180	1PH7 186D	51 (68.4)	485 (357)	116	340	2000	5000	0.81	58	0.918	34.1	0.666 (5.894)	440 (970)	124	6SE7 031–2□F
	225	1PH7 224D	71 (95.2)	678 (499)	161	335	2000	4500	0.81	78.5	0.934	33.9	1.479 (13.088)	630 (1389)	175	6SE7 032-1□G
	225	1PH7 226D	92 (123.3)	880 (647)	198	340	2000	4500	0.84	87.5	0.935	33.9	1.93 (17.08)	750 (1653)	218	6SE7 032-6□G

0.938 33.9

2.326

860

(20.584) (1896)

6SE7 033-2□G□0

For detailed motor information, please refer to Catalog DA 65.3.

113

1080

(794)

240

340

2000

4500 0.85 98

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

225 1PH7 228-..D..-....

<sup>1)</sup> For rated currents below 37.5 A, Compact PLUS units can also be used.

<sup>2)</sup>  $n_1$ : motor speed at which, when  $P=P_{\rm rated}$ , there is still a power reserve of 30 % before the stalling limit is reached or at which the mechanical speed limit is reached or at which the speed is limited by the SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control converter due to  $f_{\rm max.} \leq 2 \cdot f_{\rm rated}$ .

Warning! The maximum speed in field-weakening mode is sometimes limited to lower values due to f<sub>max.</sub> ≤ 2 · f<sub>rated</sub>.

# Compact and chassis units

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Motor selection

Motor selection Compact and chassis units

		utilization to temperatu							_							rter data
Rated speed	Size	Motor	Rated power	Rated torque		volt- age	Speed during field- weak- ening <sup>1</sup> )	Max. oper- ating speed 2)		Mag- netiz- ing- cur- rent	etti- ciency	Rated fre- quen- cy	Mo- ment of in- ertia	Weight	cur- rent	Converter Inverter
n <sub>rated</sub>			P <sub>rated</sub> kW	τ <sub>rated</sub> Nm	$I_{\rm rated}$	$V_{\rm rated}$	$n_1$	$n_{\rm max}$		$I_{\mu}$	$\eta_{\mathrm{rated}}$	$f_{\rm rated}$	J kg/m²	m kg	$I_{\rm nconv}$	
rpm		Order No.	(HP)	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in)	Α	V	rpm	rpm	$\cos \varphi$	А		Hz	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in-s <sup>2</sup> )		А	Order No.
Suppl	ly vol	tage 3-ph. 400 V <i>F</i>	AC for SI	MOVE	RT MA	STERE	PRIVES	Motion	1 Conti	rol cor	verte	rs				
500	100	1PH7101F	3.7 (5)	24 (18)	10	350	3000	9000	0.74	5.9	0.847	51.6	0.017 (0.15)	40 (88)	10.2	6SE7021-0□A□
	100	1PH7103F	5.5 (7.4)	35 (26)	13	350	2100	9000	0.84	5.4	0.832	52.7	0.017 (0.15)	40 (88)	13.2	6SE7021–3□B□1
	100	1PH7105F	7 (9.4)	45 (33)	17.5	346	3000	9000	0.78	9.4	0.866	51.7	0.029 (0.257)	65 (143)	17.5	6SE7021-8□B□1
	100	1PH7107F	9 (12.1)	57 (42)	23.5	336	3000	9000	0.8	11	0.859	52	0.029 (0.257)	65 (143)	25.5	6SE7022-6□C□1
	132	1PH7131F	11 (14.7)	70 (51)	24	350	2900	8000	0.88	8.4	0.896	51.3	0.076 (0.673)	90 (198)	25.5	6SE7022-6□C□1
	132	1PH7133F	15 (20.1)	96 (71)	34	346	2500	8000	0.85	14	0.895	51.3	0.076 (0.673)	90 (198)	34	6SE7023-4□C□
	132	1PH7135F	18.5 (24.8)	118 (87)	42	350	3000	8000	0.85	17	0.902	51.1	0.109 (0.965)	150 (331)	47	6SE7024-7□D□
	132	1PH7137F	22 (29.5)	140 (103)	57	308	3000	8000	0.85	23	0.9	51.2	0.109 (0.965)	150 (331)	59	6SE7026-0□D□
	160	1PH7163F	30 (40.2)	191 (140)	72	319	3000	6500	0.85	30	0.912	50.9	0.185 (1.637)	175 (386)	72	6SE7027-2□D□
	160	1PH7167F	37 (49.6)	236 (174)	82	350	3000	6500	0.86	32	0.916	50.8	0.228 (2.018)	210 (463)	92	6SE7031-0□E□0
	180	1PH7 184F	51 (68.4)	325 (239)	120	335	3000	5000	0.78	64	0.93	50.7	0.503 (4.451)	370 (816)	124	6SE7 031–2□F□
	180	1PH7 186F	74 (99.2)	471 (346)	170	330	3000	5000	0.81	84	0.937	50.7	0.666 (5.894)	440 (970)	175	6SE7 032-1□G□
	225	1PH7 224U	95 (127.3)	605 (445)	204	340	3000	4500	0.84	88.5	0.944	50.6	1.479 (13.088)	630	218	6SE7 032-6□G□
	225	1PH7 226F	130 (174.3)	828 (609)	278	340	3000	4500	0.84	120	0.945	50.6	1.93 (17.08)	750 (1653)	308	6SE7 033-7□G□
	225	1PH7 228F	160 (214.5)	1019 (752)	350	340	3000	4500	0.82	169	0.949	50.5	2.326 (20.585)	860	423	6SE7 035-1E K□
000	100	1PH7 103G	7 (9.4)	33 (24)	17.5	343	4000	9000	0.8	8.3	0.857	68.9	0.017 (0.15)	40 (88)	17.5	6SE7 021-8□C□
	100	1PH7 107G	10.5 (14.1)	50 (37)	26	350	4000	9000	0.8	12	0.869	68.6	0.029 (0.257)	65 (143)	25.5	6SE7 022-6□C□
	132	1PH7 133G	20 (26.8)	96 (71)	45	350	3900	8000	0.86	18	0.898	68	0.076 (0.673)	90 (198)	47	6SE7 024-7□D□
	132	1PH7 137G	28 (37.5)	134 (99)	60	350	4000	8000	0.88	21	0.903	68	0.109 (0.965)	150 (331)	59	6SE7 027-3□D□
	160	1PH7 163G	36 (48.3)	172 (126)	85	333	4000	6500	0.84	37	0.906	67.5	0.185 (1.637)	175 (386)	92	6SE7 031-0□E□
	160	1PH7 167G	41 (55)	196 (145)	89	350	4000	6500	0.84	40	0.907	67.4	0.228 (2.018)	210 (463)	92	6SE7 031-0□E□
500	180	1PH7 184L	78 (104.6)	298 (219)	171	340	5000	5000	0.82	77	0.937	84.1	0.503 (4.451)	370 (816)	175	6SE7 032-1□G□
	180	1PH7 186L	106 (142.1)	405	235	335	5000	5000	0.82	108	0.942	84.1	0.666 (5.894)	440 (970)	262	6SE7 033-2□G□
	225	1PH7 224L	142 (190.3)	542	298	340	4500	4500	0.84	115	0.948	84	1.479 (13.088)	630	308	6SE7 033-7□G□
	225	1PH7 226L	168 (225.2)	642 (474)	362	335	4500	4500	0.84	154	0.95	84	1.93 (17.08)	750 (1653)	423	6SE7 035–1E K□
	225	1PH7 228L	205 (274.8)	783	433	340	4500	4500	0.84	185	0.95	83.9	2.326 (20.585)	860	491	6SE7 036-0E K□

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

<sup>1)</sup>  $n_1$ : motor speed at which, when  $P=P_{\rm rated}$ , there is still a power reserve of 30 % before the stalling limit is reached or at which the mechanical speed limit is reached or at which the speed is limited by the SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control converter due to  $f_{\rm max.} \leq 2 \cdot f_{\rm rated}$ .

<sup>2)</sup> Warning! The maximum speed in field-weakening mode is sometimes limited to lower values due to  $f_{\text{max.}} \leq 2 \cdot f_{\text{rated}}$ .

#### **Motor selection**

Motor selection Compact and chassis units



#### Converters/inverters with 1PH71) asynchronous servomotors (continued)

Motor	data (ι	utilization to temperatu	re rise cla	iss F)											Conve	rter data	
Rated speed	Size	Motor	Rated power	Rated torque	Rated cur- rent	Rated volt- age	Speed during field- weak- ening <sup>2</sup> )	Max. oper- ating speed <sup>3</sup> )	Power factor	Mag- netiz- ing- cur- rent	Effi- ciency	Rated fre- quen- cy	Mo- ment of in- ertia	Weight		Converter Inverter	E T
$n_{\rm rated}$			P <sub>rated</sub> kW	$ au_{ m rated}$ Nm	$I_{\rm rated}$	$V_{\rm rated}$	$n_1$	n <sub>max</sub>		$I_{\mu}$	$\eta_{ m rated}$	$f_{\rm rated}$	J kg/m²	m kg	$I_{ m nconv}$		
rpm		Order No.	(HP)	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in)	А	V	rpm	rpm	$\cos \varphi$	А		Hz	(lb <sub>f</sub> in-s <sup>2</sup> )	(lb)	А	Order No.	•
Supp	ly vol	ltage 3-ph. 480 V A	C for SI	MOVE	RT MA	STERD	RIVES	<b>Viotion</b>	Conti	ol cor	verter	'S					
400	160	1PH7 163B	9.5 (12.7)	227 (167)	30	274	800	6500	0.88	11.5	0.809	14.3	0.185 (1.637)	175 (386)	34	6SE7 023-	4□C□1
	160	1PH7 167B	13 (17.4)	310 (228)	37	294	800	6500	0.88	14	0.814	14.3	0.228 (2.018)	210 (463)	37.5	6SE7 023-	B□ <b>D</b> □1
	180	1PH7 184B	16.3 (21.8)	390 (287)	51	271	800	5000	0.84	26	0.83	14.2	0.503 (4.451)	370 (816)	59	6SE7 026-	0□ <b>D</b> □1
	400	4 D. I. T. 4 G. G. D.	04.0		07	000	000	E000	0.04	00 5	0.045		0.000	4.40	70		

			(12.7)	(167)									(1.637)	(386)		
	160	1PH7 167B	13 (17.4)	310 (228)	37	294	800	6500	0.88	14	0.814	14.3	0.228 (2.018)	210 (463)	37.5	6SE7 023-8□D□1
	180	1PH7 184B	16.3 (21.8)	390 (287)	51	271	800	5000	0.84	26	0.83	14.2	0.503 (4.451)	370 (816)	59	6SE7 026-0□D□1
	180	1PH7 186B	21.2 (28.4)	505 (372)	67	268	800	5000	0.81	38.5	0.845	14	0.666 (5.363)	440 (970)	72	6SE7 027-2□D□1
	225	1PH7 224B	30.4 (40.8)	725 (533)	88	268	800	4500	0.87	36.5	0.864	14	1.479 (13.088)	630 (1389)	92	6SE7 031-0□E□0
	225	1PH7 226B	39.2 (52.5)	935 (688)	114	264	800	4500	0.86	49	0.88	14	1.93 (17.08)	750 (1653)	124	6SE7 031–2□F□0
	225	1PH7 228B	48 (64.3)	1145 (842)	136	272	800	4500	0.85	60.5	0.888	13.9	2.326 (20.584)	860 (1896)	155	6SE7 031–8□F□0
1150	100	1PH7 103D	4.3 (5.8)	36 (26)	10	391	2200	9000	0.81	5	0.813	40.6	0.017 (0.15)	40 (88)	10.2	6SE7 021-0□A□1
	100	1PH7 107D	7.2 (9.7)	60 (44)	17.5	360	2300	9000	0.81	8.8	0.838	40.3	0.029 (0.257)	65 (143)	17.5	6SE7 021-8□B□1
	132	1PH7 133D	13.5 (18.1)	112 (82)	29	381	2300	8000	0.85	13	0.877	39.7	0.076 (0.673)	90 (198)	34	6SE7 023-4□C□1
	132	1PH7 137D	19.5 (26.1)	162 (119)	43	367	2300	8000	0.86	19	0.887	39.6	0.109 (0.965)	150 (331)	47	6SE7 024-7□D□1
	160	1PH7 163D	25 (33.5)	208 (153)	55	364	2300	6500	0.84	25	0.904	39.2	0.185 (1.637)	175 (386)	59	6SE7 026-0□D□1
	160	1PH7 167D	31 (41.6)	257 (189)	70	357	2300	6500	0.83	34	0.909	39.1	0.228 (2.018)	210 (436)	72	6SE7 027-2□D□1
	180	1PH7 184D	44 (59)	366 (269)	89	383	2300	5000	0.83	42	0.92	39.2	0.503 (4.451)	370 (816)	92	6SE7 031-0□E□0
	180	1PH7 186D	58 (77.7)	482 (354)	116	390	2300	5000	0.81	58	0.925	39.1	0.666 (5.894)	440 (970)	124	6SE7 031–2□F□0
	225	1PH7 224D	81 (108.6)	670 (346)	160	385	2300	4500	0.81	79	0.938	38.9	1.479 (13.088)	630 (1389)	175	6SE7 032-1□G□0
	225	1PH7 226D	105 (140.8)	870 (640)	197	390	2300	4500	0.84	87.5	0.941	38.9	1.93 (17.08)	750 (1653)	218	6SE7 032-6□G□0
	225	1PH7 228D	129 (172.9)	1070 (787)	238	390	2300	4500	0.85	98	0.943	38.9	2.326 (20.584)	860 (1896)	262	6SE7 033-2□G□0

For detailed motor information, please refer to Catalog DA 65.3.

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

<sup>1)</sup> For rated currents below 37.5 A, Compact PLUS units can also be used.

<sup>2)</sup>  $n_1$ : motor speed at which, when  $P=P_{\rm rated}$ , there is still a power reserve of 30 % before the stalling limit is reached or at which the mechanical speed limit is reached or at which the speed is limited by the SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control converter due to  $f_{\rm max.} \leq 2 \cdot f_{\rm rated}$ .

Warning! The maximum speed in field-weakening mode is sometimes limited to lower values due to f<sub>max.</sub> ≤ 2 · f<sub>rated</sub>.

# Compact and chassis units

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Motor selection

Motor selection Compact and chassis units

		ıtilization to temperatı				D : 1	0 1		_		E.(f)			147 : :		erter data
Rated speed	Size	Motor	Rated power	Rated torque		volt- age	Speed during field- weak- ening <sup>1</sup> )	Max. oper- ating speed 2)		Mag- netiz- ing- cur- rent	eiency	Rated fre- quen- cy	Mo- ment of in- ertia	Weight	Rated cur- rent	Converter Inverter
n <sub>rated</sub>			P <sub>rated</sub> kW	$ au_{ m rated}$ Nm	$I_{\rm rated}$	$V_{\rm rated}$	$n_1$	$n_{\rm max}$		$I_{\mu}$	$\eta_{\mathrm{rated}}$	$f_{\rm rated}$	J kg/m²	m kg	$I_{\rm n\;conv}$	
rpm		Order No.	(HP)	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in)	Α	V	rpm	rpm	$\cos \varphi$	Α		Hz	(lb <sub>f</sub> -in-s <sup>2</sup> )		Α	Order No.
Suppl	y vol	tage 3-ph. 480 V <i>A</i>	AC for SI	MOVE	RT MA	STERE	RIVES	Motion	n Conti	rol cor	verte	rs				
750	100	1PH7 101F	4.3 (5.8)	24 (18)	10	398	3500	9000	0.75	5.7	0.855	60	0.017 (0.15)	40 (88)	10.2	6SE7 021-0□A□
	100	1PH7 103F	6.25 (8.4)	34 (25)	13	398	2600	9000	0.84	5.3	0.849	61	0.017 (0.15)	40 (88)	13.2	6SE7 021–3□B□
	100	1PH7 105F	8 (10.7)	44 (32)	17.5	398	3500	9000	0.77	9.3	0.875	60	0.029 (0.257)	65 (143)	17.5	6SE7 022-8□C□
	100	1PH7 107F	10 (13.4)	55 (40)	23	381	3500	9000	0.80	10.6	0.87	60.3	0.029 (0.257)	65 (143)	25.5	6SE7 022-6□C□
	132	1PH7 131F	13 (17.4)	71 (52)	24	398	3300	8000	0.88	8.1	0.902	59.7	0.076 (0.673)	90 (198)	25.5	6SE7 022-6□C□
	132	1PH7 133F	17.5 (23.5)	96 (71)	34	398	3400	8000	0.85	14	0.9	59.7	0.076 (0.673)	90 (198)	34	6SE7 023-4□C□
	132	1PH7 135F	21.5 (28.8)	117 (86)	42	398	3500	8000	0.86	16	0.906	59.5	0.109 (0.965)	150 (331)	47	6SE7 024-7□D□
	132	1PH7 137F	25 (33.5)	136 (100)	56	357	3500	8000	0.85	23	0.902	59.5	0.109 (0.965)	150 (331)	59	6SE7 026-0□D□
	160	1PH7 163F	34 (45.6)	186 (136)	72	364	3500	6500	0.86	28	0.915	59.2	0.185 (1.637)	175 (386)	72	6SE7 027-2□D□
	160	1PH7 167F	41 (55)	224 (165)	79	398	3500	6500	0.86	30	0.92	59.2	0.228 (2.018)	210 (463)	92	6SE7 031-0□E□
	180	1PH7 184F	60 (80.4)	327 (240)	120	388	3500	5000	0.78	64	0.934	59	0.503 (4.451)	370 (816)	124	6SE7 031–2□F□
	180	1PH7 186F	85 (113.9)	465 (342)	169	385	3500	5000	8.0	84	0.94	59	0.666 (5.894)	440 (970)	186	6SE7 032-1□G□
	225	1PH7 224U	110 (147.5)	600 (441)	203	395	3500	4500	0.84	88	0.944	58.9	1.479 (13.088)	630 (1389)	210	6SE7 032-6□G□
	225	1PH7 226F	135 (181)	737 (542)	254	395	3500	4500	0.82	120	0.947	58.9	1.93 (17.08)	750 (1653)	262	6SE7 033-2□G□
	225	1PH7 228F	179 (240)	975 (719)	342	395	3500	4500	0.81	169	0.948	58.8	2.326 (20.585)	860 (1896)	423	6SE7 035-1E K□
300	100	1PH7 103G	7.5 (10.1)	31 (23)	17	388	4600	9000	0.79	8.2	0.866	78.8	0.017 (0.15)	40 (88)	17.5	6SE7 021-8□C□
	100	1PH7 107G	12 (16.1)	50 (37)	26	400	4600	9000	8.0	12	0.878	78.7	0.029 (0.257)	65 (143)	25.5	6SE7 022-6□C□
	132	1PH7 133G	22.5 (30.2)	93 (68)	45	398	4600	8000	0.86	17	0.9	78	0.076 (0.673)	90 (198)	47	6SE7 024–7□D□
	132	1PH7 137G	29 (38.9)	120 (88)	56	398	4600	8000	0.87	21	0.903	77.8	0.109 (0.965)	150 (331)	59	6SE7 026-0□D□
	160	1PH7 163G	38 (50.9)	158 (116)	82	398	4600	6500	0.78	43	0.9	77.3	0.185 (1.637)	175 (386)	92	6SE7 031-0□E□
	160	1PH7 167G	44 (60)	183 (135)	85	398	4600	6500	0.84	40	0.911	77.4	0.228 (2.018)	210 (463)	92	6SE7 031-0□E□
900	180	1PH7 184L	81 (108.6)	265 (195)	158	395	5000	5000	8.0	77	0.934	97.4	0.503 (4.451)	370 (816)	175	6SE7 032–1□G□
	180	1PH7 186L	101 (135.4)	333 (245)	206	385	5000	5000	0.78	107	0.936	97.3	0.666 (5.894)	440 (970)	218	6SE7 032–6□G□
	225	1PH7 224L	149 (199.7)	490 (360)	274	395	4500	4500	0.84	115	0.946	97.3	1.479 (13.088)	630	308	6SE7 033-7□G□
	225	1PH7 226L	185 (248)	610 (450)	348	390	4500	4500	0.83	154	0.947	97.2	1.93 (17.081)	750	423	6SE7 035-1E K□
	225	1PH7 228L	215 (288)	708 (522)	402	395	4500	4500	0.82	186	0.946	97.2	2.326 (20.585)	860	491	6SE7 036-0E K□

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

<sup>1)</sup>  $n_1$ : motor speed at which, when  $P = P_{\rm rated}$ , there is still a power reserve of 30 % before the stalling limit is reached or at which the mechanical speed limit is reached or at which the speed is limited by the SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control converter due to  $f_{\rm max.} \le 2 \cdot f_{\rm rated}$ .

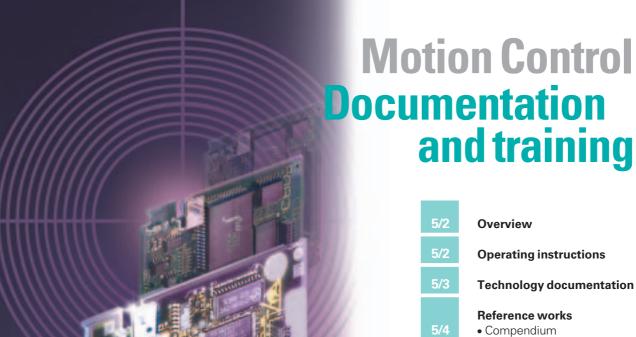
<sup>2)</sup> Warning! The maximum speed in field-weakening mode is sometimes limited to lower values due to  $f_{\text{max.}} \leq 2 \cdot f_{\text{rated}}$ .

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Motor selection

Compact PLUS units







5/4

• Operating instructions

5/4 Siemens safety engineering

**Demonstration case** 

5/8 **Training Center** 

5/9 **Training courses** 

Language	Code
French/English	D77
Spanish/English	D78
Italian/English	D72

The documentation with its detailed description of the parameter lists and control concepts is very extensive. The additionally available free function blocks, which can be combined and connected as required with the help of the BICO system, require additional instructions. Therefore, the documentation is split up into three parts:

The <u>operating instructions</u> are supplied with the units and contain the information necessary for standard drives, without the parameter lists and without the binector/connector lists.

## Compact PLUS units

- The Compendium contains the detailed documentation for the software, including parameter lists and binector/connector lists as well as block circuit diagrams for the various types of open-loop and closed-loop control and function blocks. The Compendium must be ordered separately and is valid for all types of units. The Compendium is necessary when
  - the technology software is used (centrally or distributed)
- additional signals, above and beyond those of the factory settings, are to be processed, i.e. if access to the parameter list is required.



## Compact and chassis units



- the full range of functions of the converter software, including communication by means of field-bus systems, is to be used
- additional inputs/outputs are envisaged via the EB1 and EB2 expansion boards
- the free function blocks are to be used.
- The <u>CD-ROM</u> is included in the scope of supply (exception: Option D99).

This contains:

- DriveMonitor V 5.x (see page 6/101)
- all operating instructions and the Compendium in the form of PDF files in German and English and other available languages.

#### **Operating instructions**

#### Converter and inverter units

Operating instructions for	Size	Order No.
AC/AC Compact PLUS unit		6SE708□-□JP50
AC/AC compact unit	A to D	6SE708□-□JD50
AC/AC chassis unit	E to K	6SE708□-□JK50
DC/AC Compact PLUS unit		6SE708□-□KP50
DC/AC compact unit	A to D	6SE708□-□KD50
DC/AC chassis unit	E to J	6SE708□-□KN50
		<b>A A</b>
German/English		7 6
Italian/English		7 2
French/English		7 7

#### Rectifier units

Spanish/English

Operating instructions for	Size	Order No.
Compact PLUS unit <sup>1</sup> )		6SE708□-□NP85-0AA0
Compact unit	B and C	6SE708□-□AC85-0AA0
Chassis unit	E	6SE708□-□AE85-0AA0
Chassis unit	H and K	6SE708□-□AK85-0AA0
German/English		7 6
Italian		7 2
French		7 7
Spanish		7 8

## 1) English is included in all the language combinations.

#### Rectifier/regenerative units

Operating instructions for	Size	Order No.
Compact and chassis units	C to K	6SE708□-□AK85-1AA0
English		7 6
Italian		7 2
French		7 7
Spanish		7 8
German		0 0

#### Self-commutated, pulsed rectifier/regenerative units Active Front End (AFE)

Unit type	Frame size	Order No.	Order No.
Compact unit	A to D	6SE708□-□KD80	-
Chassis unit	E to G	-	6SE708□-□CX86-2AA0
		<b>A A</b>	<b>A A</b>
German/Englis	h	7 6	- 11
German		_	0 0
English			7 6
Italian		7 2	7 2
French		7 7	7 7
Spanish		7 8	7 8

## Compact and chassis units



# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Documentation and training

#### **Operating instructions**

#### System components

Operating instructions for	Order No.
Capacitor module <sup>1</sup> )	6SE708□-□NP87-2DD0
DC link module <sup>1</sup> )	6SE708□-□NP87-3CR0
Braking units	6SE708□-□CX87-2DA0
Radio-interference suppression filter for Compact PLUS units <sup>1</sup> )	6SE708□-□NP87-0FB0
Radio-interference suppression filter for compact and chassis units	6SE708□-□CX87-0FB0
German/English	7 6 7 2

#### Electronics options

French Spanish

Electronics options	Order No.
OP1S operator control panel	6SE708□-□NX84-2FK0
SBR1/2 resolver board SBP incremental encoder board SBM/SBM2 incremental encoder/multiturn encoder evaluation board	6SE708□-□NX84-0FC0 6SE708□-□NX84-0FA0 6SE708□-□NX84-0FD0
EB1 expansion board EB2 expansion board	6SE708□-□NX84-0KB0 6SE708□-□NX84-0KC0
CBP/CBP2 communication board for PROFIBUS DP CBC communication board for CAN bus SLB communication board for SIMOLINK	6SE708□-□NX84-0FF0 6SE708□-□NX84-0FG0 6SE708□-□NX84-0FJ0
German/English Italian/English French/English Spanish/English	7 6 7 2 7 7 7 8

#### T100 and T300 technology boards

Technology boards	Language	Order No.
T100 technology board – Hardware description	G/En/Fr/S/lt	6SE7080-0CX87-0BB0
T300 technology board – Hardware description	German/ English French	6SE7087-6CX84-0AH0 6SE7087-7CX84-0AH0
MS320 software module axial winder, for T300	German English	6SE7080-0CX84-2AH1 6SE7080-6CX84-2AH1
MS340 software module angular synchronism control, for T300	German English French	6SE7080-0CX84-4AH1 6SE7087-6CX84-4AH1 6SE7087-7CX84-4AH1
MS360 software module multi- motor drive, for T300	German English	6SE7080-0CX84-6AH1 6SE7087-6CX84-6AH1
MS380 software module positioning control, for T300	German English	6SE7080-0CX84-8AH1 6SE7087-6CX84-8AH1
MS100 software module universal drive, for T100	German English	6SE7080-0CX84-0BB1 6SE7087-6CX84-0BB1
SCB1 interface board with SCl1 and SCl2 SCB2 interface board		6SE708□-□CX84-0BC0 6SE708□-□CX84-0BD0
German/English		7 6 7 2
French		7 7
Spanish		7 8

#### **Technology documentation**

The Compendium and the Motion Control projectplanning package are necessary for using the technology

• distributed in the SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES Motion Control

#### Compendium

The SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES Motion Control Compendium, as described on Page 5/2, is essential for technology applications.

## Motion Control project-planning package

Motion Control projectplanning package for MASTERDRIVES MC and SIMATIC S7

- Technology manual Detailed description of Motion Control
- Communication boards GMC Basic for SIMATIC S7.

Supplied as a manual with CD-ROM.

Language	Order No.
Compendium	6SE708□-□QX□0
	<b>A A A</b>
German	0 0
English	7 6
Italian	7 2
French	7 7
Spanish	7 8
Motion Control Standard	5
Motion Control Performance 2	7

Language	Order No.
Project-planning package Motion Control	6AT1880-0AA00-1□C0
German	A
English	В

<sup>1)</sup> English is included in all the language combinations.

### Documentation and training

#### **Reference works**

## Compact PLUS units





#### Compendium

#### **Contents**

- System description
- Configuration and connection examples
- Technology functions
- EMC guidelines
- Function blocks and parameters
- Parameterization
- Parameterizing steps
- Functions

- Process data
- Communication SST1/2 interfaces USS protocol PROFIBUS DP CAN SIMOLINK
- Annex

   Function diagrams
   Binector list
   Connector list
   Parameter list
   Faults and alarms list
   Motor list

Language	Order No.
Compendium	6SE708□-□ <b>Q</b> X□0
German	0 0
English	7 6
Italian	7 2
French	7 7
Spanish	7 8
Motion Control Standard	5
Motion Control Performance 2	7

#### Operating instructions

The reference work is to be regarded as reference documentation and includes operating instructions for the following components:

- Converters
- Inverters
- Rectifier units
- Rectifier/regenerative units
- Capacitor module
- DC link module
- Braking units
- Radio-interference suppression filters

- EB1/EB2 expansion boards
- Communication boards CBP/CBP2 (PROFIBUS DP), CBC (CAN) and SLB (SIMOLINK)
- Encoder boards SBP, SBR1/2, SBM/SBM2
- OP1S operator control panel

The operating instructions contain a description of the basic functions and instructions for installation and start-up.

Language	Order No.
Reference works	
Operating instructions	6SE708□-□NX50
	<b>≜ ≜</b>
German/English	7 6
Italian/English	7 2
French/English	7 7
Spanish/English	7 8

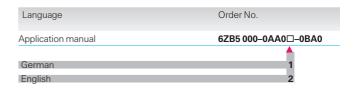
#### Siemens safety engineering

## "Safety Integrated" application manual

The "Safety Integrated" application manual uses technical explanations and application examples to show how to prevent or eliminate the hazards of electric and electronic devices.

## The complete CD-ROM about the safety system

The "Safety Integrated" CD-ROM offers a comprehensive overview of safety technology and the widest range of safety components, while still embedded in the standard world of automation.



Language	Order No.
"Safety Integrated" CD-ROM German/English	E20001-D10-M103-X-7400

Compact and chassis units



Compact

PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Documentation and training

**Demonstration case and start-up box** 

#### SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control demonstration case

#### 1-axis system

Stand-alone case equipped with

- Converter
- CBP/CBP2 communications board (for communicating with the PROFIBUS DP demonstration case)
- Control panel
- Pulse resistor
- Radio-interference suppression filter
- Motor, including resolver

- CEE plug for power supply connection, 3-ph. 400 V AC
- DriveMonitor visualization program for PCs.

Dimensions (W x H x D): 360 mm x 500 mm x 235 mm (14.2 in x 19.7 in x 9.3 in) Weight: approx. 20 kg (41.1 lb)

Order No.:

#### 6SX7000-0AF00

Transport trolley see page 5/7.



Fig. 5/1 1-axis demonstration case

#### Technology for MASTERDRIVES Motion Control demonstration case

#### 2-axis system

Stand-alone case equipped with

- Converter/inverter
- CPB/CBP2 communication board (for communication with the "PROFIBUS DP demonstration case and the "SIMATIC S7 Motion Control" demonstration case)
- Control panel
- Pulse resistor
- Radio-interference suppression filter
- 1FT6 and 1FK6 servomotors with actual-value encoders

- CEE plug for power supply connection, 3-ph. 400 V AC
- DriveMonitor visualization program for PCs.

Dimensions (W x H x D): 510 mm x 610 mm x 300 mm (20.1 in x 24 in x 11.8 in) Weight: approx. 47 kg (103.6 lb)

Order No.:

#### 6SX7000-0AF20

On request, the SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control 2-axis demonstration case is also available for supply voltage 120 V AC.

Transport trolley see page 5/7.



Fig. 5/2 2-axis demonstration case with adapter box

#### Adapter box for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control demonstration case for 1-axis and 2-axis system

Contains

- Power supply plug, 1-ph. 230 V AC
- CEE socket for demonstration case
- 24 V power supply unit with terminal for the MC converter/inverter.

Dimensions (W x H x D): 230 mm x 170 mm x 170 mm (9.1 in x 6.7 in x 6.7 in) Weight: approx. 3 kg (6.6 lb)

Order No.:

9AK1013-1AA00

#### Documentation and training

**Demonstration case and start-up box** 

Compact PLUS units





#### Demonstration case for MASTERDRIVES Motion Control with Drive ES and touch panel

This demonstration case enables the functions of MASTERDRIVES Motion Control units to be demonstrated with a synchronous PROFIBUS DP. The operator uses the TP27 touch panel. A user interface for the TP27 is also supplied to provide the drives of a connected 1-axis or 2-axis demonstration case with setpoints and parameters or to read out faults. A PC/PG with STEP7/ Drive ES can be connected to the demonstration case in order to demonstrate the functions of Drive ES.

Hardware structure:

- SIMATIC CPU 316-2DP (direct slave-to-slave traffic, clock synchronicity, routing)
- Power supply

- SIMATIC simulator module
- TP27 touch panel
- TS adapter
- Connecting leads for 1-axis or 2-axis Motion Control demonstration case, and PG/PC with Drive ES.
- Operating instructions for the software supplied for the TP27 for operating a connected 1-axis or 2-axis case
- Documentation in German/ English

Dimensions (W x H x D): 500 mm x 300 mm x 150 mm (19.7 in x 11.8 in x 5.9 in) Weight: approx. 8.5 kg (18.7 lb)

Order No.:

6SX7000-0AJ00



Fig. 5/3
Demonstration case with Drive ES and touch panel

#### PROFIBUS DP/SIMATIC S7 demonstration case

Enables demonstration of the drives within an automation system.

The PROFIBUS DP demonstration case consists of

- SIMATIC S7-300 (CPU 315-2DP, CP 340 with RS485 interface and 5 A power-supply unit)
- CP340 with RS485 interface for USS protocol (in preparation)
- OP7 operator-control unit
- EPROM with operatorcontrol and control program for PROFIBUS DP
- 3 m PROFIBUS DP cable for two bus stations
- 3 m power-supply cable for connecting 3-ph. 400 V AC

- Two 3-ph. AC CEE sockets (16 A) for connecting SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES or SIMOREG K 6RA24 demonstration cases
- Two 1-ph. 230 V AC sockets

The documentation describes the hardware, the STEP 7 program and how to use the demonstration case.

Dimensions (W x H x D): 550 mm x 410 mm x 350 mm (21.7 in x 16.1 in x 13.8 in) Weight: approx. 20 kg (41.1 lb)

Order No.:

6SX7000-0AG00

Transport trolley see page 5/7.



Fig. 5/4 PROFIBUS DP/SIMATIC S7 demonstration case

Compact and chassis units



Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Documentation and training

**Demonstration case and start-up box** 

#### Start-up box for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

The start-up box is a support device for starting up and servicing SIMOVERT MC converters and inverters.

The start-up box can be connected to the control terminal strip (-X101) of the converter by means of a prefabricated, highly flexible signal cable (included in the scope of supply). An electronic circuit within the device is used for converting the 24 V DC auxiliary power supply value of the converter to an analog setpoint. The analog setpoint can be adjusted and is displayed via a 5-digit LCD.

## Performance characteristics of the start-up box

- Analog setting of setpoints:
- coarse and fine setting by means of two potentiometers in the ratio 1:10
- polarity selector switch between normal and inverse setpoint polarity
- potentiometer for analog offset value with autonomous ON/OFF switch
- ON/OFF switch for setting analog setpoints
- The analog setpoint is decoupled and largely protected against pole-switching within the operating voltage range.
- The analog output signal of the control terminal strip is wired to 2 mm (0.08 in) measuring sockets in the start-up box.
- Six OFF switches for digital enabling signals, with green LED indicator lamps.
- Four red LEDs for displaying digital output signals.



Fig. 5/5 Start-up box

#### **Technical data**

Designation	Value
Size (L x W x H)	175 mm x 90 mm x 45 mm (6.9 in x 3.5 in x 1.8 in)
Voltage supply	24 V DC (via terminal – X101)
Voltage range, analog setpoint	0 V to 12.5 V/10 mA
Length of signal cable	1.3 m (4.3 ft)

#### Ordering data

Designation	Order No.
Start-up box for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control	9AK1011-1AA00

#### Transport trolley for demonstration units, suitable for 1-axis and 2-axis demonstration case

Sturdy transport trolley for demonstration case consisting of an aluminium frame with a telescopic handle and wheels with roller bearings. The transport trolley is fitted with an elastic strap for holding the demonstration case in place during transport. The trolley can be folded up for storage.

Dimensions when folded up:

Height folded/open: approx. 662/1020 mm (26.1/40.2 in) Width: approx. 480 mm (18.9 in) Weight: approx. 5 kg (11 lb)

Order No.: **6SX7000–0AE01** 

Documentation and training

Compact PLUS units



Compact and chassis units



## Training

#### Training Center

A&D Training Centers are located all over the world and provide a range of training courses for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES. The contents of the courses can be customized and the courses can also be conducted on the customer's premises.

#### Contact:

Any regional A&D Information & Training Center and regional companies in Germany:

Tel.: +49 18 05-23 56 11

#### Head Office:

Siemens AG Automation and Drives Training Office P. O.Box 48 48 90327 Nuremberg, Germany

E-mail: A&D.Kursbuero@nbgm. siemens.de Phone:

+49 9 11-8 95-32 00 Fax:

rax.

+49 9 11-8 95-32 75



Fig. 5/6 Training Center

# Compact and chassis units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

Documentation and training

Compact PLUS units

**Iraining** 

#### Overview of training courses

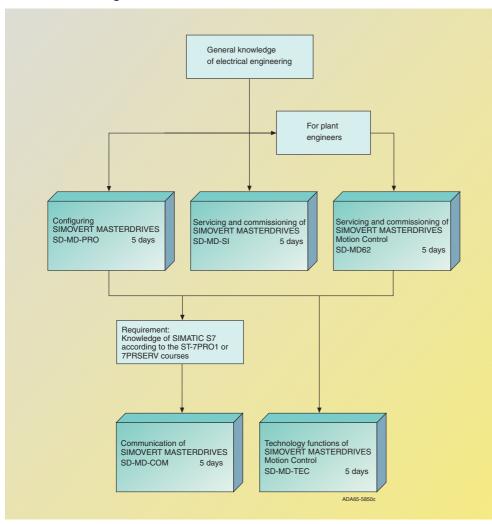


Fig. 5/7 Overview of training courses

#### Configurations of SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES SD-MD-PRO

Participants are provided with the technical knowledge they require to configure the SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES series of converters with the help of the catalog and PC tools. The course is aimed at planning engineers, technicians and other engineers with responsibility for the "selection and calculation of variable-speed drives."

#### Note:

Parameterization is dealt with in detail in the SD-MD-SI course.

#### Servicing and commissioning of SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES SD-MD-SI Compact course for MC and VC

This course is intended for commissioning and service personnel. Participants are taught the technical knowledge they require for parameterizing, commissioning and servicing SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control and Vector Control converters.

#### Communication SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES SD-MD-COM

The course is intended for commissioning and service personnel, as well as for planning engineers for SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES.

It provides participants with the knowledge they require for commissioning, configuring and programming the communication interfaces.

#### Technology functions of SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control SD-MD-TEC

The course is intended for commissioning and service personnel, as well as for plant engineers responsible for commissioning SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control converters. The decentralized technology functions are commissioned and their numerous features are explained in detail and applied.

Further information can be found in the ITC catalog October 2002, or can be obtained under http://www.sitrain.com.

#### Servicing and commissioning of SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES Motion Control SD-MD62

This course is intended for plant engineers responsible for commissioning SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES Vector Control converters. The three-phase drives with these converters are commissioned. The extensive functions are explained in detail and applied.

The course SD-MD62 takes place at Siemens AG, I&S IS INA Training Center in Erlangen, Germany. Telephone: +49 91 31-72 92 62 E-mail: info@sitrain.com

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Documentation and training

Compact PLUS units









Dimensioning of the power section and drive

Applications for single-axis and multi-axis drives with Compact PLUS

#### Motion Control open-loop and closed-loop control functions

- MASTERDRIVES Motion Control P2
- Free function blocks with BICO system
- Safe Stop

## Unit design, power and control terminals • Compact PLUS units

- Compact and chassis units with CUMC control board
- Rectifier units and rectifier/regenerative units
- Control terminal strip on the CUSA control board
- · Braking units

6/45 6/47

#### Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

#### System components

- Line-side components
- Rectifier units and rectifier/regenerative units
- AFE rectifier/regenerative units (Active Front End)
- Braking units and braking resistors
- Free-wheeling diode on the DC bus
- Dimensioning of the system components for multi-axis drives

#### Integration of the electronics options

## **Electronics options** 6/64 6/66

- SBR option board for resolvers
- SBP option board for incremental encoders
- SBM/SBM2 option board for incremental encoder/ absolute-value encoder
- Expansion boards
- Interface boards

#### SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES in the world of automation

#### Communication Overview

6/102

- USS protocol
- 6/79 6/82 SIMOLINK
  - PROFIBUS DP
- 6/84 6/86 • CAN
  - CBD

#### **Technology**

- Overview
- Technology functions of the basic software
  - Technology software
- Encoders for position detection
  - T100, T300 and T400 Technology boards
  - Central control boards

#### Operator control and visualization

- OP1S user-friendly operator control panel
- Control terminal strip
- Main contactor control
  - Start-up, parameterization and diagnostics with DriveMonitor

#### Power and encoder cables

#### **Engineering information**

Dimensioning of the power section and drive

Compact PLUS units





#### Engineering instructions

#### **Motion Control**

Servo drives are mostly cycle-type drives, i.e. drives which perform particular sequences of movement within a fixed cycle of motion. These movements can be linear or rotational. In addition, the motion sequence usually involves approaching a predefined position, and all movements must be carried out in the shortest possible time. As a consequence, servo drives have to meet the following specific reauirements:

- Dynamic, i.e. have short rise-times and move to the desired position without overshoot
- High overload capability, i.e. have a high acceleration reserve
- Broad control range, i.e. high resolution for exact positioning.

The engineering notes below refer to servo drives with 1FK./1FT6 synchronous servomotors or with 1PH7/1PH4/1PL6 asynchronous servomotors.

Synchronous servomotors are preferred where a compact motor volume, low rotor inertia and fast response levels are important. With asynchronous servomotors, high maximum speeds are reached in the field-weakening speed range. They have a somewhat larger motor volume.

The drives can be operated individually as single-axis drives or together as multi-axis drives. For connecting the drives to a PLC, via PROFIBUS DP for example, supplementary boards may be necessary. Decentralized provision of technology functions within the Motion Control system is possible with special software or the functions can be provided centrally using a PLC.

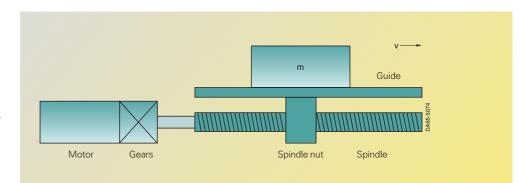


Fig. 6/1 Typical spindle drive

## A typical engineering sequence

The basis for engineering is a sketch and a description of how the machine functions. The PATH project-planning tool is of considerable help in further designing the system.



- Clarification of the type of drive, technical data and other boundary conditions such as technological functions and integration into an automation system
- Specification of the motion curve
- 3. Calculation of the maximum load torque and selection of the gearbox
- 4. Selection of the motor
- 5. Selection of the converter or inverter
- 6. Multi-axis drives
  - in the case of Compact PLUS units, selection of a rectifier unit or a converter
  - in the case of compact and chassis units, selection of the rectifier unit

- 7. Selection of the braking unit and braking resistor
- 8. Selection of other components.
- 1. Clarification of the type of drive, technical data and other boundary conditions

The procedure for calculating the load torque depends on the type of drive. For example, it may be a traction drive, a hoisting drive or a turntable drive. In the case of linear motion, for example, power can be transmitted via a toothed belt, a gear rack or a spindle. Normally, a gearbox is also needed for adapting the motor speed and the motor torque to the load conditions.

For this calculation, the following technical data must be available such as:

- Masses to be moved
- Diameter of the drive wheel or the diameter and pitch of the spindle
- Details of the frictional losses
- Mechanical efficiency
- Distances to be travelled
- Maximum speed
- Maximum acceleration and deceleration
- Cycle time
- Accuracy levels for positioning

Further conditions are the integration into a system (PLC), the technology to be used (centralized or distributed) and the coupling between the drives (e.g. with SIMOLINK).

## 2. Specification of the motion curve

The motion curve – namely the v, t diagram when a linear drive is being used - is determined from the information relating to travel distances, speed, acceleration, deceleration and the cycle time. If multi-axis drives are used, the interdependence of the individual motion curves must be taken into account. The motion curve is also required for thermally dimensioning the motor and selecting the braking resistor. It should therefore represent the "worst-case scenario" for the task.

Compact and



PLUS units

**Engineering information** 

Dimensioning of the power section and drive

#### 3. Calculation of the load speed and the maximum load torque, selection of the gearbox

Information on the mechanical factors involved is used to calculate the load speed and the maximum load torque. If the deceleration is equal to the acceleration, the load torque is at a maximum during the acceleration phase. In addition to the maximum load torque, various other variables are involved in gear selection. These are:

- Size
- Efficiency
- Torsional play
- Torsional rigidity
- Moment of inertia
- Noise.

Planetary gears are especially suitable for positioning tasks due to their low torsional play and high torsional rigidity. These gears also have a high power density, are highly efficient and quiet. When the gear transmission ratio is being selected, it

should be borne in mind that higher motor speeds generally entail smaller motors. This must, however, be checked for each individual case. A higher gear transmission ratio has a favorable effect on positioning accuracv in relation to the encoder resolution. The angle of rotation  $\alpha_G$  of the gear, the number of pulses z per revolution of the encoder, the drive-wheel diameter D or the spindle pitch h and the gear transmission ratio i give the positioning accuracy as follows:

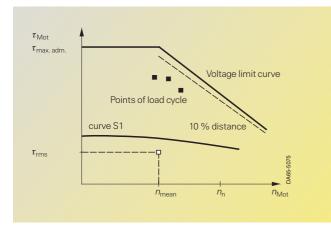
$$\Delta s_{\text{Gear}} = \frac{D \cdot \pi}{360^{\circ}} \cdot \alpha_{\text{G}}$$

$$\Delta s_{\text{Encoder}} = \frac{D \cdot \pi}{i \cdot z}$$

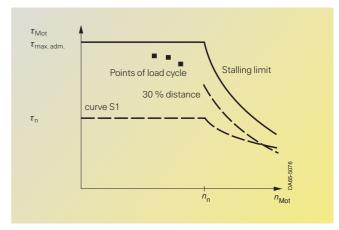
 $\Delta s_{\text{Encoder}} = \frac{h}{h}$  with spindle drives

$$\begin{array}{l} \Delta s_{\rm tot} = \\ \Delta s_{\rm Gear} + \Delta s_{\rm Encoder} + \Delta s_{\rm mech} \\ ({\rm steady-state}) \end{array}$$

 $\Delta S_{\text{mech}}$  is the imprecision of the mechanical system e.g. due to expansion of a toothed belt.



Torque limit curves for 1FK./1FT6 motors (synchronous servomotors)



Torque limit curves for 1PH7 motors (asynchronous servomotors)

#### 4. Selection of the motor

The motor is selected according to the following crite-

- Adherence to dynamiclimits, i.e. all  $\tau_n$  points of the load cycle must be below the limit curve.
- Motor speed must be smaller than  $n_{\text{max perm.}}$ With synchronous servomotors, the maximum motor speed must not be greater than the rated speed.
- Observing the thermal limits, i.e. with synchronous servomotors, the motor rms torque at the mean motor speed resulting from the load cycle must be below the S1 curve. With asynchronous servomotors, the rms value of the motor current within a load cycle must be smaller than the rated current of the motor

When synchronous servomotors are used, it must be borne in mind that the maximum permissible motor torque at high speeds is reduced by the voltage limit curve. In addition, a margin of about 10 % should be kept from the voltage limit curve as a protection against voltage fluctuations.

If asynchronous servomotors are used, the permissible motor torque in the field-weakening range is reduced by the stalling limit. Here, a clearance of approximately 30 % should be maintained.



#### Engineering instructions (continued)

In order to keep a check on the dynamic limits, the maximum motor torques must be calculated. In general, the maximum motor torque occurs during the acceleration phase. During acceleration, in addition to the maximum torque determined by the load, there is also the torque  $\tau_{a \, \text{Mot}}$  needed for accelerating the rotor's moment of inertia. The following formula is therefore used to calculate the maximum motor torque:

 $au_{ ext{Mot max}} =$ 

 $au_{ ext{a Mot}} + au_{ ext{*Load max}}$ 

 $au_{ ext{a Mot}}$ 

Accelerating torque for the motor rotor

τ∗Load max

The maximum load torque referred to the motor speed during the acceleration phase, including the component gearbox

with

 $\tau_{a \, Mot} = J_{Mot} \cdot \alpha_{a \, Mot}$ 

 $lpha_{\mathsf{a\,Mot}}$ 

Angular acceleration of the motor

By experimentation, a motor that fulfils the condition for the maximum motor torque over the required speed range can now be found. The proportion of the acceleration torque for the motor rotor in relation to the maximum motor torque depends not only on the motor's moment of inertia and the angular acceleration, but also on the moment of inertia of the load, the gear transmission ratio and the static load torque.

A second point to be checked is whether the thermal limits are adhered to.

#### Synchronous servomotors

In order to calculate the rms torque, the motor torque must be determined at all parts of the motion curve. The following formula is used to calculate the rms torque and the mean motor speed:

$$au_{\rm rms} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum au^2_{
m Mot \, i} \cdot \Delta t_{
m i}}{T}}$$

$$n_{\text{mean}} = \frac{\sum \frac{\left| n_{\text{Mot B}} + n_{\text{Mot E}} \right|}{2} \cdot \Delta t_{\text{in}}}{2}$$

T

Cycle period

 $au_{\mathsf{Mot}\;\mathsf{i}}$ 

Motor torque in time segment  $\Delta t_i$ 

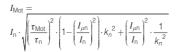
 $\frac{\left|n_{\text{Mot B}} + n_{\text{Mot E}}\right|}{2}$ 

Mean motor speed in time segment Δt<sub>i</sub> (B: beginning value, E: ending value)

If the rms torque at the mean motor speed is below the S1 curve and the dynamic limits are being adhered to, the selected synchronous servomotor can be used.

#### Asynchronous servomotors

In order to calculate the motor's rms current, the motor torque at all parts of the motion curve must first be determined. The motor current is thus calculated as follows:



 $I_{\mu extsf{n}}$  Rated magnetizing current

 $k_n = 1$  in the constant flux range

 $k_n = \frac{n}{n_n}$  in the field-weakening range

The following formula is used to calculate the rms value of the motor current:

$$I_{\rm rms} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum \left(\frac{I_{\rm Mot\,B} + I_{\rm Mot\,E}}{2}\right)^2 \cdot \Delta t_i}{T}}$$

 $\frac{I_{\mathsf{Mot}\,\mathsf{B}} + I_{\mathsf{Mot}\,\mathsf{E}}}{2}$ 

Mean motor current in time segment  $\Delta t_i$  (B: beginning value, E: ending value)

If the dynamic limits are adhered to and the rms value of the motor current is smaller than the motor's rated current, the selected asynchronous motor can be used.

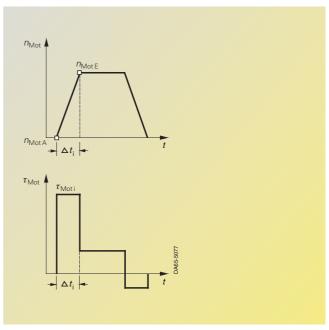


Fig. 6/4 Example of motor speed and motor torque in a time segment  $\Delta t_{\rm i}$ 

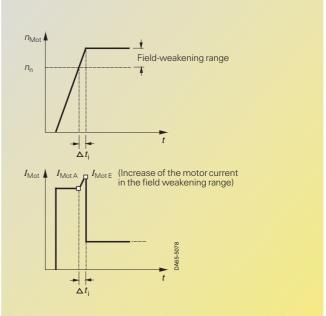


Fig. 6/5 Example of motor speed and motor torque in a time segment  $\Delta t_i$ 

The encoder to be selected depends on the requirements in each individual case. Incremental encoders provide high resolution and extremely true running at the

lowest speeds. They are thus especially suitable for highly accurate positioning tasks. Resolvers are robust, cost-effective and provide good resolution.

Compact and



Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control **Engineering information** 

Dimensioning of the power section and drive

#### 5. Selection of converters or inverters

For single-axis drives, a converter now has to be selected and, for multi-axis drives, an inverter is necessary. The selection criteria are the same for both:

- The maximum motor current must be smaller than the maximum permissible output current of the converter/inverter. For Compact PLUS units, the × 3 overload current capability must not be used for more than 250 ms (see technical data).
- The arithmetic mean value of the motor current must be smaller than the rated current of the converter/ inverter with a maximum cycle period of 300 s.

The second condition arises from the fact that the switching losses and forward losses in the inverter are approximately proportional to the output current.

In order to determine the motor current at a given motor torque, the following formula is used:

with synchronous servomotors

$$I_{\mathrm{Mot}} = \frac{ au_{\mathrm{Mot}}}{k_{\mathrm{Tn}}}$$

 $k_{Tn}$  Torque constant

In general, the maximum motor current occurs during the acceleration phase. At high motor torques, the motor current may be greater than calculated with  $k_{Tn}$  due to saturation effects. This must to be taken into account when dimensioning/ selecting the motor.

 with asynchronous servomotors

Calculation of the motor current is as described under 4. Accelerating into the fieldweakening range with a constant motor torque results in the maximum motor current in the field-weakening range at maximum speed.

The following formula is used to calculate the arithmetic mean of the motor current:

- with synchronous servomotors

$$I_{ ext{Mot mean}} = rac{\displaystyle\sum \left| au_{ ext{Mot i}}\right| \cdot \Delta t_{ ext{i}}}{k_{ ext{Tn}} \cdot T}$$

Motor torque in time segment  $\dot{\Delta}t_i$ 

Cycle period

with asynchronous servomotors

$$I_{\text{Mot mean}} = \frac{\sum \frac{I_{\text{Mot B}} + I_{\text{Mot E}}}{2} \cdot \Delta t}{T}$$

 $\frac{I_{\text{Mot B}} + I_{\text{Mot E}}}{2} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Mean motor} \\ \text{current in time} \\ \text{segment } \Delta t_{\text{i}} \end{array}$ (B: beginning value, E: ending value)

6. Permissible and nonpermissible motorconverter combinations

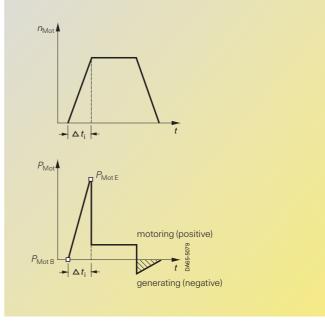
Rated motor current greater than rated converter current

If a motor is to be used with a rated current greater than that of the rated converter current, the following relationship is to be ensured (even if the motor is only operated under partial load):

 $I_{\text{n motor}} \leq I_{\text{max conv}} =$  $1.50 \times I_{n \text{ conv}}$ 

The maximum rated converter current must be greater than or at least equal to the rated current of the connected motor.

If this is not complied with, the lower leakage inductance causes greater motor peak currents which can lead to shutdown.



Example of motor speed and motor output in a time segment  $\Delta t_{\rm i}$ 

Smallest permissible rated motor current at the converter

If the Vector Control modes are used, the rated motor current in the case of compact and chassis units must be at least 1/8 of the rated converter current and, in the case of the Compact PLUS units, at least 1/4 of the rated converter current.

If the rated motor current is  $< \frac{1}{4}$  resp.  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the rated converter current (in the case of compact units and Compact PLUS units), torque precision during torque-control mode is somewhat less accurate than when the current level is optimally adapted.

If the VIf characteristic curves are used, this restriction does not apply. If power is fed to a much smaller motor in comparison to the converter power output, however, the quality of control suffers because the I2t calculation for the motor can no longer be carried out correctly.



#### Engineering instructions (continued)

#### 7. Selection of the rectifier unit for multi-axis drives

When multi-axis drives are used, several inverters are supplied with power via a rectifier unit. When the rectifier unit is selected, it must be determined whether all the drives can work at the same time. The criteria for making the selection are as follows:

- The maximum DC link current must be less than the maximum permissible output current of the rectifier unit. In the case of a Compact PLUS rectifier unit, if three times the rated current is utilized, this current must not flow for longer than 250 ms (see technical data). If a Compact PLUS rectifier is not used, the maximum output current must not exceed 1.36 times the rated current for a period of 60 s (see technical data).
- The arithmetic mean value of the DC link current must be smaller than the rated value of the DC link current of the rectifier unit when the maximum cycle period is 300 s.

The second condition arises from the fact that the rectifier losses are approximately proportional to the DC link current.

The DC link current is calculated as follows:

$$I_{
m DC\ rect} = \sum I_{
m DC\ inv}$$

$$I_{\mathrm{DC\;inv}} = \frac{P_{\mathrm{Mot}}}{\eta_{\mathrm{Mot}} \cdot \eta_{\mathrm{inv}} \cdot V_{\mathrm{DC}}}$$

DC link current of an inverter during motor operation

 $V_{DC} = 1.35 \cdot V_{Line}$ 

DC link voltage

 $P_{\text{Mot}} = \frac{\tau_{\text{Mot}} \cdot n_{\text{Mot}}}{\tau_{\text{Mot}}}$ 9550

Motor output

When the rectifier is selected, only motor operation needs to be considered. The maximum DC link current occurs when all the motors connected to the inverters have to simultaneously produce the maximum motor output. If this is not the case. a smaller rectifier may be selected. The total number of inverters connected, however, must not be too large or, otherwise, the precharging unit of the rectifier may be overloaded (see technical data).

In order to determine the arithmetic mean value of the DC link current, the mean values of the individual inverters are added together. For one inverter, the calculation is as follows:

$$I_{\rm DC\;inv\;mean} = \frac{P_{\;\rm Mot\;mean}}{\eta_{\rm Mot}\cdot\eta_{\rm inv}\cdot V_{\rm DC}}$$

$$\textit{P}_{\text{Mot mean}} = \frac{\sum \frac{\textit{P}_{\text{Mot B}} \cdot \textit{P}_{\text{Mot E}}}{2} \cdot \Delta t_{i}}{T}$$

 $\underline{P_{\text{Mot B}} \cdot P_{\text{Mot E}}}$  Mean motor output in time segment  $\Delta t_i$  (B: beginning value, E: ending value)

Cycle period

Only positive motor outputs need to be evaluated.

Adding the mean values for the individual inverters  $(I_{DC inv mean})$  gives the mean value for the rectifier (IDC rect mean) as follows:

$$I_{DC \text{ rect mean}} = \sum I_{DC \text{ inv mean}}$$

For further information on planning multi-axis drives. see chapter "Engineering Information - System components."

Selection of the rectifier unit or converter if multi-axis drives are used with Compact PLUS converters and inverters

• The total nominal outputs of the inverters connected to a converter must not exceed the nominal output of the converter with a coincidence factor of 0.8!

#### Example:

5.5 kW (7.5 HP) converter with 1 x 4 kW (5.5 HP) and 1 x 1.5 kW (2 HP) inverters on a common DC bus. The installed motor output is 11 kW (15 HP). The coincidence factor of 0.8 means that the maximum continuous output of the simultaneously operated motors must not exceed 8.8 kW (12 HP).

• The line-side components are determined in accordance with the total output of the converter and all inverters.

#### Example:

Total 11 kW (5.5 kW + 4 kW + 1.5 kW) [15 HP (7.5 HP +  $5.5 \, \text{HP} + 2 \, \text{HP}$ ]. The line-side components are selected for an 11 kW (15 HP) converter. If the output is not exactly the same as that of the converter, the components for the next lower converter size are selected.

- If more than 2 inverters are planned (in the case of the 6SE7011-5EP50 Compact PLUS converter, the 6SE7012-0TP50 inverter can only be connected once), an external 24 V power supply must be provided. For "Selection and ordering data", see page 3/17. If 1 or 2 inverters are used, the internal 24 V power supply of the converter can be used.
- If braking power occurs when the drives are shut down, a braking resistor to match the braking power is needed. For "Selection and ordering data", see page 3/18.
- If dynamic load changes occur during operation which have to be stored intermediately for a buffered period, a capacitor module may be used. For "Selection and ordering data", see page 3/18.

Compact and



Compact

PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control **Engineering information** 

Dimensioning of the power section and drive

#### 8. Selection of the braking resistors

#### a) Compact PLUS

With Compact PLUS, the choppers for the braking resistors are integrated in the converters, on the one hand, and in the rectifier units, on the other (when multi-axis drives are used with several inverters). The following criteria apply to the braking resistors:

- The maximum braking power which occurs must be less than 1.5 times  $P_{20}$ This power must not occur for longer than 3 s (see technical data).
- The mean braking power must be less than  $P_{20}/4.5$ with a maximum cycle period of 90 s.
- b) Compact units and chassis units

The braking units for compact and chassis units are autonomous components. The braking units, up to a power rating of  $P_{20} = 20$  kW, have an internal braking resistor. In addition to the internal braking resistor, an external braking resistor can be used to increase the continuous power rating. The following criteria apply to the selection process:

• The maximum braking power which occurs must be less than 1.5 times  $P_{20}$ . This power must not occur for longer than 0.4 s when an internal braking resistor is used or 3 s when an external braking resistor (see technical data is used).

• The mean braking power must be less than  $P_{20}/36$ when an internal braking resistor is used or less than  $P_{20}/4.5$  when an external braking resistor is used. The maximum cycle time is

The maximum braking power with a single-axis drive is calculated as follows:

$$P_{\mathsf{br}\,\mathsf{max}} = P_{\mathsf{Mot}\,\mathsf{br}\,\mathsf{max}} \cdot \eta_{\mathsf{Mot}} \cdot \eta_{\mathsf{inv}}$$

The maximum braking power  $P_{\text{Mot } v \text{ max}}$  generally occurs at the beginning of deceleration when the motor is running at maximum speed. If several inverters are operated from one rectifier unit, a check must be made to see whether several drives must brake simultaneously. In the event of an emergency stop, all drives may have to be shut down at the same time.

The mean braking power is calculated with the following formula:

$$P_{\rm br\,mean} =$$

$$\frac{\sum \frac{P_{\mathsf{Mot}\,\mathsf{br}\,\mathsf{B}} + P_{\mathsf{Mot}\,\mathsf{br}\,\mathsf{E}}}{2} \cdot \Delta t_{\mathsf{i}}}{T} \cdot \eta_{\mathsf{Mot}} \cdot \eta_{\mathsf{inv}}$$

 $P_{\text{Mot br A}} + P_{\text{Mot br E}}$  Mean braking

power in time segment  $\Delta t_i$ (B: beginning value, E: ending value)

Cycle period

Only negative motor outputs need to be evaluated.

If several inverters are connected to one rectifier unit, the mean value is calculated by adding together the individual mean values for the inverters

#### 9. Selection of other components

Selection tables are used to make a list of the other components needed on the rectifier side:

- line switch
- line contactor
- line fuses
- line filter
- line reactor.

For further information, see chapter "Engineering Information - System compo-

Depending on the drive configuration, additional components may be necessary

- 24 V DC power supply unit
- communication boards
- encoder-evaluation boards
- power back-up.

#### Notes on the use of a capacitor module

The power buffering module is for increasing the capacity of the DC link. This can bridge a short-time powersystem failure and also enables intermediate buffering of braking energy.

The buffering capacity in the event of a power-system failure is calculated as follows:

$$W = \frac{1}{2} \cdot C \cdot (V^2 DC n - V^2 DC min)$$

With a 400 V supply voltage and with C = 5.1 mF and  $V_{\rm DC\,min} = 400\,\rm V$ for example, the buffering capacity is:

$$W = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 5.1 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot ((1.35 \cdot 400)^2 - 400^2) = 336 \text{ Ws}$$

With a 460 V supply voltage, the buffering capacity increases to 444 Ws. The possible ride-through time  $t_{rt}$ is calculated with the output power Pas follows:

$$t_{\rm rt} = \frac{W}{P}$$

The buffering capacity during regenerative operation is calculated as follows:

$$W = \frac{1}{2} \cdot C \cdot (V^2_{DC \text{ max}} - V^2_{DC \text{ n}})$$

With a 400 V supply voltage and when

 $V_{\rm DC\,max} = 750\,\rm V$ :

$$W = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 5.1 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \left( (750^2 - (1.35 \cdot 400)^2) \right) = 691 \text{ Ws}$$

During braking, for example, from maximum speed to 0 within time t<sub>br</sub>, the braking energy is calculated as fol-

$$W_{\rm br} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot P_{\rm br \, max} \cdot t_{\rm br}$$

$$P_{\text{br max}} = \frac{\tau_{\text{Mot br max}} \cdot n_{\text{Mot max}}}{9550} \cdot \eta_{\text{Mot}} \cdot \eta_{\text{inv}}$$

maximum braking power of the motor in kW

Maximum motor torque during braking

#### Notes on pulse frequency

Compact units and chassis units require derating above 6 kHz or 5 kHz depending on the power output (see technical data, page 2/3). A reduction in the permissible rated current entails a reduction in the permissible maximum current by the same factor. In addition, the maximum pulse frequency of the chassis units > 90 kW (120 HP) is less than 8 kHz (see technical data, page 2/3).



#### Calculating example

A three-axis conveyor vehicle is to be designed. The x-axis is the main propelling drive, the y-axis is the fork drive and the z-axis is the lifting drive. The propelling drive and the lifting drive can be operated simultaneously whereas the fork drive only operates alone. The x-axis

and the y-axis are driven via toothed belts. The z-axis is driven via a gear rack. Three inverters are to be used on one rectifier unit. Positioning is to be carried out non-centrally in the inverter. The Profibus is to be used for connection to a PLC.

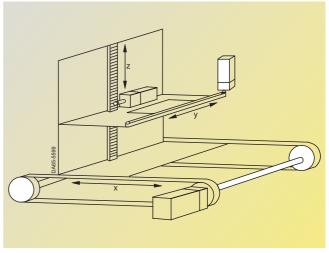


Fig. 6/7 Line drawing of a three-axis conveyor vehicle

#### Calculation of the x-axis as the travel gear

#### 1. Data of the drive

• Mass to be transported m = 400 kg• Diameter of drive wheel D = 0.14 m• Max. speed  $v_{\text{max}} = 1.6 \text{ m/s}$ 

Max. acceleration and deceleration

 $a_{\text{max}} = 6.4 \text{ m/s}2$ 

• Distance travelled s = 2 m• Cycle time T = 7 s

• Mechanical efficiency  $\eta_{\text{mech}} = 0.9$ • Specific travelling resistance  $w_f = 0.1$ 

• Mechanical accuracy  $\Delta s_{\text{mech}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$ • Overall accuracy required  $\Delta s_{\text{tot}} = \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  It is sufficient to only consider forwards travel because the conditions are the same for forwards and reverse travel.

• The new cycle time is therefore:

$$T'=\frac{T}{2}$$

 For the remaining values of the travel curve, the following is obtained:

$$t_b = t_v = \frac{v_{max}}{a_{max}} = \frac{1.6}{6.4} = 0.25 \text{ s}$$

$$t_k = \frac{s - v_{max} \cdot \frac{t_b}{2} - v_{max} \cdot \frac{t_v}{2}}{v_{max}} = \frac{2 - 1.6 \cdot \frac{0.25}{2} - 1.6 \cdot \frac{0.25}{2}}{1.6} = 1 \text{ s}$$

$$t_{tot} = t_b + t_k + t_v = 0.25 + 1 + 0.25 = 1.5 \text{ s}$$

$$t_p = T' - t_{tot} = 3.5 - 1.5 = 2 \text{ s}$$

#### 2. Travel curve

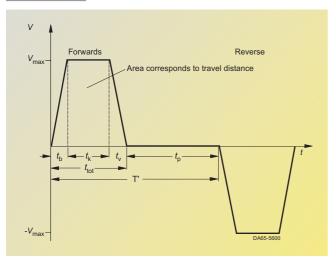


Fig. 6/8
Travel curve for forwards and reverse travel

**Engineering information** 

Dimensioning of the power section and drive

selection of the gear unit

3. Max. speed under load, max. load torque,

• Max. speed under load at the drive wheel

$$n_{load max} = \frac{v_{max} \cdot 60}{\pi \cdot D} = \frac{1.6 \cdot 60}{\pi \cdot 0.14} = 218.27 \text{ rpm}$$

A gear transmission ratio of i = 10 is selected here. A synchronous servomotor can thus be used with a rated speed of 3000 rpm

 $n_{Mot\,max} = i \cdot n_{load\,max} = 10 \cdot 218.27 = 2182.7 \text{ rpm}$ 

• Resistance torque

$$\tau_{\text{W}} = \text{m} \cdot \text{g} \cdot \text{W}_{\text{f}} \cdot \frac{\text{D}}{2} = 400 \cdot 9.81 \cdot 0.1 \cdot \frac{0.14}{2} = 27.47 \text{ Nm}$$

• Acceleration and deceleration torque for the load

$$\alpha_{\text{load}} = a_{\text{max}} \cdot \frac{2}{D} = 6.4 \cdot \frac{2}{0.14} = 91.4 \text{ s}^{-2}$$

$$J_{load} = m \cdot \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2 = 400 \cdot \left(\frac{0.14}{2}\right)^2 = 1.96 \text{ kgm}^2$$

$$\tau_{\text{a br load}} = J_{\text{load}} \cdot \alpha_{\text{load}} = 1.96 \cdot 91.4 = 179.2 \text{ Nm}$$

• Max. torque on the output side of the gear unit

$$\tau_{\text{load max}} = (\tau_{\text{a load}} + \tau_{\text{W}}) \cdot \frac{1}{\eta_{\text{mech}}} = (179.2 + 27.47) \cdot \frac{1}{0.9} = 229.6 \text{ Nm}$$

A planetary gear unit for mounting on 1FT6 motors is therefore used where

$$\tau_{\text{max}} = 400 \text{ Nm at i} = 10$$

 $J_G^* = 0.001 \text{ kgm}^2$  moment of inertia referred to motor

 $\eta_{\rm G} = 0.95$ gear unit efficiency torsional play

• Acceleration and deceleration torque for the gear unit

 $\tau_{a \text{ br G}} = J_{G}^{*} \cdot \alpha_{load} \cdot i = 0.001 \cdot 91.4 \cdot 10 = 0.914 \text{ Nm}$ 

Positioning accuracy

$$\Delta s_{gear} = \frac{D \cdot \pi}{360^{\circ}} \cdot \frac{\alpha_{G}}{60} = \frac{0.14 \cdot \pi}{360} \cdot \frac{3}{60} = 0.061 \text{ mm}$$

i.e.  $\pm 0.0305$  mm

$$\Delta s_{\text{encoder}} = \frac{D \cdot \pi}{i \cdot z} = \frac{0.14 \cdot \pi}{10 \cdot 1024} = \pm 0.04 \text{ mm}$$

with a 2-pole resolver1)

$$\Delta s_{tot} = \Delta s_{mech} + \Delta s_{gear} + \Delta s_{encoder}$$
  
= 0.1 + 0.0305 + 0.04 = 0.1705 < 0.2 mm

The required accuracy is thus complied with.

#### 4. Selection of the motor

PLUS units

Selection with regard to the dynamic limit curve

• The maximum motor torque occurs here because the deceleration is equal to the acceleration.

$$\begin{split} \tau_{\text{Mot max}} &= \tau_{\text{a Mot}} + \tau_{\text{a br G}} + \left(\tau_{\text{a load}} + \tau_{\text{W}}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{\text{i} \cdot \eta_{\text{mech}} \cdot \eta_{\text{G}}} \\ &= \tau_{\text{a Mot}} + 0.914 + \left(179.2 + 27.47\right) \cdot \frac{1}{10 \cdot 0.9 \cdot 0.95} \\ &= \tau_{\text{a Mot}} + 25.08 \text{ Nm} \end{split}$$

where  $\tau_{a \text{ Mot}} = J_{\text{Mot}} \cdot \alpha_{\text{load}} \cdot i = J_{\text{Mot}} \cdot 91.4 \cdot 10 = J_{\text{Mot}} \cdot 914 \text{ s}^{-2}$ 

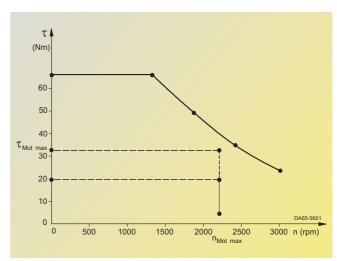
The first 1FT6 motor with  $n_n = 3000$  rpm, which satisfies the condition or the dynamic limit curve, is the 1FT6084-8AF7 with  $P_{\rm n}$  = 4.6 kW,  $\tau_{\rm n}$  = 14.7 Nm,  $\tau_{\rm max\,perm}$  = 65 Nm,  $J_{\rm Mot}$  = 0.0065 kgm² (with brake),  $k_{\rm Tn100}$  = 1.34 Nm/A,  $\eta_{Mot} = 0.92$ ;  $\tau_0 = 20 \text{ Nm}$ 

• The acceleration and deceleration torque for the motor rotor is thus:

 $\tau_{a \text{ br Mot}} = 0.0065 \cdot 914 = 5.94 \text{ Nm}$ 

• The maximum motor torque is equal to the motor torque during acceleration:

 $\tau_{Mot \, max} = \tau_{Mot \, a} = 5.94 + 25.08 = 31.03 \, Nm$ 



Dynamic limit curve for the 1FT6084–8AF7 with the points of the load cycle

Other approximate encoder accuracies Pulse Encoder ~ Number of pulses Sin/Cos Encoder (ERN 1387) ~ 10<sup>5</sup> to 10<sup>6</sup> Absolute-value Encoder (EQN 1325) ~ 10<sup>5</sup> to 10<sup>6</sup>



#### Calculating example (continued)

As a check on the thermal limits, the effective motor torque is calculated. This is done by determining all the motor torques within the travel curve in addition to the motor torque during acceleration.

• Motor torque during constant travel:

$$\tau_{\text{Mot k}} = \tau_{\text{W}} \cdot \frac{1}{\text{i} \cdot \eta_{\text{mech}} \cdot \eta_{\text{G}}} = 27.47 \cdot \frac{1}{10 \cdot 0.9 \cdot 0.95} = 3.21 \text{ Nm}$$

• Motor torque during deceleration:

$$\tau_{\text{Mot br}} = -\tau_{\text{br Mot}} - \tau_{\text{a G}} + (-\tau_{\text{br load}} + \tau_{\text{W}}) \cdot \frac{1}{\text{i} \cdot (\eta_{\text{mech}}, \eta_{\text{G}})^{\text{sign}(-\tau_{\text{br load}} + \tau_{\text{W}})}}$$

$$= -5.94 - 0.914 + (-179.2 + 27.47) \cdot \frac{0.9 \cdot 0.95}{10} = -19.83 \text{ Nm}$$

Here, the proportion of deceleration torque outweighs the resistance torque. Regenerative operation occurs. In this case, the efficiency levels are above the line (the sign before the bracketed term " $-\tau_{\rm br\,load} + \tau_{\rm W}$ " is negative).

The torque characteristic can be determined using the values calculated for the motor torque.

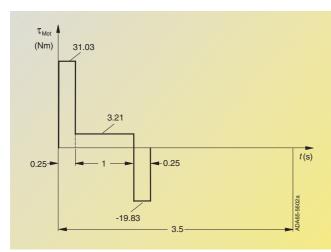


Fig. 6/10 Torque characteristic for forwards travel

• The effective motor torque is obtained from the torque characteristic as follows:

$$\begin{split} \tau_{\text{eff}} &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum \tau_{\text{Mot } i}^2 \cdot \Delta t_i}{T'}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{31.03^2 \cdot 0.25 + 3.21^2 \cdot 1 + 19.83^2 \cdot 0.25}{3.5}} = 10 \text{ Nm} \end{split}$$

 By using the travel curve, which is proportional to the speed, the mean motor speed is obtained:

$$\begin{split} n_{\text{mean}} &= \frac{\sum \frac{\left| n_{\text{B}} + n_{\text{E}} \right|}{2} \cdot \Delta t_{\text{i}}}{T^{\text{i}}} \\ &= \frac{\frac{2182.7}{2} \cdot 0.25 + 2182.7 \cdot 1 + \frac{2182.7}{2} \cdot 0.25}{3.5} = 779.5 \text{ rpm} \end{split}$$

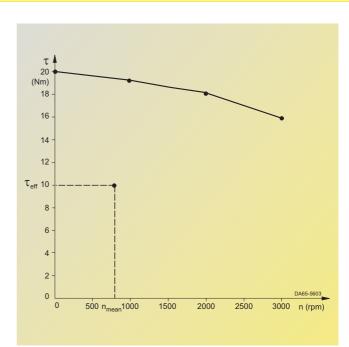


Fig. 6/11 S1 curve for the 1FT6084–8AF

The effective motor torque calculated is  $n_{\text{mean}}$  below the S1 curve. The motor is therefore suitable.

#### 5. Selection of the inverter

The inverter is selected according to the maximum motor current and the mean value of the motor current.

 Maximum motor current (the saturation influence can be neglected here)

$$I_{\text{Mot max}} \approx \frac{\tau_{\text{Mot max}}}{k_{\text{To 100}}} = \frac{31.03}{1.34} = 23.16 \text{ A}$$

Mean value of the motor current obtained from the magnitude of the torque characteristic

$$\begin{split} I_{\text{Mot mean}} &\approx \frac{\sum \left| \tau_{\text{Mot i}} \right| \cdot \Delta t_{\text{i}}}{k_{\text{Tn100}} \cdot \text{T'}} \\ &= \frac{31.03 \cdot 0.25 + 3.21 \cdot 1 + 19.83 \cdot 0.25}{1.34 \cdot 3.5} = 3.4 \text{ A} \end{split}$$

Because the accelerating and decelerating times are  $\leq 0.25$  s and the time between is  $\geq 0.75$  s, a check is now made to see if 3 times the rated current of a Compact PLUS inverter can be utilized when  $I_{Vn} = 10.2$  A.

• The following applies to the motor current during constant travel:

$$I_{\text{Mot k}} = \frac{\tau_{\text{Mot k}}}{k_{\text{Tn100}}} = \frac{3.21}{1.34} = 2.4 \text{ A}$$





Compact PLUS units

Dimensioning of the power section and drive

• Thus:

$$I_{\text{Mot max}} = 23.16 \text{ A} < 3 \cdot I_{\text{Vn}} = 30 \text{ A}$$
  
 $I_{\text{Mot mean}} = 3.4 \text{ A} < I_{\text{Vn}} = 10.2 \text{ A}$   
 $I_{\text{Mot k}} = 2.4 \text{ A} < 0.91 \cdot I_{\text{Vn}} = 9.3 \text{ A}$ 

The 6SE7021–0TP50 Compact PLUS inverter can therefore be used when  $I_{Vn} = 10.2$  A.

#### 6. Determination of the DC link currents

The maximum DC link current and the mean value of the DC link current for the inverter which occur during motor operation must be determined for later rating of the rectifier unit. To do this, all motor power output levels within the travel curve first have to be calculated.

• Max. power output of motor during acceleration:

$$P_{\text{Mot a max}} = \frac{\tau_{\text{Mot a}} \cdot n_{\text{Mot max}}}{9550} = \frac{31.03 \cdot 2182.7}{9550} = 7.09 \text{ kW}$$

• Power output of motor during constant travel:

$$P_{\text{Mot k}} = \frac{\tau_{\text{Mot k}} \cdot n_{\text{Mot max}}}{9550} = \frac{3.21 \cdot 2182.7}{9550} = 0.734 \text{ kW}$$

• Max. power output of motor during deceleration:

$$P_{\text{Mot br max}} = \frac{\tau_{\text{Mot br}} \cdot n_{\text{Mot max}}}{9550} = \frac{-19.83 \cdot 2182.7}{9550} = -4.53 \text{ kW}$$

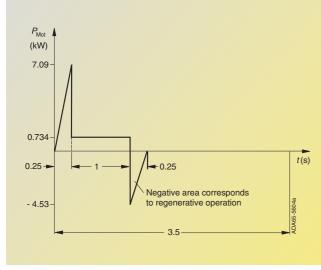


Fig. 6/12 Characteristic of the motor output for forwards travel

 The maximum DC link current during operation of the motor during acceleration is

$$\begin{split} I_{\text{Link inv max}} &= \frac{\text{P}_{\text{Mot max}}}{\eta_{\text{Mot}} \cdot \eta_{\text{inv}} \cdot 1.35 \cdot \text{V}_{\text{line}}} \\ &= \frac{7090}{0.92 \cdot 0.98 \cdot 1.35 \cdot 460} = 12.66 \text{ A} \end{split}$$

 The mean motor power output during operation of the motor is calculated from the positive characteristic of the motor power output as follows:

$$\begin{split} P_{\text{Mot mean}} &= \frac{\sum \frac{P_{\text{Mot B}} + P_{\text{Mot E}}}{2} \cdot \Delta t_{i}}{T'} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot 7.09 \cdot 0.25 + 0.734 \cdot 1}{3.5} = 0.463 \text{ A} \end{split}$$

• The mean value of the DC link current is therefore:

$$\begin{split} I_{\text{Link mean}} &= \frac{P_{\text{Mot mean}}}{\eta_{\text{Mot}} \cdot \eta_{\text{inv}} \cdot 1.35 \cdot V_{\text{line}}} \\ &= \frac{463}{0.92 \cdot 0.98 \cdot 1.35 \cdot 460} = 0.83 \text{ A} \end{split}$$

#### 7. Determination of braking power

The maximum braking power and the mean braking power have to be calculated for later rating of the braking resistors. The maximum power output of the motor during braking has already been calculated (see 6.).

• The maximum braking power is therefore:

$$P_{brmax} = P_{Mot \, brmax} \cdot \eta_{Mot} \cdot \eta_{inv} = -4.53 \cdot 0.92 \cdot 0.98 = -4.08 \, kW$$

• The mean braking power is obtained from the negative characteristic of the motor power output as follows:

$$\begin{split} P_{\text{br mean}} &= \frac{\sum \frac{P_{\text{Mot br B}} + P_{\text{Mot br E}} \cdot \Delta t_i}{2}}{T'} \cdot \eta_{\text{Mot}} \cdot \eta_{\text{inv}} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(-4.53\right) \cdot 0.25}{3.5} \cdot 0.92 \cdot 0.98 = -0.146 \text{ kW} \end{split}$$

## Dimensioning of the power section and drive

## Compact a chassis uni



#### Calculating example (continued)

#### Calculating the y-axis as the travel gear

#### 1. Data of the drive

• Mass to be transported m = 100 kg• Diameter of drive wheel D = 0.1 m• Max. speed  $v_{\text{max}} = 1 \text{ m/s}$ 

• Max. acceleration and

deceleration

 $a_{\text{max}} = 2.5 \,\text{m/s}^2$ 

• Distance travelled  $s=0.5 \, \mathrm{m}$ • Cycle time  $T=7 \, \mathrm{s}$ • Mechanical efficiency  $\eta_{\mathrm{mech}}=0.9$ 

• Specific travelling resistance  $w_f = 0.1$ • Mechanical accuracy  $\Delta s_{mech}$ 

• Mechanical accuracy  $\Delta s_{\text{mech}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$ • Overall accuracy required  $\Delta s_{\text{tot}} = \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ 

#### Note

The same calculating procedures apply to the y-axis as the propelling drive as to the x-axis. This calculation is therefore dispensed with.

With i=10, the motor selected is a 1FT6041–4AF7 motor with a gear unit and the smallest 6SE7012–0TP50 Compact PLUS inverter with  $I_{\rm Vn}=2$  A. Because the drive of the y-axis always runs alone and, with regard to its power, is small in comparison to the drives of the x-axis and the z-axis, it is not taken into account in the rating of the rectifier unit and the braking resistor.

#### Calculating the z-axis as the lifting drive

#### 1. Drive data

• Mass to be transported m = 200 kg• Pinion diameter D = 0.1 m• Max. speed  $v_{\text{max}} = 1.5 \text{ m/s}$ 

• Max. acceleration and

deceleration  $a_{\text{max}} = 2.5 \text{ m/s}^2$ • Lifting height h = 1.35 m

• Cycle time T = 7 s

• Mechanical efficiency  $\eta_{\text{mech}} = 0.9$ 

• Mechanical accuracy  $\Delta s_{\text{mech}} = \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$ • Overall accuracy required  $\Delta s_{\text{tot}} = \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ 

#### 2. Travel curve

Compact PLUS units

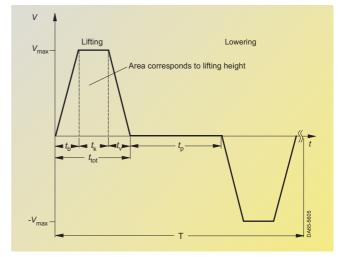


Fig. 6/13 Travel curve for lifting and lowering

The travel curve for lifting and lowering is symmetrical. Since the lifting torque and the lowering torque are different, however, the whole travel curve has to be considered.

• The following is obtained for the missing values of the travel curve:

$$t_{_{b}}=t_{_{v}}=\frac{v_{_{max}}}{a_{_{max}}}=\frac{1.5}{2.5}=0.6~s$$

$$t_k = \frac{h - v_{\text{max}} \cdot \frac{t_b}{2} - v_{\text{max}} \cdot \frac{t_v}{2}}{v_{\text{max}}} = \frac{1.35 - 1.5 \cdot \frac{0.6}{2} - 1.5 \cdot \frac{0.6}{2}}{1.5} = 0.3 \text{ s}$$

$$t_{tot} = t_b + t_k + t_v = 0.6 + 0.3 + 0.6 = 1.5 \text{ s}$$

$$t_p = \frac{T}{2} - t_{tot} = 3.5 - 1.5 = 2 \text{ s}$$



SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control **Engineering information** 

Dimensioning of the power section and drive

#### 3. Max. speed under load, max. torque under load, selection of gear unit

• Max. speed under load at the pinion:

$$n_{load max} = \frac{v_{max} \cdot 60}{\pi \cdot D} = \frac{1.5 \cdot 60}{\pi \cdot 0.1} = 286.5 \text{ rpm}$$

Here, a gear transmission ratio of i = 10 is selected. A synchronous servomotor with a rated speed of 3000 rpm can therefore be used.

 $n_{Mot \, max} = i \cdot n_{load \, max} = 10 \cdot 286.5 = 2865 \, rpm$ 

• Lifting torque:

$$\tau_H = m \cdot g \cdot \frac{D}{2} = 200 \cdot 9.81 \cdot \frac{0.1}{2} = 98.1 \text{ Nm}$$

• Acceleration and deceleration torque for the load:

$$\alpha_{load} = a_{max} \cdot \frac{2}{D} = 2.5 \cdot \frac{2}{0.1} = 50 \text{ s}^{-2}$$

$$J_{load} = m \cdot \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2 = 200 \cdot \left(\frac{0.1}{2}\right)^2 = 0.5 \text{ kgm}^2$$

$$\tau_{\text{a br load}} = J_{\text{load}} \cdot \alpha_{\text{load}} = 0.5 \cdot 50 = 25 \text{ Nm}$$

• Max. torque on the output side of the gear unit:

$$\tau_{\text{load max}} = (\tau_{\text{b load}} + \tau_{\text{H}}) \cdot \frac{1}{\eta_{\text{mech}}} = (25 + 98.1) \cdot \frac{1}{0.9} = 136.8 \text{ Nm}$$

A planetary gear unit for mounting on 1FT6 motors is selected with

 $\tau_{\text{max}} = 400 \text{ Nm when i} = 10$ 

 $J_{G}^{*} = 0.001 \text{ kgm}^{2}$  moment of inertia referred to the motor gear unit efficiency

 $\eta_{\rm G} = 0.95$ torsional play

Acceleration and deceleration torque for the gear unit:

$$\tau_{a \, br \, G} = J_{G}^{*} \cdot \alpha_{load} \cdot i = 0.001 \cdot 50 \cdot 10 = 0.5 \, Nm$$

Positioning accuracy:

$$\Delta s_{\text{gear}} = \frac{\text{D} \cdot \pi}{360^{\circ}} \cdot \frac{\alpha_{\text{G}}}{60} = \frac{0.1 \cdot \pi}{360} \cdot \frac{3}{60} = 0.0436 \text{ mm}$$

i.e.  $\pm$  0.0218 mm

$$\Delta s_{\text{encoder}} = \frac{D \cdot \pi}{i \cdot z} = \frac{0.1 \cdot \pi}{10 \cdot 1024} = \pm 0.0306 \text{ mm}$$

with a 2-pole resolver

$$\Delta s_{tot} = \Delta s_{mech} + \Delta s_{gear} + \Delta s_{encoder}$$
  
= 0.1 + 0.0218 + 0.0306 = 0.1518 < 0.2 mm

The accuracy requirement is thus satisfied.

#### 4. Selection of motor

Selection in relation to the dynamic limit curve

• The max. motor torque here occurs during acceleration upwards since the deceleration is equal to the acceleration and the drive, during lifting, also has to overcome the levels

$$\tau_{\rm Mot\,max} {=} \, \tau_{\rm a\,Mot} + \tau_{\rm a\,G} {+} \big(\tau_{\rm a\,load} \, + \tau_{\rm H}\big) {\cdot} \, \frac{1}{{\rm i} {\cdot} \, \eta_{\rm mech} {\cdot} \, \eta_{\rm G}}$$

$$= \tau_{a \, Mot} + 0.5 + (25 + 98.1) \cdot \frac{1}{10 \cdot 0.9 \cdot 0.95}$$

$$= \tau_{a \, Mot} + 14.9 \, Nm$$

with  $\tau_{a \text{ Mot}} = J_{\text{Mot}} \cdot \alpha_{\text{load}} \cdot i = J_{\text{Mot}} \cdot 50 \cdot 10 = J_{\text{Mot}} \cdot 500 \text{ s}^{-2}$ 

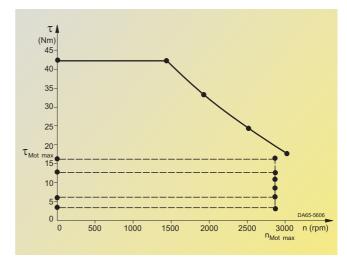
The first 1FT6 motor with  $n_n = 3000$  rpm, which satisfies the condition or matches the dynamic limit curve, is the 1FT6082–8AF7 with  $P_{\rm n}$  = 3.2 kW,  $\tau_{\rm n}$  = 10.3 Nm,  $\tau_{\text{max perm}} = 42 \text{ Nm}$ ,  $J_{\text{Mot}} = 0.00335 \text{ kgm}^2$  (with brake),  $k_{\text{Tn100}} = 1.18 \text{ Nm/A}, \eta_{\text{Mot}} = 0.89, \tau_0 = 13 \text{ Nm}$ 

• The acceleration and deceleration torque for the motor rotor

 $\tau_{a \text{ br Mot}} = 0.00335 \cdot 500 = 1.68 \text{ Nm}$ 

• The max. motor torque is equal to the motor torque during acceleration:

 $\tau_{\text{Mot max}} = \tau_{\text{Mot b up}} = 1.68 + 14.9 = 16.58 \text{ Nm}$ 



Dynamic limit curve for the 1FT6082–8AF7 with the points of the load cycle

In order to check the thermal limits, the effective motor torque is calculated. For this purpose all other motor torques within the travel curve have to be calculated in addition to the motor torque during acceleration.



#### Dimensioning of the power section and drive

#### Calculating example (continued)

• Lifting of the load, motor torque during constant travel:

$$\tau_{\text{Mot k up}} = \tau_{\text{H}} \cdot \frac{1}{\text{i} \cdot \eta_{\text{mech}} \cdot \eta_{\text{G}}} = 98.1 \cdot \frac{1}{01 \cdot 0.9 \cdot 0.95} = 11.47 \text{ Nm}$$

• Lowering of the load, motor torque during constant travel:

$$\tau_{\text{Mot k down}} \!=\! \tau_{\text{H}} \!\cdot\! \frac{\eta_{\text{mech}} \cdot \eta_{\text{G}}}{i} = 98.1 \!\cdot\! \frac{0.9 \!\cdot\! 0.95}{10} = 8.39 \; \text{Nm}$$

• Lifting of the load, motor torque during deceleration:

$$\tau_{\text{Mot up}} = -\tau_{\text{br Mot}} - \tau_{\text{br G}} + \left(-\tau_{\text{br load}} + \tau_{\text{H}}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{\text{i} \cdot \left(\eta_{\text{mech}} \cdot \eta_{\text{G}}\right)^{\text{sign}(-\tau_{\text{br load}} + \tau_{\text{H}})}}$$

$$= -1.68 - 0.5 + \left(-25 + 98.1\right) \cdot \frac{1}{10.09 \cdot 0.95} = 6.37 \text{ Nm}$$

Lowering of the load, motor torque during acceleration:

$$\begin{split} \tau_{\text{Mot a down}} &= -\tau_{\text{a Mot}} - \tau_{\text{a G}} + \left(-\tau_{\text{a load}} + \tau_{\text{H}}\right) \cdot \frac{\left(\eta_{\text{mech}} \cdot \eta_{\text{G}}\right)^{\text{sign}(-\tau_{\text{a load}} + \tau_{\text{H}})}}{\text{i}} \\ &= -1.68 - 0.5 + \left(-25 + 98.1\right) \cdot \frac{0.9 \cdot 0.95}{10} = 4.08 \text{ Nm} \end{split}$$

• Lowering of the load, motor torque during deceleration:

$$\tau_{\text{Mot br down}} = \tau_{\text{br Mot}} + \tau_{\text{br G}} + \tau_{\text{br load}} + \tau_{\text{H}} \cdot \frac{\left(\eta_{\text{mech}} \cdot \eta_{\text{G}}\right)}{\text{i}}$$

$$= 1.68 + 0.5 + \left(25 + 98.1\right) \cdot \frac{0.9 \cdot 0.95}{10} = 12.7 \text{ Nm}$$

The motor curve can be determined with the help of the values calculated for the motor torque.

• The effective motor torque is obtained from the torque characteristic as follows:

$$\begin{split} &\tau_{\text{eff}} \! = \! \sqrt{\frac{\sum\! \tau_{\text{Mort}}^2 \cdot \Delta t_i}{T}} \\ &= \! \sqrt{\frac{16.58^2 \cdot \! 0.6 + \! 11.47^2 \cdot \! 0.3 + \! 6.37^2 \cdot \! 0.6 + \! 4.08^2 \cdot \! 0.6 + \! 8.39^2 \cdot \! 0.3 + \! 12.7^2 \cdot \! 0.6}}{7} \\ &= 7.14 \; \text{Nm} \end{split}$$

• The speed-proportional travel curve is used to obtain the mean motor speed as follows:

$$\begin{split} n_{mean} &= \frac{\sum \frac{\left| n_{B} + n_{E} \right|}{2} \cdot \Delta t_{i}}{T} \\ &= \frac{\frac{2865}{2} \cdot 0.6 + 2865 \cdot 0.3 + \frac{2865}{2} \cdot 0.6 \cdot 2}{7} = 736.7 \text{ rpm} \end{split}$$

(due to the symmetry of the travel curve, the component for lifting is multiplied by 2)

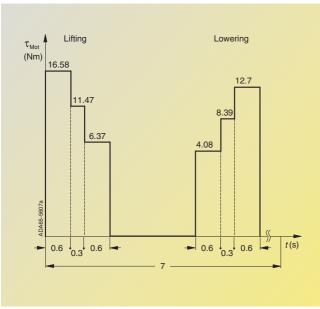


Fig. 6/15 Torque characteristic for lifting and lowering

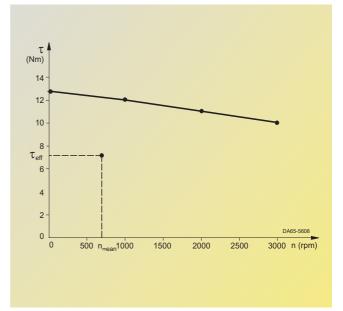


Fig. 6/16 S1 curve for the 1FT6082–8AF7

The calculated effective motor torque at  $n_{\text{mean}}$  is below the S1 curve. The motor is therefore suitable.

# Compa

## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

**Engineering information** 

Compact PLUS units

Dimensioning of the power section and drive

#### 5. Selection of the inverter

The inverter is selected according to the maximum motor current and the mean motor current.

 Maximum motor current (the saturation influence here can be ignored):

$$I_{\text{Mot max}} \approx \frac{\tau_{\text{Mot max}}}{k_{\text{Tn100}}} = \frac{16.57}{1.18} = 14 \text{ A}$$

 Mean motor current, obtained from the magnitude of the torque characteristic:

$$I_{ ext{Mot mean}} pprox rac{\sum \left| au_{ ext{Mot i}} \right| \cdot \Delta t_{i}}{k_{ ext{Tn100}} \cdot T}$$

$$=\frac{16.58 \cdot 0.6 + 11.47 \cdot 0.3 + 6.37 \cdot 0.6 + 4.08 \cdot 0.6 + 8.39 \cdot 0.3 + 12.7 \cdot 0.6}{1.18 \cdot 7}$$

= 3.6 A

• A 6SE7021–0TP50 Compact PLUS inverter is necessary with  $I_{Vn}=10.2$  A. Since the acceleration and deceleration times are >0.25 s, only 1.6 times the rated current can be utilized. Thus

$$I_{\text{Mot max}} = 14 \text{ A} < 1.6 \cdot I_{\text{Vn}} = 16 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{\text{Mot mean}} = 3.6 \,\text{A} < I_{\text{Vn}} = 10.2 \,\text{A}$$

#### 6. Determination of the DC link currents

The maximum DC link current occurring during motor operation and the mean DC link current for the inverter have to be determined for later rating of the rectifier unit. To do this, all power outputs of the motor within the travel curve first have to be calculated.

• Lifting of the load, max. power output of motor during acceleration:

$$P_{\text{Mot a up max}} \approx \frac{\tau_{\text{Mot a up}} \cdot n_{\text{Mot max}}}{9550} = \frac{16.58 \cdot 2865}{9550} = 4.97 \text{ kW}$$

• Lifting of the load, power output of motor during constant travel:

$$P_{\text{Mot kup}} = \frac{\tau_{\text{Mot kup}} \cdot n_{\text{Mot max}}}{9550} = \frac{11.47 \cdot 2865}{9550} = 3.44 \text{ kW}$$

 Lifting of the load, max. power output of motor during deceleration:

$$P_{\text{Mot br up max}} = \frac{\tau_{\text{Mot v br up}} \cdot n_{\text{Mot max}}}{9550} = \frac{6.37 \cdot 2865}{9550} = 1.91 \text{ kW}$$

 Lowering of the load, max. power output of motor during acceleration:

$$P_{\text{Mot a down max}} = \frac{\tau_{\text{Mot a down}} \cdot n_{\text{Mot max}}}{9550} = \frac{4.08 \cdot (-2865)}{9550} = -1.22 \text{ kW}$$

 Lowering of the load, power output of motor during constant travel:

$$P_{\text{Mot k down}} = \frac{\tau_{\text{Mot k down}} \cdot n_{\text{Mot max}}}{9550} = \frac{8.39 \cdot (-2865)}{9550} = -2.52 \text{ kW}$$

 Lowering of the load, max. power output of motor during deceleration:

$$P_{\text{Mot v br down max}} = \frac{\tau_{\text{Mot br down}} \cdot n_{\text{Mot max}}}{9550} = \frac{12.7 \cdot (-2865)}{9550} = -3.81 \,\text{kW}$$

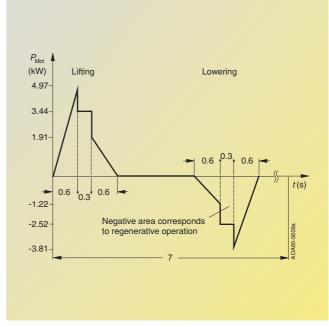


Fig. 6/17 Curve of motor power output for lifting and lowering

• The maximum DC link current during motor operation during acceleration upwards is as follows:

$$\begin{split} I_{\text{Link inv max}} &= \frac{P_{\text{Mot max}}}{\eta_{\text{Mot}} \cdot \eta_{\text{inv}} \cdot 1.35 \cdot \text{V}_{\text{line}}} \\ &= \frac{4970}{0.89 \cdot 0.98 \cdot 1.35 \cdot 460} = 9.18 \text{ A} \end{split}$$

 The mean power output of the motor during motor operation is calculated from the positive characteristic of the motor power output as follows:

$$\begin{split} P_{\text{Mot mean}} &= \frac{\sum \frac{P_{\text{Mot B}} + P_{\text{Mot E}}}{2} \cdot \Delta t_{i}}{T} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot 4.97 \cdot 0.6 + 3.44 \cdot 0.3 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1.91 \cdot 0.6}{7} = 0.442 \text{ A} \end{split}$$

• The mean DC link current is therefore:

$$I_{\text{Link mean}} = \frac{P_{\text{Mot mean}}}{\eta_{\text{Mot}} \cdot \eta_{\text{inv}} \cdot 1.35 \cdot V_{\text{line}}} = \frac{442}{0.89 \cdot 0.98 \cdot 1.35 \cdot 460} = 0.82 \text{ A}$$

#### **Engineering information**

#### Dimensioning of the power section and drive

# Compact and chassis units



### Calculating example (continued)

#### 7. Determination of braking power

The maximum braking power and the mean braking power have to be determined for later rating of the braking resistors. The maximum motor power output during braking has already been calculated in 6.

• The maximum braking power is thus:

= -0.28 kW

$$P_{br max} = P_{Mot \ br \ down \ max} \cdot \eta_{Mot} \cdot \eta_{inv} = -3.81 \cdot 0.89 = -3.32 \ kW$$

The mean braking power is obtained from the negative characteristic of the motor power output as follows:

$$\begin{split} P_{\text{br mean}} &= \frac{\sum \frac{P_{\text{Mot B}} + P_{\text{Mot v E}}}{2} \cdot \Delta t_{i}}{T} \cdot \eta_{\text{Mot}} \cdot \eta_{\text{inv}} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot (-1.22) \cdot 0.6 + (-2.52) \cdot 0.3 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot (-3.81) \cdot 0.6}{7} \cdot 0.89 \cdot 0.98 \end{split}$$

#### Selection of the rectifier unit

Compact PLUS units

Now that the drives of the x, y and z axes have been calculated, the rectifier unit can be selected. Here, it is assumed that the drives of the x and z axes can operate simultaneously.

 The maximum DC link currents of the two inverters during motor operation are therefore added together.

$$I_{\text{Link rect max}} = \sum I_{\text{Link inv max}} = 12.66 \text{ A} + 9.18 \text{ A} = 21.84 \text{ A}$$

• In order to determine the mean value of the DC link current, the mean values of the two inverters are added together.

$$I_{\text{Link rect mean}} = \sum I_{\text{Link inv mean}} = 0.83 \text{ A} + 0.82 \text{ A} = 1.65 \text{ A}$$

 $\bullet$  The 15 kW rectifier unit, 6SE7024–1EP85-0AA0, with  $I_{\rm DC\,n}$  = 41 A is sufficient.

$$I_{\text{Link rect max}} = 21.84 \,\text{A} < 1.6 \cdot I_{\text{Link n}} = 65.6 \,\text{A}$$

$$I_{\text{Link rect mean}} = 1.65 \,\text{A} < I_{\text{Link n}} = 41 \,\text{A}$$

#### Selection of the braking resistor

The braking resistor is connected to the chopper of the rectifier unit. During rating, it is assumed that the drives of the x and z axes can brake simultaneously.

• The maximum braking power levels of the two inverters are therefore added together.

$$P_{br max} \Sigma P_{br inv} = -4.08 \text{ kW} - 3.32 \text{ kW} = -7.4 \text{ kW}$$

• For the mean braking power, the individual mean values are also added together.

$$P_{br\,mean} \Sigma P_{br\,inv\,mean} = -0.146 \, kW - 0.28 \, kW = -0.426 \, kW$$

• A 6SE7018-0ES87–2DC0 braking resistor of 80  $\Omega$  with  $P_{20}$  = 5 kW is necessary.

$$P_{br max} = 7.4 \text{ kW} < 1.5 \cdot P_{20} = 7.5 \text{ kW}$$

$$P_{br mean} = 0.426 \text{ kW} < P_{20}/4.5 = 1.11 \text{ kW}$$



## Compact and chassis units PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Dimensioning of the power section and drive

#### Legend

Math Symbol	Definition
$\Delta s_{ ext{Gear}}$	Positioning accuracy of gear box
$\Delta s_{Encoder}$	Positioning accuracy of encoder
$\Delta s_{ m mech}$	Imprecision of the mechanical system
$\Delta s_{ m tot}$	Positioning accuracy of the total system
$\alpha_{\rm G}$	Angular rotation of gear box
D	Diameter (in length)
$\pi$	Pi
<i>Z</i>	Pulses per revolution of encoder
<u> </u>	Gear ration
$\overline{n_{\rm n}}$	Rated speed in rmp
$ au_{aMot}$	Accelerating torque needed for accelerating the motor rotor moment of inertia
τ∗ load max	Maximum load torque converted to the motor speed during the acceleration phase, including the contribution of the gearbox
τ <sub>Mot max</sub>	Maximum motor torque
$lpha_{\sf aMot}$	Angular acceleration of the motor
$ au_{rms}$	Total rms torque
$ au_{Moti}$	Motor torque in the time segment "i"
$\Delta T_{i}$	Time segment "i" in seconds
T	Total cycle time
n <sub>mean</sub>	Total mean speed in rpm
n <sub>Mot B</sub>	Beginning value of motor speed in rpm
n <sub>Mot E</sub>	Ending value of motor speed in rpm
$J_{Mot}$	Inertia of motor rotor
$I_{rms}$	Motor rms current
$I_{n}$	Rated motor current
$I_{Mot}$	Motor current at a given part of the motion curve
$ au_{\mu  extsf{n}}$	Rated magnetizing current
I <sub>Mot B</sub>	Beginning value of motor current
<i>I</i> <sub>Mot E</sub>	Ending value of motor current
<i>k</i> <sub>Tn</sub>	Motor torque constant
P <sub>Mot</sub>	Motor power in kW
I <sub>DC rect</sub>	DC bus current required by rectifier
$I_{DCinv}$	DC bus current required from inverter
$V_{\rm DC}$	DC bus voltage
$\eta_{Inv}$	Efficiency of inverter
$\eta_{Mot}$	Efficiency of motor
V <sub>line</sub>	AC line voltage
$W_{S}$	Storage capacity of capacitor in Watt*Seconds
V <sub>DC n</sub>	Rated DC bus voltage
V <sub>DC min</sub>	Minimum allowable DC bus voltage
τ <sub>Mot br max</sub>	Maximum motor torque during braking
t <sub>rt</sub>	Power dip ride-through time
P <sub>br max</sub>	Maximum braking power
<i>t</i> <sub>br</sub>	Braking time
$W_{br}$	Braking energy

**Engineering information** 

## Dimensioning of the power section and drive Compact PLUS units



Compact and chassis units



#### Overload capability of the converter

The inverters and converters can be overloaded for a short time by up to 1.6 times the rated current (200 kW (270 HP) and 250 kW (335 HP) up to 1.36 times).

The permissible overload time is dependent on the overload factor. If this time is exceeded, then the converter output current is limited to 91 % of the rated converter

current. The current-time ratios which are just insufficient for activating the fault memory are shown in the overload diagrams. Possible overcurrents, necessary re-

covery times and load cycles can be obtained from the overload diagrams.

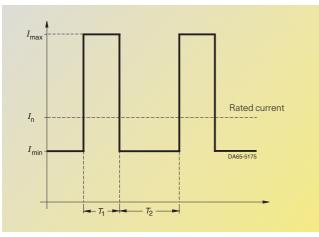


Fig. 6/18 Example of an overload curve

For overloads as shown in Fig. 6/18 with  $I_{\rm max} > I_{\rm n}$  and  $I_{\rm min} < I_{\rm n}$ , the necessary base-load time  $T_2$  can be obtained using the nomogram in Fig. 6/19, given the values of the overload current  $I_{\rm max}$ , the overload time  $T_1$  and the base load current  $I_{\rm min}$ . For example, for  $I_{\rm max} = 1.6 \times I_{\rm n}$ ,  $T_1 = 30$  s and  $I_{\rm min} = 0.4 \times I_{\rm n}$ , the necessary base-load time is  $T_2 = 30$  s.

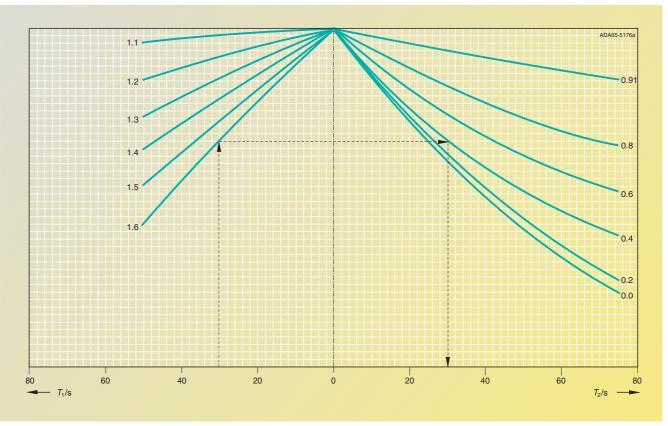


Fig. 6/19 Nomogram for determining the overload and pause times

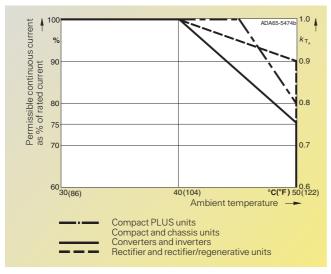
# Compact and chassis units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Compact PLUS units

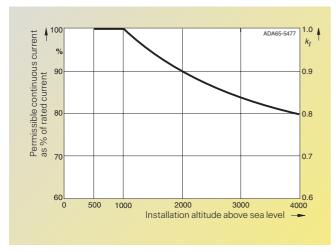
Dimensioning of the power section and drive

### Installation conditions and correction factors



If the MASTERDRIVES units are operated at installation altitudes up to 1000 m (3282 ft) above sea level and at ambient temperatures > 40 °C (104 °F), the **current reduction factors** from Fig. 6/20 are to be applied to the rated current.

Fig. 6/20 Reduction factor  $k_{TA}$  for installation altitudes up to 1000 m (3282 ft) above sea level and different ambient temperatures



Current reduction (correction factor  $k_I$  in accordance with Fig. 6/21) is also necessary if the units are used at installation altitudes between 1000 m (3282 ft) and 4000 m (13126 ft) above sea level.

Fig. 6/21Reduction factor  $k_I$  for installation altitudes from 1000 m (3282 ft) to 4000 m (13 126 ft) above sea level

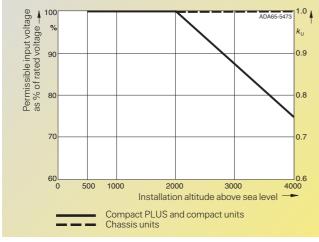


Fig. 6/22 Reduction factor  $k_V$  for installation altitudes from 1000 m (3282 ft) to 4000 m (13126 ft) above sea level

In the case of installation altitudes > 2000 m (6563 ft), in addition to current derating, voltage reduction  $k_{IJ}$  is necessary in accordance with DIN VDE 0110. If CSA or NEMA regulations apply, voltage reduction is not necessary. The reference voltage for voltage reduction is 480 V. The result is that, at an installation altitude of approx. 3000 m (9845 ft), a maximum line voltage of 400 V is permissible (Compact PLUS and compact units).

**Engineering information** 

Applications for single-axis and multi-axis drives with Compact PLUS

Compact PLUS units



Compact and chassis units



# Single-axis drive for single-drive tasks

Single drives are always used whenever only single-drive tasks have to be performed or when energy equalization over several axes is not desired or is not possible. Converters are then

used which, if necessary, are directly connected to the 3-phase power supply via external main contactors, filters and line commutating reactors.

For regenerative operation, the converters are combined with braking choppers and braking resistors. For Compact PLUS converters, the braking choppers are integrated. Braking operation with compact and chassis units requires external braking units. The braking units up to a rated braking power of 20 kW contain an internal braking resistor.

As an option, a capacitor module can be used to buffer short-time energy peaks.

Figure 6/23 shows an example of a single-axis drive, Compact PLUS design.

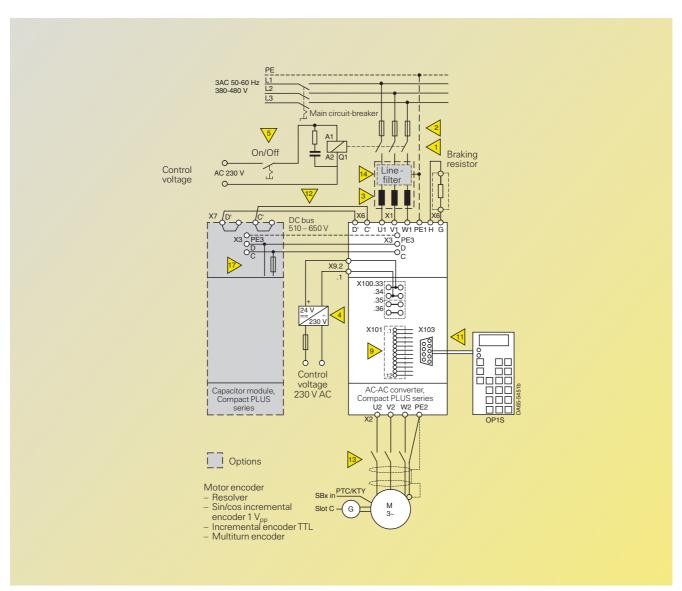


Fig. 6/23 Example of a single-axis drive, Compact PLUS series

# Compact and chassis units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Compact PLUS units

Applications for single-axis and multi-axis drives with Compact PLUS

### Multi-axis drives with a converter as the rectifier unit

# Converter with connected inverters

For applications in the lower output range, a Compact PLUS converter can be combined with inverters of the same series.

The converter rectifier rectifies the line voltage and feeds the inverters via the DC bus system arranged on the top of the units. If 1 or 2 inverters are used, the internal 24 V power supply of the converter can be used. If more than 2 inverters are planned (with the smallest Compact PLUS converter, 6SE7011-5EP50, only the 6SE7012-0TP50 inverter can

be connected once), an external 24 V power supply must be provided. See "Selection and ordering data", page 3/17.

This enables multi-axis systems to be implemented with inverters in a very compact manner and without the use of a separate rectifier unit. See also "Engineering instructions", item 7, page 6/6.

If one axis is braked, the braking energy is fed back into the DC link and made available to the other connected motors. Excess energy is reduced by means of an external braking resistor.

As an option, a capacitor module can be used, which buffers energy peaks for a short time.

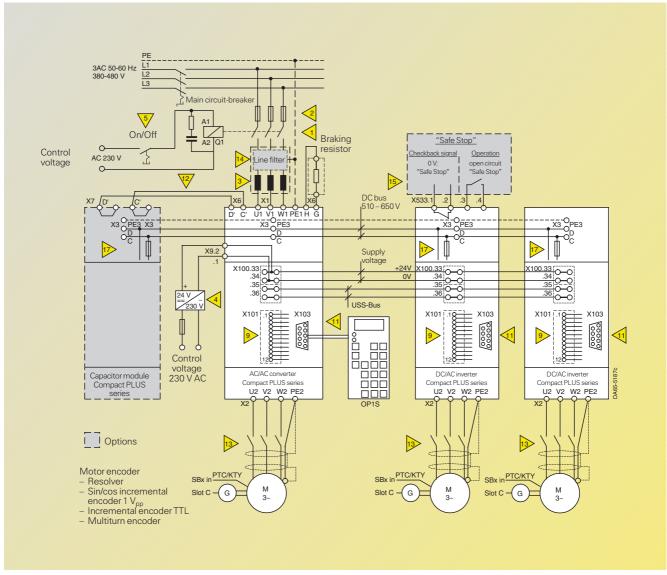


Fig. 6/24 Example of multi-axis drive with 3 axes, Compact PLUS series

**Engineering information** 

Applications for single-axis and multi-axis drives with Compact PLUS

Compact PLUS units





### Multi-axis drive with a rectifier unit

# Multi-axis drive with a rectifier unit and inverters

Multi-axis drives can also be created with inverters and a common rectifier unit.

The rectifer unit rectifies the line voltage and supplies the inverters via the DC bus.

The DC bus is simultaneously used for energy equalization between the individual axes.

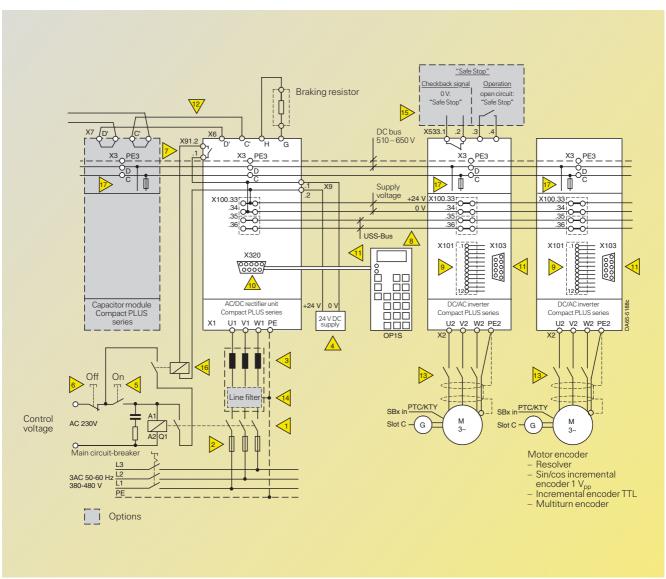


Fig. 6/25 Example of a multi-axis drive with rectifier unit, Compact PLUS series

# Multi-axis drive with Compact PLUS series

In Fig. 6/25, several inverters of the Compact PLUS type are combined. A Compact PLUS rectifier unit feeds all of the connected inverters. As an option, capacitor modules can be used to buffer short-time energy peaks. Excessive braking energy is dissipated using an external braking resistor.

The OP1S operator control panel enables parameterization, parameter backup and visualization of all inverters.

An external 24 V power supply unit ensures that the electronics of the rectifier unit and the inverters are supplied with power at all times.

Compact and



Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control **Engineering information** 

> Applications for single-axis and multi-axis drives with Compact PLUS

# Legend for the examples given

# General

The examples given show typical ways of expanding the drives. The necessity of the individual components must be clarified when the drive tasks to be performed are being defined.

You can find the information necessary for dimensioning the individual components together with their order numbers in the catalog.



# Q1 line contactor

The line contactor is used to connect the whole system to the power supply and to disconnect it when necessary or in the event of a fault.

The line contactor must be dimensioned according to the rated output of the converters or inverters connected.



# 2 Line fuses

The line fuses, depending on their response characteristics and the requirements, protect the connected cables and the input rectifier of the units.



# 3 Line commutating reactor<sup>1</sup>)

With the line commutating reactor, any current peaks occurring are limited and harmonics reduced. It is reauired to reduce the line reaction to the levels specified in DIN VDE 0160.



# 4> 24 V power supply

The external 24 V power supply unit is required for maintaining communication and diagnostics of the connected units even when the supply voltage has been switched off.

The following criteria apply to dimensioning of the unit:

- When the 24 V power supply unit is switched on, an increased switch-on current occurs. The 24 V power supply must be dimensioned to take this into account.
- A regulated power unit must not be used. The voltage must be between 20 V and 30 V.

In order to determine the 24 V current requirement, see "Unit design power and control terminals".



# 5 On/Off

In the case of single-axis drive and multi-axis drives without a rectifier unit, a switch is used to open and close the line contactor. If the switch is turned off during operation, the drives are not shut down in a controlled manner but are simply braked by the connected

In the case of a multi-axis drive with a rectifier unit, a pushbutton for closing the line contactor is used. By means of a lock-type contact which is connected to the fault signalling relay of the rectifier unit, the line contactor remains closed as long as no fault is detected in the rectifier unit.



## 6 Off switch

The line contactor is opened immediately when the Off switch is operated.

The drives are not shut down in a controlled manner but are simply braked by the connected load.



## Fault signaling relay

If a fault occurs in the rectifier unit, a fault signal is generated at the connecting contacts of the signalling relay.

When the 24 V power supply is switched on, the relay is closed as long as there is no fault.

In the event of a fault, the lock of the line contactor is opened, the contact falls out and the drives coast to a standstill



# 8 USS bus

The USS bus is for communication and need only be connected when required.



# 9 X101

The digital inputs and outputs as well as the analog input and output must be assigned according to the requirements placed on the drives.



# 10 X320 of the rectifier unit

The X320 terminal on the rectifier unit is only for permanently attaching the userfriendly OP1S operator control panel and for linking up to the connected inverters.

For the measures to be taken and the information necessary for correct operation, please refer to the corresponding operating instructions.



# X103 serial interface

The serial interface is for connecting the OP1S operator control panel or a PC. It can be operated in accordance with the RS232 or RS485 protocols.

For the measures to be taken and the information necessary for correct operation, please refer to the corresponding operating instructions.



# Precharging – <u>Capacitor module</u>

If a capacitor module is used. the terminals for precharging of the capacitors must be connected. This is not necessary when using the Compact PLUS 50 kW and 100 kW rectifier units.

If one or more capacitor modules are operated at the 15 kW Compact PLUS rectifier unit, then precharging may be done only once every 3 minutes.



# Output contactor

The use of an output contactor is necessary when a motor with a charged DC link is to be isolated from the converter/inverters



# Radio-interference suppression filter1)

The use of a radio-interference suppression filter is only necessary if the radiointerference voltages of the converters or rectifier units have to be reduced.



### 15 Safe Stop (option)

With the "Safe Stop" option, the power supply for the power section pulse transmission can be interrupted by means of a safety relay. This ensures that the unit does not create a rotating field in the connected motor.



# 16 Auxiliary contactor

With the auxiliary contactor. the lock of the main contactor is opened in the event of a fault signal. It must be used if the control voltage for the Q1 line contactor is 230 V AC.

The auxiliary contactor can be dispensed with if a line contactor with a 24 V DC control voltage is used.



# DC link fuse

A DC link fuse is integrated in the inverters and in the capacitor module.

In the case of radio-interference suppression filters for the Compact PLUS series (6SE70..... EP87-....), a commutating reactor is built in.

Open-loop and closed-loop control functions Motion Control

**Compact PLUS units** 



Compact and chassis units



# MASTERDRIVES Motion Control P2

P2 stands for Performance 2. Performance increase by a factor of 2. Computing power is doubled, and consequently, computing times are reduced by half for all functions.

- Significant improvement in the dynamic response of the movement (for example, calculation of current and speed controller in T0 in 100 µs)
- Faster calculation of the technological setpoint functions such as cam discs and other components (now in 1.6 ms instead of 3.2 ms)
- High-performance connection to the new SIMOTION Motion Control system.

The use of new hardware components has resulted in new firmware (V 2.x) that optimizes utilization of all resources. The firmware (V 1.x) no longer runs on the new hardware. Functionally, the new V 2.0 is identical to V 1.6.

The new Motion Control P2 is download-compatible. All DNL and Script files will execute, thereby offering the best-possible investment security for the engineering services provided.

The mechanical and electrical connections are compatible, so conversion to P2 does not negatively impact plant design.

# Free function blocks with BICO system

In the software of the basic unit, there are function blocks which can be "softwired" as required with the help of the "BICO system."The user is therefore able to tailor the MASTERDRIVES exactly to the problem to be solved.

Data between the function blocks as well as with the available control variables such as actual values and setpoints are exchanged via "plug-in connectors" referred to as either binectors (for binary signals) or connectors (for analog signals as a 16 or 32 bit word), depending on the type of signal to be transmitted. BICO system = Binector-Connector system.

The following freely usable function blocks are available (with exceptions), however, use of these blocks may affect the computing time:

• General function blocks

Fixed setpoints Indicator blocks Converter blocks Diagnostic blocks

# • Arithmetic and control blocks

Adders, subtracters, multipliers, dividers, absolute-value generators with filtering, sign inverters, limiters, limit-value monitors, minimum maximum selection, timers, polygon curve characteristics, flip-flop

• Complex blocks

Ramp generator, software counter PID controller Wobble generator Brake control

# • Logic blocks

AND elements
OR elements
EXCLUSIVE OR elements
Inverters
NAND elements
RS storage elements
D storage elements
Timers, Pulse generator

### Note

See the Compendium for the exact list and description of the blocks.

# Safe Stop

The "Safe Stop" function for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES is a "device for avoiding unexpected starting" according to EN 60 204-1, Section 5.4. In combination with an external circuit, the "Safe Stop" function for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES has been certified by the German Berufsgenossenschaft (institution for statutory accident insurance and prevention) in accordance with EN 954-1 Safety Category 3. Due to the "Safe Stop" function, motor-side contactors as a second switch-off path are not required.

The "Safe Stop" function prevents unexpected starting of the connected motor from a standstill. The "Safe Stop" is to be activated only when the drive is at a standstill; otherwise, it loses its ability to brake the motor.

The "Safe Stop" function is integrated in Compact inverters and is available for Compact PLUS units (all converters and inverters from 5.5 kW (7.5 HP)) as option K80.

# **Operating principle**

The safety relay with positively driven contacts uses the NO contact to interrupt the power supply to the optocoupler or fiber-optic cable and thus prevents the transmission of firing pulses into the power section, so that the unit cannot generate a rotating field.

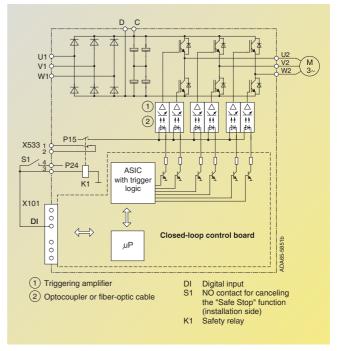


Fig. 6/26 Block diagram of "Safe Stop" function (Terminal designation applies to chassis unit with option K80)

6/2

# Compact and chassis units

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Compact PLUS units

Open-loop and closed-loop control functions Motion Control

# Safe Stop (continued)

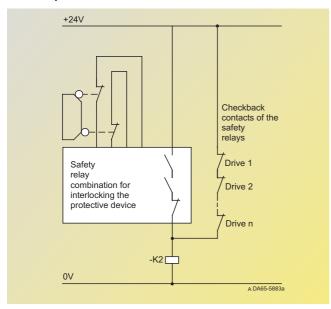


Fig. 6/27
Direct triggering of the K2 main contactor via the checkback contact of the safety relay

The NC contact (= checkback contact) is used to report the switching status of the safety relay to the external control unit. The checkback contact of the safety relay always has to be evaluated and can be used for directly triggering a second switchoff path as shown in Fig. 6/27. The "Safe Stop" function is to be selected before the protective device is opened. If the NO contact of the safety relay is stuck, the checkback contact of the K2 main contactor switches off. The circuit in Fig. 6/27 assumes that the operator triggers the protective device at regular intervals. This checks the effectiveness of the switch-off paths.

In conjunction with the machine control unit, the switch-off paths in the converter or inverter can be tested and the higher-level K2 contactor is opened if a fault is detected. The machine control unit selects "Safe Stop" via binary output BO2 and tests the reaction of the safety relay via binary input BI2. BO2 then changes to operating mode and the reaction of the control board can be tested via BO1 and S1 by means of BI1. When "Safe Stop" is selected in

the status word, the control board must signal back the "Stop2" command. If a reaction does not match expectations according to the programmed reaction, the control unit generates a fault message and opens the K2 main contactor. The switch-off paths can also be tested via a communications link, e.g. PROFIBUS DP.

The circuit shown in Fig. 6/28 assumes that the machine control unit tests the effectiveness of the switch-off paths at regular intervals and before each start (e.g. every 8 hours).

When the "Safe Stop" function is activated, electrical isolation from the supply does not take place. The function is therefore not designed for protection against electrical shock!

# Functional safety and applications

The entire machine must be fully isolated from the supply by means of the main switch for operational interruptions, maintenance, repair and cleaning work on the electrical equipment such as SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES and motors (EN 60 204/5.3).

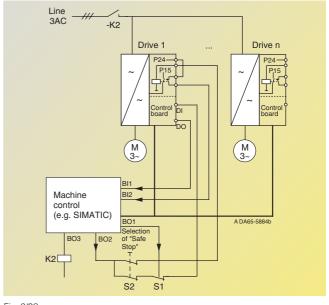


Fig. 6/28
Test of the switch-off method via the machine control unit

The "Safe Stop" function supports the requirements according to EN 954-1 Category 3 and EN 1037 relating to the safety of machines. The function is based on switching off/interrupting the power supply for firing the IGBT modules so that a "hazardous movement" is prevented.

In the case of asynchronous motors, no rotational movement is possible even if several faults occur in very specific constellations.

In applications with synchronous motors, e.g. 1FT6, 1FK6, it must be pointed out that, due to the physics involved when 2 faults occur, a residual movement can occur in very specific constellations.

Fault example: Simultaneous breakdown of an IGBT in one phase in the positive branch and an IGBT of another phase in the negative branch.

Residual movement:

 $a_{\text{max}} = \frac{360^{\circ}}{\text{Pole number of the motor}}$ 

e.g. 1FT6, 6-pole motor  $\alpha = 60^{\circ}$ 

In order to estimate the hazard potential of this critical

residual movement, a safety evaluation must be carried out by the engineer.

# Advantage:

Motor contactors are no longer needed to meet these requirements.

# Caution! When "Safe Stop" has been activated, hazardous voltages are still present at the motor terminals due to the inverter circuit.

For further information on the Siemens safety engineering, please visit the Internet at: http://www.siemens.com/ safety

The application manual "Safety Integrated: The safety program for protecting man, machine, environment and process for the world's industries" with technical explanations and application examples can be ordered or downloaded at the abovementioned integrat address.

# Compact PLUS converters up to 4 kW (5 HP)

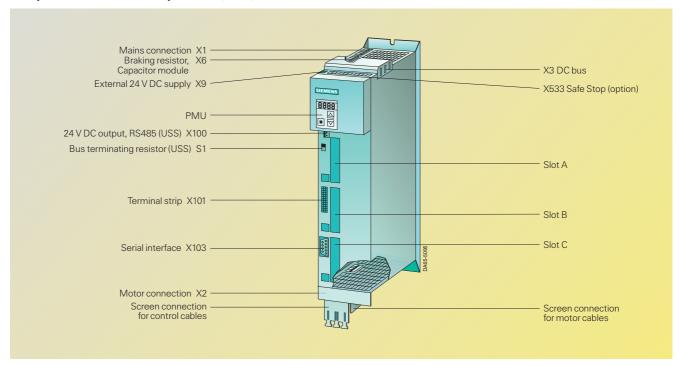


Fig. 6/29 Connection overview for Compact PLUS converters up to 4 kW (5 HP)

# **Power connections**

X1 – Mains connection	Designa	ation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
	PE1		Connection of equipment grounding conductor	-	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
	U1/L1		Phase U1/L1	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
	V1/L2		Phase V1/L2	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
	W1/L3		Phase W1/L3	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
X3 – DC link bus module	Conduc	tor Designation	n Description	Range	Max. cross-section
Electrical connection of individual units via the DC link.	3	PE3	Connection of equipment grounding conductor	-	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
	2	D/L-	DC link voltage –	510 V to 650 V DC	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
	1	C/L+	DC link voltage +	510 V to 650 V DC	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
X2 – Motor connection	Designa	ation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
Dimensioning of the motor cables in accordance with DIN VDE 298.	PE2		Connection of equipment grounding conductor	-	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
	U2/T1		Phase U2/T1	3-ph. 0 V AC	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
	V2/T2		Phase V2/T2	to 0.86 x line voltage	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
	W2/T3		Phase W2/T3	iiio voitago	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
X6 – Braking resistor and precharging of capacitor module	Designa	ation	Description		Max. cross-section
	C'		Precharging of ca	pacitor module	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
During braking, the full braking cur- rent flows via the external braking re- be used for the wiring of these terr			Braking resistor		4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
sistor terminals. For this reason, the nals.	H		Braking resistor		4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
olotor torrimidio. For time reacority the			Precharging of ca		

6



**SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information** 

# Compact PLUS converters 5.5 kW (7 HP) and 7.5 kW (10 HP)

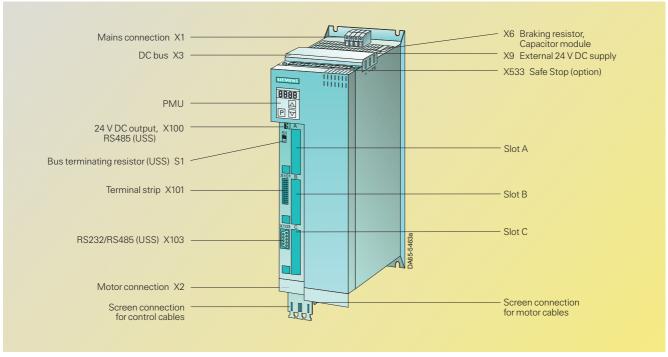


Fig. 6/30 Connection overview for Compact PLUS converters 5.5 kW (7 HP) and 7.5 kW (10 HP)

# **Power connections**

X1 – Mains connection		Design	ation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
		PE1		Connection of equipment grounding conductor		10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 8)
		U1/L1		Phase U1/L1	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC	10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 8)
		V1/L2		Phase V1/L2	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC	10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 8)
		W1/L3		Phase W1/L3 3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC		10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 8)
X3 – DC link bus module		Cond.	Designation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
Electrical connection of individual units on the DC link side.		3	PE3	Connection of equipment grounding conductor		Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
		2 D/L-		DC link voltage –	510 V to 650 V DC	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
		1	C/L+	DC link voltage +	510 V to 650 V DC	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
X2 – Motor connection		Design	ation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
Dimensioning of the motor cables in accordance with DIN VDE 298.		PE2		Connection of equipment grounding conductor		10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 8)
		U2/T1		Phase U2/T1	3-ph. 0 V AC	10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 8)
		V2/T2		Phase V2/T2	to 0.86 x - line voltage	10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 8)
		W2/T3		Phase W2/T3		10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 8)
X6 – Braking resistor and precharging for 5.5 kW and 7.5 kW	ng of capacitor module	Design	ation	Description		Max. cross-section
2		C'		Precharging of cap	pacitor module	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
During braking, the full braking cur- rent flows via the external braking re-	maximum cross-section must always be used for the wiring of these termi-	G		Braking resistor		4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
sistor terminals. For this reason, the	nals.	Н		Braking resistor		4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
		D'		Precharging of cap	pacitor module	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)

Compact PLUS units



# Compact PLUS converters 11 kW (15 HP) and 15 kW (20 HP)

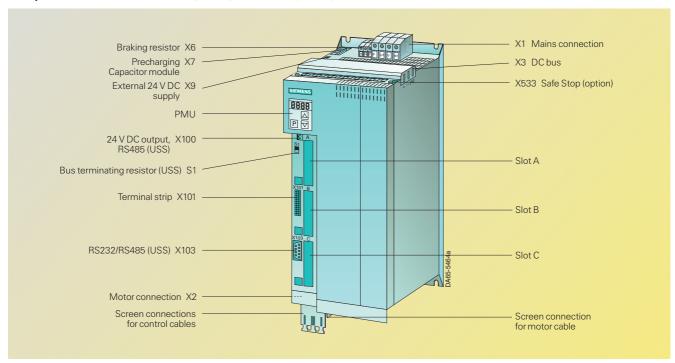


Fig. 6/31 Connection overview for Compact PLUS converters 11 kW (15 HP) and 15 kW (20 HP)

# **Power connections**

X1 – Mains connection		Design	nation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
X3 – DC link bus module  Electrical connection of individual units on the DC link side.  X2 – Motor connection  Dimensioning of the motor cables in accordance with DIN VDE 298 Part 4 and Part 100.  X6 – Braking resistor	PE1		Connection of a		25 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 4)	
		U1/L1		Phase U1/L1 3-ph. 380 V to 480 V A		25 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 4)
	V1/L2		Phase V1/L2	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC	25 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 4)	
	W1/L3	3	Phase W1/L3	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC	25 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 4)	
X3 – DC link bus module		Cond.	Designation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
Electrical connection of individual units on the DC link side.		3	PE3	Connection of a grounding cond		Copper rail 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
		2	D/L-	DC link voltage –	510 V to 650 V DC	Copper rail 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
		1	C/L+	DC link voltage +	510 V to 650 V DC	Copper rail 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
X2 – Motor connection		Desigr	nation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
Dimensioning of the motor cables in		PE2		Connection of equipment grounding conductor		16 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 6)
		U2/T1		Phase U2/T1	3-ph. 0 V AC	16 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 6)
and rait 100.		V2/T2		Phase V2/T2 to 0.86 x line voltage		16 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 6)
		W2/T3		Phase W2/T3		16 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 6)
X6 - Braking resistor		Design	nation	Description		Max. cross-section
During braking, the full braking cur-		PE		Connection of e		10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 4)
		G		Braking resisto	r	10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 4)
ternar braking resistor. For this rea-	triese terminais.	Н		Braking resisto	r	10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 4)
X7 – Precharging of capacitor modul	e	Design	nation	Description		Max. cross-section
ggg		C'			capacitor module	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
The terminals are for precharging the	module to a converter), connection to	C		0 0	capacitor module	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
back-up capacitors. For connecting a capacitor module (max. one capacitor	a terminal C' and D' is sufficient.	D'		0 0	capacitor module	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
supusition in out of the supusition		D		0 0	capacitor module	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
		_			(	

# Compact PLUS units

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Unit design, power and control terminals

# Compact PLUS converters

### **Control terminals**

Standard connections

Control terminals in the basic version:

- External 24 V power supply
- USS bus connection
- Serial interface for PC or OP1S
- Control terminal strip

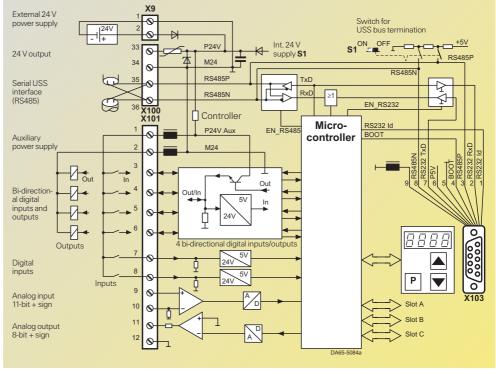


Fig. 6/32 Control terminals of Compact PLUS converters

## X9 - External 24 V power supply

To enable parameterization and monitoring of the unit even when the DC link has been discharged (e.g. supply cut-off), an external 24 V voltage supply is required.

With the DC link charged, the voltage is supplied by an internal switchmode power supply.

In stand-by mode, the unit has a current drain of 700 mA. This is increased if optional cards are inserted to a maximum of 1.5 A (units up to 4 kW (5 HP)) or up to a maximum of 2 A (units from 5.5 kW (7.5 HP) to 15 kW (20 HP).

Р	'n	Designation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
1		0 V	Reference potential	18 V to 30 V DC	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)
2		+24 V	External 24 V supply	18 V to 30 V DC	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)

# X533 – "Safe Stop" option for Compact PLUS converters of 0.55 kW (0.75 HP) to 15 kW (20 HP)

With this option, the power supply for pulse transmission to the power section can be interrupted by a safety relay. This ensures that the unit does not generate a rotating field in the connected motor. Even if the control electronics generate appropriate signals, the power section cannot move the motor.

In this way, mechanical work can be carried out on the drive when the supply voltage is switched on and without electrical isolation of the motor from the unit.

The option consists of the safety relay and the connecting terminals for relay activation and a checkbacksignal contact.

	Boolgilation	200011711011	i iui igo	max. or occ cocher
4	P 24	24 V voltage	24 V DC	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
3	Cl. a	Control terminal	$I_{\text{max.}} = 20 \text{ mA}$	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
2	Cl. 12	NC contact	$I_{\text{max.}} = 1 \text{ A/24 V}$	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
1	Cl. 11	NC contact		1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)

### <u>Note</u>

When activated, the "Safe Stop" option prevents accidental rotation of the connected motor.

However, there are still hazardous voltages across the motor terminals even in the "Safe Stop" state!

The option is not suitable for stopping a rotating motor as fast as possible, since switching off the control signals causes braking of the motor only by means of the connected load.

# **Engineering information**

# Unit design, power and control terminals



# Compact PLUS converters (continued)

X100 – 24 V output, USS bus		Pin	Designation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
The unit has a 24 V output to which a	The USS bus terminal is connected	33	+24 V (out)	24 V output	24 V – 28 V DC	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)
maximum of two additional conver-	to the control electronics and the	34	0 V	Reference potential	0 V	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)
ters can be connected (in the case of the 6SE7011–5EP50 Compact PLUS 9-pin Sub-D socket of the serial interface.	35	RS485P (USS)	USS bus connection	RS485	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)	
converter, only the 6SE7012-0TP50		36	RS485N (USS)	USS bus connection	RS485	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)

### X103 - Serial interface

An OP1S or a PC can be connected via the 9-pin Sub-D socket.

inverter can be connected once).

The 9-pin Sub-D socket is internally linked to the USS bus so that data exchange with other nodes which are linked via the USS bus is possible.

This interface is also used for downloading software.

Pin	Designation	Description	Range
1	RS232 ID	Changeover to RS232 interface	Digital signal, low active
2	RS232 R x D	Data received via the RS232 interface	RS232
3	RS485 P	Data via RS485 interface	RS485
4	Boot	Control signal for software update	Digital signal, low active
5	M5 AUX	Reference potential to P5V	0 V
6	P5V	5 V auxiliary power supply	+5 V, max. 200 mA
7	RS232TxD	Data transmitted via the RS232 interface	RS232
8	RS485 N	Data via RS485 interface	RS485
9	M_RS232/485	Digital ground (choked)	

# X101 - Control terminal strip

Terminals on the control terminal strip

- 4 combined digital inputs and outputs
- 2 additional digital inputs
- 1 analog input
- 1 analog output
- 24 V auxiliary power supply (Compact PLUS, max. 60 mA; compact and chassis units, max. 150 mA) for the inputs and outputs.

Pin	Designation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
1	P24 AUX	Auxiliary power supply	DC 24 V/ 60 mA	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
2	M24 AUX	Reference potential	0 V	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
3	DIO 1	Digital input/output 1	24 V, 10/20 mA	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
4	DIO 2	Digital input/output 2	24 V, 10/20 mA	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
5	DIO 3	Digital input/output 3	24 V, 10/20 mA	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
6	DIO 4	Digital input/output 4	24 V, 10/20 mA	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
7	DI5	Digital input 5	24 V, 10 m	A1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
8	DI6	Digital input 6	24 V, 10 m	A1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
9	Al–	Analog input –	Differentia input	I 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
10	AI+	Analog input + 11-bit + sign	$\pm 10 \text{ V/}$ $R_i = 40 \text{ k}\Omega$	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
11	AO	Analog output 8-bit + sign	± 10 V/ 5 mA	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
12	M AO	Ground analog output		1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)

# Terminals on option boards

Each option board has additional terminals such as encoder terminals, bus terminals or supplementary terminals which are needed for the functioning of the option board.

For more detailed information on the terminals of the option boards, please refer to the associated documentation.



# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Unit design, power and control terminals

# Compact PLUS inverters

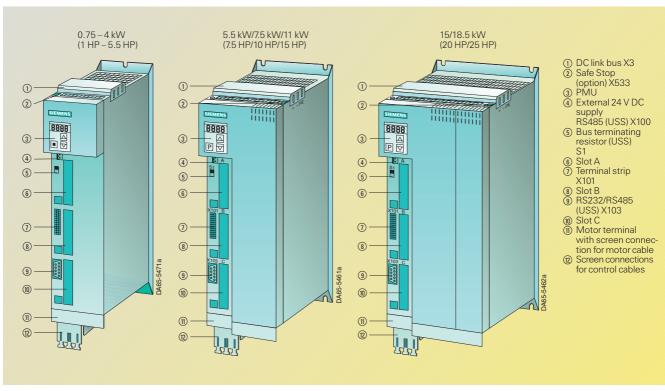


Fig. 6/33 Overview of terminals, Compact PLUS inverters (0.75 – 4 kW (1 HP – 5.5 HP), 5.5/7.5/11 kW (7.5 HP/10 HP/15 HP), 15/18.5 kW (20 HP/25 HP))

# **Power terminals**

X3 – DC bus	Cond.	Designation	Description	Range	Max. cross	s-section
Electrical connection of individual units via the DC link.	3	PE3	Connection of equipment grounding conductor	t	Copper bu 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.3	
	2	D/L-	DC link voltage –	510 to 650 V D	C Copper bu 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.3	
	1	C/L+	DC link voltage +	510 to 650 V Do	C Copper bu 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.3	
X2 – Motor terminal	Des-	Description	Range	Max. cross-sec	tion	
A2 - Wotor terminal	igna- tion	Description	riange		5.5/7.5/11 kW	
Dimensioning of the motor cables in accordance with DIN VDE 298.	PE2	Connection of equipment grounding conductor			10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 8)	16 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 6)
	U2/T1	Phase U2/T1	3-ph. 0 V AC to 0.86 x line		10 mm² (AWG 8)	16 mm² (AWG 6)
	V2/T2	Phase V2/T2	voltage	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)	10 mm² (AWG 8)	16 mm² (AWG 6)

W2/T3 Phase W2/T3

 $16\,mm^2$ 

(AWG 6)

 $4\,mm^2$ 

(AWG 10)

 $10\,mm^2$ 

(AWG 8)

# Unit design, power and control terminals

# Compact PLUS units

# Compact PLUS inverters (continued)

### **Control terminals**

Standard connections

Control terminals in the basic version:

- 24 V power supply
- USS bus terminal
- Serial interface for PC or OP1S
- Control terminal strip

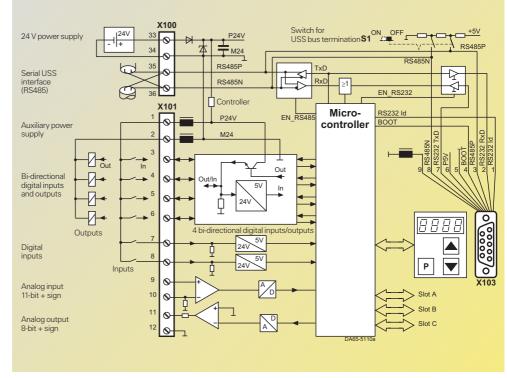


Fig. 6/34 Control terminals of the Compact PLUS inverters

# X100 – 24 V power supply, USS bus

For operation, the unit needs a 24 V power supply.

The USS bus terminal is connected to the control electronics and the 9-pin Sub-D socket of the serial interface.

Pin	Designation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
33	+24 V (in)	24 V voltage input	18 to 30 V DC	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)
34	0 V	Reference potential	0 V	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)
35	RS485P (USS)	USS bus termination	RS485	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)
36	RS485N (USS)	USS bus termination	RS485	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)

The inverters have a max. current requirement of 1.5 A (for units up to 4 kW (5 HP)) and 2 A (for units 5.5 kW (7.5 HP) to 18.5 kW (25 HP)) from the 24 V power supply.

### X103 - Serial interface, X101 - Control terminal strip

Same as for Compact PLUS converters (see page 6/30).

# X533 – "Safe Stop" option

With this option, the power supply required for pulse transmission to the power section can be interrupted by a safety relay. This ensures that the unit does not generate a rotating field in the connected motor. Even if the control electronics generate appropriate signals, the power section cannot move the motor.

In this way, mechanical work can be carried out on the drive when the supply voltage is switched on and without electrical isolation of the motor from the unit.

This option consists of the safety relay and the connecting terminals for relay activation and a checkbacksignal contact.

Pin	Designation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
4	P 24	24 V voltage	24 V DC	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
3	Cl. a	Control terminal	$I_{\text{max.}} = 20 \text{ mA}$	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
2	Cl. 12	NC contact	$I_{\text{max.}} = 1 \text{ A}$	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)
1	Cl. 11	NC contact	_	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)

### Note

When activated, the "Safe Stop" option prevents accidental rotation of the connected motor.

However, there are still hazardous voltages across the motor terminals, even in the "Safe Stop" state!

The option is not suitable for stopping a rotating motor as fast as possible, since switching off the control signals causes braking of the motor only by means of the connected load.

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information



Unit design, power and control terminals

# Terminals of the Compact PLUS rectifier unit

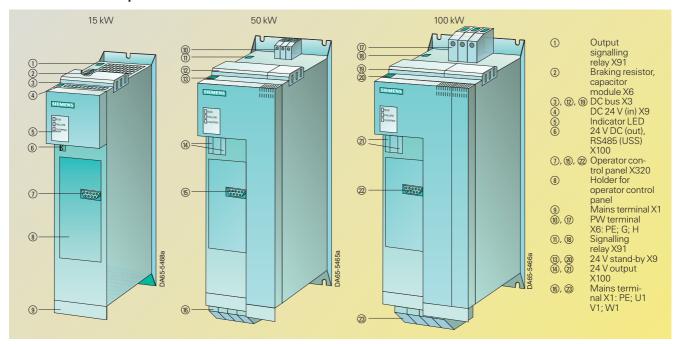


Fig. 6/35 Overview of terminals on the Compact PLUS rectifier units

### **Power terminals**

X1 – Mains connection	Desig- nation		Description	Range	Max. cross	s-section 50 kW	100 kW
	PE1		Connection of grounding co		10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 6)	50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 1/0)	95 mm <sup>2</sup>
	U1/L1		Phase U1/L1	3-ph 380 V to 480 V AC	10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 6)	50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 1/0)	95 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 4/0)
	V1/L2		Phase V1/L2	3-ph 380 V to 480 V AC	10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 6)	50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 1/0)	95 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 4/0)
	W1/L3		Phase W1/L3	3-ph 380 V to 480 V AC	10 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 6)	50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 1/0)	95 mm² (AWG 4/0)
X3 – DC bus	Con- ductor	Desig- nation	Description	Range	Max. cross 15 kW	s-section 50 kW	100 kW <sup>1</sup> )
the DC bus is for supplying the con- ected inverters with DC power.	3	PE	Connection of grounding co		Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
	2	D/L-	DC link voltage	510 V to 650 V DC	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
	1	C/L+	DC link voltage	510 V to 650 V DC	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)

X6 – Braking resistor and precharging of capacitor module		Desig- nation	Description	Max. cross-section 15 kW
During braking, the full braking current	If capacitor modules are operated at	C'	Precharging of capacitor module	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
flows via the external braking resistor terminals. The maximum cable cross-section must therefore always be used for wiring these terminals.	the 15 kW rectifier unit, the DC link may be precharged only once every 3 minutes.	G	Braking resistor	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
		Н	Braking resistor	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
		D'	Precharging of capacitor module	4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)

The 100 kW rectifier unit supplies 230 A and therefore has two 120 A busbar terminals. Each of these supplies a busbar system, one to the right and one to the left of the rectifier unit.

The distribution of current is not monitored. By appropriate installation, it must be ensured that 120 A per outgoing section is not exceeded.

# **Engineering information**



# Terminals of the Compact PLUS rectifier unit (continued)

# Power terminals (continued)

X6 – Braking resistor¹)	Designation	Description	Max. cross 50 kW	-section 100 kW
During braking, the full braking current flows via the external braking resistor terminals. The maximum cable cross-section must therefore always be	PE	Connection of equipment grounding conductor	25 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 2)	50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 1/0)
	G	Braking resistor	25 mm² (AWG 2)	50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 1/0)
used for wiring these terminals.	Н	Braking resistor	25 mm² (AWG 2)	50 mm² (AWG 1/0)

Control terminals						
X9 – 24 V power supply		Pin	Designation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
For operating purposes, the unit	When selecting a 24 V power supply,	2	+24 V	24 V power supply max. 30 A	18 V to 30 V DC	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> for 15 kW (AWG 12);
needs a 24 V power supply.	bear in mind that all inverters con- nected to the rectifier unit must also	1	0 V	Reference potential	0 V	4 mm <sup>2</sup> for 50/ 100 kW (AWG 10)
During operation, the unit has a current requirement of approx. 0.5 A at 15 kW and 0.7 A at 50 kW and 100 kW.	be supplied.					
X100 – 24 V voltage output, USS bus		Pin	Designation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
		33	+24 V (out)	24 V output	18 V to 30 V	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)
The unit has a 24 V voltage output to supply the connected inverters.	The USS bus terminal is connected to the 9-pin Sub-D socket of the serial	34	0 V	Reference potential	0 V	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)
supply the connected inverters.	interface.	35	RS485P (USS)	USS bus terminal	RS485	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)
		36	RS485N (USS)	USS bus terminal	RS485	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)
Х3		Pin	Designation	Description		Range
A 0010 00 1	TI:::: 6 1	1	not connected	Not used		
An OP1S or PC can be connected via the 9-pole Sub-D socket.	This interface also serves for downloading software.	2	not connected	Not used		
tho o polo oub b booket.	loading contivato.	0	DC 40ED /LICC\	D-+	C	DC40E

An	OP1	Sc	or F	PC	car	ı be	e c	onne	ctec	l via
the	9-pc	ole	Sυ	ıb-	D s	ock	æ	t.		
_			_		_					

The 9-pole Sub-D socket is connected internally with the USS bus, thus enabling data exchange with other USS bus nodes.

Pin	Designation	Description	Range
1	not connected	Not used	
2	not connected	Notused	
3	RS485P (USS)	Data via RS485 interface	RS485
4	not connected	Not used	
5	Ground	Reference potential to P5V	0 V
6	P5V	5 V auxiliary power supply	+5 V, max. 200 mA
7	not connected	Not used	
8	RS485N (USS)	Data via RS485 interface	RS485
9	not connected	Not used	

If a fault occurs in the rectifier unit, the fault is signalled via the connecting contact of the signalling relay. In the event of a fault, the contact is opened.

Pin	Designation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
2	T. 13	Fault-signalling relay	$I_{\text{max.}} = 1 \text{ A/24 V}$	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)
1	T. 14	Fault-signalling relay	$I_{\text{max.}} = 1 \text{ A/24 V}$	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 12)

<sup>1)</sup> Precharging the capacitor module is carried out via the controlled input rectifier. The connections for the capacitor module are not necessary.

# Compact PLUS units

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Unit design, power and control terminals

# Compact PLUS capacitor module and DC link module

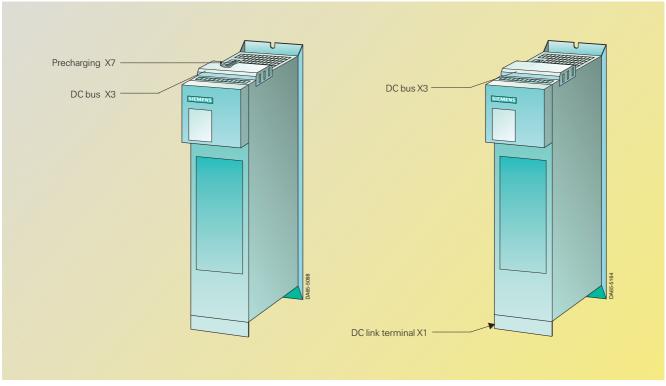


Fig. 6/36 Overview of terminals on Compact PLUS capacitor module (left) and DC link module (right)

# Power terminals on the Compact PLUS capacitor module

X3 – DC bus		Conductor	Designation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
The DC link bus is for exchanging energy between the capacitor module and the connected inverters.	The capacitor module has a capacitance of 5.1 mF (corresponding to a 45 kW (60 HP) inverter). A DC link fuse (made by SIBA; 63 A, 660 V gR) is fitted internally.	3	PE/GND	Connection of equipment ground- ing conductor		Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
		2	D/L-	DC link voltage –	510 V to 650 V DC	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
		1	C/L+	DC link voltage +	510 V to 650 V DC	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
X7 – Precharging		Pin	Designation	Description		Max. cross-section
		4	C' (Terminal+)	Precharging		4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
The terminals are for precharging the stand-by capacitors from the conver-	If connected to a Compact PLUS 15 kW rectifier unit, the remaining two free contacts are used for looping the precharging cable to additional capacitor modules.	3	C' (Terminal+)	Precharging		4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
ters and the 15 kW Compact PLUS rectifier unit.		2	D' (Terminal–)	Precharging		4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)
		1	D' (Terminal–)	Precharging		4 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 10)

### Power terminals on the Compact PLUS DC link module

X1 – DC terminal		Terminal	Designation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
Note Short-circuit-proof installation of the supply cable (max. 5 m (16.4 ft)/ 2 x 50 mm² (AWG 1/0), twisted with 5 twists per meter) if there are no DC link fuses provided.			PE/GND	Connection of equipment ground- ing conductor	-	
		1	С	DC link voltage +		50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 1/0)
		2	D	DC link voltage –	510 V to 650 V DC	50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 1/0)
X3 – DC bus		Conductor	Designation	Description	Range	Max. cross-section
The DC link bus is for exchanging power between the DC link module and	The rated input and output current of the DC link module is 120 A in each case.	3	PE/GND	Connection of equipment ground- ing conductor	-	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
the connected inverters.		2	D/L-	DC link voltage –	510 V to 650 V DC	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)
		1	C/L+	DC link voltage +	510 V to 650 V DC	Copper bus bar 3 x 10 mm (0.12 x 0.39 in)

# **Engineering information**

# Unit design, power and control terminals

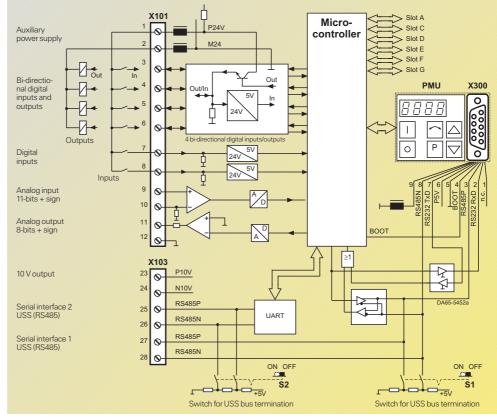


# Compact units and chassis units with the CUMC control board

### **Control terminals**

# Standard connections

The control terminals are the same for all compact and chassis type units. The reason for this is that they are located on the CUMC board. The board is located in the electronics box of the compact and chassis units.



Terminal Designation

Fig. 6/37 Control terminals of the CUMC control board

# X101 – Control terminal strip

Same as for Compact PLUS converter (see page 6/30).

### X103 - Serial interface

In addition to terminal strip X101, terminal strip X103 is available on the CUMC board.

Connectable cross-section: 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)

Terminals 23 and 24 are short-circuit-proof.

23	P10V	+10 V supply for external potentiometer	$+10 \text{ V} \pm 1.3 \%$ , $I_{\text{max.}} = 5 \text{ mA}$
24	N10V	–10 V supply for external potentiometer	$-10 \text{ V} \pm 1.3 \%$ , $I_{\text{max.}} = 5 \text{ mA}$
25	RS485 P (SST2)	USS bus terminal SST2	RS485
26	RS485 N (SST2)	USS bus terminal SST2	RS485
27	RS485 P (SST1)	USS bus terminal SST1	RS485
28	RS485 N (SST1)	USS bus terminal SST1	RS485

# X300 - Serial interface

An OP1S or PC can be connected via the 9-pin Sub-D socket.

The 9-pin Sub-D socket is internally linked to the USS bus, enabling data exchange with other converters and inverters that are connected by means of the USS bus.

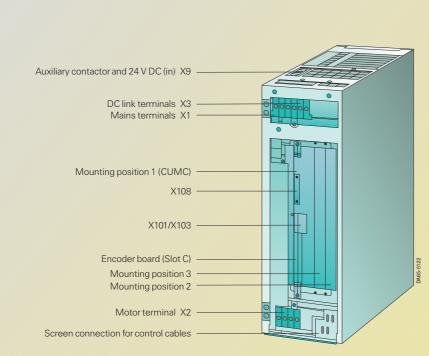
Pin	Designation	Description	Range
1	n.c.	Not used	
2	RS232 R x D	Data received via RS232	RS232
3	RS485 P	Data via RS485	RS485
4	Boot	Control signal for firmware	Digital signal, low active
5	M5V	Reference potential to P5V	0 V
6	P5V	5 V auxiliary power supply	$+5 \text{ V, } I_{\text{max}} = 200 \text{ mA}$
7	RS232 T x D	Data transmitted via RS232	RS232
8	RS485 N	Data via RS485	RS485
9	M RS232/485	Digital ground (choked)	

6/36



**SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information** 

# Compact-type converters





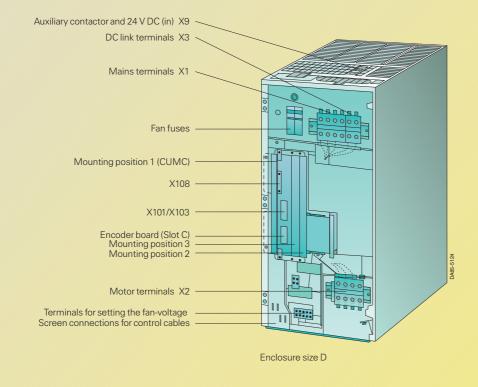


Fig. 6/38 Overview of terminals on the Compact-type converters

# **Engineering information**

# Unit design, power and control terminals



# Compact-type converters (continued)

### **Power terminals**

X1 – Mains terminal, X3 – DC link terminals	Terminal	Designation	Description	Range
	1	U1/L1	Phase U1/L1	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC
The mains and DC link terminals are located on top of the unit on a com-	2	V1/L2	Phase V1/L2	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC
mon terminal block.	3	W1/L3	Phase W1/L3	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC
	4	PE1/GND	Connection of equipment grounding conductor	
	5	C/L+	DC link voltage +	510 V to 650 V DC
	6	D/L-	DC link voltage –	510 V to 650 V DC
X2 – Motor terminals	Terminal	Designation	Description	Range
	1	U2/T1	Phase U2/T1	3-ph. 0 V AC to
The motor terminals are located at the bottom of the unit.	2	V2/T2	Phase V2/T2	0.86 x line voltage
	3	W2/T3	Phase W2/T3	_
	4	PE2/GND	Connection of equipment	

Wire cross-sections	Enclosure size	Order No.	Flexible		Stranded/	tranded/single core	
			mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	
	А	6SE70A51	2.5 - 10	12 - 6	2.5 - 16	12 - 4	
	В	6SE70B51	2.5 - 10	12 - 6	2.5 - 16	12 - 4	
	С	6SE70C51	4 -16	6-4	10 - 25	6-2	
	D	6SE70D51	10 -35	6-2	10 - 50	6-0	

### Note

The wire cross-sections are determined for copper cable at 40 °C (104 °F) ambient temperature (in acc. with DIN VDE 0298, Part 4 and Part 100/02.88, Group 5).

Order No.	Line to	erminal									Motor	terminal
	Cross	-section	Reco	ommenden	ıd fuse	, type	for			Line reactor	Cross- to	-section
	VDE	AWG	gR (S	SITOR)	gL (N	IH)	North Am	North America			VDE	AWG
	$\mathrm{mm}^2$		Α	3NE	Α	3NA	Type	V	Α	4EP	mm <sup>2</sup>	
6SE7016-1EA51	1.5	16	16	-	10	3803	AJT, LPJ	600	8	3200-1US	1.5	16
6SE7018-0EA51	1.5	16	16	1813–0	16	3805	AJT, LPJ	600	12	3400-2US	1.5	16
6SE7021-0EA51	2.5	14	16	1813–0	16	3805	AJT, LPJ	600	15	3400-1US	1.5	16
6SE7021-3EB51	2.5	14	20	1814–0	25	3810	AJT, LPJ	600	17.5	3500-0US	2.5	14
6SE7021-8EB51	4	10	25	1815–0	25	3810	AJT, LPJ	600	25	3600-4US	2.5	14
6SE7022-6EC51	10	6	35	1803–0	35	3814	AJT, LPJ	600	35	3600-5US	10	6
6SE7023-4EC51	16	4	40	1802-0	50	3820	AJT, LPJ	600	45	3700-2US	10	6
6SE7023-8ED51	16	4	50	1817–0	63	3822	AJT, LPJ	600	50	3700-5US	16	4
6SE7024-7ED51	25	2	63	1818–0	63	3822	AJT, LPJ	600	60	3800-2US	16	4
6SE7026-0ED51	25	2	80	1820–0	100	3830	AJT, LPJ	600	80	3800-7US	16	4
6SE7027-2ED51	50	00	80	1820–0	100	3830	AJT, LPJ	600	90	3900–2US	25	2

# **Control terminals**

### Standard connections on the CUMC board

See page 6/36.

# X9 – 24 V DC power supply, operation of main contactor (MC)

The 9-pin terminal strip is for connecting a 24 V power supply and for connecting a main contactor or bypass contactor.

The power supply is needed if the converter is connected via a main contactor or bypass contactor.

The terminals for operating the contactors are floating.

Connectable cross-section: 1.5  $\,\mathrm{mm^2}$  (AWG 16).

The unit has a current requirement of 1.5 A from the 24 V power supply. This increases to a maximum of 2.5 A if option cards are plugged in.

Terminal	Designation	Description	Range
9	Operation of MC	Operation of main contactor	230 V AC, 1 kVA
8	Not assigned	Not used	_
7	Operation of MC	Operation of main contactor	230 V AC, 1 kVA
6	Not assigned	Not used	_
5	Not assigned	Not used	_
4	Not assigned	Not used	_
3	Not assigned	Not used	-
2	0 V	Reference potential	0 V
1	+ 24 V (in)	24 V power supply	24 V DC, ≤ 2.5 A

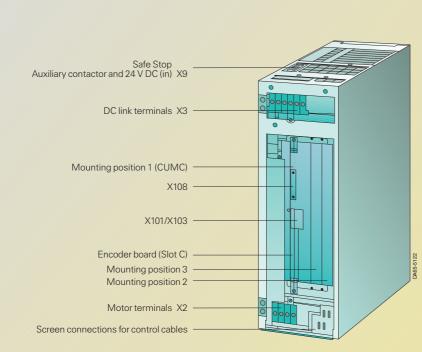
grounding conductor

6/38



# **SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information**

# Compact-type inverters



Enclosure sizes A, B and C

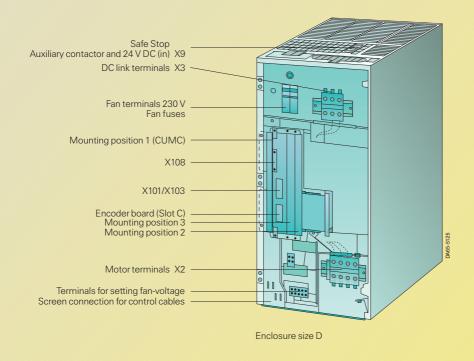


Fig. 6/39 Overview of terminals on the compact-type inverters

# **Engineering information**

# Unit design, power and control terminals



# Compact-type inverters (continued)

### **Power terminals**

X3 – DC link terminals	Terminal	Designation	Description	Range
	1	U1/L1	These terminals	
The terminals for the DC link are on the top of the unit on a terminal	2	V1/L2	are not connected internally	
block.	3	W1/L3	Internally	
	4	PE1/GND	Connection of equipment grounding conductor	
	5	C/L+	DC link voltage +	510 V to 650 V DC
	6	D/L-	DC link voltage –	510 V to 650 V DC

/ire cross-sections · Fuses	Enclosure size	Order No.	Flexible		Stranded/s	Stranded/single core	
			mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	mm²	AWG	
	A	6SE70A51	2.5 - 10	12 - 6	2.5 - 16	12-4	
	В	6SE70B51	2.5 - 10	12 - 6	2.5 - 16	12-4	
	С	6SE70C51	4 - 16	6-4	10 - 25	6-2	
	D	6SE70D51	10 -35	6-2	10 - 50	6 - 0	

### Note

The wire cross-sections are determined for copper cable at 40 °C (104 °F) ambient temperature (in acc. with DIN VDE 0298, Part 4 and Part 100/02.88, Group 5).

Order No.	Supply side									Motor side			
	Rated DC current	Cross-se to DIN VDE		Reco	mmende	ed fuse, t for Nor	′ '	erica	Rated outp vol- tage	out cur- rent	Cross-secto DIN VDE		
	Α	mm²		Α	3NE	170M	V	Α	V	Α	mm <sup>2</sup>		
6SE7016-1TA51	7.3	1.5	16	25	8 0 1 5	1561	600	25	0 - 480	6.1	1.5	16	
6SE7018-0TA51	9.5	1.5	16	25	8 0 1 5	1561	660	25	0 - 480	8.0	1.5	16	
6SE7021-0TA51	12.1	1.5	16	25	8 015	1564	660	50	0 - 480	10.2	1.5	16	
6SE7021-3TB51	15.7	4	10	50	8 017	1564	660	50	0 - 480	13.2	2.5	14	
6SE7021-8TB51	20.8	4	10	50	8 0 1 7	1564	660	50	0 - 480	17.5	2.5	14	
6SE7022-6TC51	30.4	10	6	80	8 020	1568	660	125	0 - 480	25.5	6	8	
6SE7023-4TC51	40.5	10	6	80	8 020	1568	660	125	0 - 480	34	10	6	
6SE7023-8TD51	44.6	16	4	125	8 022	1568	660	125	0 - 480	37.5	16	4	
6SE7024-7TD51	55.9	25	2	125	8 022	1568	660	125	0 - 480	47	16	4	
6SE7026-0TD51	70.2	35	0	160	8 024	1570	660	200	0 - 480	59	25	2	
6SE7027-2TD51	85.7	35	0	160	8 024	1570	660	200	0 - 480	72	25	2	

AWG: American Wire Gauge

3/0			
X2 -	IVIOTO	r term	iinais

The motor terminals are located at the bottom of the unit

Terminal	Designation	Description	Range
1	U2/T1	Phase U2/T1	3-ph. 0 V AC to
2	V2/T2	Phase V2/T2	0.86 x line voltage
3	W2/T3	Phase W2/T3	
4	PE2/GND	Connection of equipment grounding conductor	

## **Control terminals**

# Standard connections on the CUMC board

See page 6/36.

# X9 – 24 V DC power supply, "Safe Stop", operation of main contactor

The 9-pin terminal strip is for connecting a 24 V power supply, a main contactor or bypass contactor and also the "Safe Stop" function.

A power supply is required if the inverter is connected via a main or bypass contactor.

The terminals for operation of the contactors are floating.

The "Safe Stop" function ensures that a rotating field cannot occur at the motor terminals, i.e. the motor cannot turn. When the bridge between terminals X9.5 and X9.6 is opened (by an external contact), the "Safe Stop" function is activated. The inverter is supplied with terminals X9.5 and X9.6 bridged.

The unit has a current requirement of 1.5 A from the 24 V power supply. This increases to a max. of 2.5 A if option cards are plugged in.

Terminal	Designation	Description	Range
9	Operation of MC	Operation of main contactor	30 V DC, 0.5 A
8	Not assigned	Not used	
7	Operation of MC	Operation of main contactor	
6	Safe Stop	Operation of "Safe Stop"	30 V DC
5	Safe Stop	Operation of "Safe Stop"	10mA to $30mA$
4	Safe Stop	Checkback signal "Safe Stop"	30 V DC
3	Safe Stop	Checkback signal "Safe Stop"	2 A
2	0 V	Reference potential	0 V
1	+ 24 V (in)	24 V voltage supply	$24 \text{ V DC}, \leq 2.5 \text{ A}$

Connectable cross-section: 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)

**Engineering information** 



**SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control** 

# Chassis-type converters

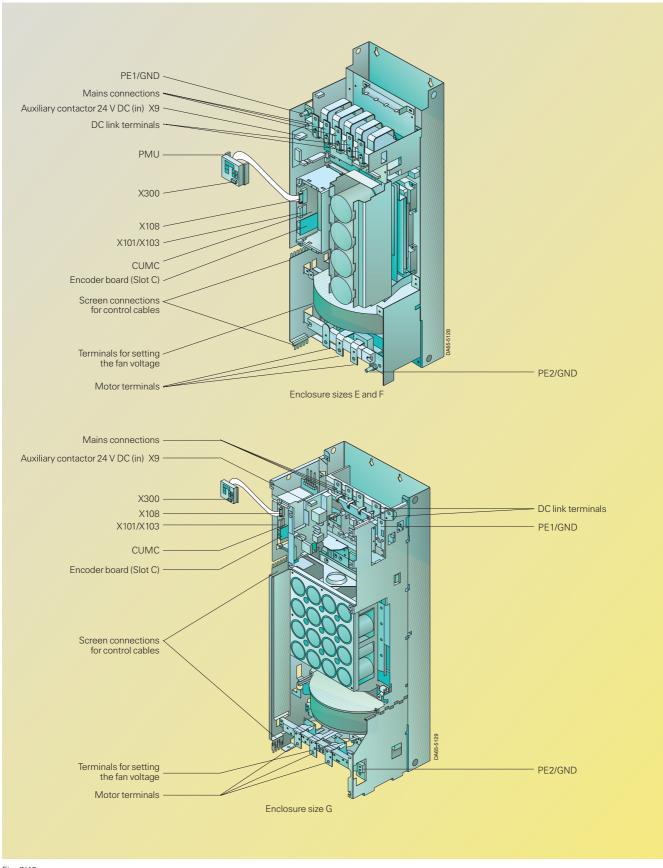


Fig. 6/40 Overview of terminals on the chassis-type converters

# **Engineering information**

# Unit design, power and control terminals



# Chassis-type converters (continued)

### **Power terminals**

Mains terminal and DC link terminal	Designation	Description	Range
The mains and DC link terminal are	PE1/GND	Connection of equipment grounding conductor	_
located at the bottom of the unit.	U1/L1	Phase U1/L1	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC
	V1/L2	Phase V1/L2	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC
	W1/L3	Phase W1/L3	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC
	C/L+	DC link voltage +	510 V to 650 V DC
	D/L-	DC link voltage –	510 V to 650 V DC

Wire ranges · Fuses	Enclosure Order No. size	Max. wire cross-section mm² to DIN VDE AW	
	E 6SE703E	<b>50</b> 2 x 70 2 x 0	00 M10
Possible wire cross-sections, screw connection.	F 6SE703F	<b>50</b> 2 x 70 2 x 0	00 M10
ourilocation.	G <b>6SE703C</b>	<b>i50</b> 2 x 150 2 x 3	300 M12
	K 6SE703	<b>50</b> 4×300 4×8	800 M 12/M16

### Note

The wire cross-sections are determined for copper cable at 40 °C (104 °F) ambient temperature in accordance with DIN VDE 0298, Part 4/02.88, Group 5).

Order No.	Line side										Motor side	
	Rated input	Cross-sec	ction	Reco	mmended	d fuse,	type				Cross-secto	ction
	current A	DIN VDE mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	gR (S	SITOR) 3NE	gL N A	H 3NA	for North	Amer V	rica A	DIN VDE mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG
6SE7031-0EE50	101	1 x 70	1 x 000	100	1021-0	125	3032	AJT, LPJ	600	125	1 x 35	1 x 0
6SE7031-2EF50	136	2 x 35	2 x 0	125	1022-0	160	3036	AJT, LPJ	600	175	2 x 25	2 x 2
6SE7031-8EF50	171	2 x 35	2 x 0	160	1224-0	200	3140	AJT, LPJ	600	200	2 x 35	2 x 0
6SE7032-1EG50	192	2 x 50	2 x 00	200	1225-0	250	3144	AJT, LPJ	600	300	2 x 35	2 x 0
6SE7032-6EG50	238	2 x 70	2 x 000	250	1227-0	315	3252	AJT, LPJ	600	350	2 x 50	2 x 00
6SE7033-2EG50	288	2 x 95	$2 \times 4/0$	315	1230-0	315	3252	AJT, LPJ	600	400	2 x 70	2 x 000
6SE7033-7EG50	339	2 x 120	2 x 300	350	1331–0	400	3260	AJT, LPJ	660	500	2 x 95	2 x 4/0
6SE7035-1EK50	465	3 x 300	2 x 800	560	1434-0	630	3372	_	-	-	2 x 300	2 x 800
6SE7036-0EK50	539	3 x 300	2 x 800	560	1434–0	630	3372	_	-	-	2 x 300	2 x 800

AWG: American Wire Gauge

Motor terminals	Designation	Description	Range
	U2/T1	Phase U2/T1	3-ph. 0 V to 480 V AC
The motor terminals are located at the bottom of the unit.	V2/T2	Phase V2/T2	3-ph. 0 V to 480 V AC
the bottom of the unit.	W2/T3	Phase W2/T3	3-ph. 0 V to 480 V AC
	PE2/GND	Connection of equipment grounding conductor	

# **Control terminals**

# Standard connections on the CUMC board

See page 6/36.

X9 – 24 V DC power supply, operation	of main contactor	Terminal	Designation	Description	Range
		5	Operation of MC	Operation of main contactor	230 V AC
The 5-pin terminal strip is for connecting a 24 V power supply and a bypass	The unit has a current requirement of 3 A from the 24 V power supply. This	4	Operation of MC	Operation of main contactor	1 kVA
contactor.	increases to a maximum of 4.3 A	3	Not assigned	Not used	
The power supply is needed if the in-	when option cards are plugged in.	2	0 V	Reference potential	0 V
verter is connected via a main contactor (MC) or bypass contactor.		1	+24 V (in)	24 V power supply	Enclosure sizes E, F, G
The terminals for operation of the contactor are floating.					24 V DC, ≤ 3.5 A Enclosure size K 24 V DC, ≤ 4.3 A

Connectable cross-section: 2.5 mm² (AWG 12)

6/42



**Engineering information** 

**SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control** 

# Chassis-type inverters

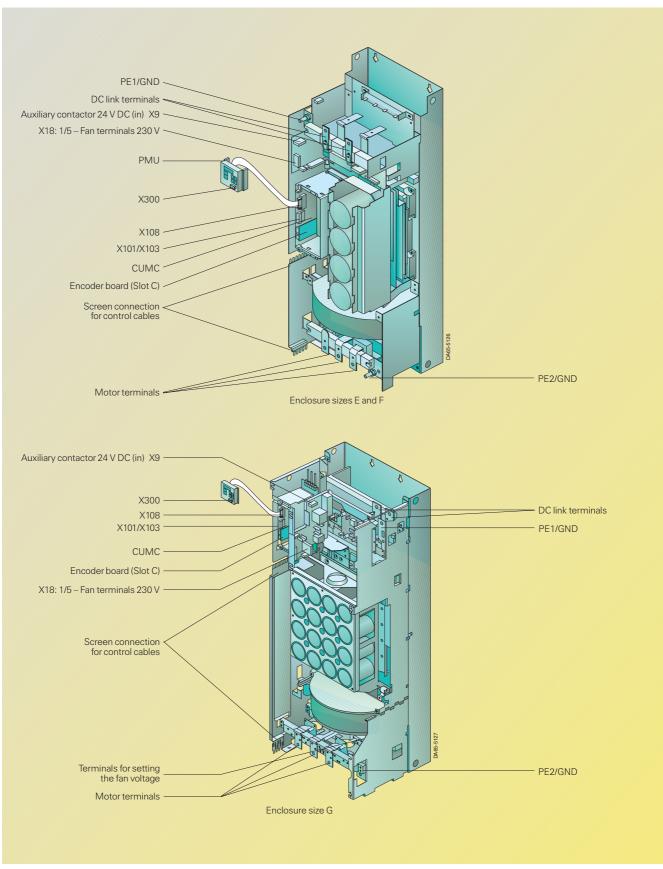


Fig. 6/41 Overview of terminals on the chassis-type inverters

# **Engineering information**



24 V DC, ≤ 4.2 A

# Chassis-type inverters (continued)

### **Power terminals**

DC link terminals	Designation	Description	Range
	C/L+	DC link voltage +	510 V to 650 V DC
The DC link terminals are located on the top of the unit.	D/L-	DC link voltage –	510 V to 650 V DC
the top of the unit.	PE1/GND	Connection of equipment grounding conductor	-

Wire cross-sections · Fuses	Enclosure size	Order No.	Max. wire cross-s mm <sup>2</sup> to DIN VDE		Screw connection
	E	6SE703E50	2 x 70	2 x 00	M10
Possible wire ranges, screw type connection.	F	6SE703F50	2 x 70	2 x 00	M10
connection.	G	6SE703G50	2 x 150	2 x 300	M12
	J	6SF703 - J50	2 x 300	2 x 800	M12/M16

### Notes

- The cross-sections ranges are determined for copper cable at 40 °C (104 °F) ambient temperature (in acc. with DIN VDE 0298, Part 4/02.88, Group 5).
- If DC fuses have been integrated, additional fuses on the rectifier unit are not necessary as long as the connecting cables to the DC bus are short-circuit-proof and overloading by other loads is not possible. For J-type units, the fuses are an integral part of the unit.

  In the case of unit types E, F, and G, the fuses are an option (L30).
- The connections to the rectifier unit are to be kept as short as possible and, in the case of large systems, between the inverters as well. Ideally, they should be low-inductance busbars.

Order No.	Supply	side							Motor si	de		
	Rated DC	Cross-secto		Reco	mmended	,,			Rated ou	cur-	Cross-secto	
	current	DIN VDE	AWG			for North	ı Ame	erica	tage	rent	DIN VDE	AWG
	Α	mm <sup>2</sup>		Α	3NE	170M	V	Α	V	Α	mm <sup>2</sup>	
6SE7031-0TE50	110	1 x 70	1 x 000	160	3224	3718	600	350	0 - 480	92	1 x 35	1 x 0
6SE7031-2TF50	148	2 x 35	2 x 0	250	3227	3718	660	350	0 - 480	124	2 x 25	2 x 2
6SE7031-8TF50	184	2 x 35	2 x 0	250	3227	3718	660	350	0 - 480	155	2 x 35	2 x 0
6SE7032-1TG50	208	2 x 50	2 x 00	315	3230-0B	3720	660	450	0 - 480	175	2 x 35	2 x 0
6SE7032-6TG50	254	2 x 70	2 x 000	450	3233	6709	660	550	0 - 480	218	2 x 50	2 x 00
6SE7033-2TG50	312	2 x 95	2 x 4/0	450	3233	6709	660	550	0 - 480	262	2 x 70	2 x 000
6SE7033-7TG50	367	2 x 120	2 x 300	500	3334-0B	6710	660	630	0 - 480	308	2 x 95	$2 \times 4/0$
6SE7035-1TJ50	503	4 x 300	4 x 800	450	2 x 3233	2 x 6709	660	550	0 - 480	423	2 x 300	2 x 800
6SE7036-0TJ50	584	4 x 300	4 x 800	450	2 x 3233	2 x 6709	660	550	0 - 480	491	2 x 300	2 x 800
35E7030-01030	JU-	+ X 000	+ X 000	-00	2 X 0200	2 / 0/00	000	550	0 -00	<del>1</del> 01	2 X 000	2 / 00

AWG: American Wire Gauge

Motor terminal	Designation	Description	Range
	U2/T1	Phase U2/T1	3-ph. 0 V AC to
The motor terminals are at the bottom of the unit.	V2/T2	Phase V2/T2	0.86 x line voltage
tom of the unit.	W2/T3	Phase W2/T3	
	PE2/GND	Connection of equipment grounding conductor	-

# **Control terminals**

### Standard connections on the CUMC module

See page 6/36.

X9 – 24 V DC power supply and opera	ation of the bypass contactor (BC)	Terminal	Designation	Description	Range
The 5-pin terminal strip is for connect-	The terminals for operation of the	5	Operation of BC	Operation of bypass contactor	230 V AC
ing a 24 V power supply and a bypass contactor (BC).	contactor are floating.  The position of the terminal strip can	4	Operation of BC	Operation of bypass contactor	1 kVA
The power supply is needed if the inverter is connected via a bypass	be seen from the overview of the ter- minals.	3	Not assigned	Not used	
contactor.	The field coil of the main contactor is	2	0 V	Reference potential	0 V
The auxiliary power supply simultaneously secures communication to	to be connected up with overvoltage limiters, e.g. RC elements.	1	+24 V (in)	24 V power supply	Enclosure sizes E, F, G 24 V DC, ≤ 3.5 A
the automation system even when	The unit has a current intake of 3 A				Enclosure size J

from the 24 V voltage supply. This increases to a maximum of 4.2 A if Connectable cross-section: 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 12) option cards are plugged in.

the supply voltage of the power section has been switched off.

Siemens DA 65.11 · 2003/2004



# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Unit design, power and control terminals

# Rectifier units and rectifier/regenerative units

# **Power terminals**

X1 – Mains connection, DC link terminals	Designation	Description	Range
T	U1/L1	Phase U1/L1	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC
The mains and DC link terminals are located on the top of the unit.	V1/L2	Phase V1/L2	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC
located on the top of the unit.	W1/L3	Phase W1/L3	3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC
	PE/GND	Equipment grounding conductor	_
	C/L+	DC link voltage +	510 V to 650 V DC
	D/L-	DC link voltage –	510 V to 650 V DC
X4 – Regenerating terminal, autotransformer/mains	Designation		
	1U2/1T1		
For rectifier/regenerative units only.	1V2/1T2		
	1W2/1T3		

### Wire cross-sections

Order No.	Input	Wire cross-s	section				
	current	U1/L1, V1/L2 1U2/1T1*, 1 1W2/1T3*		C/L+, D/L-		PE	
	А	to DIN VDE mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	to DIN VDE mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	to DIN VDE mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG
6SE7024-1EB85-0AA0	36	16	6	16	6	16	6
6SE7028-6EC85-0AA0 6SE7022-1EC85-1AA0 6SE7024-1EC85-1AA0 6SE7028-6EC85-1AA0	75 18 35 74	50 50 50 50	1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0	50 50 50 50	1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0	25 10 16 25	4 10 6 4
6SE7031-7EE85-0AA0 6SE7032-7EE85-0AA0 6SE7033-8EE85-0AA0 6SE7034-6EE85-0AA0 6SE7036-1EE85-0AA0	151 235 327 404 528	120 2×95 2×150 2×185 2×240	4/0 2 x 3/0 2 x 300 2 x 350 2 x 500	2 x 70 2 x 120 2 x 185 2 x 240 2 x 300	2 x 2/0 2 x 4/0 2 x 350 2 x 500 2 x 600	70 120 185 240 300	2/0 4/0 350 500 600
6SE7031-7EE85-1AA0 6SE7032-2EE85-1AA0 6SE7033-1EE85-1AA0 6SE7033-8EE85-1AA0 6SE7034-6EE85-1AA0 6SE7036-1EE85-1AA0	149 191 267 323 398 520	2 x 120 2 x 120 2 x 120 2 x 240 2 x 240 2 x 240	2 x 4/0 2 x 4/0 2 x 4/0 2 x 500 2 x 500 2 x 500	2 x 150 2 x 150 2 x 150 2 x 300 2 x 300 2 x 300 2 x 300	2 x 300 2 x 300 2 x 300 2 x 600 2 x 600 2 x 600	70 95 150 185 240 300	2/0 3/0 300 350 500 600

AWG: American Wire Gauge \*For rectifier/regenerative units only.

# **Engineering information**

# Compact and chassis units

# Unit design, power and control terminals

# Rectifier units and rectifier/regenerative units (continued)

### **Control terminals**

X9 – Electronics power supply/opera	ation of main contactor	Designation	Description	Range
		1	24 V DC	20 V to 30 V
The external power supply required for the electronics is not included in	increases to a maximum of 2 A if option cards are plugged in.	2	Reference potentia	al
the scope of supply of the rectifier	Load capability of the contact for op-	3	Not assigned	
units.	erating the main contactor: 230 V AC:	4	Operation of main community	contactor
The unit has a power requirement of 1 A from the 24 V power supply. This	7.5 A at cos φ = 0.4; L/R = 7 ms; 30 V DC: 5 A: 60 V DC: 1 A	5	— Operation of main c	
1 A Horri trie 24 v power suppry. Triis	30 V DC. 3 A, 00 V DC. 1 A			

X36 – Signalling relay		Designation	
		1	Signalling contact for
"Overtemperature", "Precharging	Load capability: 48 V AC, 60 VA	2	switching low voltage
fault"	$(\cos \varphi = 0.8)$ ; 48 V DC, 24 W		

### Control terminals on the CUR control board

Application of the CUR control board: SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES rectifier/regenerative units.
Order No. of the CUR: 6SE7090–0XX85–1DA0

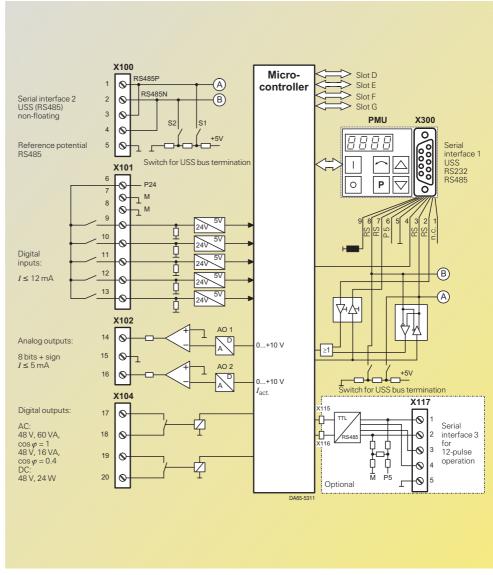


Fig. 6/42 Control terminals on the CUR control board



# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Unit design, power and control terminals

# Control terminal strip on the CUSA control board (AFE rectifier/regenerative unit)

Application:

SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES cabinet units, as control electronics for the self-commutated, pulsed AFE rectifier/regenerative unit

Order No. of the CUSA: 6SE7090-0XXB4-0BJ0

Connector for the terminal strip:

Order No.: 6SY7000–0AD30 (connectors X100 to X102)

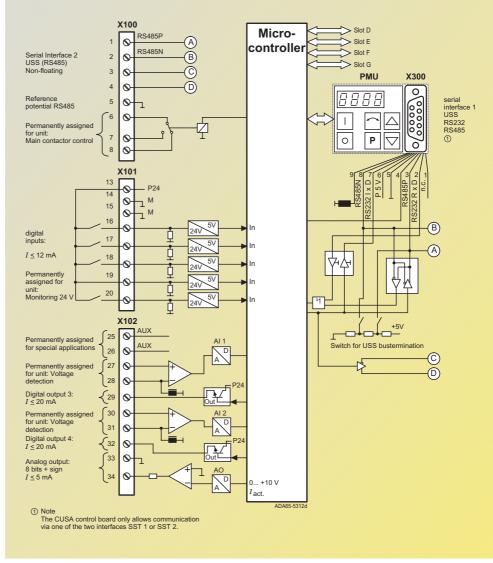


Fig. 6/43 Control terminals of the CUSA control board

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information





# Braking units

### **Power terminals**

# Block diagram of the braking unit

See pages 6/56 and 6/57.

DC link terminals	Designation	Description
Terminal strip X3 for sizes S and A	C/+	DC link voltage +
Busbars for size B	D/-	DC link voltage –
	T	Screen connection
	PE1/GND	Connection of equipment grounding conductor
Terminals for internal 1)/external braking resistor	Designation	Description
•	Designation G	Description  External braking resistor
Terminal strip X6 for sizes S and A	Ü	•
•	G	External braking resistor
Terminal strip X6 for sizes S and A	G H1	External braking resistor Internal braking resistor

Wire cross-sections · Type of connection	Type	Order No.	Wire cross-section		Type of
			mm <sup>2</sup> to DIN VDE AWG		connection
	S	6SE70ES87-2DA0	1.5 - 4	16-10	Terminal strip
	Α	6SE70EA87-2DA0	2.5 - 10	14- 6	Terminal strip
	В	6SE70EB87-2DA0	max. 1 x 95	max. 1 x 000	Cable lug to DIN 46 235 (M8 screws)

AWG: American Wire Gauge

# **Control terminals**

X38 – Control terminal strip		Pin	Designation	Description
Input "inhibit" (pins 1 and 2): Application of 24 V: Braking unit inhibit reset "OVERAMP" and "OVERTEMP" faults.	Fault output (pins 4 and 5) Relay closed: no fault Relay open: fault or Braking unit inhibited or DC voltage is not connected	1	+	Inhibit
		2	-	Inhibit
		4		Fault output
		5		Fault output

Compact and



**Immunity** 

Compact **PLUS** units

**Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)** 

**Engineering information** 

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) is defined in the EMC directive as the "ability of a device to function satisfactorily in an electromagnetic environment without itself causing electromagnetic interference which is unacceptable for other devices in this environment." In order to ensure that the relevant EMC standards are complied with, the devices must demonstrate a sufficiently high immunity, on the one hand, and interference emission must be limited to compatible values, on the other.

# The units satisfy the require-

ments of the EMC product standard, EN 61 800-3, for the industrial sector and thus the lower values regarding immunity required by the residential sector as well.

# Interference emission and radio-interference suppression

If converters are used in a residential application, conducted interference or electromagnetically emitted interference must not exceed the limit values according to "B1"1).

Type of interference	Level of interference	Comments
Discharging of static electricity	up to 12 kV	
Rapid transient interference (burst)	up to 4 kV	for power section
	up to 2 kV	for signal cables

A residential application in this sense is a connection, i.e. an outgoing section of a transformer, to which private households are also connected

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

The EMC directive requires that an industrial system as a whole be electromagnetically compatible with its environment.

In the case of units for use in industry, limit values are prescribed for emitted interfer-

If the MASTERDRIVES units are to comply with limit values, the following must be provided:

- Radio-interference suppression filters, including line commutating reactors for reducing the conducted interference
- Screened cables for motor supply cables and signal cables for reducing electromagnetically emitted interference
- Compliance with the installation guidelines.

In systems with MASTER-DRIVES units and other components, e.g. contactors, switches, monitoring units, automation units, etc., it must be ensured that no interference is emitted to the outside and also that the individual units do not cause interference among themselves. In this respect, the measures described in the brochure, "Design of Drives in Conformance with EMC Regulations", Order No. 6SE7087-6CX87-8CE0 are to be implemented (contained in the Compendium, see documentation description in Section 5).

The most important of these measures are as follows:

- The components of a system must be housed in a cabinet which acts like a Faraday cage.
- Signal cables and motor supply cables must be screened. The screen must be grounded at both ends.
- Signal cables should be spatially separated (at least 20 cm (8 in)) from the power cables. If necessary, screening plates are to be provided.

For further measures and details, see the installation notes referred to.

# 6

# **SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control**

# **Engineering information**

**System components** 

Compact PLUS units



Compact and chassis units



# Line-side components

# Line fuses

The 3NE1 SITOR® double protection fuse provides both cable protection and semiconductor protection in one fuse. This results in significant cost savings and reduced installation times.

For Order No. and assignment, see Section 3.

For the description and technical data of the fuses, see Configuration Manual "SITOR Halbleiterschutzsicherungen" Order No.:
E20001–A700–P302 (available only in German).

# Line commutating reactor

The line commutating reactor reduces the harmonics of the converter, the rectifier unit and the rectifier/regenerative unit. The effect of the reactor depends on the ratio of the line short-circuit output to the apparent drive output. Recommended ratio of line short-circuit outputs to apparent drive output > 33:1:

- Use a 2 % line commutating reactor for converters and rectifier units.
- Use a 4 % line commutating reactor for rectifier/ regenerative units.

A line commutating reactor also limits current spikes caused by line-supply voltage disturbances (e.g. due to compensation equipment or grounding faults) or switching operations on the power system.

Reactors for supply voltages of 380 to 480 V and 50 Hz can be used with 60 Hz without any restrictions.

For rated currents up to 40 A, connecting terminals are fitted. In the case of reactors with rated currents ≥ 41 A, flat connections are provided. The conductor cross-sections that can be connected are indicated in the dimension drawings (see Section 7).

The commutating reactors are designed with degree of protection IP00.

For further technical data regarding the mechanical design, see Catalog PD 30, Order No.: E86060–K2803–A101–A1 (only available in German).

# Autotransformers for rectifier/regenerative units

Rectifier/regenerative units require a 20 % higher supply voltage at the anti-parallel inverter bridge for regenerative operation. An autotransformer can be used to adapt the voltage accordingly. Two types of autotransformer are available, one with 25 % and another with 100 % power-on duration. They correspond to the required technical specifications and cannot be replaced by any other types.

For Order No. and assignment, see Section 3; for dimension drawings, see Section 7.

# Radio-interference suppression filters

When integrated in the installation in accordance with EMC guidelines, SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES applications comply with the EMC product standard for electrical drives, EN 61 800-3.

The radio-interference suppression filters, in conjunction with the line commutating reactor, reduce the radio interference voltages of the converters, the rectifier units and the rectifier/regenerative units - up to an output of 37 kW (50 HP). The specified limits acc. to EN 61 8003 Class B1 (residential sector) for 3-ph. 200 V AC to 230 V AC and 3-ph. 380 V to 480 V AC in TT (Delta) or TN (Wye) systems are adhered to with the suggested filters.

For Order No. and assignment, see Section 3; for dimension drawings, see Section 7.

For limit values, see "Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)" on page 6/49.

# Note

- The radio-interference suppression filters of the Compact PLUS series have an integrated commutating reactor.
- If several converters are built into a drive cabinet or control room, a common shared filter with the total current of the installed converters is to be used in order to avoid exceeding the limit values. The individual converters are to be decoupled with the appropriate line commutating reactor.

Compact and chassis units



Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

System components

# Compact PLUS, compact and chassis series rectifier units up to 250 kW (335 HP)

Rectifier units are used to supply the DC bus for motoring inverters with motoring energy and enable operation of a combined multi-motor system. These units do not have a processor board and charge the connected DC links of the inverters immediately after the supply voltage has been switched on. They are switched on and off by means of the main contactor.

A main contactor enables a unit to be switched on and off at the power supply and, in the event of a fault, also protects the connected rectifier units against overload.

The rectifier units are to be dimensioned for the total DC link current of the inverter units in motoring mode. The rectifier units are only thermally protected against overload. The overload limits must not be exceeded.

# Compact and chassis series rectifier/regenerative units up to 250 kW (335 HP)

Rectifier/regenerative units supply DC buses for inverters with motoring energy from a three-phase supply and also return regenerative energy from the DC bus to the power supply. This is achieved using two independent thyristor bridges, with the regenerative bridge connected to the supply via an autotransformer (for selection and ordering data, see Section 3).

Using an autotransformer for the regenerative bridge has the following advantage:

 Maximum motor torque at full motor speed even in regenerative mode.

For rapid changeovers from infeed to regeneration, a dead time of 15 ms has to be taken into account.

Rectifier/regenerative units can be ordered for mounting in control cabinets as chassis units only.

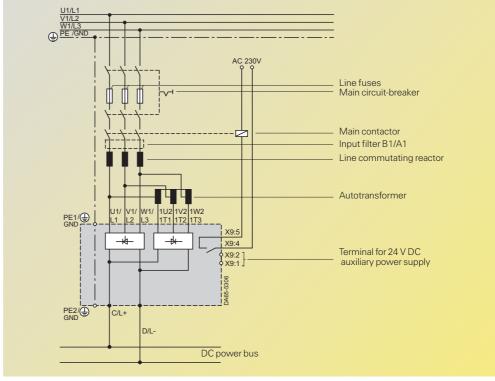


Fig. 6/44 Block diagram of the rectifier/regenerative unit

The main contactor can be controlled by means of the electronics in the standard unit.

The electronics box of the rectifier/regenerative unit contains the CUR control board. It can also accommodate two additional boards (a communication and/or a technology board). The rectifier/regenerative unit can thus be automated via PROFIBUS DP and, with the technology boards, can perform distributed technology tasks.

# Functions of the CUR board

- Sequence control and operator-control via PMU
- Gating unit and command stage
- Voltage and current controller
- Monitoring function and actual values processing
- Terminal strip
- Communication via dualport RAM and the serial SST1 interface of the basic unit.

# **Engineering information**

**System components** 

# Compact and chassis units



# AFE rectifier/regenerative unit (Active Front End) compact and chassis units up to 250 kW (335 HP)

### **Function**

The main components of the AFE rectifier/regenerative unit are a voltage source inverter with a CUSA control board. From a three-phase power supply, it generates a regulated DC voltage, the so-called DC link voltage. This DC link voltage is kept almost constant irrespective of the supply voltage, even during regenerative operation.

On the three-phase side, a supply-angle-oriented highspeed vector controller is subordinate to the DC link voltage controller. This vector controller impresses an almost sinusoidal current towards the supply and, with the help of the Clean Power filter, minimizes network perturbations.

The vector controller also enables the power factor  $\cos \varphi$  and thus reactive power compensation to be set, whereby the drive power requirement has priority.

The VSB board (Voltage Sensing Board) functions as a supply-angle encoder and works according to a principle similar to that of an incremental encoder.

### Note:

AFE inverters are aligned inversely to the supply and are not capable of functioning autonomously. In order to function, they need at least the following system components:

- For the compact units
  - Precharger
  - Main contactor
  - AFE reactor
  - VSB voltage sensing board

For safety reasons, an AFE rectifier/regenerative unit must be connected to the

supply via a line contactor. An external 24 V power supply is therefore always necessary for supplying the VSB board and the AFE inverter.

For the chassis units
 AFE supply connecting module

This module contains a Clean Power filter, a main circuit-breaker with fuses, the 230 V AC and 24 V DC power supplies, as well as the VSB, precharger and the main contactor.

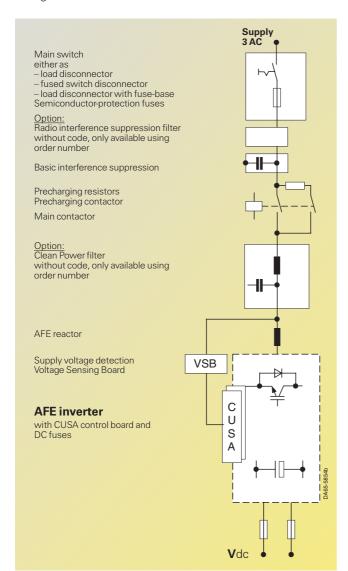


Fig. 6/45 AFE compact units

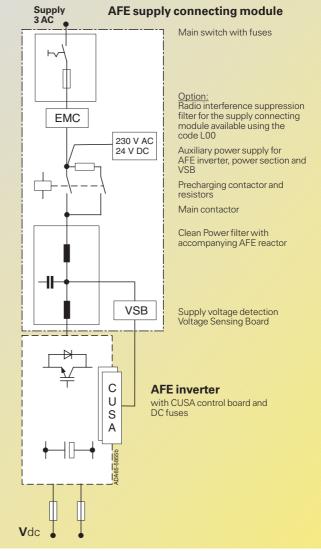


Fig. 6/46 AFE chassis units

# Compact and chassis units

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

**System components** 

### **Technical characteristics**

# Output range

- Compact units Rectifier output
   6.8 to 49 kW at 400 V
   Design: Compact A to D
- Chassis units
   Rectifier output
   63 to 250 kW (335 HP) at
   400 V
   Design: Chassis E to G

Optimum infeed and regenerative operation

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES AFEs are 100 % capable of regenerative power feedback without the need for a regenerative transformer. Even during regenerative mode, power losses do not occur as is the case of the pulsed-resistor method. The transition from motoring to regenerative mode is stepless, with pulse-frequency response. The exactly regulated DC link voltage ensures optimum supply of the drive inverter, making it almost independent of the supply voltage.

Minimal network perturbations thanks to AFE with Clean Power technology

With SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES AFE, harmonics and commutating dips are avoided, except for a very small residue. Optimum agreement between the electronically controlled active section (AFE inverter) and the passive section (Clean Power filter) ensures that almost sinusoidal voltages and currents are impressed in the direction of the supply. Network perturbations are practically non-existent.

Maximum availability even if the supply system is instable

With SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES AFE, it is possible to operate a drive system with reliability and precision, irrespective of the properties displayed by the power supplv. i.e. active protection against power outages, overvoltages, frequency and voltage fluctuations by means of AFE vector control and highspeed electronic monitoring. The downstream Clean Power filter provides optimum passive protection against transient voltage peaks.

If the supply exceeds the permissible range or if it fails completely, the electronics reports the problem immediately, and the AFE disconnects the drive from the supply by actively switching it off. As a consequence, inverter stalling with fuse tripping can no longer occur even during regenerative mode. The back voltage of the AFE inverter to the supply is impressed with a highly dynamic pulse frequency and tolerates even very short power interruptions in the millisecond range. In the case of singlephase power dips, the controller distributes the power over the other two phases and can continue to work for several seconds.

# Optimum power conversion

Because the AFE method does not place stress on the power supply systems by producing harmonics, the supply currents are lower. Supply components can thus be rated lower than with conventional methods. This applies to the line transformer and the supply leads, as well as to the fuses and switches.

# Optimum drive utilization due to the step-up controllability of the AFE technology

Because the DC link voltage is kept constant irrespective of the supply voltage, lower rating of the drive inverters and motor currents is also possible.

# **Uniform configuration**

Because the AFE system is free of system perturbations and very robust to line-voltage and frequency fluctuations, uniform, reliable and simple configuration is possible with regard to the power-supply properties and system perturbations.

# Supply voltage range

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES AFE can be operated from a 3-phase power supply system with or without a grounded neutral point. Supply voltage ranges: 3-ph. 380 V AC -20 % to 460 V AC +5 %

## Power system tolerances

A high-performance vector controller with high-speed encoder (VSB) enables operation from power systems with fluctuating and hard-to-define properties.

The following therefore applies to <u>power system</u> <u>undervoltages</u>:

a) In the case of short voltage dips, i.e. < 1 min, and up to 30 % of rated voltage, unrestricted operation is possible. If a long-term deviation from the rated value occurs, the power configuration must be redimensioned.

- b) In the case of short voltage dips lasting from approx. 20 ms to 1 min and up to 50 % of the rated voltage, a special auxiliary power supply must be provided and the power correspondingly redimensioned.
- c) Transient supply undervoltages in the range < 20 ms are tolerated up to 50 % of the rated voltage.
- d) In the case of supply dips of > 50 %, the AFE actively switches off with the fault "Supply undervoltage" and the line contactor is opened.

The following therefore applies to supply overvoltages:

- a) Transient supply overvoltages in the range of 10 ms are tolerated up to 50 % of the rated voltage.
- b) The continuously tolerated maximum supply voltage is 485 V.
- c) Short-time overvoltages of 20 % to 30 % in the range of 1 s to 1 min can be tolerated, depending on the load level.

# **Engineering information**

**System components** 



# AFE rectifier/regenerative unit (Active Front End) compact and chassis units up to 250 kW (335 HP)

### Clean Power filter

Whereas the Clean Power filter is generally necessary for the chassis units (sizes E to G), it is optional in the case of compact units.

For very small line transformers, i.e. for a power ratio of  $P_{\rm AFE}$  to  $P_{\rm Trans}=1.5$ , use of this filter is recommended (e.g. if  $P_{\rm AFE}=6.8$  kW, a Clean Power filter should be used for line transformer outputs < 34 kVA).

# Basic interferencesuppression board

The basic interference-suppression board must be used if an EMC filter has not been configured to ensure basic EMC interference-suppression. It is only permissible to use this board together with grounded supply systems.

# Nominal power rating and rectifier/regenerative power rating

The rectifier/regenerative power rating describes the actual power of the AFE inverter when  $\cos \varphi = 1$  and at the rated voltage. There is also the term "nominal power rating". This term is used purely for cross-referencing the AFE inverter to its corresponding motor-side inverter for stocking spare parts (the AFE inverters and standard SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES inverters with identical nominal power ratings have identical power sections). It is therefore possible to use the same spare parts in the power section for both units.

# Example:

An AFE inverter with 6.8 kW infeed/regenerative power rating has the order number 6SE7021-0EA81. Which spare parts and how many are kept can then be derived from the basic inverter with a nominal power rating of 4 kW (5 HP), i.e. with an inverter of the type 6SE7021-0TA61.

# Ordering examples

1st example:
AFE rectifier/regenerative
unit with 63 kW, 400 V
(chassis unit) with operating
instructions
Position 1
AFE supply connecting
module
6SE7131-0EE83-2NA0
Position 2
AFE inverter
6SE7031-0EE80
Position 3
Operating instructions
6SE7080-0CX86-2AA0

2nd example: AFE rectifier/regenerative unit with 6.8 kW, 400 V (compact unit with minimum configuration) with EMC filter Position 1 AFE inverter 6SE7021-0EA81 Position 2 VSB with housing 6SX7010-0EJ00 Position 3 AFE reactor 6SE7021-3ES87-1FG0 Position 4 Precharging resistors 6SX7010-0AC81 (3 pieces) Position 5 **EMC** filter 6SE7021-0ES87-0FB1 Precharging contactor: 3RT1016 with 24 V control voltage.

# Note

A 24 V power supply must be provided from the plant side.

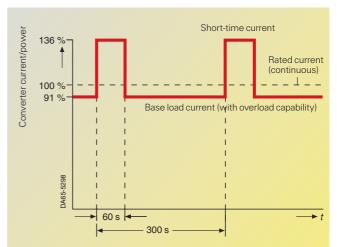


Fig. 6/47
Definition of the rated value and also the overload and base load current

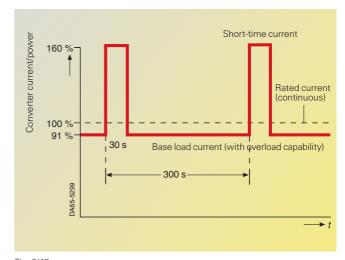


Fig. 6/48 Additional definition of the rated value and the overload and base load values

# Rated data and continuous operation of the AFE inverters

The line voltage used as a basis is 400 V. The power section is protected against overload using  $I^2t$  monitoring.

The units are designed for continuous operation with an AFE input current  $I_{VN}$ . If this

current is used over a long period of time (> 60 s), corresponding to 100 % of the value of Fig. 6/47 or 6/48, the unit reaches its maximum permissible operating temperature and the  $I^2t$  monitoring does not allow any overload above this.



## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

System components

## Overload capability of the AFE inverters

For more information, see "Overload capability of the converter", page 6/18.

## Installation conditions and correction factors

For more information, see page 6/19.

#### Notes on dimensioning of the AFE rectifier/ regenerative power

Appropriate selection of the AFE inverters is supported by the PATH engineering tool.

Due to the sinusoidal, precisely controlled voltages and currents, SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES AFEs can be engineered very simply and reliably.

The following applies:  $P_{\text{AFE}} = 1.73 \cdot V_{\text{supply}} \cdot I_{\text{AFE}} = P_{\text{mech}} + P_{\text{losses}}$ 

The power loss is determined by the efficiency of the inverters and the motor, typically 10 % of the drive power in total. The mechanical power, i.e. the product of the motor torque and the motor speed, is defined by the application. What is decisive for dimensioning, therefore, is the power and not the torque, as is the case with

drive inverters. One or several inverters can be connected to the output of the AFE. The maximum connected inverter power can exceed the rated power of the AFE by a factor of 4. The continuous power drawn from the supply may not exceed the rated power of the AFE inverter.

#### **Operation and control**

The unit can be controlled by means of the following elements:

- PMU parameterizing unit
- Optional OP1S operator panel
- Terminal strip
- Serial interface.

In combination with automation systems, the unit is controlled via optional interfaces (e.g. PROFIBUS DP) or via technology boards (T100, T300).

**Engineering information** 

**System components** 

Compact PLUS units





### Braking units and braking resistors

In the Compact PLUS series, the brake chopper is already contained as a standard component in the converter and rectifier units. Only the braking resistor has to be configured and connected

For the compact and chassis units, braking units must be used. In the range  $P_{20} = 5 \text{ kW}$  to 20 kW, they consist of a chopper power section and an internal load resistor.

An external load resistor can be connected to increase the available braking power or to increase the continuous braking power. The internal load resistor must be disabled by removing the connecting jumper when an external load resistor is used (see Fig. 6/50).



Fig. 6/49 Braking unit and external braking resistor

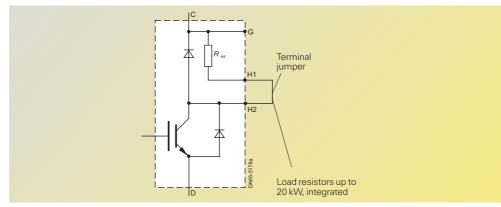


Fig. 6/50 Block diagram of a braking unit with **internal** braking resistor

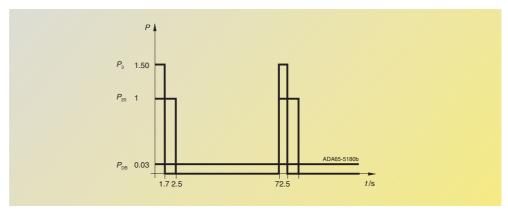


Fig. 6/51 Load diagram with **internal** braking resistor

Protective fun	ctions indicated via the LEDs m	ounted in the braking unit
Overcurrent		Overcurrent has occurred. Reset necessary
Overload		The braking unit is powered down after the permissible $I^2$ t-value has been exceeded. The unit is ready for operation again after elapse of the defined pause intervals.
Overtemp		Temperature of the heat sink too high; self-resetting once the temperature falls below preset threshold.
Ready	Ready for operation, operating	DC voltage is connected (LED is on). Braking unit is operating (LED flashes)

**Engineering information** 

#### Braking units and braking resistors (continued)

Units with 50 kW to 170 kW braking power require an external load resistor, which is to be connected to the braking units (see fig. 6/52).

The braking units can be connected in parallel to increase the power. Each braking unit requires its own load resistor. The maximum permissible continuous braking power (with an external resistor) connected to a converter or inverter is  $P_{\text{DBMAX}} \leq 0.6 P_{\text{INV}}$  $P_{20MAX} \leq 2.4 P_{INV}$ 

#### Note

When the internal load resistor is used,  $P_{20}$  can be used for a braking time of 2.5 s and  $P_3$  for a braking time of 1.4 s with a cycle period of 72.5 s (see Fig. 6/51).

Where a braking unit is connected directly to the DC link, a fuse as described in Section 3 "Selection and ordering data" must be used.

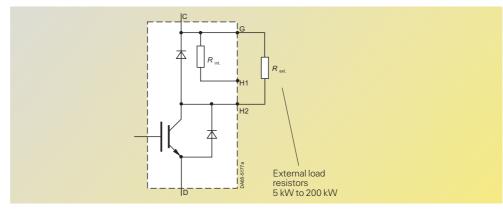


Fig. 6/52 Block diagram of a braking unit with **external** braking resistor

Compact PLUS units

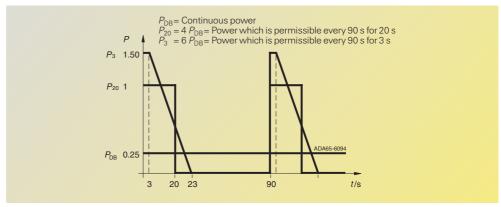


Fig. 6/53 Load diagram with external braking resistor

#### DC power bus

The DC link voltage is supplied by rectifier units, rectifier/regenerative units or AFE rectifier units from the three-phase supply.

If this solution is used with inverters connected to a DC bus, the following advantages can be exploited in comparison to single converters.

• If individual drives work in the regenerative mode, energy is exchanged via the DC link. If overall regenerative power occasionally occurs, e.g. simultaneous shutdown of all drives, a central braking unit can be utilized.

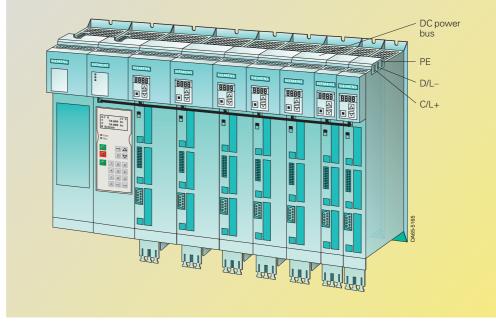


Fig. 6/54 DČ voltage bus for Compact PLUS units

**Engineering information** 

#### **System components**

Compact PLUS units





#### **DC power bus** (continued)

 In comparison to single converters, the required mounting space can be reduced, as supply-side components such as fuses, contactors and switchgear as well as line commutating reactors only have to be provided once at a central location.

The DC bus is a DC voltage system which supplies the individual inverters. In the case of the Compact PLUS units, the DC bus system is integrated and, for the compact and chassis units, it should be planned and ordered separately.

#### Compact PLUS units

DC voltage is distributed to all the components of the Compact PLUS by means of a 3-phase bus system (C/L+; D/L- and PE) using standard copper rails (cross-section 3 mm x 10 mm (0.12 in x 0.39 in)). The current-carrying capacity is 120 A. A DC system can also be connected using the DC link module (see page 6/35) or busbar-mounting terminals (e.g. from Phoenix, AKG35/ AZK35 up to wire crosssection 25/35 mm<sup>2</sup>). The insulation and appropriate protection of this supply is the responsibility of the user.

The DC link module may be used for connecting the DC bus system of the Compact PLUS units to the DC bus system of the compact units and vice versa.

#### Compact and chassis units

The DC bus is supplied via a rectifier unit or a rectifier/ regenerative unit whose line-side fuses also protect the DC bus against short-circuits and overload.

The inverters and braking units can be connected to the DC bus in three ways:

- Direct connection with the fuses integrated in the unit. Option: **L30** for sizes E to G
- Electromechanical connection (Fig. 6/55).

  A load-switch disconnector (2-pole connection) with two SITOR fuses (which protect the inverter) connects the inverters and braking units to the DC bus. The DC bus must be deenergized when inverters or braking units are switched on- or off-line. For ordering data, see Section 3.
- Electrical connection (Fig. 6/56). A load-switch disconnector (2-pole connection) with SITOR fuses, precharging resistors and a contactor connects inverters to the DC bus. In the standard version, the contactor can be operated by the electronics of the inverter. The inverters can thus be switched on-/ off-line while the DC bus is charged. For ordering data, see Section 3.

The suggested components have rated insulation voltages of ≥ 1000 V when used under conditions according to DIN VDE 0110 and with pollution degree 2.

DC voltage range	Precharging contactor type
280 V to 780 V	3TC44

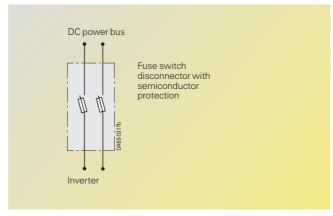


Fig. 6/55 Electromechanical connection

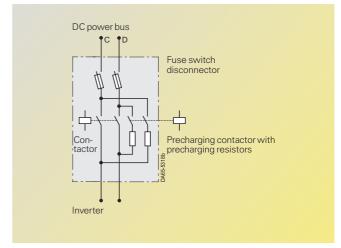


Fig. 6/56 Electrical connection



Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

System components

#### Free-wheeling diode on the DC bus

When using Compact PLUS units, a free-wheeling diode is not necessary.

If Compact PLUS units are used with compact/chassis units, free-wheeling diodes are to be used if the nominal power ratings exceed the specified range (see table).

With multi-axis drives (inverters connected to a common DC bus) the free-wheeling diodes must be used for the following applications:

- 1. When a braking unit is connected
- 2. When the output range (incl. rectifier/regenerative units) exceeds the levels in the following table.

DC voltage range	Nominal power rating or rated current of the inverters
510 V to 650 V	2.2 kW to 15 kW (6.1 A to 34 A) (3 HP to 20 HP)
	5.5 kW to 45 kW (13.2 A to 92 A) (7.5 HP to 60 HP)
	18.5 kW to 90 kW (47 A to 186 A) (25 HP to 120 HP)
	37 kW to 160 kW (72 A to 315 A) (50 HP to 215 HP)
	45 kW to 250 kW (92 A to 510 A) (60 HP to 335 HP)
	110 kW to 1300 kW (210 A to 2740 A) (150 HP to 1740 HP)

#### Dimensioning of the system components for multi-axis drives

## Dimensioning of the rectifier units

Rectifier units, Compact PLUS 15 kW

- Inverters:
- The maximum total inverter output (total of all nominal power ratings) which may be connected is limited to double the nominal power rating of the rectifier unit.
- Capacitor modules:

   4 capacitor modules can be connected. The capacitor modules do not have to be taken into account because they have their own internal precharging resistors. The envisaged connections for precharging from the rectifier unit to the capacitor module, however, must be taken into account.

## Rectifier units, Compact PLUS, 50 kW and 100 kW

- Inverters:
- The maximum connectable total inverter output (total of all nominal power ratings) that can be connected is limited to three times the nominal power rating of the rectifier unit.
- Capacitor modules:
   8 capacitor modules can be connected. Due to current controlled precharging, capacitor module precharging via resistors is not necessary. The precharging terminals on the capacitor module remain unused.

## Rectifier units, Compact, 15 kW and 37 kW

- Inverters:
  - The maximum DC link inverter current of 45 A must not be exceeded in the case of the 15 kW rectifier unit and 95 A in the case of the 37 kW unit.
- Capacitor modules: The Compact PLUS capacitor modules cannot be connected.

Rectifier units, 75 kW to 250 kW and rectifier/ regenerative units, 7.5 kW to 250 kW

- Inverters:
- The maximum total inverter output (total of all nominal power ratings) that can be connected is limited to three times the nominal power rating of the rectifier unit or the rectifier/regenerative unit.
- Capacitor modules: Compact PLUS capacitor modules can be connected as an option. The DC link module is used for connecting the Compact PLUS busbar system.

For planning purposes, a capacitor module corresponds to an inverter output of 45 kW (60 HP).

# Dimensioning of the line-side components for compact and chassis units

The assignments given in the tables in Section 3 apply.

# Dimensioning of the line-side components for Compact PLUS rectifier units

- The line-side contactors, circuit-breakers, fuses, commutating reactors or radio-interference suppression filters are determined in accordance with the rectifier unit.
- If the sum of the connected inverter ratings is higher than that of the rectifier unit, the line-side components must be dimensioned in accordance with the rectifier unit.
- If the sum of the connected inverter ratings is smaller than that of the rectifier unit, the line-side components can be dimensioned with lower ratings if an overload of the components on the incoming side can be ruled out. Values should not fall below the following levels. 15 kW rectifier unit: The line-side components for a 7.5 kW unit are to be selected as a minimum. 50 kW rectifier unit: The line-side components for a 30 kW unit are to be selected as a minimum. 100 kW rectifier unit: The line-side components for a 55 kW unit are to be selected as a minimum.

If, for example, four inverters, each with an output of 1.5 kW, are connected to a 15 kW rectifier unit, the line-side components of the nearest unit can be selected, in this case the line-side components for a 7.5 kW unit.

#### Dimensioning of the line-side components for Compact PLUS converters with inverters

The line-side contactors, circuit-breakers, fuses, commutating reactors or radio-interference suppression filters are selected in accordance with the total output of the converter and all the inverters connected to the DC bus (see Page 6/6).

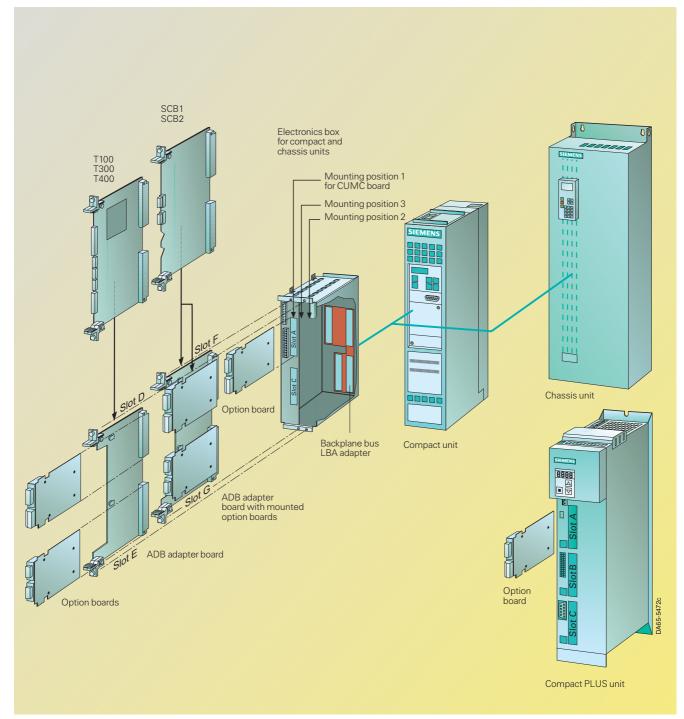
**Engineering information** 

Integration of the electronics options

Compact PLUS units







 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Fig. 6/57 \\ Integrating/mounting option boards in Compact PLUS, compact and chassis units. \end{tabular}$ 

There are up to six slots available for mounting option boards in the electronics box of converters and inverters. The slots are designated with the letters A to G. Slot B

does not exist in the compact/chassis design. It is only used in the Compact PLUS series.

If slots D to G are needed, the LBA (Local Bus Adapter) must first be installed.

An adapter board is necessary for slots D and E and additionally for F and G respectively.

See also page 3/8, "Accessories for compact and chassis units".

Compact and



Compact **PLUS** units

Integration of the electronics options

**Engineering information** 

Components which can be fitted in Compact PLUS converters and inverters

#### The encoder board for closed-loop motor control must be plugged into slot C.

An additional encoder board for the machine encoder can be plugged into one of the other slots.

Components which can be fitted in the electronics box of compact and chassis units

#### The encoder board for closed-loop motor control must be plugged into slot C.

An additional encoder board for the machine encoder can be plugged into one of the other slots.

A maximum of 2 expansion boards, 2 communication boards. 2 encoder boards and 2 SIMOLINK boards can be used.

Mounting position 3 is to be used only if mounting position 2 is occupied.

A maximum of 2 terminal expansion boards, 2 communication boards, 2 SIMOLINK boards and 2 encoder boards may be used.

Option boards	Slot A	В	С	
Encoder boards SBP SBR1, SBR2 SBM2	•	• -	•	
Communication CBP2 CBC	boards	•	•	
SIMOLINK board SLB	b •	•	•	
Expansion board EB1 EB2	ls •	•	•	

- Possible
- Not possible

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

Option boards	Mou 1 CUM		positio 3	on	2		Maximum number of components in the electronics box
	Slots	C	F	G	_	F	
	Boar • in r Co • in r	d plug nount de K1 nount	ged ir ing po 1 + K0 ing po	n sition : 01 nece	essary 3 (slot	D or E)	
Encoder boards SBP SBR1, SBR2 SBM2	-	•	-	-	-	• -	
Communication CBP2 CBC	board <sup>2</sup> )	S	_	•1) •1)		•	Max. two communication boards can be inserted
SIMOLINK board SLB	t •	•	•	•	•	•	Max. two SLB can be inserted
Expansion board EB1	<b>1</b> )	<b>1</b> )	•	•	•	•	Max. two EB1 boards can be inserted
EB2	<b>•</b> 1)	<b>•</b> 1)		•			Max. two EB2 boards can be inserted
<ul><li>Possible</li><li>Not possible</li></ul>						lot/slots 400.	s for T100, T300 and

2) Not permissible in the case of A-type compact units.

#### Special factors when a T100, T300 or T400 technology board is used

The technology boards can only be used in compact and chassis units, not in Compact PLUS units.

- The technology board must be plugged into mounting position 2 in the electronics
- Only one communication board (CBP2, CBC, etc.) can be plugged in, and mounting position 3 must be used. The communication board is then mounted on an ADB adapter board in slot G.

The communication board communicates directly with the technology board.

- If the SIMOLINK SLB board is used, it must be plugged into a slot on the base CUMC electronics board, preferably slot A. The SLB board communicates directly with the base unit. Signal connections to the T300 can be established using the logical binector/ connector links.
- The EB1 and EB2 expansion boards can be fitted in slots A or C only.

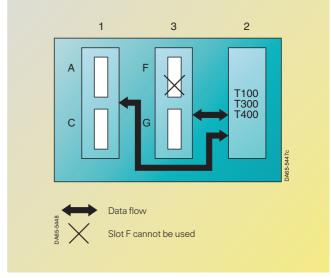


Fig. 6/58 Integration of technology boards in the electronics box

# Compact PLUS units





#### **Electronics options**

#### SBR option board for resolvers

The SBR option board (Sensor Board Resolver) enables a resolver to be connected to the converter/inverter modules

The SBR option board is available in two versions:

- SBR1 Option board for connecting a resolver
- SBR2 Option board for connecting a resolver with additional incremental-encoder simulation.

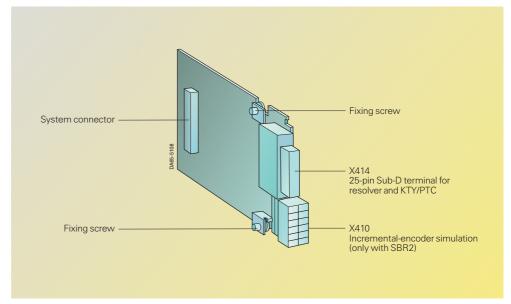


Fig. 6/59 View of the SBR option board

#### Connectable resolvers

All standard available 2-pole resolvers and resolvers with the same number of pole pairs as the motor can be connected to the option board. Adaptation to the different types takes place on the option board by means of automatic adaptation of the signal amplitude and of the sampling time.

## Temperature sensor

In addition to a resolver, a temperature sensor (KTY or PTC sensor) for monitoring the motor temperature can be connected to the option board.

## Incremental-encoder simulation

The SBR2 option board is equipped with an incremental-encoder simulator. It provides the signals, A+, A-, B+, B-, Zero+ and Zero- with TTL level which are available via an additional connector on the front of the board.

#### **Terminals**

The option board has the following terminals for signal cables:

- X414: Encoder connection via a 25-pole Sub-D male connector
- X410: Incremental-encoder simulator via 6-pin terminal strip (SBR2 only)

6





SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

**Electronics options** 

#### X414 - Encoder terminal

The resolver is connected via a 25-pin Sub-D socket on the front of the option board

For prefabricated cables, see page 3/31

Maximum connectable encodercable length with compliant screening1): 150 m (492 ft)

Pin	Description	Range
3	Resolver output voltage sin +	_
4	Resolver output voltage sin -	-
5	Internal screen for 3 and 4	-
6	Resolver output voltage cos +	-
7	Resolver output voltage cos -	-
8	Internal screen for 6 and 7	-
9	Resolver excitation $V_{\rm SS}$	0 V to 7 V
11	Ground for resolver excitation	Automatic adaptation, 5 kHz to 10 kHz sine
13	Motor-temperature monitoring, PTC/KTY	-
24	Internal screen for 13 and 25	-
25	Motor-temperature monitoring PTC/KTY	-
Housing	Equipment grounding conductor	_

#### X410 - Incremental-encoder simulation (SBR2 board)

The incremental-encoder simulation signals generated on the option board can be detected at terminal X410.

The option board generates 1024 pulses per resolver pole-pair. Correspondingly, with a two-pole resolver, 512 or 1024 pulses are generated. With a four-pole resolver, 1024 or 2048 pulses are generated and, with a six-pole resolver, 1536 or 3072 pulses.

The simulation signals are available as differential signals with a 5 V  $\mathsf{TTL}$  level.

Maximum encoder-cable length that can be connected with compliant screening1): 25 m (82 ft)

Pin	Designation	Description	Range
90	A+	Incremental-encoder simulation, A+ track	5 V TTL level RS422 (standard)
91	A-	Incremental-encoder simulation, A– track	
92	B+	Incremental-encoder simulation, B+ track	5V TTL level RS422 (standard)
93	B-	Incremental-encoder simulation, B– track	
94	N+	Incremental-encoder simulation, Zero+ track	5V TTL level RS422 (standard)
95	N–	Incremental-encoder simulation, Zero– track	_

Max. connectable cross-section: 0.14 - 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 20)

# Compact PLUS units





**Electronics options** 

## SBP option board for incremental encoders

The SBP option board (Sensor Board Pulse) enables connection of an incremental encoder or a frequency generator to the converter and inverter for setting the frequency or speed setpoint for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES.

# Connectable incremental encoders and frequency generators

The SBP option board can also be used to evaluate an external encoder or frequency generator.

All standard available incremental encoders can be connected to the option board.

The pulses can be processed in a bipolar or in a unipolar manner as a TTL or HTL level.

The following maximum pulse frequencies apply:

- 410 kHz for evaluation of encoder signals
- 1 MHz for frequency generators

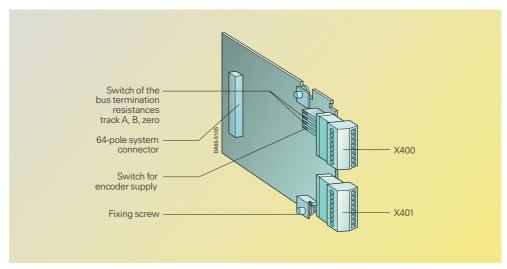


Fig. 6/60 View of the SBP option board

Monitoring by evaluation of the control track is also possible.

The supply voltage of the connected encoder or frequency generator can be set to 5 V or 15 V.

## Temperature monitoring

In addition to an incremental encoder, a temperature sensor (KTY or PTC sensor) can be connected to the option board to monitor the motor temperature.

#### **Terminals**

The option board has two terminal strips for the signal wires.

For information on customized encoder cables for motor fitting encoder and external encoders, refer to Catalog NC Z.

X400

Terminal	Designation	Description	Range
60	+V <sub>SS</sub>	Power supply for incremental encoder	5  V/15  V $I_{\text{max.}} = 250 \text{ mA}$
61	-V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground for power supply	_
62	-temp	Minus(-) terminal KTY84/PTC100	_
63	+temp	Plus(+) terminal KTY84/PTC 100	3 mA Accuracy ±1 %
64	Ground coarse/fine	Ground	-
65	Coarse pulse 1	Digital input for coarse pulse 1	_
66	Coarse pulse 2	Digital input for coarse pulse 2	-
67	Fine pulse 2	Digital input for fine pulse 2	-

Max. connectable cross-section:  $0.14-1.5 \, \text{mm}^2$  (AWG 16) Terminal 60 is at the top when installed.



Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

**Electronics options** 

X401	Terminal	Designation	Description	Range
Maximum encoder cable length which can be connected with compliant screening <sup>1</sup> ):  - 100 m (328 ft) (TTL signals)  - 150 m (492 ft) with A and B track (HTL signals)  - 300 m (984 ft) with A+/A- and B+/B- track (HTL signals).	68	A+ track	Plus(+) terminal Track A	TTL/HTL/HTL, unipolar
	69	A– track	Minus(–) terminal Track A	TTL/HTL/HTL, unipolar
	70	B+ track	Plus(+) terminal Track B	TTL/HTL/HTL, unipolar
	71	B- track	Minus(–) terminal Track B	TTL/HTL/HTL, unipolar
	72	Zero pulse +	Plus(+) terminal Zero track	TTL/HTL/HTL, unipolar
	73	Zero pulse –	Minus(–) terminal Zero track	TTL/HTL/HTL, unipolar
	74	CTRL +	Plus(+) terminal Control track	TTL/HTL/HTL, unipolar
	75	CTRL – = M	Minus(–) terminal Control track = Ground	TTL/HTL/HTL, unipolar

Max. connectable cross-section:  $0.14-1.5~\mathrm{mm^2}$  (AWG 16) Terminal 68 is at the top when installed.

	Voltage range of	the encod	ler inputs
--	------------------	-----------	------------

#### Note

If unipolar signals are connected, one ground terminal for all signals at the CTRL—terminal is sufficient. Due to possible interference emis-

sion, it is recommended for cable lengths over 50 m (164 ft) that the four terminals A-, B-, zero pulse – and CTRL– be bypassed and connected to the encoder ground.

	RS422 (TTL)	HTL bipolar	HTL unipolar	
Voltage range – Input	Max. 33 V; min. –33 V			
Voltage range + Input	Max. 33 V; min. –3	33 V		
Switching level of differential voltage – LOW	Min. –150 mV	Min. –2 V	Min. 4 V	
Switching level of differential voltage – HIGH	Max. 150 mV	Max. 2 V	Max. 8 V	

#### Voltage range of the digital inputs

#### Note

The inputs are non-floating. The rough pulse is smoothed with 0.7 ms, the fine pulse with approx. 200 ns.

	Rated value	Min.	Max.
Voltage range LOW	0 V	-0.6 V	3 V
Voltage range HIGH	24 V	13 V	33 V
Input current LOW	≤ 2 mA		
Input current HIGH	10 mA	8 mA	12 mA

## **Electronics options**

Compact PLUS units





#### SBM/SBM2 option board for incremental encoder/absolute-value encoder

The SBM/SBM2 board (Sensor Board Multiturn/sin/cos incremental encoder 1 Vpp) enables connection and evaluation of sin/cos incremental and multiturn encoders.

Incremental encoders with 4 to 16384 lines per revolution are supported.

For the multiturn phaseangle encoder, the usual communication protocols are supported (EnDat and SSI) with baud rates from 100 kHz to 2 MHz.

The supply voltage for the encoders can be set to 5 V, 7.5 V or 15 V. By connecting the sense cable, the voltage of long encoder cables can be monitored and corrected at the encoder input (4-wire principle).

## Extended functionality of the SBM2

- Adjustment of the encoder voltage supply by means of software parameter P145
- High resolution (approx. 17 · 10<sup>6</sup> increments per revolution) possible also for external encoders.

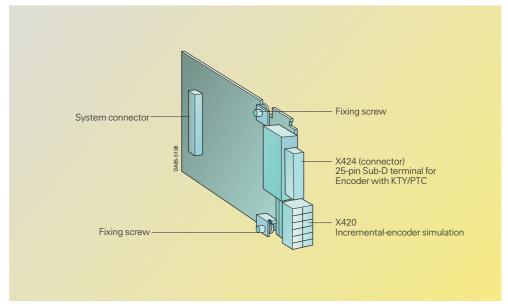


Fig. 6/61 View of the SBM2 option board

In addition to the processing of encoder signals, the motor temperature is also detected (either KTY or PTC sensors).

The A+, A-, B+, B-, zero+ and zero- signals are provided by the incrementalencoder simulator via an additional connector on the front of the board using the RS422 standard. The number of pulses/revolutions corresponds to the number of lines of the incremental encoder or multiturn encoder.

#### <u>Note</u>

The SBM2 is supported from Version 1.3 of the Motion Control firmware upwards!

For information on customized encoder cables for motor fitting encoder and external encoders, see Catalog NC Z.

## X424 – Incremental encoder terminal

Maximum connectable encodercable length with compliant screening<sup>1</sup>): 100 m (328 ft)

Pin	Designation	Description
1	P incremental encoder	5 V/7.5 V/15 V switchable, $I_{\text{max}}$ = 390 mA
2	M incremental encoder	Ground
3	A+	$V_{\rm SS} = 1  \rm V$
4	A-	(0.8 V to 1.2 V)
5	Internal screen	
6	B+	$V_{\rm SS} = 1  \rm V$
7	B-	(0.8 V to 1.2 V)
8	Internal screen	
13	+temp	Motor-temperature monitoring PTC/KTY
14	5 V sense	Sensor input for 5 V voltage control
16	0 V sense	Reference for Pin 14
17	R+	Zero track $V_{SS} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
18	R-	(0.2  V - 0.8  V)
19	C+	1 sine/revolution $V_{SS} = 1 \text{ V}$
20	C-	(0.8 V – 1.2 V)
21	D+	1 cosine/revolution $V_{SS} = 1 \text{ V}$
22	D-	(0.8 V – 1.2 V)
24	Internal screen	
25	-temp	Motor-temperature monitoring PTC/KTY
Housing	External screen	

<sup>1)</sup> See page 6/49, "Electromagnetic compatibility".



# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Compact PLUS units

**Electronics options** 

X424 – Terminal for absolute-value multiturn encoder	Pin	Designation	Description	
NAin	1	P incremental encoder	5 V/7.5 V/15 V switchable, I <sub>max</sub> = 390 mA	
Maximum connectable encoder- cable length with compliant	2	M incremental encoder	Ground	
screening1): 100 m (328 ft)	3	A+	$V_{\rm SS} = 1  \rm V$	
	4	Α–	(0.8 V – 1.2 V)	
	5	Internal screen	-	
	6	B+	V <sub>SS</sub> = 1 V	
	7	B-	(0.8 V – 1.2 V)	
	8	Internal screen	-	
	10 12 13 14	Pulse +	Baud rate 100 kHz to 2 MHz	
		Pulse-	RS422	
		+temp	Motor-temperature monitoring PTC/KTY	
		5 V sense	Sensor input for 5 V voltage control	
	15	Data +	RS485	
	16	0 V Sense	Ground, sensor input	
	23	Data-	RS485	
	24	Internal screen	-	
	25	-temp	Motor-temperature monitoring PTC/KTY	
	Housing	External screen	-	

X420 – Incremental-encoder simulation	Terminal	Designation	Description	Range
Maximum connectable encoder-	80	A+	Incremental-encoder simulation, track A+	RS422 standard
cable length with compliant screening <sup>1</sup> ): 25 m (82 ft)	81	A-	Incremental-encoder simulation, track A–	
	82	B+	Incremental-encoder simulation, track B+	RS422 standard
	83	В-	Incremental-encoder simulation, track B–	
	84	N+	Incremental-encoder simulation, track zero+	RS422 standard
	85	N–	Incremental-encoder simulation,	

Max. connectable cross-section: 0.14 – 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 20)

At terminal X420, the signals of the incremental-encoder simulator, which are generated on the option board, can be picked up.

A non-existing zero pulse (if a multiturn encoder is connected) is simulated by the board.

The simulation signals are available as differential signals in accordance with the RS422 standard.

**Engineering information** 

Compact PLUS units





## **Electronics options**

#### EB1 expansion board

With the EB1 (Expansion Board 1), it is possible to expand the number of digital and analog inputs and outputs.

The EB1 expansion board has

- 3 digital inputs
- 4 bidirectional digital inputs/outputs
- 1 differential analog input signal which can be used as a current/voltage input
- 2 analog inputs (singleended) which can also be used as digital inputs
- 2 analog outputs
- 1 input for the external 24 V power supply for the digital outputs

The EB1 expansion board can be integrated into the electronics box. The slot for this board is indicated in the description on page 6/60.

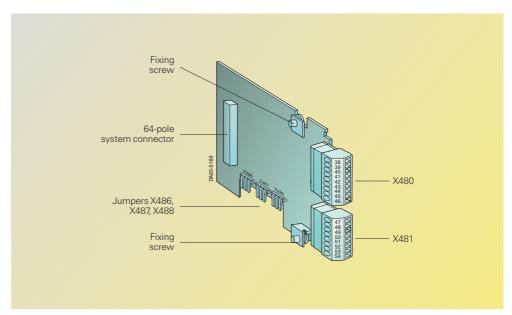


Fig. 6/62 EB1 expansion board

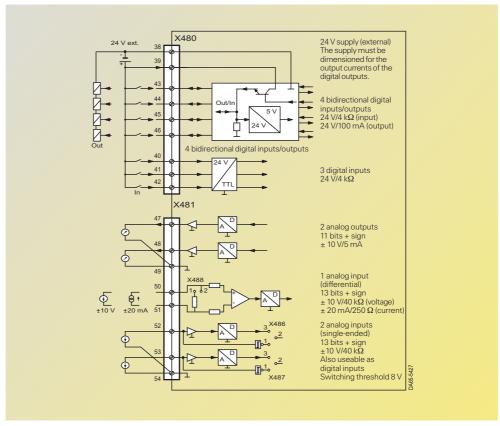


Fig. 6/63 Circuit diagram of the EB1 expansion board

Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

**Electronics options** 

#### **Connection X480**

The following connections are provided on the terminal strip:

- 3 digital inputs
- 4 bidirectional digital inputs/outputs

The ground cables are protected by a reactor. Terminal 46 is at the top when fitted.

#### <u>Note</u>

An external 24 V supply is necessary and must be dimensioned for the currents of the digital outputs.

Terminal	Designation	Description	Range	
38	Μ	Ground digital	0 V	
39	P24 ext.	Ext. 24 V supply	20 V to 33 V	
40	DI1	Digital input 1	24 V, $R_i = 4 \text{ k}\Omega$	
41	DI2	Digital input 2	24 V, $R_i = 4 \text{ k}\Omega$	
42	DI3	Digital input 3	24 V, $R_i = 4 \text{ k}\Omega$	
43	DIO1	Digital input/output 1	As input:	
44	DIO2	Digital input/output 2	24 V, 4 kΩ	
45	DIO3	Digital input/output 3	As output:	
46	DIO4	Digital input/output 4	Output voltage P24 ext. 100 mA	

Max. connectable cross-section: 0.14 - 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)

#### **Connection X481**

The following connections are provided on the terminal strip:

- 1 differential analog input, which can be used as a current and voltage input
- 2 analog inputs (singleended) which can also be used as digital inputs
- 2 analog inputs

The ground cables are protected by a reactor.
Terminal 47 is at the top when fitted.

Terrinia	Designation	Description	range
47	AO1	Analog output 1	$\pm 10 \text{ V}, 5 \text{ mA}$
48	AO2	Analog output 2	±10 V, 5 mA
49	AOM	Ground analog output	0 V
50	AI1P	Analog input 1 +	Voltage: $\pm$ 10 V, 40 k $\Omega$
51	AI1N	Analog input 1 –	Current: $\pm$ 20 mA, 250 $\Omega$
52	Al2	Analog input 2	±10 V, 40 kΩ
		0 1	,
53	Al3	Analog input 3	±10 V, 40 kΩ
53 54	AI3 AIM	Analog input 3 Ground analog input	<u>'</u>

Max. connectable cross-section:  $0.14-1.5\ mm^2\ (AWG\ 16)$ 

hnical	

Designation	value
Digital inputs	DI1, DI2, DI3
Voltage range LOW Voltage range HIGH Input resistance Smoothing Electrical isolation	0 V (-33 V to +5 V) +24 V( 13 V to 33 V) 4 $\kappa\Omega$ 250 $\mu$ s None
Bidirectional digital inputs/outputs	DIO1, DIO2, DIO3, DIO4
As input  Voltage range LOW  Voltage range HIGH Input resistance As output  Voltage range LOW  Voltage range HIGH	0 V (-33 V to +5 V) +24 V ( 13 V to 33 V) 4 kΩ < 2 V > P24 ext2.5 V
Analog input (differential input)	AI1P, AI1N
<ul> <li>Input range</li> <li>Voltage</li> <li>Current</li> <li>Input resistance</li> <li>Voltage</li> <li>Current</li> <li>Hardware smoothing</li> <li>Resolution</li> </ul>	$\pm 11 \text{ V}$ $\pm 20 \text{ mA}$ $40 \text{ k}\Omega$ to ground $250 \Omega$ to ground $220 \mu s$ 13  bits + sign
Analog input (single-ended)	Al2, Al3, AlM
Input range Input resistance Hardware smoothing Resolution	$\pm 11 \text{ V}$ 40 k $\Omega$ to ground 220 $\mu$ s 13 bits + sign
Analog output	AO1, AO2, AOM
Voltage range Input resistance Hardware smoothing Resolution	$\pm 10 \text{ V}$ 40 k $\Omega$ to ground 10 $\mu$ s 11 bits + sign

**Engineering information** 

Compact PLUS units





## **Electronics options**

### EB2 expansion board

With the EB2 expansion board (Expansion Board 2), the number of digital and analog inputs and outputs can be expanded.

The EB2 expansion board has

- 2 digital inputs
- 1 relay output with changeover contacts
- 3 relay outputs with make contact
- 1 differential analog input signal which can be used as current input or voltage input
- 1 analog output
- 24 V power supply for the digital inputs

The EB2 expansion board can be integrated into the electronics box. The slot for this board is indicated in the description on page 6/60.

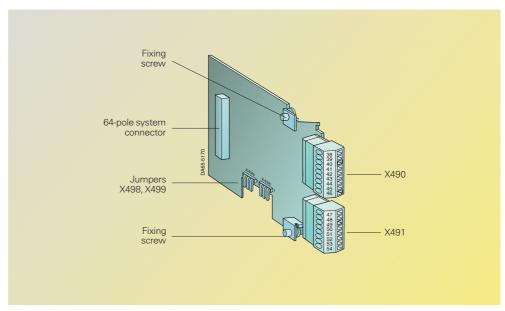


Fig. 6/64 EB2 expansion board

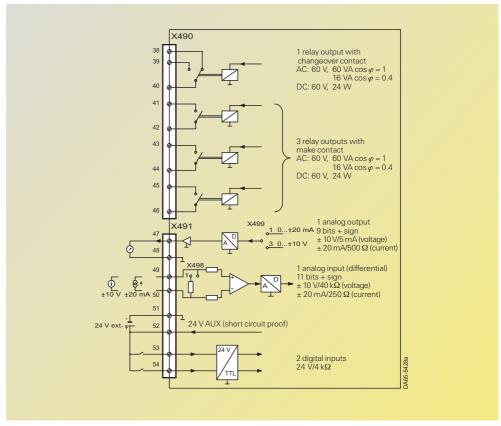


Fig. 6/65 Circuit diagram of the EB2 expansion board



# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Compact PLUS units

**Electronics options** 

#### Connection X490

Load capability of the relay contacts			
Type of contact	Changeover contact		
Maximum switching voltage	60 V AC, 60 V DC		
Maximum switching output	16 VA at 60 V AC ( $\cos \varphi = 0.4$ ) 60 VA at 60 V AC ( $\cos \varphi = 1.0$ ) 3 W at 60 V DC 24 W at 60 V DC		

Terminal	Designation	Significance		
38	DO13	Relay output 1, break contact		
39	DO12	Relay output 1, make contact		
40	DO11	Relay output 1, reference contact		
41	DO22	Relay output 2, make contact		
42	DO21	Relay output 2, reference contact		
43	DO32	Relay output 3, make contact		
44	DO31	Relay output 3, reference contact		
45	DO42	Relay output 4, make contact		
46	DO41	Relay output 4, reference contact		
C	0.14 1.5 2.40.400.100			

Connectable cross-section: 0.14 – 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)

#### Connection X491

The ground cables are protected by a reactor.

## <u>Note</u>

The analog input can be used as a voltage or current input. A jumper is used for switching over.

Terminal	Designation	Significance	Range
47	AO	Analog output	±10 V, 5 mA
48	AOM	Ground analog output	±20 mA, 500 Ω
49	Al1P	Analog input +	±10 V, 40 kΩ
50	AI1N	Analog input –	±20 mA, 250 Ω
51	DIM	Ground digital input	0 V
52	P24AUX	24 V supply	24 V
53	DI1	Digital input 1	24 V, $R_i = 4 \text{ k}\Omega$
54	DI2	Digital input 2	24 V, $R_i = 4 \text{ k}\Omega$

Connectable cross-section: 0.14 – 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)

#### **Technical Data**

Value
DI1, DI2, DIM
0 V (-33 V to +5 V) +24 V ( 13 V to 33 V) 4 kΩ 250 μs None
DO1., DO2., DO3., DO4.
Changeover contact $60 \text{ V AC}$ , $60 \text{ V DC}$ $16 \text{ VA}$ $(\cos \varphi = 0.4)$
60 VA $(\cos \varphi = 1.0)$ 3 W 24 W
1 mA, 1 V
AI1P, AI1N
$\pm 11\mathrm{V}$ $\pm 20\mathrm{mA}$ $40\mathrm{k}\Omega$ to ground $250\Omega$ to ground $220\mu\mathrm{s}$ $11\mathrm{bits} + \mathrm{sign}$
AO, AOM
$\pm 10 \text{ V}$ , $\pm 0 - 20 \text{ mA}$ $40 \text{ k}\Omega$ to ground $10 \mu \text{s}$ 9  bits + sign



#### SCB1 and SCB2 interface boards for compact and chassis units (not available for Compact PLUS)

#### SCB1 interface board

The SCB1 interface board (Serial Communication Board 1) has a fiber-optic cable connection and enables the creation of a:

- peer-to-peer connection between several units with a max. data transfer rate of 38.4 kbit/s
- serial I/O system (see Fig. 6/66) in conjunction with the SCI1 and SCI2 serial interface boards (see page 6/74)

The following is thus made possible:

- Expansion of the number of binary and analog inputs and outputs of the basic units
- Customized assignment of the terminals for the inputs and outputs (e.g. NAMUR).

The following board combinations are possible:

SCB1 with one SCI1 or SCI2

SCB1 with two SCI1 or SCI2 boards

SCB 1 with one SCI1 and one SCI2

The SCB1 interface board can be integrated into the electronics box in mounting position 2 or 3 (description, see page 6/60).

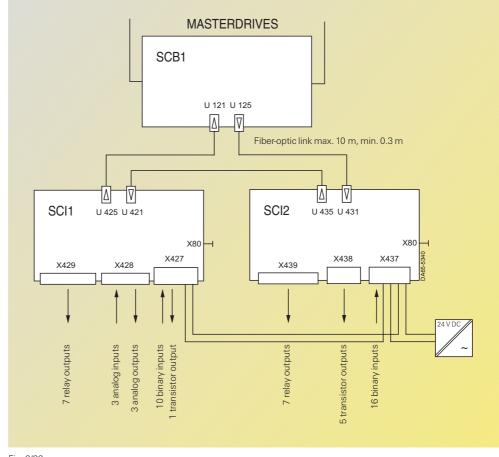


Fig. 6/66 Example of connecting a serial I/O system with SCB1, SCI1 and SCI2

#### SCB2 interface board

The SCB2 interface board (Serial Communication Board 2) has a floating RS485 interface and enables the following alternatives:

- Peer-to-peer connection between several converters via the RS485 interface (see Figs. 6/67 and 6/68)
- Bus connection with a maximum of 31 slaves connected to a master (e.g. SIMATIC) via the RS485 interface, using the USS protocol (see Fig. 6/69). The maximum data transfer rate is 187.5 kbit/s.

The SCB2 interface board can be integrated into the electronics box in mounting position 2 or 3 (description, see page 6/60).

#### Note

The SCB2 interface board always operates as a slave.

6



SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Compact PLUS units

**Electronics options** 

#### Peer-to-peer connection

The serial peer-to-peer connection operates via a 4-wire connection (see Fig. 6/67).

A peer-to-peer connection can also be created in parallel with the SCB2, i.e. the corresponding slave drives are controlled by the master drive via a parallel cable (see Fig. 6/68).

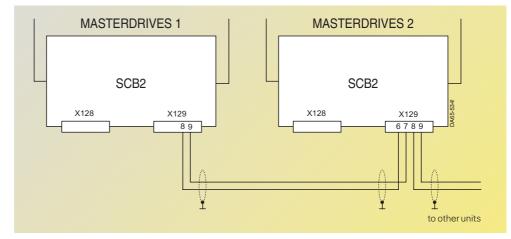


Fig. 6/67 Example of a serial peer-to-peer connection via RS485

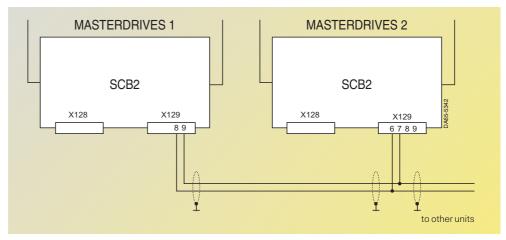


Fig. 6/68 Example of a parallel peer-to-peer connection via RS485

# Bus connection with USS protocol

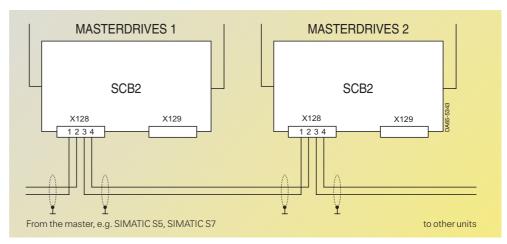


Fig. 6/69 Example of a bus connection with USS protocol via RS485.



#### **Electronics options**

#### SCI1 and SCI2 interface boards

A serial I/O system using fiber-optic cables can be established with the SCI1 and SCI2 (Serial Communication Interface 1 or 2) interface boards and the SCB1 interface board. This allows the number of binary and analog inputs and outputs to be considerably expanded. In addition, the fiber-optic cables safely decouple the units in accordance with DIN VDE 0100 and DIN VDE 0160 (PELV function, e.g. for NAMUR).

The fiber-optic cables, which can have a maximum length of 10 m (33 ft) and a minimum length of 0.3 m (1 ft), connect the boards in a ring structure. Both the SCI1 and the SCI2 require an external 24 V power supply (1 A each).

All the inputs and outputs of the interface boards can be parameterized.

The SCI1 and SCI2 interface boards can be snapped onto a DIN rail at a suitable place in the control cabinet.

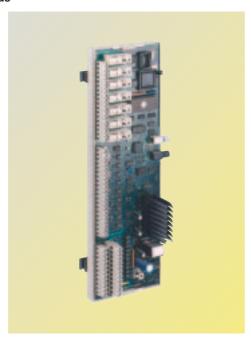


Fig. 6/70 SCI1 interface board

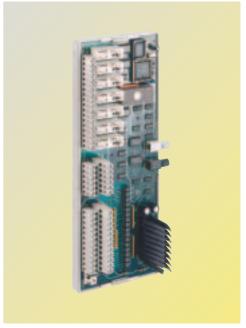


Fig. 6/71 SCI2 interface board

Inputs and outputs	6611	CCIO	Description
Functions	SCI1	SCI2	Description
Binary inputs	10	16	Floating optocoupler inputs in 2 circuits 24 V DC, 10 mA
Binary outputs including:	8	12	Load capability
Relay changeover contacts	4	4	250 V AC, 2000 VA ( $\cos \varphi = 1$ )
Relay make contacts	3	3 5	100 V DC, 240 W
Transistor outputs	1	5	240 V DC, max. 100 mA, short-circuit-proof, open-emitter for driving the optocouplers or relays
Analog inputs	3	-	Voltage signals: 0 to $\pm 10$ V Current signals: 0 to $\pm 20$ mA; 4 mA to 20 mA, 250 $\Omega$ burden Non-floating inputs
Analog outputs	3	-	Output signals 0 V to $\pm 10$ V, 0 mA to $\pm 20$ mA, 4 mA to $\pm 20$ mA, non-floating Max. cable length with shielded cables is $\pm 100$ m (33 ft) Max. load $\pm 500$ $\pm 100$ Max. load $\pm 100$ Max.
Supply voltage: Reference voltage			
+10 V	1	-	5 mA load capability, short-circuit-proof
– 10 V	1	_	5 mA load capability, short-circuit-proof
24 V DC	2	2	Short-circuit-proof output for binary inputs or outputs, load capability 280 mA

Technical data	
Mounting	DIN mounting rail (see Section 3)
Rated external input voltage	24 V DC (-17 %, +25 %), 1 A
Degree of protection	IP00
Dimensions H x W x D	SCI1: 95 mm x 300 mm x 80 mm (3.7 in x 11.8 in x 3.15 in) SCI2: 95 mm x 250 mm x 80 mm (3.7 in x 9.8 in x 3.15 in)



# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Compact PLUS units

**Electronics options** 

	-		<b>pard</b> for cabinet units with PMU or OP1S ar	
Terminal	No.	Туре	Preassignment	Notes
X427	A1	P24		
	A2	M		
	A3	BE6	Setpoint lower	
	A4	BE7	Acknowledge	
	A5	BE8	Off 2	
	A6	BE9	Select counter-clockwise rotating t	field
	A7	BE10	None	
	A8	M		
	A9	M		
	A10	M		
	A11	M		
X427	B1	P24		
X427	B2	BA8	None	Transistor output
				Transistor output
	B3	BE1	On/Off 1	
	B4	BE2	Select BICO data set 2	Local/remote operation
	B5	BE3	None	
	B6	BE4	None	
	B7	BE5	Setpoint higher	
	B8	M		
	В9	P24		
	B10	P24		
	B11	P24		
X428	1	+10 V stab		
	2	–10 V stab		
	3	AE1 ±10 V	Main setpoint	Analog input 1
	4	M		
	5	AE1 ±20 mA		Load 250 $\Omega$
	6	AE2 ±10 V	None	Analog input 2
	7	M	None	Allalog Input 2
				Lood 2F0 O
	8	AE2 ±20 mA	N.I.	Load 250 Ω
	9	AE3 ±10 V	None	Analog input 3
	10	M		
	11	AE3 ±20 mA		Load 250 $\Omega$
	12	AA1 ±10 V	Speed	Analog output 1
	13	M		
	14	AA1 ±20 mA		Load, max. 500 Ω
	15	AA2 ±10 V	Output current	Analog output 2
	16	M		
	17	AA2 ±20 mA		Load, max. 500 $\Omega$
	18	AA3 ±10 V	Torque	Analog output 3
	19	M		
	20	AA3 ±20 mA		Load, max. $500\Omega$
X429	1	BA1	Ready for power-on	Relay contact
	2		•	·
	3	BA2	Setpoint reached	Relay contact
	4		o sponier oddinou	oray oortaac
	5	BA3	Off 2 signal	Relay contact
	6	D/10	OTI 2 SIGITAL	Helay Contact
	7	DA4	Foult	Changaayaraantaati
		BA4	Fault	Changeover contact: common
	8			break contact NC
	9	DAE	NI .	make contact NO
	10	BA5	None	Changeover contact: common
	11			break contact NC
	12			make contact NO
	13	BA6	None	Changeover contact: common
	14	_		break contact NC
	15			make contact NO
	16	BA7	None	Changeover contact: common
				-
	17			break contact NC

**Engineering information** 

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES in the world of automation

**Compact PLUS units** 





#### Link-up to automation systems

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES can easily be linked up to any automation system, such as a PLC or an industrial PC (Fig. 6/72). The automation system controls the drives according to the requirements of the process. To this end, control data and setpoints are cyclically transmitted to the drives. The latter transmit status data and actual values back to the automation system. Even process-related parameter adaption of the drives is possible (e.g. in the case of a change in recipe).

The fieldbus system is responsible for transporting the information. This is preferably PROFIBUS DP, an open fieldbus standard standardized in EN 50 170, and supported by many automation systems.

An alternative, which is especially cost-effective and easy to install in any automation system, is the USS protocol.

Finally, links to other fieldbus systems (e.g. CAN) round off the communication possibilities of SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES.

In order to ensure that the drive can perform its process-specific task, its parameters must be individually adapted in the start-up phase. The DriveMonitor and Drive ES Basic engineering tools running under Win-

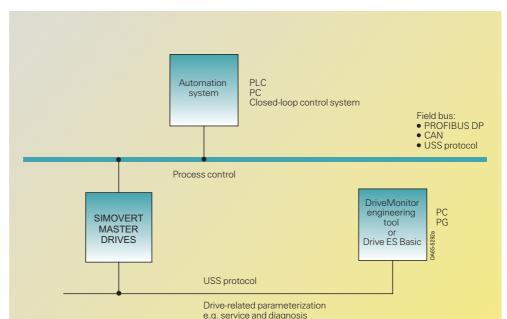


Fig. 6/72 Link between SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES and a higher-level automation system

dows 98/ME/NT 4.0/2000 and XP Professional are available for this purpose. DriveMonitor is delivered free of charge with every drive.

Both tools guide the commissioning engineer in a structured manner through the unit parameters and are service and diagnostic tools during operation.

While only the bus-capable USS protocol is used for communication with the DriveMonitor units, Drive ES Basic also works directly via PROFIBUS DP.

#### Link to a SIMATIC PLC

If the automation system involved is a SIMATIC PLC, the link-up to SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES is particularly simple. With the DVA\_S5 (for SIMATIC S5 and STEP  $5 \ge V$  6.0) or Drive ES SIMATIC (for SIMATIC S7 and STEP 7 > V 5.0) option software, communication between the PLC and the drive can be established simply by assigning appropriate parameters.

When this option software is used, there is no need to incorporate detailed knowledge of the communication mechanisms in the control program; programming time and costs are thus reduced. Both PROFIBUS DP and the USS protocol can be used as the fieldbus system.



Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES in the world of automation

# Integrating drives in SIMATIC S7 with Drive ES

The engineering and process control of SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES in combination with a SIMATIC S7 and STEP 7 ≥ V 5.0 is particularly user-friendly and convenient

If the option Software Drive ES (Drive Engineering System) is installed on the same software platform (PC or PG) then the engineering of the complete system can take place via the STEP 7 Manager. Data transportation is handled by the S7 system bus PROFIBUS DP (see Fig. 6/73).

The Drive ES option software combines the previously separate steps of configuring (hardware configuring, parameter assignment, technology functions) and the control functions between SIMATIC S7 and SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES in one software tool.

Fully integrated in the STEP 7 Manager, Drive ES consists of four packages with different functions.

Engineering of drive and Automation PC PG automation system SIMATIC S7 with STEP 7 ≥ V 5.0 for Drive ES Configuring and programming/startup, diagnostics PROFIBUS DP Process control Drive-related parameter assignment, service and diagnostics **SIMOVERT MASTER DRIVES** 

Fig. 6/73 Integration of SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES in the SIMATIC S7 automation system

Drive ES Basic is used for convenient startup and for servicing and diagnostics during operation of the plant. The great advantage compared to DriveMonitor is in the system-wide data management of drive and automation data of a project in the STEP 7 Manager as well as the utilization of the complete communication environment of the SIMATIC S7. This also includes, for example, communication via different bus systems by means of ROUTING as well as the use of the SIMATIC teleservice.

The functions provided in MASTERDRIVES (basic unit, free block and technology functions) can be graphically configured using Drive ES Graphic together with the SIMATIC tool CFC (Continuous Function Chart).

Drive ES SIMATIC provides a whole library of function blocks. The communication between SIMATIC S7 and Siemens drives (e.g. MASTERDRIVES) can then be configured using preconfigured CPU function blocks and simple parameter assignment. Furthermore, drives with PROFIBUS DP

interface can be incorporated in SIMATIC PCS 7 using Drive ES PCS 7.

In joint operation with the PROFIBUS DP communication board CBP2, Drive ES supports additional functionalities such as clock synchronization of drives, slaveto-slave communication between drives and flexible configuration of the cyclic messages (see page 6/82).

#### Compact PLUS units





#### Overview

The SIMOVERT MASTER-**DRIVES Motion Control units** have several serial interfaces for communication with higher-level PLC systems, industrial PCs, etc.

The interfaces can be classified as follows:

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

- Basic drive units:
  - Compact PLUS units: A serial interface with USS protocol (RS485)
- Compact and chassis units: Two serial interfaces with USS protocol (RS485)

#### Options: Communication and interface boards for different transmission protocols or bus systems.

### USS protocol

The user data that can be transmitted with the USS protocol have the structure shown in Fig. 6/74.

The PKW area allows reading and writing of parameter values and reading of parameter descriptions and texts. This mechanism is mainly used for exchanging data for operator control and visualization as well as start-up and diagnostics.

The PZD area contains the signals necessary for process control - such as control words and setpoints from the automation system to the drive, and status words and actual values from the drive to the automation system.

USS interfaces available in MASTERDRIVES Motion Control:

- Compact PLUS units: one serial interface (SCom1)
- compact and chassis units, on the basic module CUMC (SCom1, SCom2)
- the T100 technology board
- SCB2 interface board.

#### **Bus topology**

The USS bus is to be established as a line without spur lines

#### Bus cable

The SINEC L2 bus cable (Order No. 6XV1830-0EH10) can be used as the bus cable. The maximum permissible cable length is 1200 m (3937 ft).

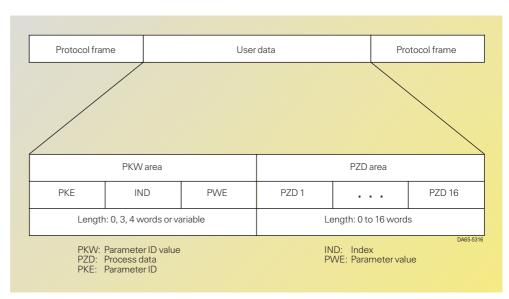


Fig. 6/74 Message frame structure with the USS protocol

USS Master		Additional hardware/software <sup>1</sup> )	
SIMATIC S5	AG95/AG100U with CP521 Si communications processor	RS232/RS485 interface converter DVA_S5 option package for SIMATIC S5 (see page 3/40)	
	AG115 to AG155U with CP524 communications processor	RS485 interface module for CP524 373 memory module for CP524 COM525 parameterization software for CP524 S5R00T special driver for CP524 (6ES5897-2MB11) DVA_S5 option package for SIMATIC S5 (see page 3/40)	
SIMATIC S7	S7-200 (CPU 214, 215 or 216)	STEP 7-Micro/DOS or STEP 7-Micro/WIN configuration tool for S7-200	
	S7-300 with CP340-1C	Configuration package for CP340, point-to-point coupling Drive ES SIMATIC (STEP 7 ≥ V 5.0) option software (see page 3/44)	
	S7-400 with CP441	X27 RS422/RS485 interface module Configuration package for CP441, point-to-point coupling Drive ES SIMATIC (STEP 7 ≥ V 5.0) option software (see page 3/44)	
SIMATICTI	FIM505 field interface module		
SIMADYN D	CS7 adaption board with SS4 interface module		
PC	RS485 interface card or RS232/RS485 converter, USS driver		

#### Installing the bus cable

The USS bus cable is usually connected with screw or plug-in terminals. The SCom1 on the basic board is accessible via a 9-pole

SUB-D socket. The pin or terminal assignment of the SCom1 is given in Section 2 and that of the SCom2 in the section "System components".

The assignment of the interface on the supplementary boards can be found in the respective operating instructions.

<sup>1)</sup> For order numbers for supplementary items, refer to Catalogs ST 50 and ST 70.



Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Communication

## USS protocol (continued)

#### **Bus termination**

The bus cable is to be terminated at both ends (first and last node). In the case of Compact PLUS, termination is established by means of switch S1 (SCom1, X103). In the case of the CUMC it is terminated with the S1 switches (SCom1, X300) or S2 (SCom2, X103) on the base electronics board.

Possible USS masters are

- a user-friendly operator control panel, OP1S (local operator control)
- a Drive ES or a DriveMonitor PC (central parameterization and diagnosis) or
- an automation system (see table).

Possible USS automation masters and the necessary hardware/software additions are shown in the table.

# Configuration of USS communication

Configuration of USS communication in an automation system consists of the following steps:

- parameterization of the USS master
- creation of the communication program in the master
- parameterization of the drives.

Parameterization of the master and the communication program is system-specific.

Parameterization of the drives consists of two steps (example of SCom1/SCom2):

- parameterization of the interface (parameters P700, P701, P702, P703, P704)
- parameterization of the process data interconnection and parameterizing enable (control words P554 to P591, setpoints P443, P433 etc., status words and actual values P707, P708, parameterizing enable P053).

#### SIMOLINK

SIMOLINK (<u>Siemens Motion Link</u>) is a Siemens-specific development for Siemens drive technology.

The SIMOLINK is mainly used for the extremely fast and strictly cyclical transmission of process data (control information, setpoints, actual values and additional information) between the MASTER-DRIVES units or between the MASTERDRIVES units and a higher-level control system with synchronization of all connected nodes to a common system clock.

Due to its extremely high data transmission rate and the transmission of strictly time-equidistant and jitterfree SYNC message frames in each bus cycle, SIMOLINK enables highly dynamic and accurate synchronous operation of all connected MASTERDRIVES units. The transmission rate is 11 Mbit/s.

Typical uses are all applications which require a high degree of angular synchronism of the individual MASTER-DRIVES units in relation to each other.

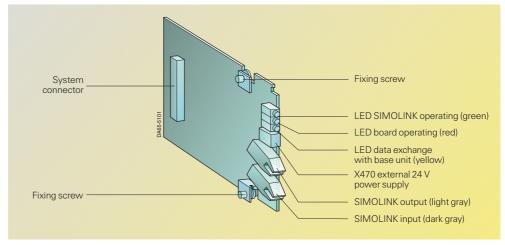


Fig. 6/75 SLB communication board

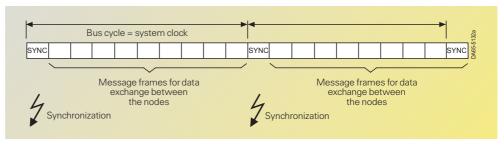


Fig. 6/76 SIMOLINK message frame communication

The SLB communication board (SIMOLINK board) is used for linking up drives to the SIMOLINK. Each SLB communication board is a node connected to the SIMOLINK. The maximum number of nodes is limited to 201.

Data is transmitted between the individual nodes via fiberoptic cables. Plastic fiber or glass fiber cables may be used.

The SLB option board has a 24 V power input for external power supply to the board.

This ensures that data exchange in the SIMOLINK is maintained even if the converter/inverter is switched off.

## **Engineering information**

#### Communication

Compact PLUS units





#### SIMOLINK (continued)

The module has three LEDs for indicating the current operating status.

#### **Characteristics**

- The transmission medium is the fiber-optic cable. This can be either glass or plastic.
- The structure of the SIMOLINK is a fiber-opticcable ring. Each node in the ring acts as a signal amplifier.
- The following distances are possible, depending on the selected transmission medium:
  - up to 40 m (131 ft) between each node if plastic cables are used or
  - up to 300 m (984 ft) between each node if glass cables are used.
- Theoretically, a maximum of 201 nodes can be connected together using SIMOLINK.
- The nodes are synchronized by means of a SYNC message frame, which is generated by a node with a special function, namely the dispatcher function, and simultaneously received by all other nodes. The SYNC message frame is generated with absolute time-equidistance and is jitter-free. The time between two SYNC message frames is the bus cycle time of the SIMOLINK and, at the same time, corresponds to the common system clock for synchronization of all connected nodes.
- Data transfer between the nodes is strictly cyclical and takes place in the clock of the bus cycle. This means that all data read or written by the nodes are transferred between two SYNC message frames. When the SYNC message frame is received, the data received in each MASTERDRIVES Motion

SLB Parameterized as a transceiver MASTER Parameterized as a transceiver MASTER MASTER

**DRIVES** 

Motion Control

Fig. 6/77
Peer-to-peer functions with SIMOLINK

DRIVES

Motion Control

Control unit are passed on synchronously as currently valid data to the closed-loop control system of the inverter. This ensures that the latest data are available to all nodes on the bus simultaneously.

#### **Method of operation**

The SLB board is the link between the converter/inverter and SIMOLINK. It can be used as a SIMOLINK dispatcher or as a SIMOLINK transceiver. The switchover between the two functions is determined by parameterization.

#### Peer-to-peer functionality

The peer-to-peer functionality with the SIMOLINK is, in principle, the same as the familiar peer-to-peer functionality of the MASTERDRIVES and SIMOREG systems. With SIMOLINK, the exchange of process data between the MASTERDRIVES Motion Control units has the following advantages:

- Very high speed (11 Mbit/s: 100 items of 32-bit data in 0.63 ms)
- Free choice, i.e. each MASTERDRIVES Motion Control unit can send or receive process data from any other MASTERDRIVES Motion Control unit.

Up to 16 items of 32-bit process data per MASTER-DRIVES Motion Control unit is possible via the SIMOLINK, i.e. each MASTERDRIVES Motion Control unit can receive up to 8 process data elements (32-bit values) or send up to 8 process data elements to other MASTERDRIVES Motion Control units.

#### **Parameterization**

Data traffic is parameterized solely by means of the parameters of the basic MASTERDRIVES Motion Control unit. An additional configuration tool is not needed. For configuration of the SLB, the following parameter settings are necessary:

- Specification of the bus address:
  - 0 to 200, whereby the following applies:
  - □ 0 = dispatcher function
    □ 1 to 200 = transceiver function
- Transmission power
- Bus cycle time
- Number of nodes and telegrams per node
- Monitoring time for fault messages in the event of communication failure.

The BICO system is used for configuring which process data are to be sent by a MASTERDRIVES Motion Control unit. The BICO system is also used to determine at what position in the control system the process data are to act. The SLB can be parameterized with the PMU, the OP1S or the PC-based tools Drive ES or DriveMonitor.

DRIVES

Motion Control

#### **Power Supply**

The power supply to the option board can be supplied either internally by the converter/inverter or externally. Priority is given to external power supply. The changeover takes place automatically on the option board.

#### Note

The external power supply must not be changed over during bus operation. If the power supply is automatically changed over, a reset signal is generated on the board, thus causing several message frames to be lost.



**Engineering information** 

Compact PLUS units

#### Application: angular synchronous operation

A typical application of the SIMOLINK is for digital setpoint cascades where one or more setpoints are passed on to the slave drive by a MASTERDRIVES Motion Control unit acting as the master drive.

Fig. 6/78 shows how SIMOLINK functions with **MASTERDRIVES Motion** control units and how it is parameterized.

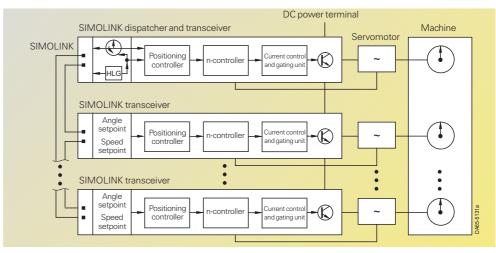
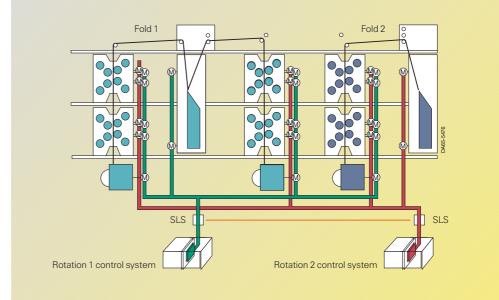


Fig. 6/78 Angular synchronism with SIMOLINK

#### Technical data of the SLB

Designation	Value		
Size (length x width)	90 mm x 83 mm (3.5 in x 3.2 in)		
External voltage supply	24 V DC		
Current input from the external voltage supply	Max. 200 mA		
Voltage supply from the basic unit	5 V DC		
Current input from the voltage supply of the basic unit	Max. 600 mA		
Changeover of the voltage source	Automatic; external supply has priority		
Node address	Can be set in the appropriate parameters		
Data transfer rate	11 Mbit/s		
Run time delay	Max. 3 clock cycles		
Fiber optic cable	Plastic (preferable); glass fiber		
Cable length at 0 to 70 °C (32 to 158 °F)	Max. 40 m (131 ft) (plastic) between 2 nodes 300 m (984 ft) (glass fiber) between 2 nodes		
Display	3 LEDs: yellow: data exchange green: SIMOLINK in operation with the basic unit red: board in operation		



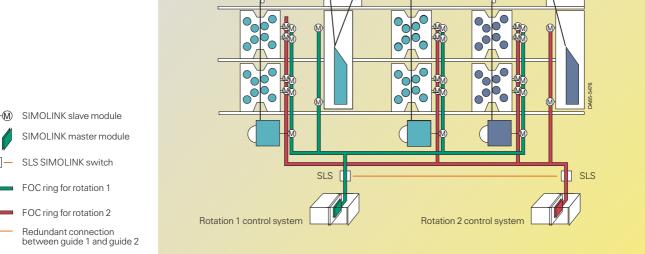


Fig. 6/79 Shaftless printing machine with SIMOLINK

## **Engineering information**

#### Communication

Compact PLUS units





#### PROFIBUS DP

If the PROFIBUS DP is used, the CBP or CBP2 communication board is necessary for interfacing drives to higherlevel automation systems.

With extended functionality, CBP2 is fully compatible with CBP and will replace it in the future. In the following, therefore, "CBP" always signifies both boards; individual special features of CBP2 are indicated.

#### Functionality of the CBP

- Cyclical user data exchange with the master according to the "PROFIBUS DP Profile for PROFIDRIVE Variable-Speed Drives" (Order No. 3.071, PROFIBUS DP Nutzerorganisation e.V., Karlsruhe).
- Acyclical communication channel for exchanging parameter values up to a length of 118 words with a SIMATIC S7 CPU.
- Acyclical communication channel for connecting the Drive ES Basic startup, parameterization and diagnostics tools.
- Support of the PROFIBUS DP control commands, SYNC and FREEZE, for synchronized data transfer from the master to several slaves and vice versa.

## Extended functionality of CBP2

(to PROFIBUS DP profile, drive systems V3 PROFIDRIVE)

- Flexible configuration of cyclic messages at up to 16 process data words
- Slave-to-slave communication for direct exchange of data between slaves
- Clock synchronization of drives for implementing Motion Control functions via PROFIBUS DP
- Acyclic communication channel for direct access of a SIMATIC OP to a drive.

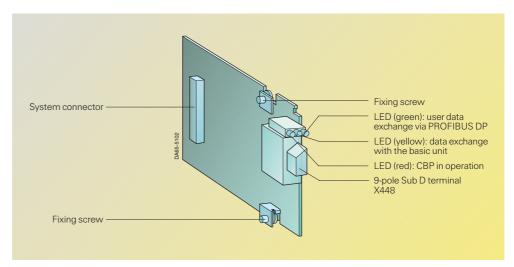


Fig. 6/79 CBP/CBP 2 communication board

Possible user data structure with CBP and CBP2

PPO-Type	PKW area	PZD area	Functionality
	PKW IND PWE	PZD1 ••• PZD16	CBP CBP2
PPO1	fixed length: 4 words	fixed length: 2 words	V V
PPO2	fixed length: 4 words	fixed length: 6 words	V V
PPO3	fixed length: 0 words	fixed length: 2 words	V V
PPO4	fixed length: 0 words	fixed length: 6 words	V V
PPO5	fixed length: 4 words	fixed length: 10 words	V V
none	0 or 4 words	flexible configurable from 1 to 16 words	V

PKW: Parameter ID value PZD: Process data PKE: Parameter ID

## Cyclic exchange of user data

In the PROFIBUS DP profile on which the CBP functionality is based, the structure of the user data, amongst other items, with which a DP master can access the drives is defined. There are five permanently defined PPO (parameter process-data objects); these are subdivided into a PKW area (parameter identifier value area, up to 4 words) and the PZD area (process data area, up to 10 words).

The PKW area enables reading and writing of parameter values and the reading of parameter descriptions. This mechanism is used to visualize or change any of the slaves' parameters.

The PZD area contains the

PWE: Parameter value

IND: Index

data – such as control words and setpoints needed for process control – from the automation system to the drive or status words and actual values from the drive to the automation system.

When a CBP2 is used, local user data structures with up to 16 process data words can now also be utilized in addition to the five PPO types.

#### Technical data of the CBP

- RS485 interface acc. to EN 50 170, short-circuitproof and floating
- Baud rates from 9.6 kbit/s to 12 Mbit/s

#### Mounting of the CBP

For Compact PLUS units, slots A, B and C are available. For compact units, slots A, C, E and G in the electronics box are available. For slots G and E, the local bus adapter (6SE7090–0XX84–4HA0) and the adapter board (6SE7090–0XX84–0KA0) are necessary.

#### Bus cable

A bus cable to the PROFIBUS DP specifications is to be used for data transmission.



Compact PLUS units

## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Communication

#### **Bus connection**

The bus is connected to the PROFIBUS DP via the 9-pole Sub-D socket (X448) in accordance with the PROFIBUS DP standard. For the pin assignment at terminal X448, see the table, top right.

On the bus side, a 9-pole Sub-D connector plug is necessary (e.g. Order No. 6SE7972–0BA41–0XA0).

The CBP2 communication board can alternatively be connected to the optical PROFIBUS DP (e.g. Order No. 6GK1502–1AA00) via an optical bus terminal or an optical link module.

#### **Bus termination**

Each RS485 bus segment must be provided at both ends with a bus termination. The bus is not terminated at the CBP. If the plug-in connector referred to is used, the termination can be opened or closed by means of a switch integrated in the plug-in connector.

Pin assignment	at terminal X448		
Pin	Designation	Description	Area
1	SHIELD	Ground connection	
2	-	Not assigned	
3	RxD/TxD-P	Receive/transmit data P (B/B')	RS485
4	CNTR-P	Control signal	TTL
5	DGND	PROFIBUS DP data reference potential (C/C')	
6	VP	Supply voltage plus	5 V ± 10 %
7	-	Not assigned	
8	RxD/TxD-N	Receive/transmit data N (A/A')	RS485
9	_	Not assigned	

master systems	Additional software <sup>1</sup> )
AG95U/DP master AG115 to 155U with IM308-C (or CP5431) communication board	COM PROFIBUS DP parameterization software DVA_S5 option package for SIMATIC S5 (see page 3/40)
S7-300 with CPU315-2DP, 318-2 S7-300 with CP342-5	Drives ES SIMATIC (STEP 7 ≥ V 5.0) (see page 3/44)
S7-400 with CPU413-/414-/416-2DP, 417-4	
S7-400 with CP443-5 Ext.	
S7-400 with IM467	
IF 964 interface module	
TI545/TI555 with integrated DP interface FIM505 field interface module	
CS7 adaption board with SS52 interface module	
CP5613/5614 (PCI) communication board	COM PROFIBUS DP parameterization software
CP55511 (PCMCIA) communication board	SOFTNET-DP/Windows 95/98/NT for PROFIBUS DP
CP5611 (PCI) communication board	
CP5412 (A2) communication board	software package DP-5412/Windows 95/98/NT
	AG95U/DP master AG115 to 155U with IM308-C (or CP5431) communication board S7-300 with CPU315-2DP, 318-2 S7-300 with CPU413-/414-/416-2DP, 417-4 S7-400 with CPU413-/414-/416-2DP, 417-4 S7-400 with CP443-5 Ext. S7-400 with IM467 IF 964 interface module TI545/TI555 with integrated DP interface FIM505 field interface module CS7 adaption board with SS52 interface module CP5613/5614 (PCI) communication board CP55511 (PCMCIA) communication board

<sup>1)</sup> For the ordering data of the additional items, see Catalogs ST 50 and ST 70.

## PROFIBUS DP master systems

Drives can generally be coupled to any DP2 master in accordance with EN 50 170.

The lower table on this page contains a list of the automation masters most frequently used in drive technology.

#### Configuration of PROFIBUS DP communication

Configuration of DP communication consists of the following steps:

### Configuring the DP master

With SIMATIC S7, the bus system is configured together with the hardware in STEP 7. The CBP/CBP2 is already integrated here so that the cyclic exchange of user data can be configured (STEP 7 versions < 4.02: the CBP/CBP2 can be introduced by loading file SI8045AX.200 supplied). A CBP2 is in this case configured as CBP.

To configure the extended functionality of CBP2, the Drive ES Basic or Drive ES SIMATIC software package is needed in addition to STEP 7 version ≥ 5.0. (Additional hardware requirement for implementation of slaveto-slave communication and pulse synchronization: S7-CPU with integrated DP interface more recent than 04/99).

With SIMATIC S5, the bus system can be configured via the COM PROFIBUS DP software. The CBP board is already integrated in COM PROFIBUS DP as of version 3.2; for older versions, the procedure is the same as for STEP 7. The extended CBP2 functionality is not supported by SIMATIC S5. A CBP2 is configured as CBP in this case.

In principle, the CBP2 can be introduced to other configuration tools by installing file "SIEM8045.GSD".

# Creating the communication program in the master

The communication program is application-specific. For convenient programming the software Drive ES SIMATIC (for STEP 7 ≥ V 5.0) is available for SIMATIC S7. The DVA\_S5 option software is available for programming communication on a SIMATIC S5.

## Parameterization of the drives

Parameterization of the drives consists of two steps:

- parameterization of the interface (parameter P918)
- parameterization of the process-data interconnection and parameterization enabling (control words P554 to P591), setpoints P443, P433 etc., status words and actual values P734, process-data monitoring P722, parameter access P053).

**Engineering information** 

#### Communication

# Compact PLUS units





#### CAN

The CBC board (Communication Board CAN) enables SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES units to communicate with a higher-level automation system, with each other and with field devices by means of the CAN protocol. Power is supplied from the base unit.

The CAN protocol (Controller Area Network) is specified in the international standard recommendation ISO DIS 11 898; however, only the electrical components of the physical laver and the datalink layer (layers 1 and 2 in the ISO and OSI layers reference model) are specified in this standard recommendation. The CiA (CAN in Automation, an international association of users and manufacturers) has defined the use of the CAN protocol as an industrial field bus with the DS 102-1 recommendations for bus interfacing and the bus medium.

- The specifications in ISO-DIS 11 898 and in DS 102-1 are complied with by the CBC board.
- The CBC board only supports CAN layers 1 and 2. At present, additional higher-level communication specifications of the different user organizations, such as CAN open of the CiA, are *not* supported (CAN open is available on request).

The CBC board is limited to the specifications of CAN and is therefore not tied to the dependent specifications of the user organizations. Data exchange with SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES takes place according to the user-data specification for drive systems with PROFIBUS: PROFIBUS DP Profile for PROFIDRIVE Variable-Speed Drives, PNO, Order No. 3.071.

The user-data structure is divided into two areas:

- Process data (control words, setpoints, status words and actual values)
- Parameter area (mechanism for reading and writing parameter values, e.g. settings, alarms, fault numbers or values).

These areas are transmitted as communication objects (identifiers).

Functionality		
Process data	max. 16 words	
Data transfer rate:	10, 20, 50 kbit/s	up to 1000 m (3280 ft) cable length
	100 kbit/s	up to 750 m (2460 ft) cable length
	125 kbit/s	530 m (1738 ft) cable length
	250 kbit/s	270 m (885 ft) cable length
	500 kbit/s	100 m (328 ft) cable length
	1 Mbit/s	9 m (29 ft) cable length
Max. bus nodes:	≤ 124	

Individual communication objects for the process data from and to the drive are defined, as well as for the parameter tasks of "reading" and "writing".

A defined description can be found in the Compendium for SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES (for Order No., see Section 5).

#### Data exchange via CAN

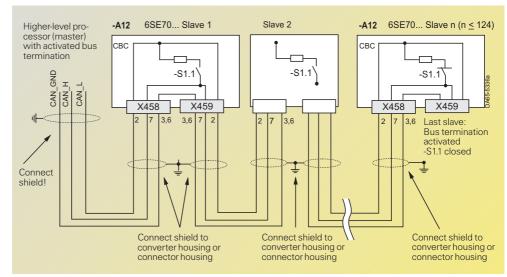


Fig. 6/80 Data exchange between CBC boards, with bus interruption

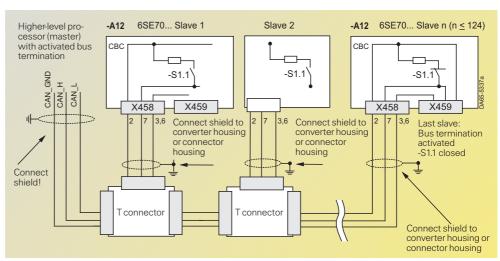


Fig. 6/81
Data exchange between CBC boards, without bus interruption



Compact PLUS units



Communication

The CAN protocol enables rapid data exchange between the bus nodes. With regard to user data, a distinction is made between parameter values (PKW) and process data (PZD).

A CAN data message frame consists of a protocol header, the CAN identifier (up to 8 bytes of user data) and the protocol trailer. The CAN identifier serves to uniquely identify the data message frame. A total of 2048 different CAN identifiers are possible in the standard message format. In the extended message format, 2<sup>29</sup> CAN identifiers are possible.

The extended message format is tolerated by the CBC board but not evaluated. The CAN identifier specifies the priority of the data message frame. The smaller the number of the CAN identifier, the higher is its priority.

A maximum of 8 bytes can be transmitted in a CAN data message frame. The PKW area always consists of 4 words or 8 bytes, i.e. the data can be transferred in a single data message frame. In the case of SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES, the process-data area, for example, consists of 16 words. A total of 4 data message frames is therefore needed in order to transfer all process data.

Protocol frame	CAN	User data (8 bytes)	Protocol frame
(Header)	identifier	Parameter (PKW)	(Trailer)
Protocol frame	CAN	User data (8 bytes)	Protocol frame
(Header)	identifier	Process data (PZD) word 1 to 4	(Trailer)
Protocol frame	CAN	User data (8 bytes)	Protocol frame
(Header)	identifier	Process data (PZD) word 5 to 8	(Trailer)
Protocol frame	CAN	User data (8 bytes)	Protocol frame
(Header)	identifier	Process data (PZD) word 9 to 12	(Trailer)
Protocol frame	CAN	User data (8 bytes)	Protocol frame
(Header)	identifier	Process data (PZD) word 13 to 16	(Trailer)

Fig. 6/82 Structure of the user data in the message frame

## X458 and X459 terminals on the CBC board

The CBC communication board has a 9-pole Sub-D connector (X458) and a 9-pole Sub-D socket (X459) for connection to the CAN.

Both terminals are assigned identically and are connected internally. The connecting interface is short-circuit-proof and floating.

### Mounting the CBC board

For Compact PLUS units, slots A, B and C are available. For compact and chassis units, slots A, C, E and G are available in the electronics box. If slots E and G are to be used, the LBA backplane adapter (Order No. 6SE7090–0XX84–4HA0) and the ADB adapter board (Order No. 6SE7090–0XX84–0KA0) are necessary.

Pin	Designation	Description
1	_	Not assigned
2	CAN_L	CAN_L bus line
3	CAN_GND	CAN ground (frame M5)
4	_	Not assigned
5	_	Not assigned
6	CAN_GND	CAN ground (frame M5)
7	CAN_H	CAN_H bus line
8	_	Not assigned
9	_	Not assigned

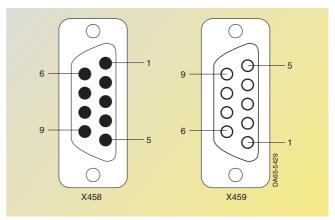


Fig. 6/83 Connectors X458 (plug) and X459 (socket) on the CBC board

**Engineering information** 

#### Communication

Compact PLUS units



Compact and chassis units



#### CBD

The CBD **C**ommunications **B**oard **D**eviceNet permits MASTERDRIVES to be coupled to automation units, or other field devices via the DeviceNet<sup>TM</sup> protocol. The CBD board can be inserted in the MASTERDRIVES electronics box, and operates with all of the software and hardware versions of the MASTERDRIVES.

The CBD supports both DeviceNet Explicit Messages and I/O Messages to implement the equivalent of the process data and parameter portions of drive communication.

DeviceNet Explicit Message Connections provide generic, multipurpose communication paths between two devices. They provide the means by which non time critical functions are performed (for example module configuration and drive parameterization).

By contrast, DeviceNet I/O Message Connections provide time critical special-purpose communication paths between a transmitting device and one or more receiving devices. Process data moves across this I/O Connection. The meaning of the data within an I/O Message is implied by the associated Connection ID.

The CBD supports the Predefined Master/Slave Connection Set as defined in the DeviceNet specification. Both poll and bit strobe I/O messages are supported.

The CBD follows the DeviceNet Device Profile for the Communication Adapter (Device Type 12). The Communication Adapter Profile was chosen so that all the flexibility and advanced features of the MASTERDRIVES could be used by the DeviceNet master. For the same reason, CBD did not implement the DeviceNet AC Drives profile.

		Drop length	
Data rate	Trunk distance	Maximum drop	Cumuilative
125 Kb	500 m (1640 ft)	6 m (20 ft)	156 m (512 ft)
250 Kb	250 m (820 ft)	6 m (20 ft)	78 m (256 ft)
500 Kb	100 m (328 ft)	6 m (20 ft)	39 m (128 ft)

	Order No.	
Description		
CBD DeviceNet Board	6SX7010-0FK00	
Instruction manual	Included in above	



Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

**Technology** 

#### Overview

The basic software for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control converters and inverters contains many technology functions.

For more extensive applications, each SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control unit can be supplied with the technology software with functions that can be divided up into the following main categories:

- General technology functions (linear axis, rotary axis, roll feed)
- Positioning (point-to-point, automatic)
- Synchronous operation (angular synchronism, electronic gears, start/stop operation, print-mark synchronization, electronic cam).

The technology software is an option and can be ordered with the code F01. Even in a converter/inverter not supplied with this option, the technology software can be enabled later on by means of a PIN number (e.g. when units are replaced).

### 500-hour PIN

For testing and demonstration purposes or for using replacement units ordered without option F01, the technology software can be enabled free-of-charge for a one-off period of 500 hours with a special PIN number.

The 500-hour PIN is entered in parameter 2977: U977.1 = 0727 U977.2 = 0101

When the PIN is enabled, this is indicated in parameter n 978 = 2.

The table on page 6/88 provides an overview of the technology functions incorporated in MASTER-DRIVES Motion Control.

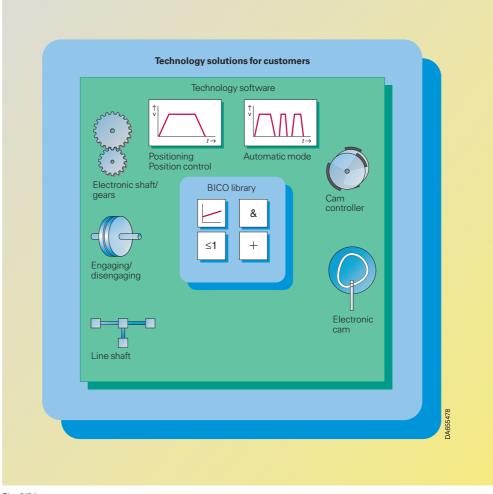


Fig. 6/84

Compact PLUS units





#### Overview

Technology functions of SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control units

Number of axes Any axis-modular structure

#### Technology functions basic software

Simple and comfort ramp-function generator

PID controller

Brake control

Encoder evaluation for position detection

Position control with pre-control

Cam controller Wobble generator Motor potentiometer

Basic positioner

Logic and arithmetic functions (AND, OR, NOR, +, -, x, /, comparator) as free-function blocks which can be connected with

Drive ES or DriveMonitor via parameters.

Position cams, 2 x 2 cams, minimum reaction time 800  $\mu$ s

#### Functions technology software (option F01)

#### **General functions**

Linear axis

Rotary axis Roll feed

Homing procedure Homing on the fly

**Positioning** 

Traversing range Traversing speed Acceleration/deceleration

Jerk limitation Number of program blocks

Number of programs Roll feed

Zero shift

Acceleration can be influenced by means of the G-function

Software limit switch Actual-value evaluation factor

Tool corrections

Override for feeding and acceleration

Backlash compensation

Position-feedback setting/measuring on the fly

External start

External record change External read-in enable

Switching functions (M functions)

Rotary axis Teach-in Simulation +/- 1000 m (3281 ft)

0.01 mm/min up to 500 m/min 1.0 mm/s<sup>2</sup> to 99.999 mm/s<sup>2</sup> 1.0 mm/s<sup>3</sup> to 99.999 mm/s<sup>3</sup>

50 20

#### Synchronous operation

Master-setpoint sources:

virtual

- actual-value based master axis

setpoint driven master axis
 Free allocation of master and slave axes

(cascading of the slave axes) Electronic gears

transmission ratio

Electronic cam

– number of tables

number of interpolation points

table change on the fly

Engaging/disengaging

Synchronization

via fast input (print-mark synchronization)

catch-up

Drive coupling via SIMOLINK or clock-synchronous PROFIBUS DP (CBP2)

Via parameter connection

1:5 to 32 000:1, can be modified during operation

max. 8 max. 400

Compact and

Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control **Engineering information** 

#### Technology functions of the basic software

The functions described below are included in the basic software, as are the "free function blocks". Thus, they can always be implemented. irrespective of whether or not the converter was ordered with technology option F01.

#### Cam controller

A cam controller switches digital outputs on and off when pre-defined positions have been reached. This enables, external switching elements, such as pneumatic valves, to be be operated at defined points during a movement (positioning cams).

The basic software for MASTERDRIVES Motion Control contains two cam controllers as free function blocks, each with two positioning cams that can be supplied by separate input signals, e.g. position setpoint slave and position setpoint master. There are therefore four cams with switch-on and switch-off positions which can be set independently of each other.

These cams an adjustable hysteresis for the switching point and a time resolution of at least 800 us. The outputs of the cam controllers are binectors which can be connected as required, e.g. to digital outputs of the MASTERDRIVES units for operating magnetic valves etc.

A speed-dependent compensation for switching time function and time cams are not provided. These functions, however, can often be implemented using the timers in the free function blocks

If an extremely fast cam controller with switching-instant compensation and additional time cams are needed, an external hardware cam controller such as the SIMATIC S7 module FM352 ("FM Cams") or the T400 technology board should be used.

#### **Brake control**

The integrated brake control function prevents inconvenient waiting times when brakes are applied or released.

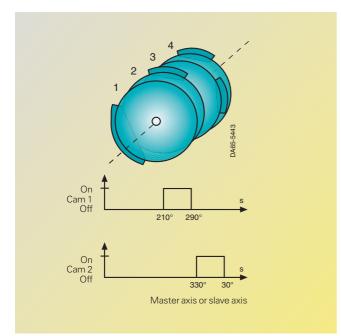


Fig. 6/85 Cam controller for MASTERDRIVES Motion Control

Hoisting gear can also be positioned quickly and reliably with little effort in the external machine control unit and during start-up. Checkback contacts of the brake can be evaluated in the brake control function. Output signals of the brake control function are the binectors "Release brake" and "Close brake". Relays for operating the brake are not built into the MASTERDRIVES unit.

The following methods are available for brake operation:

- Use of a relay output on the EB1 expansion board
- Use of an external relay which is operated by a digital output of the MASTER-**DRIVES**
- The relay (in compact and chassis units) for operating the main contactor can be used for operating the brake if there is no main contactor.

Releasing and closing the brake can be effected by means of external commands but, normally, the brake control function works fully automatically without any intervention by the external machine control unit.

#### Release brake

If the drive changes to the "On" state after power-on, the inverter enabling signal is given and the brake is released. After the set brakerelease time and when the checkback signal "Brake released" is received, setpoint enabling takes place. An adjustable limit-value monitor can be used in special cases in order to make releasing of the brake dependent on a particular criterion.

#### Close brake

If the drive is shut down, i.e. if its speed has fallen below the set threshold and is switched off by means of OFF1 or OFF3, the brake

closes. The inverter enable signal is removed after the set brake-closing time has elapsed and the "Brake closed" signal has been sent (possibly by a checkback contact). OFF2 should not be used, if possible, because, an OFF2 command causes the pulses to be blocked immediately and the motor to be deenergized during the brake-closing time.

#### **Basic positioner**

The basic positioner is included in all MASTERDRIVES Motion Control units from firmware version 1.5 upwards as a "free function block". The basic positioner can be used to perform "simple positioning tasks" without activating the F01 technology option. The basic positioner performs the following functions:

- Absolute and relative positioning
- Linear and rotary axes
- With motor encoder or machine encoder
- Set up (position-controlled method using the speed setpoint)
- · Referencing ("flying" and with homing procedure)
- Software limit switch (only in the case of linear axes)
- Play compensation
- · Adoption of setpoints, continuous or edge-triggered
- Jerk-free changeover from set-up to positioning and vice versa, without standstill of the axis
- Setpoint changes for position, speed and acceleration during movement along the axis possible.

Standard applications are available, including parameterization and documentation. These can be obtained from your regional Siemens AG office and from the Applications Center for Production Machines.

Compact PLUS units





#### Technology software – General functions

The Motion Control technology software (F01) has the following general functions.

#### Linear axis

(with fixed stops and a max. traversing range of 1000 m (3281 ft) with a resolution of  $1\mu$ ) software limit switches are evaluated. A traversing car is an example of a linear axis.

#### Rotary axis

(permanently rotating, without fixed stops with definition of direction or direction "shortest distance"). A turntable is an example of a rotary axis.

#### Roll feed

(permanently rotating rotary axis with "cut-to-length function") The illustration shows a roll feed used in a cutting machine.

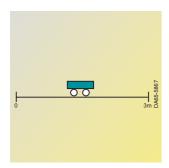


Fig. 6/86 Linear axis

• Either the motor encoder (resolver, optical sin/cos incremental encoder, absolute-value encoder, incremental encoder) or an external machine encoder (e.g. incremental encoder or SSI absolute-value encoder) built on to the driven machine can act as a position encoder.

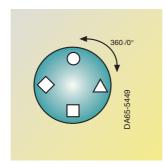


Fig. 6/87 Rotary axis

• The Motion Control software contains a sophisticated precontrol strategy. At any given moment, the position ramp-function generator appropriately controls the speed and accelerating torque by bypassing the position controller so that an optimum dynamic response is achieved and no significant following errors occur.

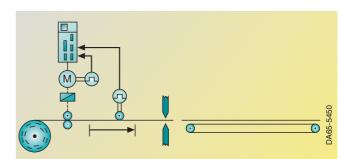


Fig. 6/88 Roll feed

• Even if the high dynamic response is fully utilized, the mechanical components are subjected to very little stress. This is ensured by the position ramp-function generator with its flexibly adjustable jerk-limiter and accelerator.

Compact and chassis units



Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

**Technology** 

#### Technology software – Positioning

The MASTERDRIVES Motion Control unit has an easy-to-use integrated position control system with the following functions:

- <u>Setup:</u> Position-controlled traversing of the axis in jog mode
- Homing procedure: Variable function for establishing a relationship between an incremental measuring system and the mechanical equipment.
- MDI: Point-to-point positioning (Manual Data Input)
  - Relative or absolute positioning (absolute or incremental dimension)
  - Stipulation of an MDI positioning record with position, speed and acceleration.

The MDI positioning record can be directly specified by the machine control unit, e.g. via PROFIBUS DP, or called using control commands from a table (stored in the MASTERDRIVES Motion Control unit) of 10 fixed position setpoints. Together with the MDI positioning record, the starting command can be transmitted in one and the same PROFIBUS DP telegram. This enables comfortable and time-saving operation of the positioning process even when using a small PLC.

- Changeover on the fly to another MDI record during travel is possible.
- Start command

   (a read-in enable in the case of roll feed) is possible via digital inputs of the MASTERDRIVES
   Motion Control or via the fieldbus.

#### Automatic function

- Execution of complete positioning programs in the automatic mode
- Single-step mode possible
- Creation of traversing programs using a powerful programming language in accordance with DIN 66 025 (industrial standard)
- Input of traversing programs via SIMATIC
   S7-CPU or via the
   DriveMonitor service program with special editor
- Up to 20 programs with a total of 50 records (traversing commands) can be programmed
- Program-controlled output of switching functions (M functions)
- Flying record change via digital input
- Start and read-in enabling also possible via digital input
- Zero shifting, tool correction and backlash compensation can be programmed
- Acceleration can be influenced by means of the G-function

- Actual-value setting on the fly
- Starting command, record change and read-in enabling can be stipulated via fieldbus or digital inputs
- Teach-in: adoption of the current position in a traversing record is possible by means of set-up mode
- Speed override, acceleration override and time override
- Collision monitoring via external input
- Simulation mode for testing automation programs without motor, e.g. for recording the position-setpoint curve with simulation of the M-functions.

#### • Roll feed:

- Automatic cut-to-length function for presses, stamping machines and cross-cutting machines in start/stop mode
- Speed/acceleration profile of the traversing curve can be stipulated. In this way, optimum through-put times are achieved and material wear and slippage is avoided.

- Changeover between an external machine encoder and motor encoder is possible (at standstill)
- The number of loops (number of cutting processes) can be programmed.

# Applications for the positioning function

Typical applications for the MASTERDRIVES Motion Control are positioning drives in the following areas:

- Wood-working machinery
- Roll feeders for presses
- Packaging machines
- Printing machines
- Drive tasks in the glass, tile and tire industries as well as in general machine building.

#### Operator control

DriveMonitor guides the user through operator screen forms where functions can be entered with a mouse click. Fig. 6/89 shows an example of a start-up screen form for axis configuration.

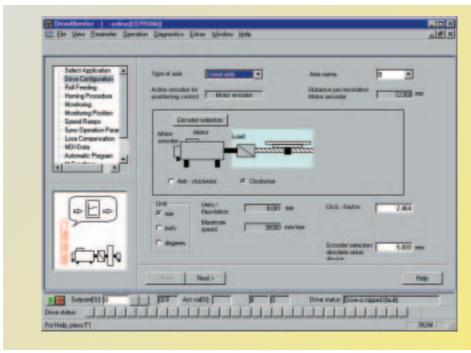


Fig. 6/89 Start-up screen form for axis configuration

Compact PLUS units





#### Technology

#### Technology software – Positioning

# Positioning in automatic mode

Fig. 6/90 shows a typical application for an automatic traversing program which is automatically executed by MASTERDRIVES Motion Control. A chipboard laminated on both sides is being drilled through. The traversing program goes through the following steps:

#### • Travel A → B:

The drill bit travels rapidly until it reaches the material and then begins to reduce the feeding speed. At point B precisely, the drill has reached the reduced feeding speed for drilling through the plastic coating.

- Travel B → C:
   The coating is drilled through at reduced speed
- Travel C → D:
   The chipboard itself is drilled through at normal feeding speed.
- <u>Travel D → E:</u>
   The reduced feeding speed again applies for the lower coating.
- Travel E → A: Drill returns at increased speed.

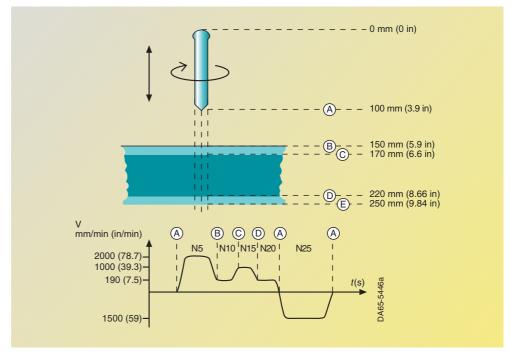


Fig. 6/90 Automatic drill function

The table shows the traversing program entered for this application in the MASTERDRIVES Motion Control (example).

NC program	
N5 X 150 F2000 G44 D1:	Record No. 5: travel to position 150 mm (5.9 in) at speed of 2000 mm/min (78.7 in/min), tool correction (G44) stored in D1 (100 mm (3.9 in))
N10 X 170 F190:	Record No. 10: Travel to position 170 mm (6.6 in) at speed of 190 mm/min (7.5 in/min)
N15 X 220 F1000:	Record No. 15: Travel to position 220 mm (8.66 in) at speed of 1000 mm/min (39.3 in/min)
N20 X 250 F190:	Record No. 20: Travel to position 250 mm (9.84 in) at speed of 190 mm/min (7.5 in/min)
N25 X 0 F1500 D0:	Record No. 25: Travel to standard position 0 and deselect tool correction (D0)

6

Compact and chassis units



Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

**Technology** 

#### Technology software – Synchronous operation

#### General synchronousoperation functions

The following synchronousoperation functions are contained:

- <u>Electronic shaft</u> (exact synchronism of several axes with long-time stability)
- <u>Electronic gears</u> (with a transmission ratio that can be precisely tuned via numerator and denominator settings; the value range for numerators and denominators, respectively, is –32767 to +32767)
- Transmission ratio can be changed even during operation. If necessary, the stipulated transmission ratio can be adjusted using a free ramp-function generator in order to avoid sudden changes.

#### • Electronic cam

- With up to 400 interpolation points. The 400 interpolation points can be divided into upto 8 tables.
   A table can be reloaded in the background and edited while the first table is running on-line. There is linear interpolation between the interpolation points.
- The interpolation points do not have to be equidistant but can be set closer together in critical zones and farther apart from each other in linear areas.
- Changing tables on the fly is possible during operation.
- The table is scalable in both the X and Y directions and has integrated gears.
- The distance/angle setpoint can be stipulated by a real "master axis" (internal or external) or by a "virtual master" created using the software.
- 2 digital inputs with interrupt capability for detecting synchronization signals, e.g. print marks.

#### SIMOLINK as the backbone of synchronous speed control

The drives participating in angular synchronism are linked via the serial setpoint link, SIMOLINK. SIMOLINK is a high-speed ring of fiber-optic cables that operates at 11 Mbd and is used to transmit the angle setpoints from drive to drive or from a control system to the drives. To transmit one hundred 32-bit values, for example, SIMOLINK takes only 630 us. Special SYNC telegrams are used to achieve exact, jitter-free transmission synchronization of the sampling times of up to 200 connected converters. This enables highly dynamic and precise synchronous operation of the drives. The master incremental encoder is normally not needed, as its function is performed by the software and transmitted via SIMOLINK (principle of the "virtual master axis"). Conventional operation with master incremental encoders is, of course, possible as well.

Thanks to SIMOLINK, the master-drive function can be assigned to any drive or even to a higher-level control system. This is especially necessary in the case of machines where drives are taken out of the combined drive system, e.g. in the case of shaftless printing machines.

The master-drive function can also be performed by a drive which is temporarily taken out of the combined drive system. SIMADYN D, SIMATIC M7 or SICOMP® SMP can act as the higher-level control system; SIMOLINK interfaces are also available for these systems.

#### Electronic gears

Electronic gears can easily be used to substitute all kinds of variable gear-ratio gearboxes and shafts. The transmission ratio is precisely defined as the numerator and denominator of a fraction (16 bits each). Operation with encoders built onto Siemens motors, including absolute-value encoders (e.g. encoders with protocol according to SSI standard) and SIMOLINK.

# Electronic cam for simulating mechanical contours

The electronic cam enables accurate relative movement between a master drive and a slave drive. It replaces mechanical eccentric cams, gear-change gearboxes or cranks as the following picture is intended to symbolize.

A maximum of 400 coordinate pairs of variables describe the relative movement by means of table interpolation. These 400 interpolation points can be divided up into upto 8 curves. x and y coordinates can be entered separately. The x values do not have to be equidistant, i.e. many points are placed at the tight sections of the curve and fewer in the straight sections. Linear interpolation takes place between the points. A very smooth torque curve can thus be achieved with relatively few points. These values, of course, can be parameterized via PROFIBUS DP. Therefore. where necessary, the cam may be changed within seconds (can be input by means of the DriveMonitor service program). A very high dynamic performance and a high degree of accuracy are achieved due to precontrol of the speed and torque.

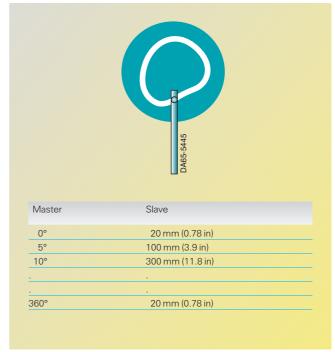


Fig. 6/91 Electronic cam disc



#### Technology software – Synchronous operation

#### Start/stop function for product collation and product decollation

The start/stop function allows targeted shutdown and starting of the angular synchronism mode, including the cam function, at a precisely defined engaging position for one or several machine cycles. The ramp for the start/stop function can be stipulated as the distance. The engaging/disengaging action can also be started via a digital input.

The disengaging function is used, for example, for collating products if a product is missing in the continuous flow of goods.

The disengaging function stops the drive (slave drive) according to a corresponding request at a parking position and, after one or several machine cycles (product lengths), starts it again in angular synchronism with the master drive.

The engaging function can be used for removing defective products. This function is similar to the disengaging function but, here, the drive starts for one or more machine cycles with angular synchronism, starting from a parking position relative to the master drive. After this, it again moves precisely to its parking position.

The start/stop function can also be used in combination with the gears and the cam.

Fig. 6/92 shows an example of using the start/stop function for ejecting defective products of a packing machine.

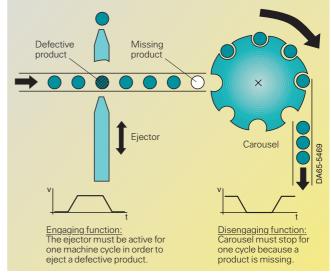


Fig. 6/92 Application example of the start/stop function for removing defective products in a packing machine

#### **Print-mark control**

The print-mark control system, in conjunction with suitable reading devices, is for matching the master drive to the slave drive. The synchronization signal is evaluated by a high-speed digital input with interrupt capability and a time resolution of a few  $\mu$ s. The speed at which matching or the correction movement is carried out can be set.

An example of print-mark evaluation is a packing machine in which the continuous flow of goods must be packed in foil with the requirement that the printed image of the packing foil is always at the same position on the product. By detection of the print-mark on the foil, expansion (or shrinkage) of the foil – both of which always occur – can be detected and automatically compensated.

Drifting phenomena, which would be noticeable during operation without print-mark control, are thus reliably avoided.

Fig. 6/93 illustrates the method of functioning of print-mark synchronization.

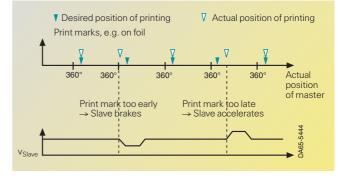


Fig. 6/93 Example of print-mark synchronization

# Applications of the synchronous-operation function

With the angular synchronism control system, mechanical shafts, gears and cams can be replaced, e.g. in

- shaftless printing machines
- packing and filling machines
- looms and other textile machines
- gantry traversing units
- conveyor systems.

Compact and chassis units



Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

**Technology** 

#### Encoders for position detection

For the technology functions, information about the position is required in addition to speed. MASTERDRIVES Motion Control allows position detection directly via the motor encoder, thus eliminating the need for an additional built on encoder for position control. Only when it is necessary from a technological point of view can position detection take place by means of an additional external encoder. The types of encoder can be classified as incremental encoders and absolute-value encoders.

#### Incremental encoders

Incremental encoders only provide the relative change in position. In order to enable absolute positioning, encoder detection must be referenced. This can be done by means of a proximity switch (BERO®) with a known mechanical position and/or with the zero mark of the encoder.

#### Absolute-value encoders

can be divided up into two groups:

Single-turn encoders
(two-pole resolver, optical sin/cos incremental encoder) supply the absolute position within a revolution. If absolute positions have to be detected over several revolutions with a single-turn encoder (normal occurrence), referencing is necessary as with the incremental encoder.

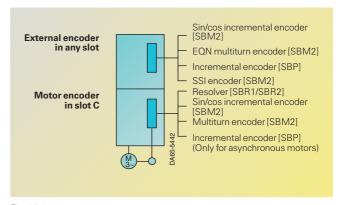


Fig. 6/94 Overview of the useable encoder-evaluation boards

Multiturn encoders detect the position within a revolution and over a defined range (e.g. 4096 revolutions) and supply this value when the system is restarted after a power failure. Referencing is thus not necessary.

Encoder-evaluation boards ("sensor boards") that can be used with MASTER-DRIVES Motion Control units are shown in Fig. 6/94. A maximum of two encoders can be evaluated at the same time.

#### Overview of the characteristics of the different encoders:

Encoder type	Evaluation board in MASTERDRIVES Motion Control	Resolution (increments/revolution)	Achievable positioning accuracy () (pulses/revolution)	Useable as Motor encoder (slot C)	External encoder
Resolver 2	SBR1/SBR2 (without/with incremental encoder simulation)	4096 pulses/rev. with 2-pole resolver	1024 pulses/rev. with 2-pole resolver	Yes	No
Sin/cos incremental encoder 1 V <sub>pp</sub> <b>5</b>	SBM/SBM2	16.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup> pulses/rev.	10 <sup>5</sup> to 10 <sup>6</sup> pulses/rev.	Yes	Yes (SBM2)
Absolute-value encoder (EnDat)	SBM/SBM2	16.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup> pulses/rev. 4096 revolutions can be simulated	10 <sup>5</sup> to 10 <sup>6</sup> pulses/rev.	Yes	Yes (SBM2)
Incremental encoder TTL 3	SBP	Number of lines x 4, i.e. 4096 pulses/rev for standard motor encoder	Number of lines x 1, i.e. 1024 incs./rev. with standard motor encoder	Yes, with asynchronous motors	Yes
Absolute-value encoder SSI 4	SBM/SBM2	Typically 4096 pulses/rev. Typically 4096 revolutions can be simulated	typically 1024 pulses/rev.	No	Yes

#### Notes

- In practice, the resolution of the encoder must be higher than the requested positioning accuracy by a factor of 4 to 10. The levels of accuracy given in the table are only rough quidelines.
- 2 Resolver:
- In the case of multiple-pole resolvers, the resolution and accuracy are correspondingly higher.
- In the following cases, a sin/cos incremental encoder should be used instead of a resolver:
  - for stringent requirements regarding positioning accuracy
     for stringent requirements regarding the dynamic response

- when print marks are to be detected with a high degree of accuracy
- when smooth running characteristics are required at extremely low speeds under approx. 5 rpm.
- In the case of the SBR2, incremental encoder simulation is performed at terminals equipped with 2 tracks, each with 512 or 1024 pulses per revolution (can be set) and zero pulse, RS422 level (TTL differential signal).
- signal).

  Applies to 2-pole resolvers; with multiple-pole resolvers, the number of pulses per revolution is correspondingly higher.

- Incremental encoder:
- On the SBP, the pulses are quadrupled internally (flank evaluation).
- Number of lines can be parameterized between 4 and 32768 lines per revolution.
- Max. pulse frequency that can be evaluated: 410 kHz
- HTL and RS422 level can be evaluated
- 4 SSI encoder
- Many types of SSI encoder with various resolutions (single-turn and multiturn, linear scales, etc.) are available on the market.
- All encoders can be evaluated with the standard SSI protocol (e.g. SIEMENS, Stegmann, TR, Fraba, Heidenhain, Infrarot-Abstandsmeßsystem, etc.).
- SBM/SBM2: Incremental encoder simulation is performed at the output terminals equipped with 2 tracks, each with 2048 pulses per revolution and zero pulse; RS422 level.

# **Engineering information**

#### **Technology**



#### T100, T300 and T400 technology boards for compact and chassis units

The T100, T300 and T400 technology boards can be integrated in all compact and chassis units but not in the Compact PLUS units. With these boards, additional technological functions can be implemented. They are mainly used for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Vector Control (VC), as these units do not have any integrated technology functions (positioning, synchronous operation). For a detailed description of the functionality of these boards, refer to the catalog for MASTERDRIVES Vector Control (DA 65.10 or the North American version).

The following is a short overview of the functions provided:

#### T100 technology board

- 8 binary inputs and 5 binary outputs
- 5 analog inputs and 2 analog outputs
- 2 serial interfaces
- Many control, arithmetic and logic software modules.

Implementation of the T100 together with SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES is only useful if many software blocks must be calculated in a very short period of time and the available processing time on the MASTERDRIVES Motion Control units is not sufficient (e.g. if the pulse frequency has to be set to 10 kHz for dynamic reasons).

#### T300 technology board

- 16 binary inputs and 8 binary outputs
- 7 analog inputs and 4 analog outputs
- 2 serial interfaces
- Standard software for positioning, synchronous operation, center winders, multi-axis drives
- Compatible with SIMADYN D
- Customized planning with STRUC®

#### T400 technology board

- 8 binary inputs and
   4 bidirectional binary inputs or outputs
- 5 analog inputs and 2 analog outputs
- 2 serial interfaces
- Compatible with SIMADYN D
- Customized planning with SIMATIC STEP 7/CFC V 4.0

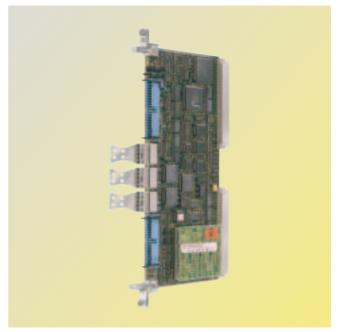


Fig. 6/95 T300 board with memory module

Compact and chassis units



Compact PLUS units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Technology

#### Central control boards

Siemens supplies "scalable technology functions" for Motion Control.

The MASTERDRIVE Motion Control converters already have a wide range of functions "on board". In order to extend these functions, the MASTERDRIVES Motion Control units can be flexibly linked up to central systems. Some central solutions can be configured graphically with CFC. This enables simple and rapid customized planning and adaptation.

The link can be established in any of the following ways:

- Fieldbus systems (PROFIBUS DP)
  - Transmission of setpoints, actual values, control words and parameters
  - Additional synchronization of the drives and direct communication between drives with clock-synchronous PROFIBUS DP
- SIMOLINK:
  - Transmission of setpoints, actual values and control words
  - Synchronization of the drives
- Direct communication between the drives
- Transmission of parameters not possible

- Analog input on MASTER-DRIVES Motion Control +/- 10 V
- The standard resolution of the analog input is 12 bits
- 14 bits resolution possible with the EB1 expansion board
- Encoder signals from the MASTERDRIVES Motion Control to the control center using
  - TTL signals (5 V) with the SBR2, SBP, SBM2 encoder boards
  - HTL signals (15 V) with the SBP encoder board
- $-\,\mathsf{SIMOLINK}.$
- Clock-synchronous PROFIBUS DP

The following table provides an overview of the centralized control boards and their functionality.

Central board	5	Softwa	re	Link to MASTERDR	IVES Motion C	Control	Function	ality				Setpoin stipulati	
Family	Hardware	Stan- dard	customer- specific	Digital PROFIBUS DP	SIMOLINK	Analog +/- 10 V	Positio- ning	Synchro- nous operation	Cam	Lin. inter- polation	Path curves	Speed	Posi- tion
SIMADYN D	PM 5/6	no	yes, with CFC	yes	yes	yes	Custome using CF	er-specific C	yes	yes	no	yes	yes
	T400 <sup>1</sup> )	no	yes, with CFC	Built into SIM	10VERT MAS	TERDRIVES1)	Custome using CF	er-specific C	yes	no	no	yes	yes
For SIMATIC	FM 354	yes	no	no	no	yes	yes	no	no	yes	no	yes	no
S7-300	FM 357-2	yes	yes	no	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no
For SIMATIC	FM 453	yes	no	no	no	yes	yes	no	no	yes	no	yes	no
S7-400	FM 458	no	yes, with CFC	yes	yes	yes	Custome using CF	er-specific C	yes	yes	no	yes	yes
SIMATIC TDC	CPU 551	no	yes, with CFC	yes	no	yes	Custome using CF	er-specific C	yes	yes	no	yes	yes
Open	SICOMP SMP	no	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes
software kit (OSB)	SIMATIC PC	yes	yes	yes2)	no	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	no

<sup>1)</sup> Cannot be combined with Compact PLUS design (6SE70 . . - . . P. . ).

<sup>2)</sup> Clock-synchronous.

**Engineering information** 

**Operator control and visualization** 

Compact PLUS units





#### OP1S user-friendly operator control panel

The OP1S operator control panel is an optional input/output device which can be used for parameterizing the units. Parameterization is menu-guided and is performed by selecting the parameter number and then entering the parameter value. Plain-text displays greatly facilitate parameterization.

Parameter and parameter value descriptions, as well as text displays in English, German, Spanish, French and Italian, are included in the standard version.

The OP1S has a non-volatile memory and is capable of permanently storing complete parameter sets. It can therefore be used for archiving parameter settings and for transferring parameter sets from one unit to another.

Its storage capacity is sufficient to store 5 CUMC board data sets. It is not possible to store data sets of the technology boards (e.g. T100, T300).

On the rear of the OP1S is a 9-pin SUB-D connector via which power is supplied and communication with the connected units takes place.

The OP1S operator control panel may be plugged directly onto the SUB-D socket of the PMU operator control and parameterizing unit and screwed into the front panel.

The OP1S operator panel can also be used as a remote-control device. The cable between the PMU and the OP1S must not exceed 200 m (656 ft). If longer than 5 m (16 ft), a standard 5 V power supply with a current capability of at least 400 mA must be included on the OP1S end, as shown in Fig. 6/97.

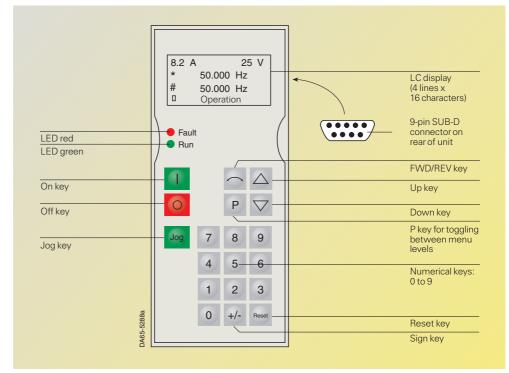


Fig. 6/96 View of the OP1S

OP1S connections via RS485	Pin	Designation	Description
	1	-	-
	2	-	_
	3	RS485 P	Data via RS485 interface
	4	-	_
	5	N5V	Ground
	6	P5V	5 V auxiliary voltage supply
	7	_	-
	8	PS485 N	Data via RS485 interface
	9	_	Reference potential

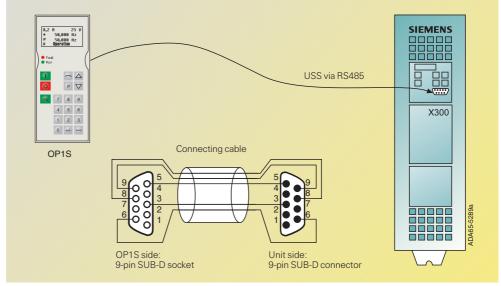


Fig. 6/97 OP1S in a point-to-point link



**Engineering information** 

**Operator control and visualization** 

#### OP1S user-friendly operator control panel (continued)

The OP1S and the unit to be operated communicate with each other via the serial interface (RS485) using the USS protocol (see Fig. 6/97). During communication, the OP1S assumes the function of a master whereas the connected units function as slaves (see Fig. 6/99). The OP1S can be operated at transfer rates of 9.6 kbit/s and 19.2 kbit/s and is capable of communicating with up to 31 slaves (address 1 to 31). It can therefore be used in a point-to-point link (operator control of one unit) or with a bus configuration (operator control of several units).

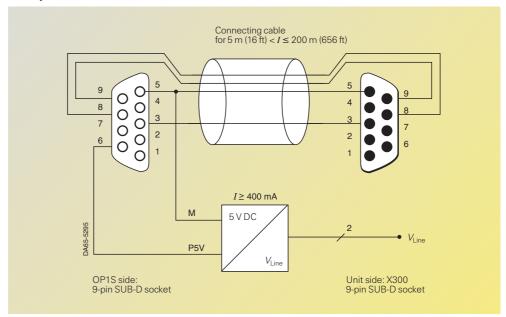


Fig. 6/98 OP1S in a point-to-point link with up to 200 m (656 ft) of cable

Compact PLUS units

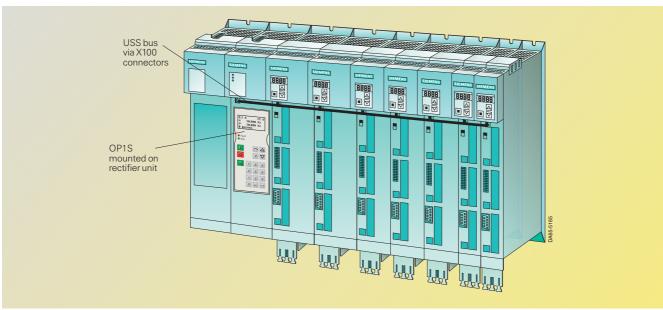


Fig. 6/99 OP1S, bus operation with Compact PLUS units

## **Engineering information**

#### **Operator control and visualization**

Compact PLUS units



Compact and chassis units



## Control terminal strip

The control terminal strip is located on the front of the Compact PLUS units or on the CUMC control board for the compact and chassis units.

All the necessary functions for operating and monitoring SIMOVERT MASTER-DRIVES are accessible via the control terminal strip.

- Control commands, e.g. ON/OFF, inverter enable, ramp-function generator enable, setpoint enable, fixed setpoint selection, acknowledgement, etc.
- Analog setpoint inputs, e.g. speed setpoint, torque setpoint
- Analog outputs of internally calculated quantities, e.g. motor current, speed, motor voltage, frequency
- Status messages, e.g. ready to switch on, run, fault.

For the assignment of the control terminal strip, please refer to pages 6/29, 6/30, 6/32, 6/34 and 6/36.

#### Main contactor control

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES have a digital output which can be parameterized and is pre-assigned to control an external main contactor via the ON command of the SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES. In this case, an external 24 V DC auxiliary power supply is required.

The connections for this purpose are provided on the X9 terminal (see pages 6/29 and 6/38).

6

# Compact and chassis units

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Engineering information

Compact PLUS units

Operator control and visualization

#### Start-up, parameterization and diagnostics with DriveMonitor

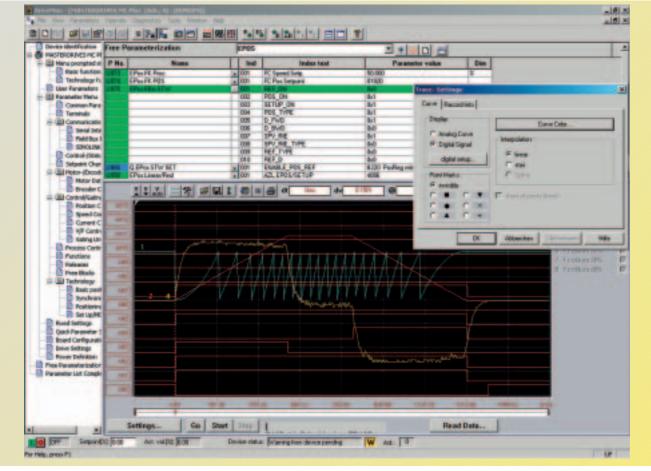


Fig. 6/100 Trace function with DriveMonitor

# <u>DriveMonitor performance</u> characteristics

- Setting and monitoring of all basic-unit parameters in tables, which can be individually created
- Reading, writing, managing, printing and comparison of parameter sets
- Handling of process data (control commands, setpoints)
- Diagnostics (faults, alarms, fault memory)
- Off-line and on-line operation
- Parameterization of the T100, T300 and T400 technology boards
- Graphic display of the trace-memory function for analysis purposes
- Menu-assisted parameterization during commissioning.

# Hardware and software requirements

- PC with Pentium II or comparable processor
- Operating systems
  - Windows 98/ME or
  - Windows NT/2000/ XP Professional
- Main memory of at least 32 MB RAM with Windows 98/ME, 64 MB RAM with Windows NT/2000/ XP Professional
- CD-ROM drive (24 x)
- Screen resolution 800 x 600 or higher
- Free hard-disk memory of 200 MB for minimum requirements
- Recommended system requirements
  - Pentium II/500 MHz or higher
- Main memory of 256 MB RAM

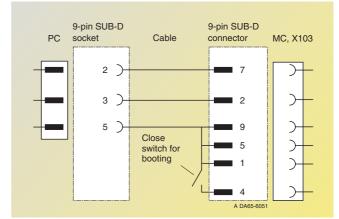


Fig. 6/101 Combination cable for boot function and DriveMonitor

- Windows 98/ME/NT/ 2000/XP Professional
- CD-ROM drive (24 x)
- Screen resolution 800 x 600 or higher
- Free hard-disk memory of 500 MB

For stand-alone operation (USS)

- RS232 serial interface (for one unit, point-to-point)
- RS485 serial interface (for several units, bus operation), e.g. with the RS232/RS485 interface converter, SU1).

**Engineering information** 

#### Power and encoder cables

For safe and reliable operation, it is essential for the power and encoder cables to be laid in accordance with EMC considerations, such as shielding, physical separation of encoder and power cables, etc. (see Electromagnetic compatibility, page 6/49).

# Compact PLUS units

If the power cables are unshielded, continuous sheetmetal barriers between signal and power cables are absolutely essential.



t and units

#### Maximum lengths of encoder cables

Encoder	Max. cable length
Sin/cos encoders (incremental encoders, singleturn generators, multiturn encoders)	100 m (328 ft)
Resolvers	150 m (492 ft)
Incremental encoders  – TTL  – HTL without signal inversion  – HTL with signal inversion	100 m (328 ft) 150 m (492 ft) 300 m (984 ft)

Note
Correct shielding of the signal cable is absolutely essential.

### Maximum lengths of power cables

The lengths given below apply only to power cables with PE insulation.

Cables with PVC insulation have a considerably higher capacitance per unit length.

If cables with PVC insulation are used, the lengths indicated must be reduced by one third.

Overdimensioning the converter or inverter allows the use of slightly longer cables.

#### **Compact PLUS units**

Unit (power rating)	Pulse frequency of 5 kHz		Pulse frequency of 10 k	кНz
	Unshielded cable	Shielded cable	Unshielded cable	Shielded cable
0.55 kW (0.75 HP) and 0.75 kW (1 HP)	100 m (328 ft)	70 m (230 ft)	50 m (164 ft)	35 m (115 ft)
1.1 kW (1.5 HP) to 18.5 kW (24.8 HP)	130 m (427 ft)	100 m (328 ft)	65 m (213 ft)	50 m (164 ft)

#### Compact and chassis units

Unit (power rating)	Pulse frequency of 5 kHz		Pulse frequency of 10 k	Hz
	Unshielded cable	Shielded cable	Unshielded cable	Shielded cable
2.2 kW (3 HP) to 4 kW (5 HP)	100 m (328 ft)	70 m (230 ft)	50 m (164 ft)	35 m (115 ft)
5.5 kW (7.5 HP) to 250 kW (335 HP)	130 m (427 ft)	100 m (328 ft)	65 m (213 ft)	50 m (164 ft)

6

# Motion Control Dimension drawings



7/2 Compact PLUS units

//3 Compact units

7/4 Chassis units

7/6 Braking units and braking resistors

7/8 Line-side components

7/15 DC link components

7/16 1FK6 synchronous servomotors

7/17 1FK7 synchronous servomotors

1FT6 synchronous servomotors

1PH7 asynchronous servomotors

# **Dimension drawings**

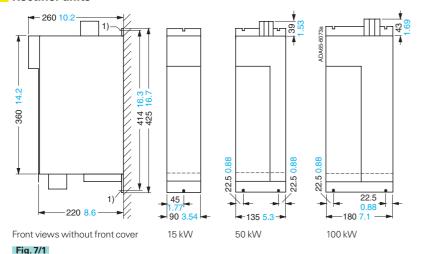
## **Compact PLUS units**



(7/10/15 HP)

(20/25 HP)

## Rectifier units



#### Converters and inverters

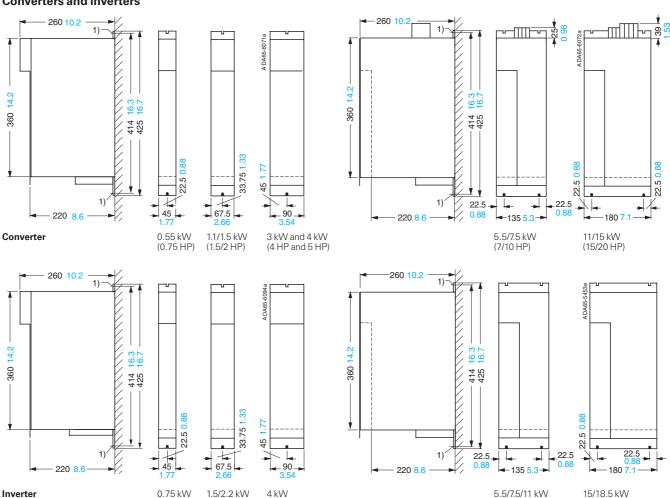


Fig. 7/2

Dimension in mm

Dimension in inches

Front views without front cover

1) Retaining bolts: M5.

(1 HP)

(2/3 HP)

(5 HP)

# **SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control** Dimension drawings

Compact PLUS units

## DC link module and capacitor module

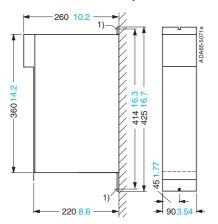


Fig. 7/3

#### Rectifier units and rectifier/regenerative units

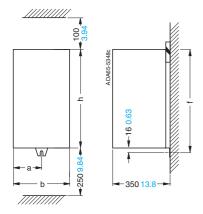


Fig. 7/4 6SE7024-1EB85 6SE70 . . - . EC85

#### Type b mm (in) 6SE7024-1EB85 67.5 425 (16.73) 425 (16.73) 135 (5.31) (2.66)180 (7.07) 600 (23.62) 600 (23.62) 6SE70 . . - . EC85 (3.54)

## Converters and inverters, AFE inverters

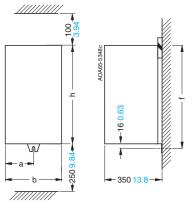


Fig. 7/5	
6SE70A51 6SE70B51	
6SE70C51 6SE70D51	

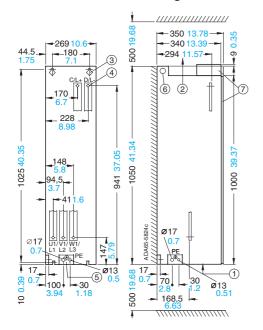
#### Dimension in mm **Dimension in inches**

1) For size D, two lugs left and right.

Туре	a mm (in)	b	f	h
6SE70A51	45	90	425	425
	(1.77)	(3.54)	(16.73)	(16.73)
6SE70B51	67.5	135	425	425
	(2.66)	(5.31)	(16.73)	(16.73)
6SE70C51	90	180	600	600
	(3.54)	(7.07)	(23.62)	(23.62)
6SE70D51	45 <sup>1</sup> )	270	600	600
	(1.77 <sup>1</sup> ))	(10.63)	(23.62)	(23.62)

# **Dimension drawings**

#### Rectifier units and rectifier/regenerative units

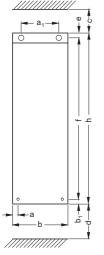


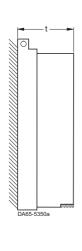
- (1) Air inlet, e.g. up to the closed cabinet base or cable duct
- ② Air outlet up to a reflecting surface, e.g. ceiling or closed roof
- 3 Through-hole for M8 bolt
- (a) Through-hole for power connections:
  M16 for 6SE7036–1EE85–0AA0, 6SE7034–2FE85–0AA0,
  6SE7035–4FE85–0AA0, 6SE7034–2HE85–0AA0 and 6SE7035-4HE85-0AA0
  - M12 for all other units
- (5) Pre-fitted terminal for PE M16 for 6SE7036–1EE85–0AA0, 6SE7034–2FE85–0AA0, 6SE7035–4FE85–0AA0, 6SE7034–2HE85–0AA0 and 6SE7035–4HE85–0AA0 M12 for all other units
- 6 Lifting eye Ø 30 mm
- 7) Front cover (doors) and terminal cover, only with version IP20

Fig. 7/6

6SE70 .. - . EE85

#### Converters and inverters, sizes E, F and G, AFE inverters



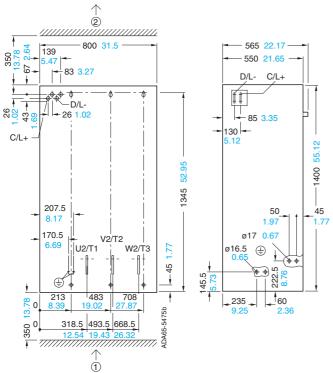


Туре	a mm (in)	a <sub>1</sub>	b	b <sub>1</sub>	С	d	е	f	h	t
6SE70E	45	180	270	10	350	400	15	1025	1050	365
	(1.77)	(7.07)	(10.63)	(0.39)	(13.78)	(15.75)	(0.59)	(40.35)	(41.34)	(14.37)
6SE70F	45	270	360	10	350	400	15	1025	1050	365
	(1.77)	(10.63)	(14.17)	(0.39)	(13.78)	(15.75)	(0.59)	(40.35)	(41.34)	(14.37)
6SE70G	119	270	508	25	350	320	50	1375	1450	465
	(4.69)	(10.63)	(20.0)	(0.98)	(13.78)	(12.6)	(1.97)	(54.13)	(57.09)	(18.3)

Fig. 7/7



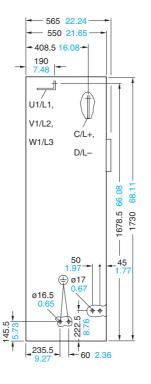
#### Inverters, size J



- (1) Air intake
- ② Air outlet

Converters, size K 1 800 31.5 243.5 350 13.78 123.5 31 31 1.22 1.22 53.5 129 129 —∮<del>∳∳</del> U1/L1 151.5 5.96 ø13.5 W1/L3 55 2.17-V1/L2 0.39 M12 ø17 0.67 9 C/L+ D/L-65 1651 \_ 209 8.23 177 V2/T2 U2/T1 W2/T3 (1) 9x15 24 0.94 0.78 213 483 708 493.5 668.5 318.5 19.43 26.

1



① Air intake

Fig. 7/8

Air outlet

Fig. 7/9

## **Braking units and braking resistors**

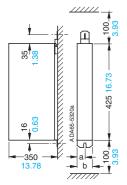


Fig. 7/10

#### Sizes S, A and B

Туре	a mm (in)	b	
6SE70S	22.5	45	
6SE70A	(0.88) 45	(1.77) 90	
6SE70B	(1.77) 67.5 (2.66)	(3.54) 135 (5.31)	

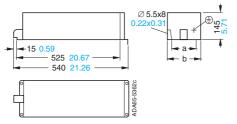
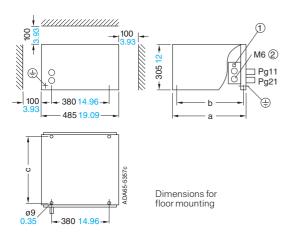


Fig. 7/11

#### Braking resistors, 5 kW and 10 kW

Туре	a mm (in)	b
6SE70 18-0ES87-2DC0	150 (5.9)	180 (7.07)
6SE70 21-6ES87-2DC0	330 (13)	360 (14.2)



#### Fig. 7/12

#### Braking resistors, 20 kW and 50 kW

#### Dimension in mm **Dimension in inches**

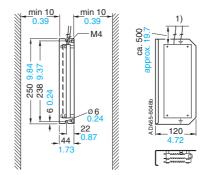
① T1/T2 socket terminal

Stud terminal

# Compact PLUS units

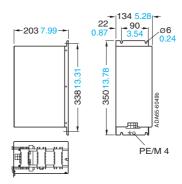






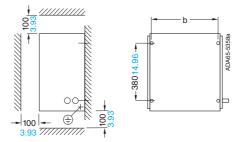
#### Fig. 7/10a

#### Braking resistors, 2 kW and 4 kW



#### Fig. 7/11a

#### Braking resistor, 12 kW

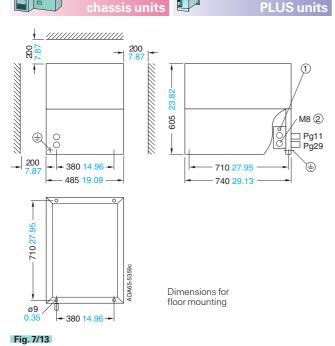


Wall mounting possible

Туре	a mm (in)	b	С
6SE70 23-2ES87-2DC0	430	400	400
	(16.93)	(15.75)	(15.75)
6SE70 28-0ES87-2DC0	740	710	710
	(29.13)	(27.95)	(27.95)

1) 6SE7013–2ES87–2DC0: 1.3 mm² (AWG 16) 6SE7016–3ES87–2DC0: 2.1 mm² (AWG 14)

# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Dimension drawings Compact and chassis units Compact PLUS units Braking units and braking resistors



200 8 33.66 M122 1325 (D □ Pg11 0 0 □ Pg36 (1) 200 (1) 380 14.96 710 27.95 485 19.09 740 29.13 755 29.72 710 Dimensions for floor mounting ø10.5 0.41 380 14.96-

Fig. 7/14

Braking resistor, 170 kW 6SE7032-7ES87-2CD0

Braking resistor, 100 kW 6SE7031–6ES87–2DC0

# Dimension drawings

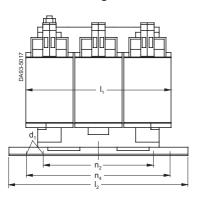
**Line-side components** 

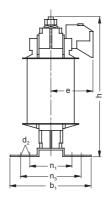
Compact PLUS units



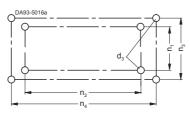


### 4EP commutating reactors





n<sub>3</sub> and n<sub>4</sub> mounting hole acc. to EN 60 852-4 n<sub>1</sub> and n<sub>2</sub> mounting hole acc. to DIN 41 308



#### Fig. 7/15

# **4EP commutating reactors,** $I_{LN} \leq$ **35.5 A** with terminal connections, suitable for all mounting positions

Type	b <sub>1</sub> mm (in)	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	d <sub>3</sub>	е	h	I <sub>1</sub>	l <sub>2</sub>	n <sub>1</sub>	n <sub>2</sub>	n <sub>3</sub>	n <sub>4</sub>	Weight, approx. kg (lb)
4EP32	57.5 (2.26)	4.8 (0.19)	9 (0.35)	M4	56 (2.20)	108 (4.25)	78 (3.07)	88.5 (3.48)	34 (1.34)	1)	42.5 (1.67)	79.5 (3.13)	0.7 (1.54)
4EP33	64 (2.52)	4.8 (0.19)	9 (0.35)	M4	55 (2.16)	122 (4.80)	96 (3.78)	124 (4.88)	33 (1.30)	1)	44 (1.73)	112 (4.41)	0.9 (1.98)
4EP34	73 (2.87)	4.8 (0.19)	9 (0.35)	M4	59 (2.32)	122 (4.80)	96 (3.78)	124 (4.88)	42 (1.65)	1)	53 (2.09)	112 (4.41)	1.4 (3.09)
4EP35	68 (2.68)	4.8 (0.19)	9 (0.35)	M4	57 (2.24)	139 (5.47)	120 (4.72)	148 (5.83)	39 (1.54)	90 (3.54)	48 (1.89)	136 (5.35)	1.9 (4.19)
4EP36	78 (3.07)	4.8 (0.19)	9 (0.35)	M4	62 (2.44)	139 (5.47)	120 (4.72)	148 (5.83)	49 (1.93)	90 (3.54)	58 (2.28)	136 (5.35)	2.8 (6.17)
4EP37	73 (2.87)	5.8 (0.23)	11 (0.43)	M5	60 (2.36)	159 (6.26)	150 (5.91)	178 (7.01)	49 (1.93)	113 (4.45)	53 (2.09)	166 (6.54)	3.7 (8.16)
4EP38	88 (3.46)	5.8 (0.23)	11 (0.43)	M5	67 (2.64)	159 (6.26)	150 (5.91)	178 (7.01)	64 (2.52)	113 (4.45)	68 (2.68)	166 (6.54)	5 (11.03)
4EP39	99 (3.90)	7 (0.28)	13 (0.51)	M6	62 (2.44)	181 (7.13)	182	219 (8.62)	56 (2.20)	136 (5.35)	69 (2.72)	201 (7.91)	6.1 (13.45)
4EP40	119 (4.69)	7 (0.28)	13 (0.51)	M6	72 (2.83)	181 (7.13)	182 (7.17)	219 (8.62)	76 (2.99)	136 (5.35)	89 (3.50)	201 (7.91)	8.8 (19.40)

Terminal 8WA9 200 (for  $I_{LN} \le 15 \text{ A}$ )

Solid 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> to 6.0 mm<sup>2</sup> Finely

stranded 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> to 4.0 mm<sup>2</sup>

Terminal RKW 110 or TRKSD 10 (for  $I_{\rm LN}$  16 A to 35.5 A)

 $1.0 \, mm^2 \, to \, 16.0 \, mm^2$ 

Solid Finely

stranded 1.0 mm<sup>2</sup> to 10.0 mm<sup>2</sup>

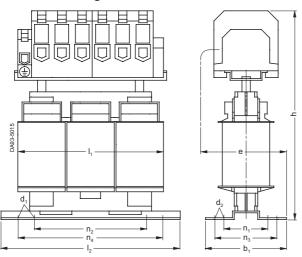
Grounding stud M6 x 12

Solid  $2.5\,mm^2\,to\,10.0\,mm^2$ Finely

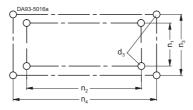
stranded 4.0 mm<sup>2</sup> to 10.0 mm<sup>2</sup>

**SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control** Dimension drawings

### 4EP commutating reactors



 $\ensuremath{n_3}$  and  $\ensuremath{n_4}$  mounting hole acc. to EN 60 852-4  $\rm n_1$  and  $\rm n_2$  mounting hole acc. to DIN 41 308



#### Fig. 7/16

**4EP commutating reactors, I\_{\rm LN} 36 A to 50 A** with terminal connections, suitable for all mounting positions

Туре	b <sub>1</sub> mm (in)	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	d <sub>3</sub>	е	h	I <sub>1</sub>	l <sub>2</sub>	n <sub>1</sub>	n <sub>2</sub>	n <sub>3</sub>	n <sub>4</sub>	Weight, approx. kg (lb)
4EP38	88 (3.46)	5.8 (0.23)	11 (0.43)	M5	86 (3.39)	193 (7.60)	150 (5.91)	178 (7.01)	64 (2.52)	113 (4.45)	68 (2.68)	166 (6.54)	5 (11.03)
4EP39	99 (3.90)	7 (0.28)	13 (0.51)	M6	91.5 (3.60)	220 (8.66)	182 (7.17)	219 (8.62)	56 (2.20)	136 (5.35)	69 (2.72)	201 (7.91)	6.1 (13.45)
4EP40	119 (4.69)	7 (0.28)	13 (0.51)	M6	101.5 (3.97)	220 (8.66)	182 (7.17)	219 (8.62)	76 (2.99)	136 (5.35)	89 (3.50)	201 (7.91)	8.8 (19.40)

Compact PLUS units

Terminal RKW 110

or TRKSD 10 (for  $I_{LN} \le 40 \text{ A}$ )

Solid 1.0 mm<sup>2</sup> to 16.0 mm<sup>2</sup> Finely

stranded 1.0 mm<sup>2</sup> to 10.0 mm<sup>2</sup> Grounding stud M6 x 12

Solid  $2.5 \, mm^2 \, to \, 10.0 \, mm^2$ 

Finely stranded 4.0 mm<sup>2</sup> to 10.0 mm<sup>2</sup>

Terminal 8WA1 304 (for  $I_{LN}$  40 A to 50 A)

Solid 1.0 mm² to 16.0 mm² Stranded 10.0 mm² to 25.0 mm² Finely stranded 2.5 mm² to 16.0 mm²

Grounding terminal EK 16/35

Solid Finely 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> to 16.0 mm<sup>2</sup>

stranded 4.0 mm<sup>2</sup> to 16.0 mm<sup>2</sup>

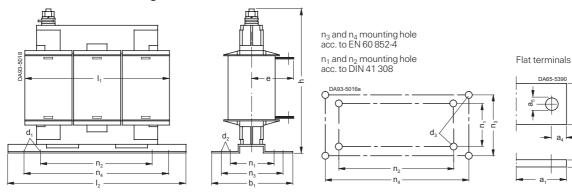
## **Line-side components**

Compact PLUS units





## 4EP and 4EU commutating reactors

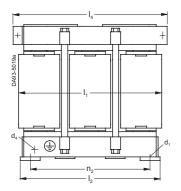


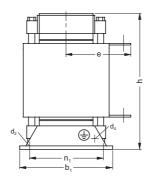
#### Fig. 7/17

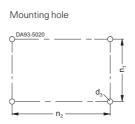
**4EP commutating reactors,**  $I_{\rm LN} \ge 51~{\rm A}$  with flat terminals, suitable for all mounting positions

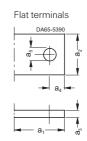
Type	b <sub>1</sub> mm (in)	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	d <sub>3</sub>	е	h	I <sub>1</sub>	l <sub>2</sub>	n <sub>1</sub>	n <sub>2</sub>	n <sub>3</sub>	n <sub>4</sub>	Weight, approx. kg (lb)
4EP38	88 (3.46)	5.8 (0.23)	11 (0.43)	M5	76 (2.99)	153 (6.02)	150 (5.91)	178 (7.01)	64 (2.52)	113 (4.45)	68 (2.68)	166 (6.54)	5 (11.03)
4EP39	99 (3.90)	7	13 (0.51)	M6	73 (2.87)	179	182 (7.17)	219 (8.62)	56 (2.20)	136 (5.35)	69 (2.72)	201	6.5 (14.33)
4EP40	119 (4.69)	7 (0.28)	13 (0.51)	M6	83 (3.27)	179 (7.05)	182 (7.17)	219 (8.62)	76 (2.99)	136 (5.35)	89 (3.50)	201 (7.91)	10 (22.05)

Rated current $I_{\rm LN}$	a <sub>1</sub>	a <sub>2</sub>	a <sub>3</sub>	a <sub>4</sub>	a <sub>5</sub>
Α					
51 to 80	30 (1.18)	20 (0.79)	3 (0.12)	10 (0.39)	9 (0.35)
81 to 200	35 (1.38)	25	5 (0.20)	12.5	11









## Fig. 7/18

**4EU commutating reactors,**   $I_{\rm LN} \ge 45~{\rm A}$  with flat terminals, for mounting on horizontal surfaces

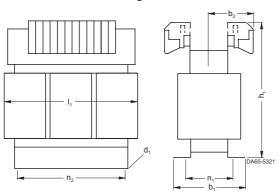
Type	b <sub>1</sub> mm (in)	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	d <sub>3</sub>	d <sub>4</sub>	е	h	I <sub>1</sub>	l <sub>2</sub>	l <sub>4</sub>	n <sub>1</sub>	n <sub>2</sub>	Weight, approx. kg (lb)
4EU24	104 (4.09)	7 (0.28)	13 (0.51)	M6	M6	80 (3.15)	220 (8.66)	219 (8.62)	206 (8.11)	196 (7.72)	70 (2.76)	176 (6.93)	11.9 (26.24)
4EU25	128 (5.04)	7 (0.28)	13 (0.51)	M6	M6	97 (3.82)	220 (8.66)	219 (8.62)	206 (8.11)	196 (7.72)	94 (3.70)	176 (6.93)	18 (39.69)
4EU27	146 (5.75)	10 (0.39)	18 (0.71)	M8	M6	114 (4.49)	250 (9.84)	255 (10.04)	235 (9.25)	280 (11.02)	101 (3.98)	200 (7.87)	28.2 (62.18)
4EU30	155 (6.10)	10 (0.39)	18 (0.71)	M8	M6	116 (4.57)	280 (11.02)	285 (11.22)	264 (10.39)	310 (12.20)	118 (4.65)	224 (8.82)	40.3 (88.86)
4EU36	169 (6.65)	10 (0.39)	18 (0.71)	M8	M6	180 (7.09)	335	345	314 (12.36)	360	138	264 (10.39)	61 (134.51)

Rated current I <sub>LN</sub>	a <sub>1</sub>	a <sub>2</sub>	a <sub>3</sub>	a <sub>4</sub>	a <sub>5</sub>
Α					
45 to 80	30 (1.18)	20 (0.79)	3 (0.12)	10 (0.39)	9 (0.35)
81 to 200	35 (1.38)	25 (0.98)	5 (0.20)	12.5 (0.49)	11 (0.43)
201 to 315	40 (1.57)	30 (1.38)	6 (0.24)	15 (0.59)	14 (0.55)
316 to 800	50 (1.97)	40 (1.57)	6 (0.24)	20 (0.79)	14 (0.55)

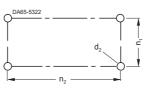
Dimension drawings

Compact PLUS units

### Autotransformers for regenerative feedback, with 25 % power-on duration







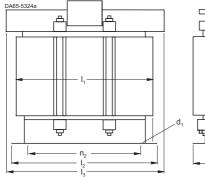
#### Fig. 7/19

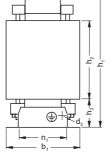
#### 4AP25 to 4AP30 autotransformers

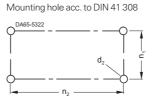
suitable for all mounting positions

Type	Designation acc. to DIN 41 302	b <sub>1</sub> mm (in)	b <sub>2</sub>	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	h <sub>1</sub>	I <sub>1</sub>	n <sub>1</sub>	n <sub>2</sub>	Weight, approx. kg (lb)
4AP25	3UI 114/62	115 (4.53)	85 (3.35)	7.4 (0.29)	M6	214 (8.43)	229 (9.02)	94 (3.70)	176 (6.93)	19 (41.89)
4AP27	3UI 132/70	133 (5.24)	89 (3.50)	10 (0.39)	M8	241 (9.49)	264 (10.39)	101 (3.98)	200 (7.87)	26 (57.33)
4AP30	3UI 150/75	148 (5.83)	92 (3.62)	10 (0.39)	M8	270 (10.63)	300 (11.81)	118 (4.65)	224 (8.82)	37 (1.46)

Screv	v terminals	
24 A:	Solid Finely stranded	0.5 to 6 mm <sup>2</sup> 0.5 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup>
58 A:	Solid or stranded Finely stranded	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup> 2.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
94 A:	Solid or stranded	4 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>







#### Flat terminals



#### Fig. 7/20

#### 4AU36, 4AU39 autotransformers

with flat terminals, suitable for all mounting positions

Permissible constant load for mounting on vertical surfaces: 0.95 ·  $P_{\rm s}$  at  $t_{\rm a}$  = 55 °C (131° F)  $P_{\rm s}$  at  $t_{\rm a}$  = 45 °C (113 °F)

Form	current A	mm (in)	a <sub>4</sub>	14
А	100	16 (0.63)	7 (0.28)	25 (0.98)
А	200	20	9 (0.35)	35
А	400	25	11 (0.43)	35

Туре	Designation acc. to DIN 41 302	b <sub>1</sub> mm (in)	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	d <sub>3</sub>	h <sub>1</sub>	h <sub>2</sub>	h <sub>3</sub>	I <sub>1</sub>	l <sub>2</sub>	l <sub>3</sub>	n <sub>1</sub>	n <sub>2</sub>	Weight, approx. kg (lb)
4AU36	3UI 180/75	169 (6.65)	10 (0.39)	M8	M6	320 (12.60)	150 (5.91)	60 (2.36)	360 (14.17)	314 (12.36)	360 (14.17)	138 (5.43)	264 (10.39)	59 (130.01)
4AU39	3UI 210/70	174 (6.85)	12 (0.47)	M10	M6	370 (14.57)	180 (7.09)	66 (2.60)	420 (16.54)	366 (14.41)	410 (16.14)	141 (5.55)	316 (12.44)	81 (178.61)

# Dimension drawings

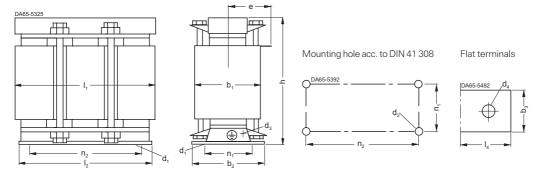
**Line-side components** 

Compact PLUS units





#### Autotransformers for regenerative feedback, with 25 % power-on duration (continued)



#### Fig. 7/21

#### 4BU autotransformer

with flat terminals, for mounting on horizontal surfaces

Туре	Type size acc. to DIN 41 302	b <sub>1</sub> mm (in)	b <sub>2</sub>	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	d <sub>3</sub>	h	I <sub>1</sub>	l <sub>2</sub>	n <sub>1</sub>	n <sub>2</sub>	Weight, approx. kg (lb)
4BU43	3UI 240/80	194 (7.64)	194 (7.64)	15 x 22 (0.59 x 0.87)	M12	M6	420 (16.54)	480 (18.90)	416 (16.38)	155 (6.10)	356 (14.02)	108 (238.14)
4BU45	3UI 240/107	221 (8.70)	221 (8.70)	15 x 22 (0.59 x 0.87)	M12	M6	420 (16.54)	480 (18.90)	416 (16.38)	182 (7.17)	356 (14.02)	135 (297.68)
4BU47	3UI 240/137	251 (9.88)	251 (9.88)	15 x 22 (0.59 x 0.87)	M12	M6	420 (16.54)	480 (18.90)	416 (16.38)	212 (8.35)	356 (14.02)	170 (374.85)
4BU51	3UIS 265/107	267 (10.51)	207 (8.15)	12.5 (0.49)	M10	M12	515 (20.28)	555 (21.85)	470 (18.50)	170 (6.69)	410 (16.14)	180 (396.90)

Form	Nominal current	b <sub>3</sub>	d <sub>4</sub>	l <sub>4</sub>
		mm		
	Α	(in)		
Α	200	20	9	35
			(0.35)	
Α	400	25	11	35
			(0.43)	
А	630	30	11	40
		(1.18)	(0.43)	(1.57)

Dimension drawings



Radio-interference suppression filters for Compact PLUS units

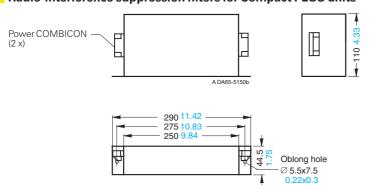


Fig. 7/22

Radio-interference suppression filter 6SE7012-0EP87-0FB0

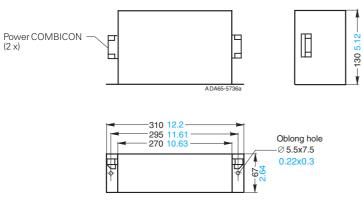


Fig. 7/23

Radio-interference suppression filter 6SE7016-0EP87-0FB0

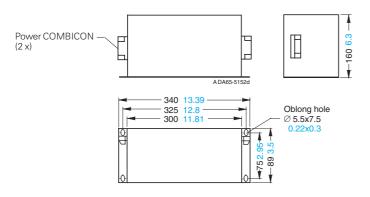


Fig. 7/24

Radio-interference suppression filter 6SE7021-2EP87-0FB0, 6SE7021-8EP87-0FB0

## **Line-side components**



### Radio-interference suppression filters for compact and chassis units

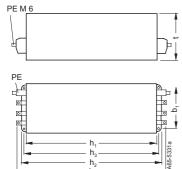
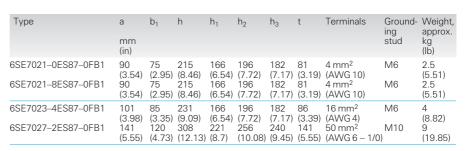




Fig. 7/25

Radio-interference suppression filter 6SE7021, 6SE7023, 6SE7027







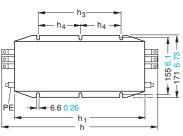
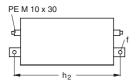


Fig. 7/26
Radio-interference suppression filter 6SE7031

Туре	h mm (in)	h <sub>1</sub>	h <sub>3</sub>	h <sub>4</sub>	Terminals	Weight, approx. kg (lb)
6SE7031-0ES87-0FA0 6SE7031-8ES87-0FA0	348 (13.70) 404 (15.91)	261 (10.28) 301 (11.85)	115 (4.53) 165 (6.50)	- 82.5 (3.25)	50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 6 – 1/0) 95 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 4 – 4/0)	10 (22.05) 10 (22.05)



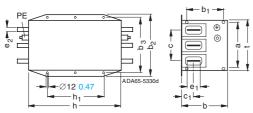


Fig. 7/27

#### Radio-interference suppression filter 6SE7033, 6SE7036

Туре	a mm (in)	b	b <sub>1</sub>	b <sub>2</sub>	b <sub>3</sub>	С	c <sub>1</sub>	е	e <sub>1</sub>	e <sub>2</sub>	f	h	h <sub>1</sub>	h <sub>2</sub>	t
6SE7033-2ES87-0FA1	180	116	85	260	235	120	36	15	25	5	Ø 11	300	240	360	210
	(7.09)	(4.57)	(3.35)	(10.24)	(9.25)	(4.72)	(1.42)	(0.59)	(0.98)	(0.20)	(0.43)	(11.81)	(9.45)	(14.17)	(8.27)
6SE7036-0ES87-0FA1	180	116	85	260	235	120	36	15	30	5	Ø 11	350	290	410	210
	(7.09)	(4.57)	(3.35)	(10.24)	(9.25)	(4.72)	(1.42)	(0.59)	(1.18)	(0.20)	(0.43)	(13.78)	(11.42)	(16.14)	(8.27)

Dimension in mm

Dimension in inches

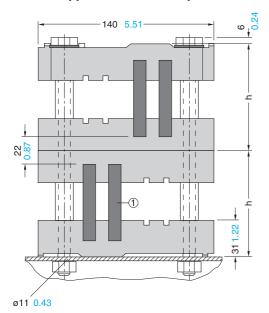


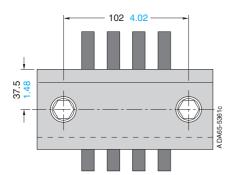
# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Dimension drawings

Compact PLUS units

DC link components

## Busbar support for DC busbar system





Rail heig mm (in)	ht		h		
30 (1.18) 40 (1.57) 50 (1.97) 60 (2.36)			67 77	(2.24 (2.64 (3.03 (3.44	) )
		_			

① Copper busbar 2 x 60 x 10 mm (0.08 x 2.36 x 0.39 in)

Fig. 7/28

**Busbar support** 

# Dimension drawings

Compact PLUS units





For m	notor	Dime	ension	in mm	(inches	s)										Re- solver	sin/cos incr. encod. 1 V <sub>pp</sub>	D-end	of sha	aft		
Size	Туре	DIN	a <sub>1</sub> P	b <sub>1</sub> N	c <sub>1</sub> LA	e <sub>1</sub> M	f AB	f <sub>1</sub>	g <sub>2</sub>	h H	i <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	p HD	s <sub>2</sub> S	k LB	k LB	d D	d <sub>6</sub>	I E	t GA	u F
Type	of const	ructi	on IIV	1 B5. n	on-ve	entila	ted, w	ith an	aled	plua,	with/	with	out br	ake								
36	1FK6032		92 (3.6)	60 (2.3)	8 (0.31)	75	72 (2.8)	3	79	36 (1.41)	30	95.5	154 (6.1)	78 (3.1)	6.5 (0.26)	179 (7.05)	-	14 (0.55)	M5	30 (1.18	16 ) (0.62)	5 (0.19)
48	1FK6040 1FK6042		120 (4.7)	80 (3.1)	10 (0.39)	100 (3.9)	96 (3.7)	3 (0.11)	85 (3.34)	48 (1.88)	40 (1.57)	83 (3.2) 115 (4.5)	134 (5.2) 166 (6.5)	-	7 (0.27)	160 (6.3) 192 (7.6)	203.5 (8.01) 235.5 (9.3)	19 (0.74)	M6	40 (1.57	21.5 ) (0.84)	
63	1FK6060 1FK6063		155 (6.1)	110 (4.3)	10 (0.39)	130 (5.1)	126 (4.9)	3.5 (0.13)	100 (3.93)	63 (2.48)	50 (1.96)	104	170 (6.6) 220 (8.6)	-	9 (0.35)	200	238 (9.4) 288 (11.3)	24 (0.94)	M8	50 (1.96	27 ) (1.06)	8 (0.31)
80	1FK6080		186 (7.3)	130 (5.1)	13 (0.51)	165 (6.4)	155 (6.1)	3.5 (0.13)	114.5 (4.5)		58 (2.28)	97 (3.8) 135	165 (6.4) 203	-	11 (0.43)	195 (7.7) 233	242 (9.5) 280	32 (1.25)	M12		35 ) (1.37)	10 (0.39)
100	1FK6100		240 (9.4)	180 (7)	13 (0.51)	215 (8.4)	192 (7.5)	4 (0.15)	132 (5.19)	96 (3.77)	80 (3.14)	(5.3) 113 (4.4)	(7.9) 188 (7.4)	155 (6.1)	14 (0.5)	(9.17) 218 (8.6)	(11) 265 (10.4)	38 (1.49)	M12		41 ) (1.61)	10 (0.39)
	1FK6101								150 (5.90)			148 (5.8)	214 (8.4)			244 (9.6)	291 (11.5)					
	1FK6103											174 (6.8)	240 (9.4)			270 (10.6)	317 (12.5)					
	Fig. 7/29				haft vith fea	therke	У			-	O <sub>2</sub>	- k	-	†								
	1FK6032										— o <sub>1</sub> —	(T)	Ha	<u> </u>								





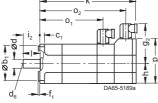
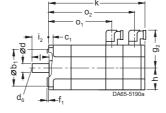




Fig. 7/30

1FK604. 1FK606. 1FK608.





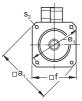
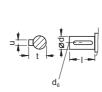
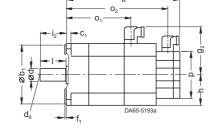


Fig. 7/31

1FK6100





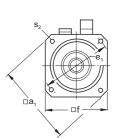
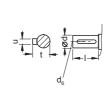
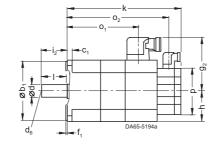
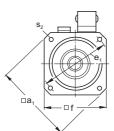


Fig. 7/32

1FK6101 1FK6103







Dimension drawings



Form	notor	Dimen	sion in m	ım (inche	es)								Resolv	er				
													withou	t brake		with br	ake	
Size	Туре	DIN	a <sub>1</sub> P	b <sub>1</sub> N	c <sub>1</sub> LA	e <sub>1</sub> M	f AB	f <sub>1</sub> T	9 <sub>2</sub> –	h H	i <sub>2</sub> –	s <sub>2</sub> S	k LB	O <sub>1</sub> -	0 <sub>2</sub> -	k LB	O <sub>1</sub> -	0 <sub>2</sub> -
1FK	7 CT (compa	ct), typ	e of co	nstruct	ion IM	B5, nor	ı-ventil	ated, w	ith ang	jled plu	ıg, with	n/witho	ut brak	e				
28	1FK7022-5		-	40 (1.57)	7 (0.28)	63 (2.48)	55 (2.17)	2.5 (0.1)	69.5 (2.74)	27.5 (1.08)	20 (0.79)	5.8 (0.23)	150 (5.91)	75.5 (2.97)	125 (4.92)	178 (7.01)	104.5 (4.11)	154 (6.06)
36	1FK7032-5		93 (3.66)	60 (2.36)	8 (0.31)	75 (2.95)	72 (2.83)	3 (0.12)	78 (3.07)	36 (1.42)	30 (1.18)	6.5 (0.26)	150 (5.91)	75.5 (2.97)	125 (4.92)	179 (7.05)	104.5 (4.11)	154 (6.06)
48	1FK7040-5		120 (4.72)	80 (3.15)	10 (0.39)	100 (3.94)	96 (3.78)	3 (0.12)	90 (3.54)	48 (1.89)	40 (1.57)	7 (0.28)	135 (5.31)	74 (2.91)	107 (4.21)	164 (6.46)	74 (2.91)	136 (5.35)
	1FK7042-5		120 (4.72)	80 (3.15)	10 (0.39)	100 (3.94)	96 (3.78)	3 (0.12)	90 (3.54)	48 (1.89)	40 (1.57)	7 (0.28)	162 (6.38)	101 (3.98)	134 (5.28)	191 (7.52)	101 (3.98)	163 (6.42)
63	1FK7060-5		155 (6.1)	110 (4.33)	10 (0.39)	130 (5.12)	126 (4.96)	3.5 (0.14)	105 (4.13)	63 (2.48)	50 (1.97)	9 (0.35)	157 (6.18)	93 (3.66)	125 (4.92)	200 (7.87)	93 (3.66)	168 (6.61)
	1FK7063-5		155 (6.1)	110 (4.33)	10 (0.39)	130 (5.12)	126 (4.96)	3.5 (0.14)	105 (4.13)	63 (2.48)	50 (1.97)	9 (0.35)	202 (7.95)	138 (5.43)	170 (6.69)	245 (9.65)	138 (5.43)	213 (8.39)
(cont	inued)	(from s	size 48 or	value en n) ental enc				Absolu	ite-value	encoder	(EnDat)							
		withou			with br	-  -		withou	t brake		with br	ake						
		k LB	O <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	k LB	0 <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	k LB	0 <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	k LB	0 <sub>1</sub> –	O <sub>2</sub>	d D	d <sub>6</sub>	I E	t GA	u F
28	1FK7022-5	182 (7.17)	85 (3.35)	134.5 (5.3)	210 (8.27)	113 (4.45)	162.5 (6.4)	182 (7.17)	85 (3.35)	134.5 (5.3)	210 (8.27)	113 (4.45)	162.5 (6.4)	9 (0.35)	M3	20 (0.79)	10.2 (0.4)	3 (0.12)
36	1FK7032-5	182 (7.17)	85 (3.35)	134.5 (5.3)	211 (8.31)	114 (4.49)	163.5 (6.44)	182 (7.17)	85 (3.35)	134.5 (5.3)	211 (8.31)	114 (4.49)	163.5 (6.44)	14 (0.55)	M5	30 (1.18)	16 (0.63)	5 (0.2)
48	1FK7040-5	155 (6.1)	64 (2.52)	106 (4.17)	184 (7.24)	73 (2.87)	135 (5.31)	164 (6.46)	65 (2.56)	107 (4.21)	193 (7.6)	74 (2.91)	136 (5.35)	19 (0.75)	M6	40 (1.57)	21.5 (0.85)	6 (0.24)
	1FK7042-5	183 (7.2)	92 (3.62)	134 (5.28)	212 (8.35)	101 (3.98)	163 (6.42)	191 (7.52)	92 (3.62)	134 (5.28)	220 (8.66)	101 (3.98)	163 (6.42)	19 (0.75)	M6	40 (1.57)	21.5 (0.85)	6 (0.24)
63	1FK7060-5	180 (7.09)	93 (3.66)	125 (4.92)	223 (8.78)	93 (3.66)	168 (6.61)	188 (7.4)	93 (3.66)	125 (4.92)	231 (9.09)	93 (3.66)	168 (6.61)	24 (0.94)	M8	50 (1.97)	27 (1.06)	8 (0.31)

Fig. 7/33

1FK7063-5

225 (8.86)

138 (5.43)

1FK702 . -5 1FK703 . -5 1FK704 . -5 1FK706 . -5

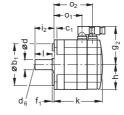
Shaft with featherkey

140 (5.51)

268 138 (10.55) (5.43)

213 (8.39)

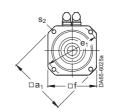




233 (9.17)

138 (5.43)

170 (6.69)



276 138 (10.87) (5.43)

213 (8.39)

24 (0.94)

50 27 8 (1.97) (1.06) (0.31)

# Dimension drawings

#### 1FK7 CT synchronous servomotors

Compact PLUS units



Compact and chassis units



Forn	notor	Dimer	nsion in m	ım (inche	es)								Resolv	er				
													withou	t brake		with br	ake	
Size	Туре	DIN	a <sub>1</sub> P	b <sub>1</sub> N	c <sub>1</sub> LA	e <sub>1</sub> M	f AB	f <sub>1</sub> T	g <sub>2</sub>	h H	i <sub>2</sub> –	s <sub>2</sub> S	k LB	0 <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	k LB	0 <sub>1</sub>	o <sub>2</sub> –
1FK	7 CT (compa	ct), typ	e of co	nstruct	ion IM	B5, nor	ı-ventil	ated, w	ith ang	jled plu	ıg, with	/witho	ut brak	(e				
80	1FK7080-5		186 (7.32)	130 (5.12)	13 (0.51)	165 (6.5)	155 (6.1)	3.5 (0.14)	119.5 (4.7)	77.5 (3.05)	58 (2.28)	11 (0.43)	156 (6.14)	91 (3.58)	124 (4.88)	184 (7.24)	91 (3.58)	152 (5.98)
	1FK7083-5		186 (7.32)	130 (5.12)	13 (0.51)	165 (6.5)	155 (6.1)	3.5 (0.14)	119.5 (4.7)	77.5 (3.05)	58 (2.28)	11 (0.43)	194 (7.64)	129 (5.08)	162 (6.38)	245 (9.65)	152 (5.98)	213 (8.39)
100	1FK7100-5		240 (9.45)	180 (7.09)	13 (0.51)	215 (8.46)	192 (7.56)	4 (0.16)	138 (5.43)	96 (3.78)	80 (3.15)	14 (0.55)	185 (7.28)	113 (4.45)	153 (6.02)	204 (8.03)	113 (4.45)	172 (6.77)
	1FK7101-5		240 (9.45)	180 (7.09)	13 (0.51)	215 (8.46)	192 (7.56)	4 (0.16)	160 (6.3)	96 (3.78)	80 (3.15)	14 (0.55)	211 (8.31)	139 (5.47)	179 (7.05)	240 (9.45)	139 (5.47)	208 (8.19)
	1FK7103-5		240 (9.45)	180 (7.09)	13 (0.51)	215 (8.46)	192 (7.56)	4 (0.16)	160 (6.3)	96 (3.78)	80 (3.15)	14 (0.55)	237 (9.33)	165 (6.5)	205 (8.07)	266 (10.47)	165 (6.5)	234 (9.21)

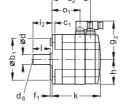
(con	tinued)	(from s	ize 48 or increme	٦)	coder (Er oder 1 V <sub>e</sub> with bra	р		Absolu		encoder	(EnDat)	ake						
		k LB	O <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>2</sub> -	k LB	O <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>2</sub> -	k LB	0 <sub>1</sub> -	O <sub>2</sub> -	k LB	O <sub>1</sub> -	O <sub>2</sub> -	d D	d <sub>6</sub> -	I E	t GA	u F
80	1FK7080-5	179 (7.05)	91 (3.58)	124 (4.88)	206 (8.11)	91 (3.58)	151 (5.94)	187 (7.36)	91 (3.58)	124 (4.88)	215 (8.46)	91 (3.58)	152 (5.98)	32 (1.26)	M12	58 (2.28)	35 (1.38)	10 (0.39)
	1FK7083-5	217 (8.54)	129 (5.08)	162 (6.38)	268 (10.55)	153 (6.02)	213 (8.39)	225 (8.86)	129 (5.08)	162 (6.38)	276 (10.87)	152 (5.98)	213 (8.39)	32 (1.26)	M12	58 (2.28)	35 (1.38)	10 (0.39)
100	1FK7100-5	208 (8.19)	113 (4.45)	153 (6.02)	227 (8.94)	113 (4.45)	172 (6.77)	216 (8.5)	113 (4.45)	153 (6.02)	235 (9.25)	113 (4.45)	172 (6.77)	38 (1.5)	M12	80 (3.15)	41 (1.61)	10 (0.39)
	1FK7101-5	234 (9.21)	139 (5.47)	179 (7.05)	263 (10.35)	139 (5.47)	208 (8.19)	242 (9.53)	139 (5.47)	179 (7.05)	271 (10.67)	139 (5.47)	208 (8.19)	38 (1.5)	M12	80 (3.15)	41 (1.61)	10 (0.39)
	1FK7103-5	260 (10.24)	165 (6.5)	205 (8.07)	289 (11.38)	165 (6.5)	234 (9.21)	268 (10.55)	165 (6.5)	205 (8.07)	297 (11.69)	165 (6.5)	234 (9.21)	38 (1.5)	M12	80 (3.15)	41 (1.61)	10 (0.39)

Fig. 7/34

1FK708.-5

Shaft with featherkey





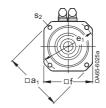
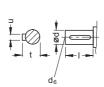
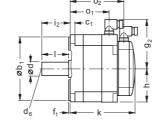
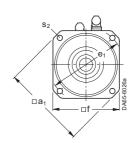


Fig. 7/35

1FK7100-5 1FK7101-5 1FK7103-5









# 311

SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Dimension drawings

1FK7 HD synchronous servomotors

For motor	Dimension	in mm (in	iches)										Resolver
Size Type	DIN a <sub>1</sub>	b <sub>1</sub>	С <sub>1</sub>	e <sub>1</sub>	f AB	f <sub>1</sub>	g <sub>2</sub>	h	i <sub>2</sub>	o <sub>1</sub>	without	brake/with	orake k

Compact PLUS units

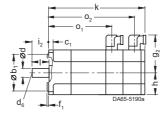
6	1FK7033-7	92 (3.62)	60 (2.36)	8 (0.31)	75 (2.95)	72 (2.83)	3 (0.12)	78 (3.07)	36 (1.42)	30 (1.18)	114.5 (4.51)	164/164 (6.46/6.46)	6.5 (0.26)	171.5/192.5 (6.75/7.58)
8	1FK7043-7	120 (4.72)	80 (3.15)	10 (0.39)	100 (3.94)	96 (3.78)	3 (0.12)	90 (3.54)	48 (1.89)	40 (1.57)	135 (5.31)	177/200 (6.97/7.87)	7 (0.28)	191.5/220.5 (7.54/8.68)
	1FK7044-7										161 (6.34)	202/225 (7.95/8.86)		216.5/245.5 (8.52/9.67)
3	1FK7061-7	155 (6.10)	110 (4.33)	10 (0.39)	130 (5.12)	126 (4.96)	3.5 (0.14)	105 (4.13)	63 (2.48)	50 (1.97)	123 (4.84)	166/184 (6.54/7.24)	9 (0.35)	186.5/228.5 (7.34/9)
	1FK7064-7										187 (7.36)	230/248 (9.06/9.76)		250.5/292.5 (9.86/11.52)
)	1FK7082-7	186 (7.32)	130 (5.12)	13 (0.51)	165 (6.5)	155 (6.1)	3.5 (0.14)	119.5 (4.7)	77.5 (3.05)	58 (2.28)	142.5 (5.61)	186/228 (7.32/8.98)	11 (0.43)	210.5/253 (8.29/10)
	1FK7085-7							132.5 (5.22)			192.5 (7.58)	236/278 (9.29/10.94)		260.5/303 (10.26/11.93)

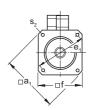
(cont	tinued)		sin/cos incremental encoder 1 V <sub>pp</sub>	Absolute- value encoder (EnDat)	D-end c	of shaft			
		DIN		k LB	d D	d <sub>6</sub> -	l E	t GA	u F
36	1FK7033-7		196.5/217 (7.74/8.54)	-/-	14 (0.55)	M5	30 (1.18)	16 (0.63)	5 (0.2)
48	1FK7043-7		212/241 (8.35/9.49)	220.5/249.5 (8.68/9.82)	19 (0.75)	M6	40 (1.57)	21.5 (0.85)	6 (0.24)
	1FK7044-7		237/266 (9.33/10.47)	245.5/274.5 (9.67/10.81)					
63	1FK7061-7		209.5/251.5 (8.25/9.9)	218/260 (8.58/10.24)	24 (0.94)	M8	50 (1.97)	27 (1.06)	8 (0.31)
	1FK7064-7		273.5/315.5 (10.77/12.42)	282/324 (11.1/12.76)					
80	1FK7082-7		233.5/276 (9.19/10.87)	242/284.5 (9.53/11.2)	32 (1.26)	M12	58 (2.28)	35 (1.38)	10 (0.39)
	1FK7085-7		283.5/326 (11.16/12.83)	292/334.5 (11.5/13.17)					

Fig. 7/36

Shaft with featherkey







# Dimension drawings

## FT6 synchronous servomotors

Compact PLUS units





For m	notor	Dime	ension ir	nm (in	ches)											Resolv	er		
																withou	ıt brake	with bra	ake
Size	Type	DIN	a <sub>1</sub> P	b <sub>1</sub> N	c <sub>1</sub>	e <sub>1</sub> M	f AB	f <sub>1</sub>	g <sub>2</sub>	h H	i <sub>2</sub>	p HD	s <sub>2</sub> <sup>1</sup> )	s <sub>2</sub> <sup>2</sup> )	01	k LB	0	k LB	0
		IEC	Г	IN	LA	IVI	AD	1	_	П	_	ПО	3	3	_	LD	_	LD	-
Type	of constru	ction	IM B5,	non-v	entilat	ed, wit	h plug,	with/\	vithou	t brake	•								
28	1FT6021		-	40 (1.57)	10 (0.39)	63 (2.48)	55 (2.17)	2.5 (0.1)	63 (2.48)	28 (1.1)	20 (0.79)	-	5.8 (0.23)	-	34.5 (1.36)	193 (7.6)	122 (4.8)	218 (8.58)	147 (5.79)
	1FT6024		-													233 (9.17)	162 (6.38)	258 (10.16)	187 (7.36)
36	1FT6031		92 (3.62)	60 (2.36)	8 (0.31)	75 (2.95)	72 (2.83)	3 (0.12)	77 (3.03)	36 (1.42)	30 (1.18)	-	6 (0.24)	-	-	180 (7.09)	151 (5.94)	200 (7.87)	171 (6.73)
	1FT6034															220 (8.66)	191 (7.52)	240 (9.45)	211 (8.31)

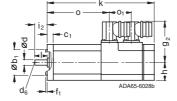
(cont	tinued)		sin/cos i encoder without	111	ntal with bra	ako.	D-end o	of shaft			
		DIN	k LB	0 -	k LB	0 –	d D	d <sub>6</sub>	l E	t GA	u F
28	1FT6021		193 (7.6)	122 (4.8)	218 (8.58)	147 (5.79)	9 (0.35)	M3	20 (0.79)	10.2 (0.4)	3 (0.12)
	1FT6024		233 (9.17)	162 (6.38)	258 (10.16)	187 (7.36)					
36	1FT6031		220 (8.66)	151 (5.94)	240 (9.45)	171 (6.73)	14 (0.55)	M5	30 (1.18)	16 (0.63)	5 (0.2)
	1FT6034		260 (10.24)	191 (7.52)	280 (11.02)	211 (8.31)					

Fig. 7/37

1FT602.

Shaft with featherkey





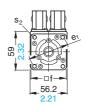
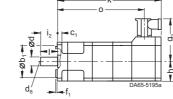
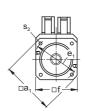


Fig. 7/38

1FT603.







# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Dimension drawings



Compact PLUS units

Form	notor	Dim	ension ir	n mm (in	ches)											Resolv withou brake		with brake	
Size	Type	DIN	a <sub>1</sub> P	b <sub>1</sub> N	c <sub>1</sub> LA	e <sub>1</sub> M	f AB	f <sub>1</sub> T	9 <sub>2</sub>	h H	i <sub>2</sub> –	p HD	s <sub>2</sub> <sup>1</sup> ) S	s <sub>2</sub> <sup>2</sup> ) S	01	k LB	0 -	k LB	O -
Туре	of constru	ction	IM B5,	non-v	entilat	ed, wit	h plug,	with/\	vithou	t brake	)								
48	1FT6041		120 (4.72)	80 (3.15)	10 (0.39)	100 (3.94)	96 (3.78)	3 (0.12)	81 (3.19)	48 (1.89)	40 (1.57)	-	7 (0.28)	-	-	187 (7.36)	157 (6.18)	222 (8.74)	192 (7.56)
	1FT6044															237 (9.33)	207 (8.15)	272 (10.71)	242 (9.53)
63	1FT6061		146 (5.75)	110 (4.33)	10 (0.39)	130 (5.12)	116 (4.57)	3.5 (0.14)	91 (3.58)	58 (2.28)	50 (1.97)	-	9 (0.35)	M8	-	198 (7.8)	172 (6.77)	228 (8.98)	202 (7.95)
	1FT6062															223 (8.78)	197 (7.76)	253 (9.96)	227 (8.94)
	1FT6064															273 (10.75)	247 (9.72)	303 (11.93)	277 (10.91)

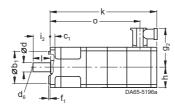
(con	tinued)		sin/cos i encoder	incremer 1 V <sub>pp</sub>	ital		D-end o	f shaft			
			without	brake	with bra	ke					
		DIN	k LB	0 -	k LB	0 -	d D	d <sub>6</sub> -	I E	t GA	u F
48	1FT6041		228 (8.98)	157 (6.18)	263 (10.35)	192 (7.56)	19 (0.75)	M6	40 (1.57)	21.5 (0.85)	6 (0.24)
	1FT6044		278 (10.94)	207 (8.15)	313 (12.32)	242 (9.53)					
63	1FT6061		228 (8.98)	172 (6.77)	258 (10.16)	202 (7.95)	24 (0.94)	M8	50 (1.97)	27 (1.06)	8 (0.31)
	1FT6062		253 (9.96)	197 (7.76)	283 (11.14)	227 (8.94)					
	1FT6064		303 (11.93)	247 (9.72)	333 (13.11)	277 (10.91)					

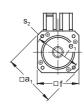
Fig. 7/39

1FT604 . 1FT606 .

Shaft with featherkey







# Dimension drawings

# Compact PLUS units





346 238 392 284 (13.62) (9.37) (15.43) (11.18)

#### 1FT6 synchronous servomotors

Form	notor	Dime	ension ir	n mm (in	ches)											Resolve without brake		with brake	
Size	Туре	DIN	a <sub>1</sub> P	b <sub>1</sub> N	c <sub>1</sub> LA	e <sub>1</sub> M	f AB	f <sub>1</sub> T	g <sub>2</sub>	h H	i <sub>2</sub> –	p HD	s <sub>2</sub> <sup>1</sup> ) S	s <sub>2</sub> <sup>2</sup> ) S	01	k LB	0 -	k LB	0 -
Туре	of constru	ction	IM B5,	non-v	entilat	ed, wit	h plug,	with/\	withou	t brake	)								
80	1FT6081		194 (7.64)	130 (5.12)	12 (0.47)	165 (6.5)	155 (6.1)	3.5 (0.14)	127.5 (5.02)	77.5 (3.05)	58 (2.28)	-	11 (0.43)	M10	76 (2.99)	221 (8.7)	113 (4.45)	248 (9.76)	140 (5.51)
	1FT6082															246 (9.69)	138 (5.43)	273 (10.75)	165 (6.5)
	1FT6084															296 (11.65)	188 (7.4)	342 (13.46)	234 (9.21)

(conti	inued)		sin/cos i encoder without		tal with bra	ıke	D-end o	f shaft			
		DIN	k LB	0 -	k LB	0 -	d D	d <sub>6</sub> -	I E	t GA	u F
80	1FT6081		221 (8.7)	113 (4.45)	248 (9.76)	140 (5.51)	32 (1.26)	M12	58 (2.28)	35 (1.38)	10 (0.39)
	1FT6082		246 (9.69)	138 (5.43)	273 (10.75)	165 (6.5)					
	1FT6084		296 (11.65)	188 (7.4)	342 (13.46)	234 (9.21)					
	1FT6086		346 (13.62)	238 (9.37)	392 (15.43)	284 (11.18)					

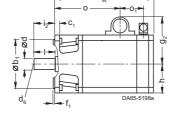
Fig. 7/40

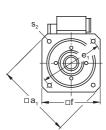
1FT6086

1FT608.

Shaft with featherkey







# SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Dimension drawings



Compact PLUS units

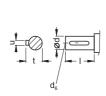
														withou brake	t	with brake	
Size Type DII	OIN a <sub>1</sub> EC P	b <sub>1</sub> N	c <sub>1</sub> LA	e <sub>1</sub> M	f AB	f <sub>1</sub> T	9 <sub>2</sub> –	h H	i <sub>2</sub> -	p HD	s <sub>2</sub> <sup>1</sup> ) S	s <sub>2</sub> <sup>2</sup> ) S	01	k LB	0 -	k LB	0 -

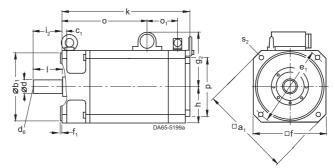
Туре	of construction	ı IM B5,	non-ve	entilat	ed, wit	n plug,	with/v	vithou	t brake									
100	1FT6102	240 (9.45)	180 (7.09)	13 (0.51)	215 (8.46)	192 (7.56)	4 (0.16)	146 (5.75)	96 (3.78)	80 (3.15)	155 (6.1)	14 (0.55)	M12	76 (2.99)	295 (11.61)	186 (7.32)	341 (13.43)	232 (9.13)
	1FT6105														370 (14.57)	261 (10.28)	416 (16.38)	307 (12.09)
	1FT6108														470 (18.5)	361 (14.21)	516 (20.31)	407 (16.02)
132	1FT6132	-	250 (9.84)	18 (0.71)	300 (11.81)	260 (10.24)	5 (0.2)	172.5 (6.79)	132 (5.2)	82 (3.23)	245 (9.65)	18 (0.71)	-	66 (2.6)	423 (16.65)	288 (11.34)	473 (18.62)	338 (13.31)
	1FT6134														473 (18.62)	338 (13.31)	523 (20.59)	388 (15.28)
	1FT6136														523 (20.59)	388 (15.28)	573 (22.56)	438 (17.24)

(con	tinued)		sin/cos i encodei without		tal with bra	ke	D-end o	of shaft			
		DIN	k LB	0 -	k LB	O -	d D	d <sub>6</sub> -	I E	t GA	u F
100	1FT6102		295 (11.61)	186 (7.32)	341 (13.43)	232 (9.13)	38 (1.5)	M12	80 (3.15)	41 (1.61)	10 (0.39)
	1FT6105		370 (14.57)	261 (10.28)	416 (16.38)	307 (12.09)					
	1FT6108		470 (18.5)	361 (14.21)	516 (20.31)	407 (16.02)					
132	1FT6132		423 (16.65)	288 (11.34)	473 (18.62)	338 (13.31)	48 (1.89)	M16	82 (3.23)	51.5 (2.03)	14 (0.55)
	1FT6134		473 (18.62)	338 (13.31)	523 (20.59)	388 (15.28)					
	1FT6136		523 (20.59)	388 (15.28)	573 (22.56)	438 (17.24)					



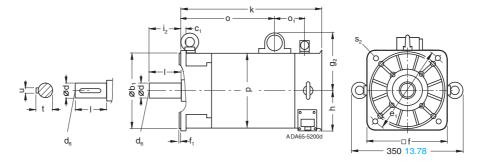






## Fig. 7/42

1FT613.



Dimension in mm **Dimension in inches** 

- 1) IM B5.
- 2) IM B14.

# Dimension drawings

# Compact PLUS units



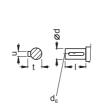
Compact and chassis units



Form	notor	Dime	ension in	mm (incl	nes)				Plug Size 1.5	3							
Size	Туре	DIN	a <sub>1</sub> P	b <sub>1</sub> N	c <sub>1</sub> LA	e <sub>1</sub> M	f AB	f <sub>1</sub> T	9 <sub>2</sub> -	9 <sub>2</sub> –	h H	i <sub>2</sub> –	p HD	s <sub>2</sub> 1) S	s <sub>2</sub> <sup>2</sup> ) S	0 <sub>1</sub> -	O <sub>2</sub> -
Тур	e of constru	ction	IM B5,	blower-	ventilat	ted, wit	h plug,	with/wi	thout b	rake							
80	1FT6084		194 (7.64)	130 (5.12)	12 (0.47)	165 (6.5)	185 (7.28)	3.5 (0.14)	139.5 (5.49)	153.5 (6.04)	92.5 (3.64)	58 (2.28)	175 (6.89)	11 (0.43)	M10	76 (2.99)	169 (6.65)
	1FT6086																
100	1FT6105		240 (9.45)	180 (7.09)	13 (0.51)	215 (8.46)	221 (8.7)	4 (0.16)	158 (6.22)	172 (6.77)	110.5 (4.35)	80 (3.15)	212 (8.35)	14 (0.55)	M12	76.5 (3.01)	170 (6.69)
	1FT6108																

(con	tinued)			er/sin/cos ental enco brake	der 1 V <sub>pp</sub> with bra	ıke	D-end o	f shaft			
		DIN	k LB	0 -	k LB	O -	d D	d <sub>6</sub> -	I E	t GA	u F
80	1FT6084		399 (15.71)	188 (7.4)	445 (17.52)	234 (9.21)	32 (1.26)	M12	58 (2.28)	35 (1.38)	10 (0.39)
	1FT6086		449 (17.68)	238 (9.37)	495 (19.49)	284 (11.18)					
100	1FT6105		473 (18.62)	261 (10.28)	519 (20.43)	307 (12.09)	38 (1.5)	M12	80 (3.15)	41 (1.61)	10 (0.39)
	1FT6108		573 (22.56)	361 (14.21)	619 (24.37)	407 (16.02)					

Fig. 7/43 1FT608. Shaft with featherkey



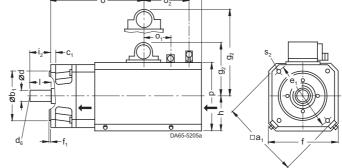
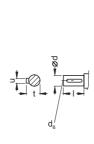
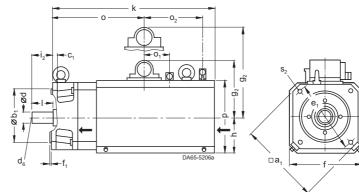


Fig. 7/44 1FT610.







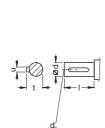
For motor	Dimension i	in mm (in	ches)				Plug Size								
							1.5	3							
Size Type	DIN a <sub>1</sub>	b <sub>1</sub> N	c <sub>1</sub> LA	e <sub>1</sub> M	f AB	f <sub>1</sub> T	9 <sub>2</sub> –	9 <sub>2</sub> –	h H	i <sub>2</sub> –	p HD	s <sub>2</sub> 1) S	s <sub>2</sub> <sup>2</sup> ) S	0 <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>2</sub> -

Compact PLUS units

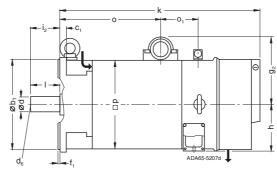
Тур	e of construction IM B5,	blower-	ventilat	ted, with	n plug, v	with/w	ithout k	orake							
132	1FT6132	250 (9.84)	18 (0.71)	300 (11.81)	260 (10.24)	5 (0.2)	-	186.5 (7.34)	132 (5.2)	82 (3.23)	245 (9.65)	18 (0.71)	-	66 (2.6)	-
	1FT6134														
	1FT6136														

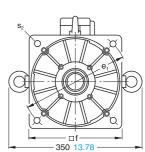
(cont	inued)			er/sin/cos ental enco brake	der 1 V <sub>pp</sub> with bra	ke	D-end o	of shaft			
		DIN		O -	k LB	0 –	d D	d <sub>6</sub> -	I E	t GA	u F
132	1FT6132		541 (21.3)	288 (11.34)	591 (23.27)	338 (13.31)	48 (1.89)	M16	82 (3.23)	51.5 (2.03)	14 (0.55)
	1FT6134		591 (23.27)	338 (13.31)	641 (25.24)	388 (15.28)					
	1FT6136		641 (25.24)	388 (15.28)	691 (27.2)	438 (17.24)					





Shaft with featherkey





## Dimension drawings

## Compact PLUS units





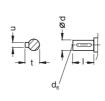
Form	notor	Dime	ension in	mm (inch	nes)				Plug Size								
									1	1.5	3						
Size	Туре	DIN	a <sub>1</sub> P	b <sub>1</sub> N	c <sub>1</sub> LA	e <sub>1</sub> M	f AB	f <sub>1</sub> T	9 <sub>2</sub> –	9 <sub>2</sub> –	g <sub>2</sub> –	h H	i <sub>2</sub> –	р HD	s <sub>2</sub> 1) S	s <sub>2</sub> <sup>2</sup> ) S	0 -
Туре	of constru	ıction	IM B5,	water-c	ooled, v	vith plu	g, with	/withou	t brake								
63	1FT6062		146 (5.75)	110 (4.33)	10 (0.39)	130 (5.12)	116 (4.57)	3.5 (0.14)	99 (10.8)	-	-	58 (2.28)	50 (1.97)	-	9 (0.35)	M8	-
	1FT6064																
80	1FT6084		194 (7.64)	130 (5.12)	12 (0.47)	165 (6.5)	155 (6.1)	3.5 (0.14)	-	139.5 (5.49)	153.5 (6.04)	77.5 (3.05)	58 (2.28)	-	11 (0.43)	M10	76 (2.99)
	1FT6086																

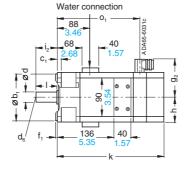
(cont	tinued)			er/sin/cos ental enc	oder 1 V <sub>pp</sub>	)	Re- solver	sin/cos increme encode		D-end o	of shaft			
			without	brake	with bra	ke	with/wi	thout bra	ke					
		DIN		0 <sub>1</sub> -	k LB	O <sub>1</sub>	k LB	k LB	O <sub>1</sub>	d D	d <sub>6</sub> -	I E	t GA	u F
63	1FT6062		-	-	-	-	253 (9.96)	283 (11.14)	227 (8.94)	24 (0.94)	M8	50 (1.97)	27 (1.06)	8 (0.31)
	1FT6064						303 (11.93)	333 (13.11)	277 (10.91)					
80	1FT6084		296 (11.65)	188 (7.4)	342 (13.46)	234 (9.21)	-	-		32 (1.26)	M12	58 (2.28)	35 (1.38)	10 (0.39)
	1FT6086		346 (13.62)	238 (9.37)	392 (15.43)	284 (11.18)	_	-	_					

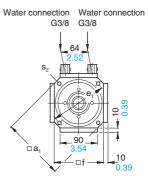
Fig. 7/46

1FT606.

Shaft with featherkey



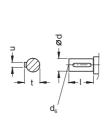


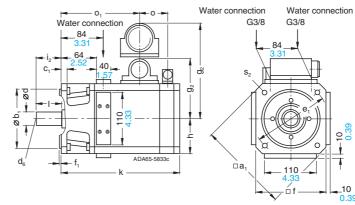


\_10 0.39

Fig. 7/47

1FT608.





Dimension in mm **Dimension in inches** 

1) IM B5.

2) IM B14.



For motor	Dimension i	in mm (in	ches)				Plug Size								
							1	1.5	3						
Size Type	DIN a <sub>1</sub>	b <sub>1</sub> N	c <sub>1</sub> LA	e <sub>1</sub> M	f AB	f <sub>1</sub> T	9 <sub>2</sub> –	9 <sub>2</sub> –	9 <sub>2</sub> –	h H	i <sub>2</sub> –	p HD	s <sub>2</sub> 1) S	s <sub>2</sub> ²) S	0 -

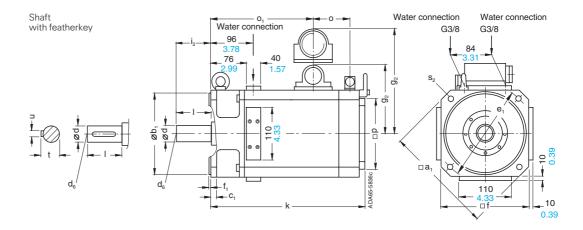
Compact PLUS units

Type	of construction	IM B5,	water-c	ooled, v	with plu	g, with	/withou	ıt brake								
100	1FT6105	240 (9.45)	180	13	•	192	4	_	158 (6.22)	172 (6.77)	96 (3.78)	80 (3.15)	155 (6.1)	14 (0.55)	M12	76 (2.99)
	4570400															

1	FT	61	OS.
	ГΙ	OΙ	vc

(cont	inued)				oder 1 V <sub>pp</sub> with bra		Re- solver with/wi	sin/cos increme encode thout bra	ental r 1 V <sub>pp</sub>	D-end o	of shaft			
		DIN IEC		O <sub>1</sub>	k LB	O <sub>1</sub>	k LB	k LB	O <sub>1</sub>	d D	d <sub>6</sub> -	l E	t GA	u F
100	1FT6105		370 (14.57)	261 (10.28)	416 (16.38)	307 (12.09)	_	-	-	38 (1.5)	M12	80 (3.15)	41 (1.61)	10 (0.39)
	1FT6108		470 (18.5)	361 (14.21)	516 (20.31)	407 (16.02)	-	-	-					





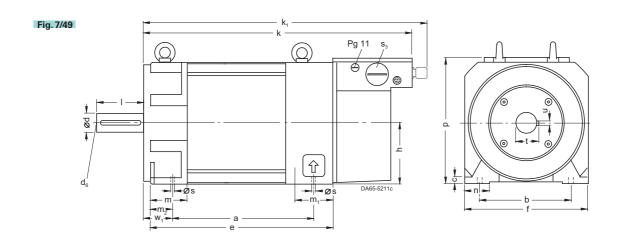
Dimension in mm **Dimension in inches** 

## Compact PLUS units





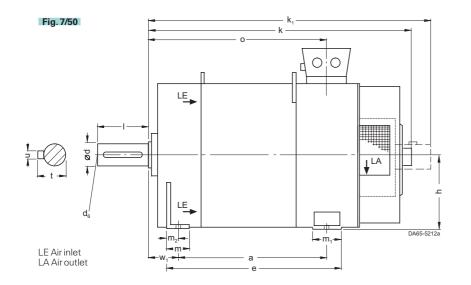
Form	notor	Dime	ension ir	mm (	inches	)													D-end	l of sha	aft		
Size	Туре	DIN		b A	c LA	e M	f AB	h H	k LB	k <sub>1</sub>	m BA	m <sub>1</sub> –	m <sub>2</sub> –	n AA	p HD	s K	s <sub>3</sub>	W <sub>1</sub>	d D	d <sub>6</sub>	I E	t GA	u F
Туре	of const	ructi	on IM I	33																			
100	1PH7101		202.5 (7.97)	160 (6.2)	11 (0.43)	263 (10.35)	196 (7.7)		411 (16.18)		52 (2.04)		27 (1.06)	39 (1.53)	220 (8.6)	12 (0.47)	Pg 29		38 (1.49)	M12		41 (1.61	10 ) (0.39)
	1PH7103																						
	1PH7105		297.5 (11.71)			358 (14.09)				529 (20.83)	1												
	1PH7107																						
132	1PH7131		265.5 (10.45)	216 (8.5)	14 (0.55)	341 (13.42)	260 (10.2)	132 (5.1)			63 (2.48)	75 (2.95)	33 (1.29)				Pg 36	50 (1.96)	42 (1.65)	M16	110 (4.33)	45 (1.77	12 ) (0.47)
	1PH7133																						
	1PH7135		350.5 (13.79)			426 (16.77)				646 (25.43)	1												
	1PH7137																						
160	1PH7163		346.5 (13.64)	254 (10)	17 (0.66)	438 (17.24)	314 (12.3)		640 (25.2)			81 (3.18)	42 (1.65)	62 (2.44)				64 (2.51)	55 (2.16)	M20	110 (4.33)	59 (2.32	16 ) (0.62)
	1PH7167		406.5 (16)			498 (19.6)				723 (28.46)	١												

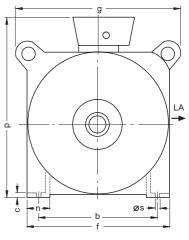


Compact PLUS units

For n	notor	Dime	nsion in	mm (ind	ches)														
Size	Туре	DIN	a B	b A	c LA	e M	f AB	g AC	h H	k LB	k <sub>1</sub>	m BA	m <sub>1</sub>	m <sub>2</sub> –	n AA	O -	p <sup>1</sup> ) HD	s K	W <sub>1</sub>
Туре	e of constru	ction	IM B3,	air-flov	w from	D-end	to ND-	-end											
180	1PH7184		430 (16.9)	279 (10.9)	14 (0.55)	510 (20)	360 (14.1)	395 (15.5)	180 (7)	820 (32.28)	-	52 (2.04)	110 (4.3)	35 (1.37)	65 (2.55)	541 (21.2)	500 (19.6)	14.5 (0.57)	121 (4.7)
	1PH7186		520 (20.4)			600 (23.6)				910 (35.83)						631 (24.8)	560 (22.1)		
25	1PH7224		445 (17.5)	356 (14)	18 (0.7)	540 (21.2)	450 (17.7)	495 (19.4)	225 (8.8)	-	1100 (43.31)	60 (2.36)	110 (4.3)	40 (1.57)	85 (3.34)	629 (24.7)	680 (26.8)	18.5 (0.72)	149 (5.8)
	1PH7226		545 (21.4)			640 (25.1)					1200 (47.24)					729 (28.7)			
	1PH7228		635 (25)			730 (28.7)					1290 (50.79)					819 (32.2)			

(con	tinued)		D-end o	of shaft			
		DIN		d <sub>6</sub>	l E	t GA	u F
180	1PH7184		60 (2.36)	M20	140 (5.5)	64 (2.5)	18 (0.7)
	1PH7186		65 (2.55)			69 (2.7)	
225	1PH7224		75 (2.95)	M20	140 (5.5)	79.5 (3.1)	20 (0.8)
	1PH7226						
	1PH7228						





Maximum dimensions. Depending on the electrical design (terminal box type), smaller dimensions are also possible.

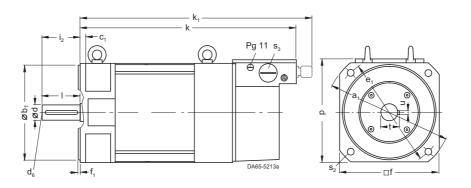
## Compact PLUS units





Forn	notor	Dime	nsion in	mm (ind	ches)										D-end	of shaft			
Size	Туре	DIN	a <sub>1</sub> P	b <sub>1</sub> N	c <sub>1</sub> LA	e <sub>1</sub> M	f AB	f <sub>1</sub>	i <sub>2</sub> -	k LB	k <sub>1</sub>	p HD	s <sub>2</sub> S	s <sub>3</sub>	d D	d <sub>6</sub>	I E	t GA	u F
Type	e of constru	ction	IM R5																
100	1PH7101	otion	250 (9.84)	180 (7.08)	10 (0.39)	215 (8.46)	196 (7.71)	4 (0.15)	80 (3.14)	411 (16.18)	434 (17.13)	218 (8.58)	14 (0.55)	Pg 29	38 (1.49)	M12	80 (3.14)	41 (1.61)	10 (0.38)
	1PH7103																		
	1PH7105									506 (19.92)	529 (20.83)								
	1PH7107																		
132	1PH7131		350 (13.77)	250 ) (9.84)	16 (0.62)	300 (11.81)	260 (10.23)	5 (0.19)	110 (4.33)	538 (21.18)	561 (20.09)	273 (10.74)	18 (0.7)	Pg 36	42 (1.65)	M16	110 (4.33)	45 (1.77)	12 (0.47)
	1PH7133																		
	1PH7135									623 (24.53)	646 (25.43)								
	1PH7137																		

#### Fig. 7/51

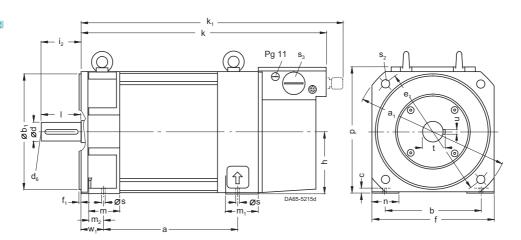


Compact and chassis units Compact PLUS units

Form	iotor	Dime	nsion in	mm (inc	ches)														
Size	Туре	DIN	a B	a <sub>1</sub> P	b A	b <sub>1</sub> N	c LA	e <sub>1</sub> M	f AB	f <sub>1</sub> T	h H	i <sub>2</sub> –	k LB	k <sub>1</sub>	m BA	m <sub>1</sub>	m <sub>2</sub> –	n AA	p HD
Type	of constru	ction	IM B35																
100	1PH7101		202.5 (7.97)	250 (9.84)	160 (6.29)	180 (7.08)	11 (0.4)	215 (8.4)	196 (7.7)	4 (0.1)	100 (3.93)	80 (3.14)	411 (16.18)	434 (17.13)	52 (2.04)	64 (2.5)	27 (1.06)	39 (1.53)	220 (8.66)
	1PH7103																		
	1PH7105		297.5 (11.71)										506 (19.92)	529 (20.83)					
	1PH7107																		
132	1PH7131		265.5 (10.45)	350 (13.77)	216 (8.5)	250 (9.84)	14 (0.5)	300 (11.8)	260 (10.2)	5 (0.2)	132 (5.19)	110 (4.33)	538 (21.18)	561 (22.09)	63 (2.48)	75 (2.9)	33 (1.29)	52 (2.04)	275 (10.8)
	1PH7133																		
	1PH7135		350.5 (13.79)										623 (24.53)	646 (25.43)					
	1PH7137																		
160	1PH7163		346.5 (13.64)	400 (15.74)	254 (10)	300 (11.8)	17 (0.6)	350 (13.7)	314 (12.3)	5 (0.2)	160 (6.29)	110 (4.33)	640 (25.2)	663 (26.1)	78 (3.07)	81 (3.1)	42 (1.65)	62 (2.44)	330 (12.9)
	1PH7167		406.5 (16)										700 (27.56)	723 (28.46)					

(cont	tinued)						D-end o	of shaft			
			s K	s <sub>2</sub> S	s <sub>3</sub>	W <sub>1</sub>	d D	d <sub>6</sub> -	I E	t GA	u F
Туре	e of constru	ction	IM B35								
100	1PH7101		12 (0.47)	14 (0.55)	Pg 29	40 (1.57)	38 (1.49)	M12	80 (3.14)	41 (1.61)	10 (0.39)
	1PH7103										
	1PH7105										
	1PH7107										
132	1PH7131		12 (0.47)	18 (0.7)	Pg 36	50 (1.96)	42 (1.65)	M16	110 (4.33)	45 (1.77)	12 (0.47)
	1PH7133										
	1PH7135										
	1PH7137										
160	1PH7163		14 (0.47)	18 (0.7)	Pg 42	64 (2.51)	55 (2.16)	M20	110 (4.33)	59 (2.32)	16 (0.62)
	1PH7167										

#### Fig. 7/52



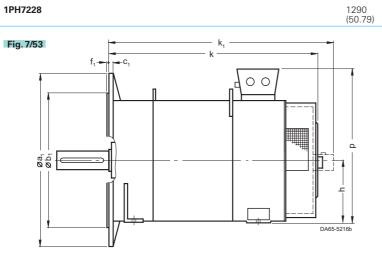
1PH7228

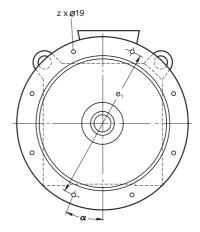
## Compact PLUS units





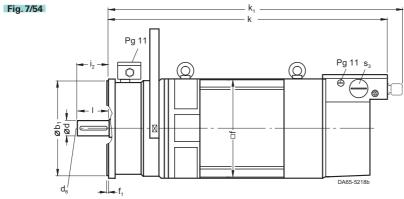
Forn	notor	Dimension in mm (inches)							For dimensions for foot mounting, shaft and terminal box, see dimension drawing of 1 PH718. and 1PH722. motors, type of construction IM B3, on page 7/29.					
Size	Туре	DIN	a <sub>1</sub> P	b <sub>1</sub> N	c <sub>1</sub> LA	e <sub>1</sub> M	f <sub>1</sub> T	h H	k LB	k <sub>1</sub>	p <sup>1</sup> ) HD	Z	α	
Tuna	of constru	otion	INA DOE	oir flow	from D	and to	ND one							
туре	e oi constru	CLIOII	IIVI DƏƏ,	air now	IIOIII D	-ena to	MD-elic	ı						
180	<b>1PH7184</b> <sup>2</sup> )		400 (15.75)	300 (11.8)	15 (0.59)	350 (13.77)	5 (0.19)	180 (7.08)	820 (32.28)	-	500 (19.68)	4 (0.16)	45°	
	1PH7184 <sup>2</sup> )		450 (17.71)	350 (13.77)	16 (0.62)	400 (15.74)			820 (32.28)		500 (19.68)	8 (0.31)	22.5°	
	1PH7186								910 (35.83)		560 (22.05)			
225	1PH7224		550 (21.65)	450 (17.71)	18 (0.7)	500 (19.68)	5 (0.19)	225 (8.85)	-	1100 (43.31)	680 (25.59)	8 (0.31)	22.5°	
	1PH7226									1200 (47.24)				





For motor	Dimension in mm (inches)	D-end of shaft		
Size Type	<b>DIN</b> a <sub>1</sub> b <sub>1</sub> c <sub>1</sub> e <sub>1</sub> <b>IEC</b> P N LA M	f f <sub>1</sub> f <sub>2</sub> g AB T – A		s <sub>2</sub> s <sub>3</sub> <b>d</b> d <sub>6</sub> l t u O S S <b>D</b> – E GA F

<b>brake modul</b> 215 196 4 220 149 224 80	541 564 120 14 Pg 29 <b>38</b> M12 80 41 10
51) (8.46) (7.71) (0.15) (8.66) (5.86) (8.81) (3.1	
	636 659 (25.04) (25.94)
300 260 5 278 174 269 110 7) (11.81)(10.23)(0.19)(10.94)(6.85)(10.59)(4.3	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	785 808 (30.9) (31.81)
7	





Maximum dimensions. Depending on the electrical design (terminal box type), smaller dimensions are also possible.

## Motion Control Appendix

A/2 Certificate for Environment, Resources and Recycling Certificate ISO 9001

A/3 Certificate of Adequacy Test/Factory certificate

A/4 Index

A/7 Siemens Contacts Worldwide

A/8 Service & Support
Information and Ordering via the Internet and on CD-ROM

A/9 Our services for every phase of your project

A/10 Conversion tables

A/13 Conditions of sale and delivery Export regulations

A/14 Fax order form for PATH Plus demo version

### **Appendix**

Certificate for Environment, Resources and Recycling, Certificate ISO 9001

Siemens AG has committed itself to protecting the environment and conserving valuable natural resources. This applies to both manufacturing and the products we sell.

As early as the development phase, the possible impact of future products and systems on the environment is taken into consideration. Our aim is to prevent environmental pollution or, at least, reduce it to a minimum. In doing so, we look beyond existing regulations and legislation.

Below are some of the most important environment-related aspects which are taken into account in the design of SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES.

The use of dangerous substances (such as arsenic, asbestos, beryllium, cadmium, CFCs, halogens and many more) is avoided as early as the development phase.

Connections have been designed so that they are easy to service and materials are selected carefully with preference being given to those which can be recycled or disposed of without causing problems.

## Compact PLUS units

Materials for manufacturing purposes are identified in accordance with their recyclability. This applies, in particular, to components which contain unavoidable, hazardous materials. These components are installed or mounted in such a way that they can be easily separated, thus facilitating disposal in an environmentally-friendly manner. Wherever possible, recycled components are used.

Environmentally-compatible packaging materials (pressed board and PE foils) are used for shipping and storage. We also try to keep the amount of packaging material used to a minimum.

If possible we pack our products in reusable packaging.



## Compact and chassis units



We have already made preparations to enable the converters to be disposed of after use in accordance with the regulations governing the disposal of electronic equipment (not yet in force).

This catalog is printed on chlorine-free bleached paper.

All divisions of A&D of Siemens AG are certified. As an example, the certificates of A&D MC are printed below.

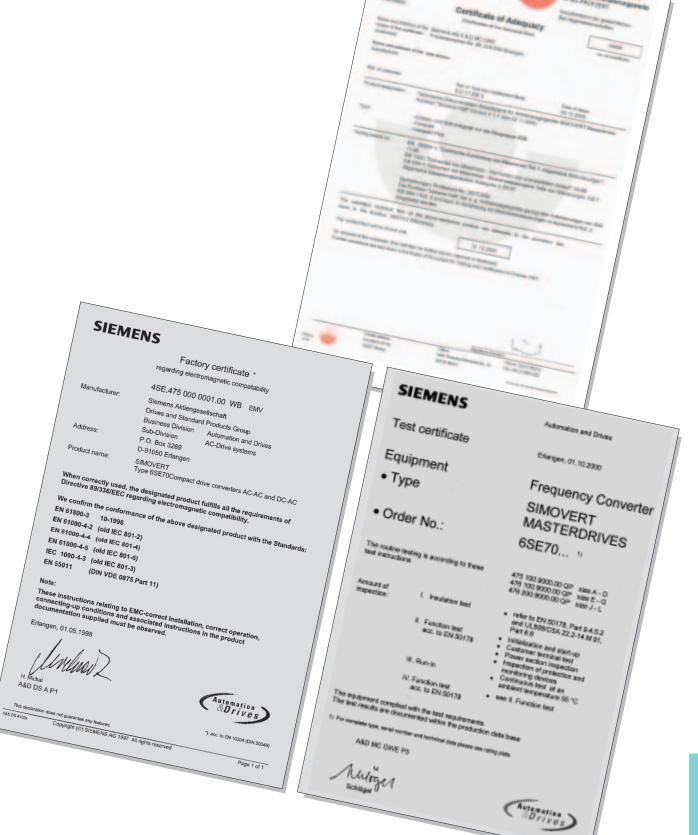


**Appendix** 



Compact PLUS units

Certificate of Adequacy Test/Factory certificate



## **Appendix**

#### Index

A	Page
Absolute-value encoder/incremental-encoder	
board SBM	3/6
Documentation	5/3
Engineering information	6/66, 6/95
AC contactor for rectifier/regenerative units	3/25, 3/27
for rectifier units	3/23
for converters	3/22
for inverters Adapter board ADB	3/30 3/8
Adapter for cabinet-door mounting AOP1S	3/39
Adapter for cabinet-door mounting APMU	3/39
AFE reaction	3/24, 6/52
AFE rectifier/regenerative unit (Active Front End)	
Selection and ordering data	3/12
Documentation	5/2
Engineering information Dimension drawings	6/52–6/55 7/3, 7/4
Application	1/2
Asynchronous servomotors 1PH7	0.40
Limit curves Dimension drawings	6/3 7/22–7/24
Motor selection	6/3
Motor classification	4/2, 4/3,
For all and only of a management of	4/12–4/15
Engineering information Overload capacity	6/2–6/7 4/3
Automation	6/76, 6/77
Autotransformer for rectifier/regenerative	
units Selection and ordering data	3/28
Dimension drawings	7/10, 7/11
Engineering information	6/50
В	
Base radio-interference suppression	3/26
BICO system (see free function blocks)	
Brake control Braking resistors	6/89
Selection and ordering data	3/18
Dimension drawings	7/6, 7/7
Engineering information	6/2, 6/6,
	6/20–6/22, 6/26–6/28,
	6/33, 6/48
Technical data	2/5
Braking units Selection and ordering data	3/18
Documentation	5/4
Dimension drawings	7/6
Engineering information	6/20, 6/48, 6/56, 6/57
Technical data	2/5
Braking units and braking resistors power	
options Bus adapter LBA	3/30 3/8, 6/60
Bus retaining system	3/38
<i>c</i>	
Cable design for power and encoder	
cables	6/102
Cable-protection fuses	
for rectifier/regenerative units for rectifier units	3/27
for converters	3/23 3/21
Cables (see power cables or encoder cables)	5/2 .
Cam controller CAN	6/89
CBC board	3/6
Documentation	5/3
Engineering information	6/61, 6/84, 6/85
Capacitor module Selection and ordering data	3/19
Power and control terminals	6/26–6/28
Dimension drawings	7/2
Engineering information	6/7, 6/20–6/23, 6/26–6/28, 6/33,
	6/35
CBC board for CAN (see CAN)	

## Compact PLUS units



## Compact and chassis units



Certificates	Page A/2
Chassis units Selection and ordering data	3/4, 3/10, 3/14, 3/20–3/26, 3/29, 3/30
Unit design Dimension drawings	6/41–6/44 7/4, 7/5
Circuit-breakers for converters Clean Power Filter	3/21 3/26, 6/52, 6/54
Communication Communication board (see CAN/PROFIBUS DP)	1/2, 6/78–6/85
Communication packages for SIMATIC S5, S7 (see SIMATIC)	0/40 0/44 0/70
Communication software  Commutating reactors	3/40, 3/41, 6/78, 6/83
for rectifier/regenerative units for rectifier units	2/5, 3/28, 6/50 2/5, 3/23, 6/50
for converters Dimension drawings	2/5, 3/22, 6/50 7/8, 7/9
Compact PLUS units Selection and ordering data	3/3, 3/10, 3/18–3/23
Unit design Dimension drawings	6/26–6/35 7/2
Compact units Selection and ordering data	3/4, 3/5, 3/10–3/15,
Unit design	3/18–3/26 6/36–6/40
Dimension drawings Compendium (documentation) Conditions of Sale and Delivery	7/3 3/9, 5/2–5/4 A/13
Configuring with PATH Plus  Connecting adapter for cable shields	U2, 1/2 3/38
Connecting cable PMU-OP1S Connecting systems	3/39, 6/98, 6/99 3/39, 6/98, 6/99
Selection and ordering data Engineering information	3/31–3/37 6/63–6/67, 6/102
Technical data Connection overview	2/6 3/31
Control board CUMC Control board CUPM Control board CUR	3/9, 6/36–6/44 3/9 6/46, 6/51
Control board CUSA Control terminals	3/24–3/26, 6/47 6/26–6/46
Converters Selection and ordering data	3/3–3/9, 3/20–3/22.
Documentation	4/8–4/15 5/2, 5/3
Power and control terminals	6/26–6/30, 6/37, 6/38, 6/41, 6/42 3/20–3/22
Power options Dimension drawings Engineering information	7/2–7/5 6/5–6/7,
g g	6/18–6/21 6/26–6/30,
	6/35–6/38, 6/41, 6/42, 6/59–6/62, 6/64
Technical data Overload characteristic	2/2, 2/3 2/3
Converters in connection with inverters Correction factors for installation	6/5–6/7
conditions Coupling relay	6/19 3/17
CUMC control board CUR control board CUSA control board	3/9, 6/36–6/44 6/46, 6/50 3/24–3/26, 6/47
<b>D</b> DC bus	6/57–6/59
DC link module Selection and ordering data	3/19
Power and control terminals Dimension drawings	6/35 7/2 6/35 6/58
Engineering information DC link power options DC link rail	6/35, 6/58 3/29, 3/30 3/19

6/97

CBC board for CAN (see CAN) CBC board for PROFIBUS DP (see PROFIBUS DP) Central control boards





**Appendix** 

S Chaocio anno	i 200 dillito		шасх
DC link system components Selection and ordering data	Page 3/18	Engineering information	Page 6/5, 6/6, 6/7, 6/19, 6/21–6/25,
Documentation Dimension drawings Engineering information  Demonstration case	5/3 7/2, 7/6, 7/7 6/2, 6/6, 6/7, 6/20–6/23, 6/26–6/28, 6/33, 6/35, 6/48, 6/56–6/59 5/5–5/7	Technical data Overload characteristic Isolation amplifier boards	6/31, 6/32, 6/34, 6/39, 6/40, 6/43, 6/44, 6/50, 6/51, 6/57, 6/59 2/2, 2/3 2/3 3/17
Derating (see pulse frequency) Dimensioning of the drive Dimensioning of the power section DIN rail to EN 50 022 Documentation overview Drive ES	6/2–6/19 6/2–6/19 3/38 3/16, 5/2 3/42	Line filters Line fuses Linear axis Line-side components	2/5, 6/7, 6/20–6/23 2/5, 6/23, 6/50 6/88, 6/90
DriveMonitor Selection and ordering data Documentation Engineering information	3/41 3/16, 5/2 6/76, 6/79, 6/93, 6/101	Selection and ordering data Dimension drawings Engineering information Technical data Line-side power options	3/20–3/28 7/8–7/13 6/7, 6/50 2/5 3/20–3/28
EB1/EB2 boards		M Main circuit-breakers for converters	3/20
(see expansion boards) Electromagnetic compatibility Electronics options	6/49	Main contactor for rectifier/regenerative units for rectifier units	3/27, 6/51, 6/52 3/23, 6/51
Selection and ordering data Documentation Integration of the electronics options Engineering information Enclosure IP20 Encoder boards Encoder cables	3/6-3/8 5/3 6/60 6/60-6/75 3/16, 3/38 3/6, 6/61	for converters Main contactor control Mechanical components Multi-axis drives Multiturn encoders	3/22, 6/20 6/100 3/38 1/4, 6/2, 6/5, 6/6, 6/20–6/23 6/66, 6/95
Selection and ordering data Engineering information	3/34–3/37 3/31, 6/63, 6/67, 6/102	OP1S (comfort operator control panel) Selection and ordering data	3/8 5/3
Technical data Engineering instructions Engineering package Motion Control Expansion boards EB1/EB2	2/6, 3/34–3/37 6/2–6/7 3/9, 5/4	Documentation Engineering information Operating instructions Documentation	5/3 6/98, 6/99 3/9, 5/2–5/4
Selection and ordering data Documentation Engineering information	3/6 5/3 6/61, 6/68–6/71	Reference works Operator control and visualization with OP1S	5/4 3/8, 3/39, 6/98, 6/99
F Fiber-optic cables for SIMOLINK Free function blocks Free-wheeling diode for the DC bus	6/79, 6/80 6/24, 6/80	Operator control and visualization package Motion Control Options, with code and description Overload capability of the converter	3/9 3/16 6/18
Selection and ordering data Engineering information Fuse switch-disconnector for braking units	3/28, 3/30 6/59 3/30	P Packages DVA_S5 Planning program Drive ES Peer-to-peer (see SCB1 and SCB2	3/40 3/42
for rectifier/regenerative units for rectifier units for converters for inverters	3/26, 3/27 3/23 3/20 3/29	interface boards) Performance 2 PMU-OP1S Positioning	3/3, 6/24 6/98 6/87, 6/88, 6/92
G G-rail to EN 50 035 Gear transmission ratio Gears	3/38 6/3	Power cables 6FX5 and 6FX8 Selection and ordering data Engineering information Technical data	3/32, 3/33 3/31, 6/102 2/6
General technical data Guidelines	6/3 2/2 1/4	Power connections Power supply units Precharging	6/26-6/48 3/17, 6/21-6/23, 6/98 3/25
Incremental encoder board SBP		Precharging contactor Precharging contactor Precharging resistors for inverters Print-mark control	3/25 3/30, 6/58 6/94
Selection and ordering data Documentation Engineering information	3/6 5/3 6/20–6/22, 6/64,	PROFIBUS DP CBP board	3/6, 6/61, 6/82, 6/83 5/3
Installation conditions Integration of the electronics options Interface boards SCI1/SCI2	6/65, 6/93, 6/95 6/19 6/60, 6/61	Documentation Bus cable for PROFIBUS DP Pulse frequency	6/82 6/7
Selection and ordering data Engineering information Inverters	3/17 6/72, 6/74, 6/75	R Radio-interference suppression filter for rectifier/regenerative units	2/5, 3/28, 6/49,
Selection and ordering data  Documentation	3/3–3/9, 3/29, 3/30, 4/4–4/9 5/2, 5/3	for rectifier units	6/50 2/5, 3/23, 6/49, 6/50
Power and control terminals  Dimension drawings	6/31, 6/32, 6/39, 6/40, 6/43, 6/44 7/2–7/5	for converters	2/5, 3/17, 6/49, 6/50

## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Appendix

Documentation Dimension drawings Rectifier units	Page 3/16 7/12, 7/13
Selection and ordering data Documentation Power and control terminals Power options Dimension drawings Engineering information	3/10, 3/12 5/2 6/45, 6/46 3/23 7/2–7/4 6/6, 6/22, 6/23, 6/33–6/34, 6/45,
Technical data Rectifier units for supplying 24 V DC Rectifier/regenerative units	6/46, 6/50, 6/51 2/4 3/17
Selection and ordering data Documentation Dimension drawings Engineering information Technical data Reference works, operating instructions Regenerative autotransformer	3/12–3/15, 3/27 5/2 7/3, 7/4 6/51–6/55 2/4 5/4
for rectifier/regenerative units Resolver	3/28
Boards SBR1/SBR2 Documentation Engineering information	3/6, 6/61 5/3 6/4, 6/20–6/22, 6/62, 6/63, 6/95
Retaining system for DC bus Dimension drawings Roll feed	7/14 6/87, 6/88, 6/90, 6/91
Rotary axis	6/88, 6/90
Safe Stop	3/3, 3/16, 6/24, 6/25
Safe Stop  Safety engineering SBM absolute-value encoder board (see absolute-value encoders/incremental encoders SBP incremental encoder board (see incremental encoder board) SBR1/SBR2 resolver board (see resolver) SCB1/SCB2 board (see interface boards)	6/25 5/4
Safe Stop  Safety engineering SBM absolute-value encoder board (see absolute-value encoders/incremental encoders SBP incremental encoder board (see incremental encoder board) SBR1/SBR2 resolver board (see resolver) SCB1/SCB2 board (see interface boards) SC11/SC12 boards (see interface boards) Selection guidelines	6/25 5/4
Safe Stop  Safety engineering SBM absolute-value encoder board (see absolute-value encoders/incremental encoders SBP incremental encoder board (see incremental encoder board) SBR1/SBR2 resolver board (see resolver) SCB1/SCB2 board (see interface boards) SC11/SC12 boards (see interface boards) Sclection guidelines Semiconductor-protection fuses for rectifier/regenerative units for converters Servomotors	6/25 5/4 s)
Safety engineering SBM absolute-value encoder board (see absolute-value encoders/incremental encoders SBP incremental encoder board (see incremental encoder board) SBR1/SBR2 resolver board (see resolver) SCB1/SCB2 board (see interface boards) SCI1/SCI2 boards (see interface boards) Selection guidelines Semiconductor-protection fuses for rectifier/regenerative units for converters Servomotors (see induction servomotors) (see synchronous servomotors)	6/25 5/4 1/6, 1/7 3/26, 3/27 3/23
Safe Stop  Safety engineering SBM absolute-value encoder board (see absolute-value encoders/incremental encoders SBP incremental encoder board (see incremental encoder board) SBR1/SBR2 resolver board (see resolver) SCB1/SCB2 board (see interface boards) SC11/SCI2 boards (see interface boards) Sclit/SCI2 boards (see interface boards) Selection guidelines Semiconductor-protection fuses for rectifier/regenerative units for rectifier units for converters Servomotors (see induction servomotors) (see synchronous servomotors) Shield clamps SIMATIC Communication packages	6/25 5/4 1/6, 1/7 3/26, 3/27 3/23 3/21 3/38 3/40, 3/41
Safe Stop  Safety engineering SBM absolute-value encoder board (see absolute-value encoders/incremental encoders SBP incremental encoder board (see incremental encoder board) SBR1/SBR2 resolver board (see resolver) SCB1/SCB2 board (see interface boards) SCI1/SCI2 boards (see interface boards) Sclection guidelines Semiconductor-protection fuses for rectifier/regenerative units for rectifier units for converters Servomotors (see induction servomotors) (see synchronous servomotors) Shield clamps SIMATIC	6/25 5/4 s) 1/6, 1/7 3/26, 3/27 3/23 3/21
Safe Stop  Safety engineering SBM absolute-value encoder board (see absolute-value encoders/incremental encoders SBP incremental encoder board (see incremental encoder board) SBR1/SBR2 resolver board (see resolver) SCB1/SCB2 board (see interface boards) SCI1/SCI2 boards (see interface boards) Selection guidelines Semiconductor-protection fuses for rectifier/regenerative units for rectifier units for converters Servomotors (see induction servomotors) (see synchronous servomotors) Shield clamps SIMATIC Communication packages Planning package Engineering information  Demonstration case Accessories SIMOLINK	6/25 5/4 1/6, 1/7 3/26, 3/27 3/23 3/21 3/38 3/40, 3/41 3/9 6/72–6/75, 6/82, 6/83, 6/89, 6/97
Safe Stop  Safety engineering SBM absolute-value encoder board (see absolute-value encoders/incremental encoders SBP incremental encoder board (see incremental encoder board) SBR1/SBR2 resolver board (see resolver) SCB1/SCB2 board (see interface boards) SCI1/SCI2 boards (see interface boards) Selection guidelines Semiconductor-protection fuses for rectifier/regenerative units for converters Servomotors (see induction servomotors) (see synchronous servomotors) Shield clamps SIMATIC Communication packages Planning package Engineering information  Demonstration case Accessories	6/25 5/4 5) 1/6, 1/7 3/26, 3/27 3/23 3/21 3/38 3/40, 3/41 3/9 6/72–6/75, 6/82, 6/83, 6/89, 6/97 5/5–5/7

## Compact PLUS units





-:-/:	Page
sin/cos incremental encoder 1 V <sub>pp</sub> SBM board Documentation Engineering information	3/6 5/3 6/4, 6/20–6/22, 6/66, 6/67, 6/90, 6/95
Single-axis drives Single-turn encoders SLB board for SIMOLINK (see SIMOLINK)	6/5, 6/20 6/95
Software module Software packages for technology functions Start/stop function Start-up, parameterization and	5/3 3/40, 5/4 6/94
diagnostics with DriveMonitor Start-up box Support	3/41, 6/101 5/7 A/9
Switch disconnectors with/without fuse holders for rectifier/regenerative units for rectifier units for converters Synchronous operation Synchronous servomotors 1FK. and 1FT6	3/26, 3/27 3/23 3/20 6/88, 6/93, 6/94
Limit curves	6/3
Dimension drawings 1FK6 1FK7 1FT6 Selection of the motor	7/15 7/16, 7/17 7/18–7/21 6/3
Motor classification 1FK6 1FK7 1FT6 core types 1FT6 standard types	4/2-4/4 4/2, 4/3, 4/5, 4/6 4/2, 4/3, 4/7 4/2, 4/3, 4/8-4/11
Engineering information Overload capacity	6/2–6/7 4/3
<b>T</b> Technology	
General functions	6/87, 6/88, 6/90,
Decentralized operation	6/91, 6/95 6/87, 6/88, 6/91, 6/92
Centralized operation	6/87, 6/88, 6/93, 6/94
Technology boards Selection and ordering data Description Documentation Technology documentation Technology software	3/7 6/96 5/3 5/3
Selection and ordering data Engineering information	3/9 6/87, 6/88, 6/91, 6/93
Test certificate Torque limit curves for servomotors Training courses Transport trolley Travel curve	A/3 6/3 5/8, 5/9 5/7 6/2
<b>U</b> Unit design	6/26–6/48
USS protocol Documentation Engineering information	5/4 6/73, 6/76, 6/78, 6/79
V Voltage sensing board (VSB)	3/25, 6/52

**Appendix** 

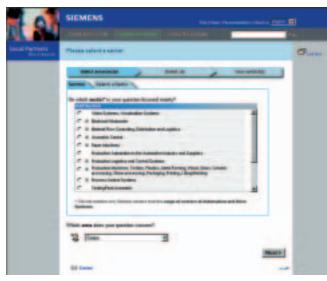




Compact PLUS units

Siemens Contacts Worldwide







At .

#### www.siemens.com/ automation/partner

you can find details of Siemens contact partners worldwide responsible for particular technologies.

In most cases you can find a partner for:

- Technical Support,
- Spare parts/repairs,
- Service,
- Training,
- Sales or
- Consultation/engineering.

You start by selecting a

- Country,
- Product or
- Industrial sector.

By further specifying the remaining criteria you will find exactly the right contact partner with his/her respective expertise.

## Need more Information?

Then fax us! Under the fax no. +49 0 08 00-74 62 84 27 you will find further information.

### **Appendix**

Information and Ordering via the Internet and on CD-ROM

**Compact PLUS units** 



Compact and chassis units



#### A&D on the WWW



A detailed knowledge of the range of products and services available is essential when planning and configuring automation systems. It goes without saying that this information must always be fully up-to-date.

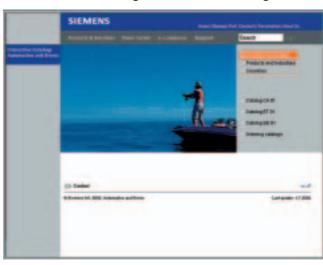
The Siemens Automation and Drives Group (A&D) has therefore built up a comprehensive range of information on the World Wide Web, which offers quick and easy access to all data required.

Under the address

## http://www.siemens.com/automation

you will find everything you need to know about products, systems and services.

#### Product Selection Using the Interactive Catalogs



Detailed information together with convenient interactive functions:

The interactive catalog CA 01 covers more than 80,000 products and thus provides a full summary of the Siemens Automation and Drives product base.

Here you will find everything that you need to solve tasks in the fields of automation, switchgear, installation and drives. All information is linked into a user interface which is easy to work with and intuitive.

After selecting the product of your choice you can order at the press of a button, by fax or by online link.

Information on the interactive catalog can be found in the Internet under

http://www.siemens.com/automation/ca01

or on CD-ROM.

Automation and Drives, CA 01 Order No.: E86060-D4001-A110-B9-7600

#### Easy Shopping via the A&D Mall



The A&D Mall is the virtual department store of Siemens AG on the Internet. Here you have access to a huge range of products presented in electronic catalogs in an informative and attractive way.

Data transfer via EDIFACT allows the whole procedure from selection through ordering to tracking of the order to be carried out online via the Internet.

Numerous functions are available to support you.

For example, powerful search functions make it easy to find the required products, which can be immediately checked for availability. Customer-specific discounts and preparation of quotes can be carried out online as well as order tracking and tracing.

Please visit the A&D Mall on the Internet under:

http://www.siemens.com/ automation/mall

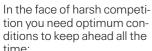
## Compact and chassis units



## Compact PLUS units

## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Appendix · Service & Support

### Our services for every phase of your project



A strong starting position. A sophisticated strategy and team for the necessary support – in every phase.
Service & Support from Siemens provides this support with a complete range of different services for automation and drives.

In every phase: from planning and startup to maintenance and upgrading.

Our specialists know when and where to act to keep the productivity and cost-effectiveness of your system running in top form.



#### Online Support



The comprehensive information system available round the clock via the Internet ranging from Product Support and Service & Support services to Support Tools in the Shop.

http://www.siemens.com/automation/service&

#### Technical Support



Competent consulting in technical questions covering a wide range of customeroriented services for all our products and systems.

In Europe (headquarters), call: **Tel.: +49 (0)180 50 50 222** 

Fax: +49 (0)180 50 50 223 E-Mail: adsupport@siemens.

In the United States, call toll-free:

Tel.: +1 800 333 7421 Fax: +1 423 262 2200

E-Mail: solutions.support @sea.siemens.com In Canada, call:

**Tel.: +1 888 303 3353** E-Mail: cic@siemens.ca

In Asia:

Tel.: +86 10 6475 7575 Fax: +86 10 6474 7474 E-Mail: adsupport.asia@ siemens.com

### Technical Consulting



Support in the planning and designing of your project from detailed actual-state analysis, target definition and consulting on product and system questions right to the creation of the automation solution. <sup>1</sup>)

#### Service On Site



With Service On Site we offer services for startup and maintenance, essential for ensuring system availability.

In Germany, call:

Tel.: 0180 50 50 444 1)

In the United States, call toll-free:

Tel.: +1 800 333 7421

In Canada, call:

Tel.: +1 888 303 3353

### Configuration and Software Engineering



Support in configuring and developing with customeroriented services from actual configuration to implementation of the automation project. 1)

#### Optimization and Upgrading



To enhance productivity and save costs in your project we offer high-quality services in optimization and upgrading. 1)

#### Repairs and Spare Parts



In the operating phase of a machine or automation system we provide a comprehensive repair and spare parts service ensuring the highest degree of operating safety and reliability.

In Germany, call: **Tel.: 0180 50 50 448** <sup>1</sup>)

In the United States, call toll-free:

Tel.: +1 800 241 4453

In Canada, call:

Tel.: +1 888 303 3353



## **Appendix**

#### **Conversion tables**

Compact PLUS units



Compact and chassis units



#### Rotary inertia (to convert from A to B, multiply by entry in table)

lb-in <sup>2</sup>	lb-ft <sup>2</sup>	lb-in-s <sup>2</sup>	lb-ft-s <sup>2</sup> slug-ft <sup>2</sup>	Kg-cm <sup>2</sup>	Kg-cm-s <sup>2</sup>	gm-cm <sup>2</sup>	gm-cm-s <sup>2</sup>	oz-in <sup>2</sup>	oz-in-s <sup>2</sup>
1	$6.94 \times 10^{-3}$	$2.59 \times 10^{-3}$	$2.15 \times 10^{-4}$	2.926	$2.98 \times 10^{-3}$	$2.92 \times 10^{3}$	2.984	16	$4.14 \times 10^{-2}$
144	1	0.3729	$3.10 \times 10^{-2}$	421.40	0.4297	$4.21 \times 10^{5}$	429.71	2304	5.967
386.08	2.681	1	$8.33 \times 10^{-2}$	$1.129 \times 10^{3}$	1.152	$1.129 \times 10^{6}$	$1.152 \times 10^{3}$	$6.177 \times 10^{3}$	16
4.63 × 10 <sup>3</sup>	32.17	12	1	1.35 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	13.825	1.355 × 10 <sup>7</sup>	1.38 × 10 <sup>4</sup>	7.41 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	192
0.3417	$2.37 \times 10^{-3}$	$8.85 \times 10^{-4}$	$7.37 \times 10^{-5}$	1	1.019 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1000	1.019	5.46	$1.42 \times 10^{-2}$
335.1	2.327	0.8679	$7.23 \times 10^{-2}$	980.66	1	$9.8 \times 10^{5}$	1000	$5.36 \times 10^{3}$	13.887
$3.417 \times 10^{-4}$	$2.37 \times 10^{-6}$	$8.85 \times 10^{-7}$	$7.37 \times 10^{-8}$	1 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	$1.01 \times 10^{-6}$	1	$1.01 \times 10^{-3}$	$5.46 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.41 \times 10^{-5}$
0.335	$2.32 \times 10^{-3}$	$8.67 \times 10^{-4}$	$7.23 \times 10^{-5}$	0.9806	1 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	980.6	1	5.36	$1.38 \times 10^{-2}$
0.0625	$4.34 \times 10^{-4}$	1.61 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	$1.34 \times 10^{-5}$	0.182	$1.86 \times 10^{-4}$	182.9	0.186	1	$2.59 \times 10^{-3}$
24.13	0.1675	$6.25 \times 10^{-2}$	$5.20 \times 10^{-3}$	70.615	$7.20 \times 10^{-2}$	$7.09 \times 10^{4}$	72.0	386.08	1
	1 144 386.08 4.63 × 10 <sup>3</sup> 0.3417 335.1 3.417 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> 0.335 0.0625	1 6.94 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> 144 1 386.08 2.681 4.63 × 10 <sup>3</sup> 32.17  0.3417 2.37 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> 335.1 2.327 3.417 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> 2.37 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> 0.335 2.32 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> 0.0625 4.34 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1         6.94 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> 2.59 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> 2.15 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> 144         1         0.3729         3.10 x 10 <sup>-2</sup> 386.08         2.681         1         8.33 x 10 <sup>-2</sup> 4.63 x 10 <sup>3</sup> 32.17         12         1           0.3417         2.37 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> 8.85 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> 7.37 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> 335.1         2.327         0.8679         7.23 x 10 <sup>-2</sup> 3.417 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> 2.37 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> 8.85 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> 7.37 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> 0.335         2.32 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> 8.67 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> 7.23 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> 0.0625         4.34 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> 1.61 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> 1.34 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	slug-ft²       1     6.94 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> 2.59 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> 2.15 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> 2.926       144     1     0.3729     3.10 × 10 <sup>-2</sup> 421.40       386.08     2.681     1     8.33 × 10 <sup>-2</sup> 1.129 × 10 <sup>3</sup> 4.63 × 10 <sup>3</sup> 32.17     12     1     1.35 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> 0.3417     2.37 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> 8.85 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> 7.37 × 10 <sup>-5</sup> 1       335.1     2.327     0.8679     7.23 × 10 <sup>-2</sup> 980.66       3.417 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> 2.37 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> 8.85 × 10 <sup>-7</sup> 7.37 × 10 <sup>-8</sup> 1 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> 0.335     2.32 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> 8.67 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> 7.23 × 10 <sup>-5</sup> 0.9806       0.0625     4.34 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> 1.61 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> 1.34 × 10 <sup>-5</sup> 0.182	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

#### **Torque** (to convert from A to B, multiply by entry in table)

A	lb-in	lb-ft	oz-in	N-m	Kg-cm	Kg-m	gm-cm	dyne-cm
lb-in	1	$8.333 \times 10^{-2}$	16	0.113	1.152	$1.152 \times 10^{-2}$	$1.152 \times 10^{3}$	$1.129 \times 10^{6}$
lb-ft	12	1	192	1.355	13.825	0.138	$1.382 \times 10^4$	$1.355 \times 10^{7}$
oz-in	$6.25 \times 10^{-2}$	5.208 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1	7.061 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	$7.200 \times 10^{-2}$	$7.200 \times 10^{-4}$	72.007	$7.061 \times 10^{7}$
N-m	8.850	0.737	141.612	1	10.197	0.102	$1.019 \times 10^4$	$1 \times 10^{7}$
Kg-cm	0.8679	$7.233 \times 10^{-2}$	13.877	$9.806 \times 10^{-2}$	1	10-2	1000	$9.806 \times 10^{5}$
Kg-m	86.796	7.233	$1.388 \times 10^{3}$	9.806	100	1	1 × 10 <sup>5</sup>	$9.806 \times 10^{7}$
gm-cm	8.679 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	$7.233 \times 10^{-5}$	1.388 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	$9.806 \times 10^{-5}$	1 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	1	980.665
dyne-cm	$8.850 \times 10^{-7}$	$7.375 \times 10^{-8}$	$1.416 \times 10^{-5}$	10 <sup>-7</sup>	1.0197 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.019 × 10 <sup>-8</sup>	1.019 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1

#### **Length** (to convert from A to B, multiply by entry in table)

A	В	Inches	feet	cm	yd	mm	m
Inches		1	0.0833	2.54	0.028	25.4	0.0254
feet		12	1	30.48	0.333	304.8	0.3048
cm		0.3937	0.03281	1	$1.09 \times 10^{-2}$	10	0.01
yd		36	3	91.44	1	914.4	0.914
mm		0.03937	0.00328	0.1	$1.09 \times 10^{-3}$	1	0.001
m		39.37	3.281	100	1.09	1000	1

#### **Mass** (to convert from A to B, multiply by entry in table)

A	В	lb	OZ	gm	slug
lb		1	16	453.6	0.0311
OZ		$6.25 \times 10^{-2}$	1	28.35	1.93 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>
gm		$2.205 \times 10^{-3}$	$3.527 \times 10^{-3}$	1	$6.852 \times 10^{-5}$
slug		32.17	514.8	$1.459 \times 10^{4}$	1

#### **Power** (to convert from A to B, multiply by entry in table)

АВ	H.P.	Watts
H.P. (English)	1	745.7
(lb-in)(deg./sec)	$2.645 \times 10^{-6}$	1.972 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>
(lb-in)(RPM)	1.587 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.183 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>
(lb-ft)(deg./sec)	3.173 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	2.366 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>
(lb-ft)(RPM)	1.904 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.1420
Watts	1.341 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1

#### **Rotation** (to convert from A to B, multiply by entry in table)

(	0.105	6.0
55	1	57.30
67	1.745 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1
	5	5 1

#### Temperature conversion

212	100 and multiply by <sup>5</sup> / <sub>9</sub>	100	212 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>5</sub> and add 32	
212	100	100	010	_
98.4	37	37	98.4	
90	32.2	30	86	
70	21.1	20	68	
50	10	10	50	
32	0	0	32	
0	-17.8	-10	14	
°F	°C	°C	°F	

#### **Force** (to convert from A to B, multiply by entry in table)

В	lb	OZ	gm	dyne	Ν
	1	16	453.6	$4.448 \times 10^{-5}$	4.4482
	0.0625	1	28.35	$2.780 \times 10^{-4}$	0.27801
	$2.205 \times 10^{-3}$	0.03527	1	$1.02 \times 10^{-3}$	N.A.
	$2.248 \times 10^{-6}$	$3.59 \times 10^{-5}$	890.7	1	0.00001
	0.22481	3.5967	N.A.	100.000	1
	В \	1 0.0625 2.205 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> 2.248 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	1 16 0.0625 1 2.205 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> 0.03527 2.248 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> 3.59 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	1 16 453.6 0.0625 1 28.35 2.205 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> 0.03527 1 2.248 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> 3.59 × 10 <sup>-5</sup> 890.7	1 16 453.6 4.448 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> 0.0625 1 28.35 2.780 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> 2.205 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> 0.03527 1 1.02 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> 2.248 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> 3.59 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> 890.7 1



Compact and chassis units



Compact PLUS units

## **Appendix**

Conversion tables

### Mechanism Efficiencies

Acme-screw with brass nut	~0.35-0.65	
Acme-screw with plastic nut	~0.50-0.85	
Ball-screw	~0.85-0.95	
Chain and Sprocket	~0.95–0.98	
Preloaded Ball-screw	~0.75–0.85	
Spur or Bevel-gears	~0.90	
Timing Belts	~0.96–0.98	
Worm Gears	~0.45–0.85	
Helical Gear (1 reduction)	~0.92	

#### Friction Coefficients

Materials	$\mu$	
Steel on Steel (greased)	~0.15	
Plastic on Steel	~0.15–0.25	
Copper on Steel	~0.30	
Brass on Steel	~0.35	
Aluminium on Steel	~0.45	
Steel on Steel	~0.58	

Mechanism	μ	
Ball Bushings	<0.001	
Linear Bearings	<0.001	
Dove-tail slides	~0.2++	
Gibb Ways	~0.5++	

#### Material Densities

Material	lb-in <sup>3</sup>	gm-cm <sup>3</sup>
Aluminium	0.096	2.66
Brass	0.299	8.30
Bronze	0.295	8.17
Copper	0.322	8.91
Hard Wood	0.029	0.80
Soft Wood	0.018	0.48
Plastic	0.040	1.11
Glass	0.079-0.090	2.2-2.5
Titanium	0.163	4.51
Paper	0.025-0.043	0.7-1.2
Polyvinyl chloride	0.047-0.050	1.3-1.4
Rubber	0.033-0.036	0.92-0.99
Silicone rubber, without filler	0.043	1.2
Cast iron, grey	0.274	7.6
Steel	0.280	7.75

**Appendix** 

Notes

Compact PLUS units





A

## SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control Appendix



Compact PLUS units

Conditions of sale and delivery

## Terms and Conditions of Sale and Delivery in the Federal Republic of Germany

By using this catalog you can acquire hardware and software products described therein from the Siemens AG subject to the following terms. Please note! The scope, the quality and the conditions for supplies and services, including software products, by any Siemens entity having a registered office outside the Federal Republic of Germany, shall be subject exclusively to the General Terms and Conditions of the respective Siemens entity.

#### for customers based in the Federal Republic of Germany

The <u>General Terms of Payment</u> as well as the <u>General Conditions</u> for the <u>Supply of Products</u> and <u>Services of the Electrical and Electronics Industry</u> shall apply.

For software products, the <u>General License Conditions for Software Products for Automation and Drives for Customers with Seat or registered Office in Germany shall apply.</u>

## for customers with a seat or registered office outside the Federal Republic of Germany

The General Terms of Payment as well as the General Conditions for Supplies of Siemens, Automation and Drives for Customers with a Seat or registered Office outside of Germany shall apply.

For software products, the <u>General License Conditions for Software Products for Automation and Drives for Customers with</u>
Seat or registered Office outside of Germany shall apply.

#### General

The prices are in € (Euro) ex works, exclusive of packaging.

The sales tax (<u>value added tax</u>) is <u>not included</u> in the prices. It shall be debited separately at the respective rate according to the applicable legal regulations.

In addition to the prices of products which include silver and/or copper, surcharges may be calculated if the respective limits of the notes are exceeded.

Prices are subject to change without prior notice. We will debit the prices valid at the time of delivery.

The dimensions are in mm. Illustrations are not binding.

Insofar as there are no remarks on the corresponding pages, – especially with regard to data, dimensions and weights given – these are subject to change without prior notice.

Comprehensive Terms and Conditions of Sale and Delivery are available free of charge from your local Siemens business office under the following Order Nos.:

- 6ZB5310-0KR30-0BA0 (for customers based in the Federal Republic of Germany)
- 6ZB5310-0KS53-0BA0 (for customers based outside of the Federal Republic of Germany)

or download them from the Internet: www.siemens.com/automation/mall (A&D Mall Online-Help System)

#### Export regulations

The products listed in this catalog / price list may be subject to European / German and/or US export regulations.

Therefore, any export requiring a license is subject to approval by the competent authorities.

According to current provisions, the following export regulations must be observed with respect to the products featured in this catalog / price list:

AL	Number of the <u>German Export List</u> .
	Products marked other than "N" require an export license. In the case of software products, the export designations of the relevant data medium must also be generally adhered to.
	Goods labeled with an "AL not equal to N" are subject to a European or German export authorization when being exported out of the EU.
ECCN	Export Control Classification Number.
	Products marked other than "N" are subject to a re-export license to specific countries.
	In the case of software products, the export designations of the relevant data medium must also be generally adhered to.
	Goods labeled with an " $\underline{\sf ECCN}$ not equal to $\underline{\sf N}$ " are subject to a US re-export authorization.

Even without a label or with an "AL: N" or "ECCN: N," authorization may be required depending to the final destination and purpose for which the goods are to be used.

The deciding factors are the AL or ECCN export authorization indicated on order confirmations, delivery notes and invoices.

Subject to change and errors excepted without prior notice.

Responsible for

Technical contents: Siemens AG, A&D MC PM, Erlangen

General editing: Siemens AG, A&D PT 5, Erlangen

Order No.: **E86060-K5165-A111-A3-7600** Printed in Germany KG K 0803 10.0 E 236 En/322198

Siemens AG Automation & Drives Motion Control Systems Postfach 31 80 D-91050 Erlangen Germany

**Appendix** 

Fax order form for PATH Plus demo version

## Fax order

Siemens AG Infoservice Postfach 2348 D-90713 Fürth Germany

		,
AD	/Z330E	Fax no.: +49 911/978-3321
	Please send me free-of-charge the PATH Plus demo version	Company
	Please send me the latest information on	Department
	SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES	Name
	☐ Motion Control	Street
	☐ Vector Control	Postcode/City
		In the event of queries I can be reached at these numbers during business hours:
		Telephone
		Fax
		Email
		Date
		Signature

# Catalogs of the Automation and Drives Group (A&D) Further information can be obtained from our branch offices listed in the appendix of this catalog

Automation & Drives	Catalog	Low-Voltage Controls and Distribution	Catalog
teractive catalog on CD-ROM		Low-Voltage Controlgear, Switchgear and Systems	NS K
Components for Automation & Drives	CA 01	Communication-Capable Controlgear, Controlgear with SIRIUS, SIGUARD Safety Systems, Control and Signalling Devices, Switchgear, Transformers and DC Power Supplies.	
Automation Systems for Machine Tools SINUMERIK & SIMODRIVE	NC 60	Main- and EMERGENCY-STOP Switches,	
Cables, Connectors and System Components		•	NS BERO
odulos, connectors and dystem components	NO Z	Products and Systems for Low-Voltage Power Distribution	NS PS
Drive Systems		SENTRON WL	NS WL
Variable-Speed Drives			
DC Motors	DA 12	Motion Control System SIMOTION	PM 10
DC Drives Preferred Series up to 500 kW	DA 12.1		
DC Drives Preferred Series 215 kW to 1500 kW	DA 12.2	Process Instrumentation and Analytics	
SIMOREG DC MASTER 6RA70 Digital Chassis Converters	DA 21.1	Field Instruments for Process Automation Measuring Instruments for Pressure,	FI 01
SIMOREG K 6RA22 Analog Chassis Converters	DA 21.2		
SIMOREG DC MASTER 6RM70 Digital Converter	DA 22		MP 12
Cabinet Units		,	MP 20
SIMOVERT PM Modular Converter Systems	DA 45		MP 31
SIEMOSYN Motors	DA 48	•	WT 01
MICROMASTER 410/420/430/440 Inverters	DA 51.2	5 5 7	PA 10
MICROMASTER 411/COMBIMASTER 411	DA 51.3		PA 11
SIMOVERT MV Medium-Voltage Drives	DA 63	Components for Sample Preparation	17 11
SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Vector Control	DA 65.10	SIPAN Liquid Analysis	PA 20
SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES Motion Control	DA 65.11	,	
Synchronous and asynchronous servomotors for SIMOVERT MASTERDRIVES	DA 65.3	SIMATIC Industrial Automation Systems	
SIMODRIVE 611 universal and POSMO	DA 65 4	,	ST 45
Automation Systems for Machine Tools SIMODRIVE		•	ST 50
AC Main Spindle Motors 1PM, 1FE, 1PH		, , ,	ST 70
AC Servomotors 1FT, 1FK		•	ST PCS
AC Linear motors 1FN			ST PCS
Converter System SIMODRIVE 611		,	CT DA
Converter Systems SIMODRIVE POSMO A/CD/CA/SI		SIMATIC Control Systems	ST DA
Low-Voltage Three-Phase-Motors		CIDOS Electric Actuators	
Project Manual	M 10		MP 35
Squirrel-Cage Motors, Totally Enclosed, Fan-Cooled		•	MP 35.1/
Drive and Control Components for Hoisting Equipment	Contrologear with SIRIUS, SIGUARD Safety Systems, Control and Signalling Devices, Switchgear, Transformers and DC, Power Supplies, Main- and EMERGER/CV-STOP, Switches, Control Switches, Terminal Blocks BERO - Sensors for Automation Products and Systems for Low-Voltage Power Distribution SENTRON WL    DA 12	IVIF 33. 1/	
			KT 10.1
Electrical Installation Technology	ET A 4		KT 10.2
PDF: ALPHA Small Distribution Boards and Distribution Boards	EIA1	,	KT 21
PDF: ALPHA Side-by-Side Switchgear Cabinets	ET A3	Industrial Microcomputers SICOMP	KT 51
PDF: BETA Modular Installation Devices		_	
PDF: DELTA Switches and Outlets		-	
PDF: GAMMA Building Management Systems			
		TELEPERM M Process Control System	
Human Machine Interface Systems SIMATIC HMI	ST 80		PLT 111
		PDF: AS 488/TM automation systems	PLT 112
		Operating and monitoring with WinCC/TM	PLT 123
		Operating and monitoring with windo, no	1 L1 120

Token fee: € 5,-/\$ 5,-**Siemens AG** 

Order No. E86060-K5165-A111-A3-7600

Automation and Drives Motion Control Systems

www.siemens.com

SIEMENS